# PHA Plans

**Streamlined 5-Year/Annual** 

#### **U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development** Office of Public and Indian Housing

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Version

This information collection is authorized by Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act, which adde the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 that introduced 5-year and annual PHA Plans. The full PHA plan provides a ready source fo locate basic PHA policies, rules, and requirements concerning the PHA's operations, programs, and services, and informs by the PHA, and members of the public of the PHA's mission and strategies for serving the needs of low-income and very This form allows eligible PHAs to make a streamlined annual Plan submission to HUD consistent with HUD's efforts to pr to certain PHAs. Public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to average 11.7 hours per response, in reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and rev of information. HUD may not collect this information and respondents are not required to complete this form, unless it dis OMB Control Number.

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# Streamlined Annual Plan for Fiscal Year 2007 (7-1-6-30-2007)

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Progress Report for goals set by MDOC for the Strea 5-Year Plan for Fiscal Years 2005 – 2009

#### MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (MDOC

HOUSING ASSISTANCE BUREAU 301 SOUTH PARK ROOM 240 PO BOX 200545 2001-4 (HA), 2001-26 (HA), 2003-7 (HA), and any related notices HUD may subsequently issu reporting for each component listed in the streamlined Annual Plan submitted with the 5-yea required.

## Streamlined Five-Year PHA Plan Agency Identification

**PHA Name:** Montana Department of Commerce Housing Assistance Bureau (MDOC)

PHA Number: MT 901

#### PHA Fiscal Year Beginning: 07/2006

#### **PHA Programs Administered:**

**Public Housing and Section 8** 

Section 8 Only

Number of public housing units: Number of S8 units: Number of S8 units:

Public Housing Only Number of public housing uni

#### **Public Access to Information**

Information regarding any activities outlined in this plan can be obtained by (select all that apply)

Main administrative office of the PHA PHA development management offices PHA local offices

#### **Display Locations For PHA Plans and Supporting Documents**

The PHA Plans and attachments (if any) are available for public inspection at: (sele apply)

Main administrative office of the PHA PHA development management offices Other (list below)

HUD PHA Plans Website

PHA Plan Supporting Documents are available for inspection at: (select all that ap Main business office of the PHA PHA development management offices Other (list below)

# Streamlined Five-Year PHA Plan PHA Fiscal Years 2005 - 2009

# Progress towards goals set by MDOC for the Y 7-1-2006 to 6-30-2007

[24 CFR Part 903.12]

#### MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (MDOC HOUSING ASSISTANCE BUREAU 301 SOUTH PARK, ROOM 240 PO BOX 200545 HELENA, MT 59620-0545

PHA Number: MT901

MDOC is reporting progress towards 5 year goals set in the 2005-2

5 year plan goals are set in the type face presented here. Goals which ch identified by year and comment.

Specific comments by MDOC in the initial plan which had specific as commented on are included in this type face.

MDOC progress made towards goals set are shown in this type face.

The PHA's mission is: (state mission here)

The MDOC Housing Assistance Bureau provides HUD Tenant Based Sect Project Based Moderate Rehabilitation Assistance to as many Montana far possible within funding limits.

# **B.** Goals

The goals and objectives listed below are derived from HUD's strategic Goals and Objectives and to in recent legislation. PHAs may select any of these goals and objectives as their own, or identify of objectives. Whether selecting the HUD-suggested objectives or their own, **PHAs ARE STRONG ENCOURAGED TO IDENTIFY QUANTIFIABLE MEASURES OF SUCCESS IN REACHI OBJECTIVES OVER THE COURSE OF THE 5 YEARS**. (Quantifiable measures would inclunumbers of families served or PHAS scores achieved.) PHAs should identify these measures in the right of or below the stated objectives.

#### HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable

PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing Objectives:

Apply for additional rental vouchers:

#### Initial Plan Response: 2005-2009 plan. as offered by HUD.

**MDOC Progress:** In May 2006, MDOC received \$478,200 in a contin homeless assistance grant. In May 2004 MDOC was eligible to apply fo Vouchers for Persons with Disabilities but determined after reviewing the c wouldn't score enough points to be considered for selection of the voucher apply for additional vouchers if they become available from HUD.

Leverage private or other public funds to create additional housing

Initial Plan Response: - 2005-2009 plan. Assist in Housing Assistance BL

FY 2004 operating reserve as an investment over a 6 year period. They re in May 2005.

PHA Goal: Improve the quality of assisted housing Objectives:

Improve voucher management

MDOC Progress: Latest SEMAP certification sent to HUD 8/2006 for Prog ended 6/30/2006. MDOC SEMAP score 74%, due to dated data in PIC at t MDOC's conversion. This data has been cleaned up and the score has be

Increase customer satisfaction:

Initial Plan Response: - 2005-2009 plan. Review complaints from owners; correct items which are problematic, change policies to better de operations. Added 9/2004: This will be influenced by future HUD funding for

MDOC Progress: Problems of participants reviewed, changes made in sev

Concentrate on efforts to improve specific management functions: (list; e.g., public housing finance; voucher unit inspections)

*Initial Plan Response: - 2005-2009 plan. Provide Training for Agents on Inspections at least twice during the 5 year period.* 

**MDOC Progress:** As part of the State NAHRO conference, trained agents and June 2004. MDOC completed training of all field agencies on the M PRO direct local entry software in 2004. MDOC contract managers will educate field agencies as needed.

*Initial Plan Response: - 2005-2009 plan. Review the Local Field Agrecords during annual 5% Reviews.* 

#### Rehab Properties.

**MDOC Progress:** Annual reviews conducted each year, and owners p comments and findings.

Provide replacement vouchers:

Initial Plan Response: - 2005-2009 plan. To provide replacement vouched Section 8 Project Based (PB) and Mod Rehab (MR) units throughout Mo owners opt out or are deleted from the program, and for preservation owners stay in the program and units are held by non-subsidized tenants.

MDOC Progress: MDOC received replacement vouchers for the following

Last Star Homes – Browning – 11/1/2004 – ACC received 2/05 for \$ MT901MR00090004 – Billings - 8 unit mod rehab project -5/2/05 – A 11/05 for 5 vouchers. MT901MR00140012 – Bozeman – 25 units – 6/15/05 – ACC receive 16 vouchers. MT901MR00070005 – Great Falls – 7 units – 11/1/05 – Awaiting A0 12/31/06. MT901MR00050001 – Great Falls – 14 units – 2/2006 – ACC receive 14 vouchers.

Other: (list below)

PHA Goal: Increase assisted housing choices Objectives:

Provide voucher mobility counseling:

**MDOC Progress:** Local Field agents brief tenants on right to move w assistance. MDOC is working with local Field agents to advise tenants under the Violence Against Women Act at initial briefing for the program ar landlords in the Section 8 rental assistance program. These were distrib the field agencies MDOC contracts with throughout the State of Montana. held meetings with Missoula area landlords in June, 2004, Septembe October, 2004.

Increase voucher payment standards

*Initial Plan Response:* 2005-2009 plan. With the HUD funding changes January 2005, MDOC has updated the payment standards annually acc requirements of HUD. The payment standard increased from 2004 to 2000

**MDOC Progress:** Voucher Payment standards were increased on 11/1/ the HUD funding cuts, MDOC had to decrease payment standards in ma 10-1-2004. New HUD proposed FMRs were received in October 2006 w to publish new payment standards effective 11/1/2006.

Implement voucher homeownership program:

**MDOC Progress:** The homeownership plan is in the MDOC Admin Plan 10 field agencies have completed their own local plans. We have have clients move into homeownership since May 2004.

Implement public housing or other homeownership programs: Other: (list below)

#### HUD Strategic Goal: Improve community quality of life and economic vitalit

N/A PHA Goal: Provide an improved living environment

MDOC is a Section 8 only agency

#### HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of famil individuals

**MDOC Progress:** Income targeting (75% of families admitted to program a less of median income) discourages this for new applicants.

Using FSS, field agents continue to insure participants are aware of escr and push to start tenants in FSS, when possible to get more participants w

> Provide or attract supportive services to improve assistance recipier employability:

**Initial Plan Response:** Continue to provide support for tenant based FS local field agents by paying them a premium administrative fee, and bonuses for outstanding performance.

**MDOC Progress:** MDOC has had to reduce agent fee rates to maintai administration budget this year. With HUD Notice PIH-2004-07, MDOC able to freely use operating reserves for agent fee increases.

> Provide or attract supportive services to increase independence for t families with disabilities. Other: (list below)

#### HUD Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all American

PHA Goal: Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing Objectives:

Undertake affirmative measures to ensure access to assisted housing race, color, religion national origin, sex, familial status, and disabili

**MDOC Progress:** MDOC Contract Managers and local field agence accomplish this task each day in orientations and phone inquiries, providin and referral for persons perceiving discrimination.

**MDOC Progress:** MDOC Contract Managers and local field agend accomplish this task each day in orientations and phone inquiries, providin and referral for persons with disabilities. The Dept. of Commerce is a m Montana Home Choice Coalition. The Housing Assistance Bureau continu information to outside groups about all available programs.

Other: (list below)

**MDOC Progress:** Continue to provide referrals to the Human Rights Bure Fair Housing, and HUD when complaints regarding Fair Housing items are

Local field agents provide information to tenants, owners, and affiliated groups Housing.

Other PHA Goals and Objectives: (list below)

None listed on the 5 year plan.

# Streamlined Annual PHA Plan PHA Fiscal Year 2007 [24 CFR Part 903.12(b)]

## **Table of Contents**

Provide the following table of contents for the streamlined Annual Plan submitted with the Five-Ye all streamlined plan components, and additional requirements, together with the list of supporting de available for public inspection.

#### A. ANNUAL STREAMLINED PHA PLAN COMPONENTS

- 1. Housing Needs
- 2. Financial Resources
- 3. Policies on Eligibility, Selection and Admissions
- 4. Rent Determination Policies
- 5. Capital Improvements Needs
- 6. Demolition and Disposition
- 7. Homeownership
- 8. Civil Rights Certifications (included with PHA Certifications of Compli
- 9. Additional Information
  - a. PHA Progress on Meeting 5-Year Mission and Goals
  - b. Criteria for Substantial Deviations and Significant Amendments
  - c. Other Information Requested by HUD

12. FY 20\_\_\_ Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Factor, Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report

13. Capital Fund Program 5-Year Action Plan

14. Other (List below, providing name for each item)

#### B. SEPARATE HARD COPY SUBMISSIONS TO LOCAL HUD FIELD

Form HUD-50077, <u>PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Re</u> <u>Regulations: Board Resolution to Accompany the Standard Annual, Standard Five</u> <u>Streamlined Five-Year/Annual Plans; Certification by State or Local Official of PI</u> <u>Consistency with Consolidated Plan.</u>
For PHAs APPLYING FOR CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM (CFP) GRANTS: Form HUD-50070, <u>Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace;</u>
Form HUD-50071, <u>Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions;</u>
Form SF-LLL & SF-LLLa, <u>Disclosure of Lobbying Activities.</u>

#### **Executive Summary (optional)**

[903.7(r)]. If desired, provide a brief overview of the contents of the streamlined 5-Year/Annual Pl

The Montana Department of Commerce (MDOC) administers 3751 Housing Choice Vouchers and 322 Project Based Moderate Rehabilita Montana. MDOC does not administer any Public Housing Units.

MDOC promises "transparency" for all programs, not adding new "state r to programs, keeping the programs as simple as possible. MDOC insures for all on the wait list, by not adding numerous local preferences that pref on the list to the detriment of others who also seriously need assistance.

There are 7,111 families on the wait list, nearly twice as many as current the program. Applicants may remain on the wait list for as long as 2-5 year

MDOC will try to increase the number of assisted units by applying fo

MDOC will continue to support the Family Self Sufficiency program acc Admin Plan and HUD regulations. The statewide program is tailored participant needs, and local supportive services.

MDOC started a Section 8 Homeownership Program in 2002. There are homeowners in the program.

#### **<u>1. Statement of Housing Needs</u>** [24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7(a)]

#### A. Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing and Section 8 Tenant- Ba Assistance Waiting Lists

State the housing needs of the families on the PHA's waiting list/s. Complete one table for each ty waiting list administered by the PHA. PHAs may provide separate tables for site-based or sub-ju public housing waiting lists at their option.

| Housing Needs of Families on the PHA's Waiting Lists |  |                        |               |  |  |
|--|--|------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| Waiting list type: (select one)                      |  |                        |               |  |  |
| Section 8 tenant-based ass                           | istance  |                        |               |  |  |
| Public Housing                                       |  |                        |               |  |  |
| Combined Section 8 and Public Housing                |  |                        |               |  |  |
| Public Housing Site-Based                            | l or sub-jurisdictional w                            | aiting list (optional) |               |  |  |
| If used, identify whic                               | If used, identify which development/subjurisdiction: |                        |               |  |  |
|  | # of families  | % of total families    | Annual Turnov |  |  |
| Waiting list total                                   | 7111   |                        | 1,000         |  |  |
| Extremely low income                                 | 4956   | 70%                    |               |  |  |
| <=30% AMI  |  |                        |               |  |  |
| Very low income                                      | 2155   | 30%                    |               |  |  |
| (>30% but <=50% AMI)                                 |  |                        |               |  |  |
| Low income   | N/A  |                        |               |  |  |
| (>50% but <80% AMI)                                  |  |                        |               |  |  |
| Families with children                               | 3816   | 54%                    |               |  |  |

| Race/ethnicity white | 5313 | 75% |  |
|----------------------|------|-----|--|

#### **B.** Strategy for Addressing Needs

Provide a brief description of the PHA's strategy for addressing the housing needs of families on th housing and Section 8 waiting lists **IN THE UPCOMING YEAR**, and the Agency's reasons for ch strategy.

#### (1) <u>Strategies</u> Need: Shortage of affordable housing for all eligible populations

# Strategy 1. Maximize the number of affordable units available to the PHA wi current resources by:

Select all that apply

Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by establishing payment stand enable families to rent throughout the jurisdiction Undertake measures to ensure access to affordable housing among families the PHA, regardless of unit size required Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by marketing the program to o particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by effectively screening Section to increase owner acceptance of program Participate in the Consolidated Plan development process to ensure coordin broader community strategies Other (list below)

#### **Strategy 2: Increase the number of affordable housing units by:** Select all that apply

Apply for additional section 8 units should they become available

MDOC will apply for new units as they become available.

Coordinate with LIHTC, PBS8, and HOME Programs on needs of Section and production of new units. MDOC currently contains the Housing Finance Montana, with its single and multi-family programs, Treasure State Endow State Housing Revolving Loan Account, and LIHTC, and the Housing Bureau also administers the HUD HOME, as well as tenant based Sec statewide PHA and is the Project Based Section 8 Contract Administrator f

#### Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

#### **Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 30 % of AMI** Select all that apply

Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% o tenant-based section 8 assistance Employ admissions preferences aimed at families with economic hardships Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work Other: (list below)

#### Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

#### **Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI** Select all that apply

Employ admissions preferences aimed at families who are working Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work Other: (list below) MDOC field agents are to make sure that no more than 75% of fami

the program are below 30% AMI.

#### Need: Specific Family Types: The Elderly

#### Strategy 1. Target available assistance to the elderly.

#### Strategy 1: Target available assistance to Families with Disabilities:

Select all that apply

Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to families with disabilities, sh become available Affirmatively market to local non-profit agencies that assist families with d Other: (list below)

The Housing Assistance Bureau Chief will continue to work with the I Training Partnership, housing authorities in the state, and LIHTC Progr acquaint the case managers with housing assets available to their clie them better access to the current housing resources available.

#### Need: Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate house

# Strategy 1: Increase awareness of PHA resources among families of races and with disproportionate needs:

Select if applicable

Affirmatively market to races/ethnicities shown to have disproportionate he Other: (list below)

#### Strategy 2: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

Select all that apply

Counsel section 8 tenants as to location of units outside of areas of poverty concentration and assist them to locate those units Market the section 8 program to owners outside of areas of poverty /minori concentrations Other: (list below)

There are no areas of poverty or minority concentration designated within MDOC. Marketing to owners happens when there are insufficient available.

#### (2) Reasons for Selecting Strategies

Of the factors listed below, select all that influenced the PHA's selection of the strapursue:

Funding constraints Staffing constraints Limited availability of sites for assisted housing Extent to which particular housing needs are met by other organizations in Evidence of housing needs as demonstrated in the Consolidated Plan and o information available to the PHA Influence of the housing market on PHA programs Community priorities regarding housing assistance Results of consultation with local or state government Results of consultation with residents and the Resident Advisory Board Results of consultation with advocacy groups Other: (list below)

The HUD mandated change that reduced funding for the Section 8 program in cale has limited MDOC policy.

# 2. Statement of Financial Resources

#### [24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (c)]

List on the following table the financial resources that are anticipated to be available to the PHA for Federal public housing and tenant-based Section 8 assistance programs administered by the PHA du year. Note: the table assumes that Federal public housing or tenant based Section 8 assistance grant expended on eligible purposes; therefore, uses of these funds need not be stated. For other funds, in those funds as one of the following categories: public housing operations, public housing capital im public housing safety/security, public housing supportive services, Section 8 tenant-based assistance supportive services or other.

| Financial Resources: |                          |      |
|----------------------|--------------------------|------|
|                      | Planned Sources and Uses |      |
| Sources              | Planned \$               | Plan |

| Tenant-Based Assistance  |  | 1           |
|--|--|-------------|
| <ul> <li>Resident Opportunity and Self-Sufficiency<br/>Grants</li> </ul> | N/A  |             |
| g) Community Development Block Grant                                     | NA MDOC CDBG not under<br>PHA control        |             |
| h) HOME  | \$4,340,864<br>HOME not under PHA<br>control | \$4,803,173 |
| Other Federal Grants (list below)  |  |             |
| Moderate Rehabilitation  | \$2,058,641                                  | \$2,058,641 |
| 2. Prior Year Federal Grants (unobligated funds only) (list below)       |  |             |
|  |  |             |
|  |  |             |
| 3. Public Housing Dwelling Rental Income                                 |  |             |
|  |  |             |
| 4. Other income (list below)   |  |             |
| Annual interest on Operating Reserve                                     | \$134,176                                    | \$134,176   |
| 4. Non-federal sources (list below)                                      | N/A  |             |
|  |  |             |
|  |  |             |
|  |  |             |
| Total resources  |  |             |
|  |  |             |

# **<u>3. PHA Policies Governing Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions</u> [24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (b)]**

## A. Public Housing N/A MDOC has no Public Housing Units

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete subcompone

#### (1) Eligibility

- a. What is the extent of screening conducted by the PHA? (select all that apply) Criminal or drug-related activity only to the extent required by law or regul Criminal and drug-related activity, more extensively than required by law of More general screening than criminal and drug-related activity (list factors) Other (list below)
- b. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement a screening purposes?

Local field agents are free to contact and request from local law enforcement

c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement screening purposes?

See b. above.

d. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screenin (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

See b. above.

e. Indicate what kinds of information you share with prospective landlords? (selec apply)

Criminal or drug-related activity Other (describe below)

Tenant screening is a landlord responsibility. MDOC provides the minimum under law, name and address of prior owners from agency files.

#### (2) Waiting List Organization

a. With which of the following program waiting lists is the section 8 tenant-based

 b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to section 8 tenant-based ass (select all that apply) PHA main administrative office Other (list below)

Offices of 11 field agencies located throughout the state as listed in Administrative Manual (attached to this document), or by mail.

#### (3) Search Time

a. Yes No: Does the PHA give extensions on standard 60-day period to search If yes, state circumstances below:

Included in MDOC administrative manual, if family can prove they have searching for a unit, and have not turned down an acceptable unit. None days, except as a reasonable accommodation for disabled.

#### (4) Admissions Preferences

a. Income targeting

| Yes No:        | Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by<br>than 75% of all new admissions to the section 8 program to fan   |
|----------------|---|
|                | below 30% of median area income?  |
|                | HUD has precluded this with their Section 8 funding cuts.   |
| b. Preferences | 8   |
| 1. Yes No:     | Has the PHA established preferences for admission to sectio<br>tenant-based assistance? (other than date and time of applica<br>skip to subcomponent (5) Special purpose section 8 assista<br>programs) |

2 Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in

Substandard housing Homelessness High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences (select all that apply)

Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability Veterans and veterans' families Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility progra Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of income Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting) Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility progravity Victims of reprisals or hate crimes Other preference(s) (list below)

See administrative manual (attachment A). A preference exists for Mod R with family size changes, when there are no other available Mod Rehat area of proper size for the family.

3. If the PHA will employ admissions preferences, please prioritize by placing a "1 that represents your first priority, a "2" in the box representing your second priority. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolut through a point system), place the same number next to each. That means you can than once, "2" more than once, etc.

Date and Time

Former Federal preferences:

Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housin Inaccessibility, Property Disposition) Victims of domestic violence Substandard housing Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility progra Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of income Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting) Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility prog Victims of reprisals or hate crimes Other preference(s) (list below)

#### Mod Rehab Preference above

4. Among applicants on the waiting list with equal preference status, how are appl selected? (select one)

Date and time of application

Drawing (lottery) or other random choice technique

5. If the PHA plans to employ preferences for "residents who live and/or work in t jurisdiction" (select one)

This preference has previously been reviewed and approved by HUD The PHA requests approval for this preference through this PHA Plan

 Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements: (select one) The PHA applies preferences within income tiers Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will m targeting requirements

#### (5) Special Purpose Section 8 Assistance Programs

a. In which documents or other reference materials are the policies governing eligi selection, and admissions to any special-purpose section 8 program administered contained? (select all that apply)

The Section 8 Administrative Plan Briefing sessions and written materials Local field agent advertising.

#### 4. PHA Rent Determination Policies

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7(d)]

#### A. Public Housing N/A MDOC has no Public Housing Units

#### **B.** Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer Section 8 tenant-based assistance are not required to con sub-component 4B. Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the ten section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program).

#### (1) Payment Standards

Describe the voucher payment standards and policies.

a. What is the PHA's payment standard? (select the category that best describes yo

Most of the below apply. The MDOC jurisdiction is the state of Mont counties, and 8 payment standards for each county, based on bedroc Mobile Home Space rents. Due to the funding cuts imposed by HUD in payment standards have been reduced by MDOC in relation to 20 increased from 2004.

At or above 90% but below100% of FMR 100% of FMR Above 100% but at or below 110% of FMR Above 100%, but below 106% of FMR due to HUD funding cuts. Above 110% of FMR (if HUD approved; describe circumstances below)

As a reasonable accommodation under Americans With Disabilities Act.

b If the payment standard is lower than FMR why has the PHA selected this stan.

Due to the budget cuts imposed by HUD, MDOC has had to lower paymen in order to continue to serve as many families as possible without removing the program. Currently there are not any payment standards lower than 90

c. If the payment standard is higher than FMR, why has the PHA chosen this level that apply)

FMRs are not adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PH of the FMR area Reflects market or submarket To increase housing options for families Other (list below)

 d. How often are payment standards reevaluated for adequacy? (select one) Annually Other (list below)

Annually, and at other times during the year, if there is an area in the families are unable to lease successfully. Policy is included in the (a MDOC administrative manual.

e. What factors will the PHA consider in its assessment of the adequacy of its payr (select all that apply)

Success rates of assisted families Rent burdens of assisted families Other (list below)

HUD funding cuts to the Section 8 program.

See attached MDOC administrative manual (attachment A)

#### (2) Minimum Rent

#### policies? (if yes, list below)

## 5. Capital Improvement Needs – MDOC is Section 8 only

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7 (g)]

Exemptions from Component 5: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this component Component 6.

#### 6. Demolition and Disposition – MDOC is Section 8 only

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7 (h)] Applicability of component 6: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

#### 7. Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance--Section 8(y) Homeownershi

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7(k)(1)(i)]

(1) Yes No: Does the PHA plan to administer a Section 8 Homeownersh pursuant to Section 8(y) of the U.S.H.A. of 1937, as implem CFR part 982 ? (If "No", skip to the next component; if "yes each program description below (copy and complete question program identified.)

#### (2) Program Description

| a. Size of Program<br>Yes No: | Will the PHA limit the number of families participating in the homeownership option?                     |
|-------------------------------|--|
|                               | If the answer to the question above was yes, what is the max of participants this fiscal year? <u>50</u> |
| b. PHA-established            | eligibility criteria   |
| Yes No:                       | Will the PHA's program have eligibility criteria for participation                                       |

es No: Will the PHA's program have eligibility criteria for participa Section 8 Homeownership Option program in addition to H

#### (3) Capacity of the PHA to Administer a Section 8 Homeownership Program

The PHA has demonstrated its capacity to administer the program by (select all tha a. Establishing a minimum homeowner downpayment requirement of at least 3 pe purchase price and requiring that at least 1 percent of the purchase price comes from resources.

b. Requiring that financing for purchase of a home under its Section 8 homeowner provided, insured or guaranteed by the state or Federal government; comply with s mortgage market underwriting requirements; or comply with generally accepted pr underwriting standards.

c. Partnering with a qualified agency or agencies to administer the program (list na years of experience below).

d. Demonstrating that it has other relevant experience (list experience below).

# 8. Civil Rights Certifications

[24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (o)]

Civil rights certifications are included in the PHA Plan Certifications of Complian PHA Plans and Related Regulations: Board Resolution to Accompany the Standard Standard Five-Year, and Streamlined Five-Year/Annual Plans, which is submitted Office in hard copy—see Table of Contents.

#### 9. Additional Information

[24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (r)]

## A. PHA Progress in Meeting the Mission and Goals Describ 5-Year Plan

(*Provide a statement of the PHA's progress against the goals and objectives established in 5-Year Plan for the period FY 20\_\_\_\_\_\_* - 20\_\_\_\_\_.

#### **B.** Criteria for Substantial Deviations and Significant Amen

public hearing and HUD review before implementation.

a. Substantial Deviation from the 5-Year Plan

b. Significant Amendment or Modification to the Annual Plan

#### C. Other Information

[24 CFR Part 903.13, 903.15]

#### (1) Resident Advisory Board Recommendations

 a. Yes No: Did the PHA receive any comments on the PHA Plan from the Advisory Board/s?

If yes, provide the comments below:

b. In what manner did the PHA address those comments? (select all that ap Considered comments, but determined that no changes to the PHA necessary.

The PHA changed portions of the PHA Plan in response to commer List changes below:

Other: (list below)

# (2) Resident Membership on PHA Governing Board MDOC has no geboard. It does not have public housing units, as it is Section 8 only. M of a state agency.

The governing board of each PHA is required to have at least one member who is directly PHA, unless the PHA meets certain exemption criteria. Regulations governing the residen are found at 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E.

#### (3) PHA Statement of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan

[24 CFR Part 903.15]

For each applicable Consolidated Plan, make the following statement (copy questions as n

Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction: (select all that apply):

The PHA has based its statement of needs of families on its waiting needs expressed in the Consolidated Plan/s.

The PHA has participated in any consultation process organized and the Consolidated Plan agency in the development of the Consolidated The PHA has consulted with the Consolidated Plan agency during to development of this PHA Plan.

Activities to be undertaken by the PHA in the coming year are cons initiatives contained in the Consolidated Plan. (list below) Other: (list below)

b. The Consolidated Plan of the jurisdiction supports the PHA Plan with th actions and commitments: (describe below)

#### (4) (Reserved)

Use this section to provide any additional information requested by HUD.

#### **10. Project-Based Voucher Program**

- a. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to "project-base" any tenant-based Section 8 vo coming year? If yes, answer the following questions.
- b. Yes No: Are there circumstances indicating that the project basing of the un tenant-basing of the same amount of assistance is an appropriate option?

If yes, check which circumstances apply:

Low utilization rate for vouchers due to lack of suitable rental units Access to neighborhoods outside of high poverty areas Other (describe below:) Display" column in the appropriate rows. All listed documents must be on display if applicable to t activities conducted by the PHA.

|                       | List of Supporting Documents Available for Review   |                              |  |  |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| Applicable<br>&<br>On | Supporting Document   | Relate                       |  |  |
| Display               |   | <u> </u>                     |  |  |
| MDOC                  | PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations<br>and Board Resolution to Accompany the Standard Annual, Standard Five-Year,<br>and Streamlined Five-Year/Annual Plans.  | Standa<br>Annua<br>5 Year    |  |  |
| MDOC                  | State/Local Government Certification of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan.   | 5 Year                       |  |  |
| MDOC-CP               | Fair Housing Documentation Supporting Fair Housing Certifications: Records reflecting that the PHA has examined its programs or proposed programs, identified any impediments to fair housing choice in those programs, addressed or is addressing those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available, and worked or is working with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdictions' initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA's involvement. | 5 Year                       |  |  |
| MDOC                  | Housing Needs Statement of the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction(s) in which<br>the PHA is located and any additional backup data to support statement of housing<br>needs for families on the PHA's public housing and Section 8 tenant-based waiting<br>lists.   | Annual<br>Housin             |  |  |
| MDOC                  | Section 8 Administrative Plan   | Annual<br>Selecti<br>Policie |  |  |
| MDOC                  | Section 8 rent determination (payment standard) policies (if included in plan, not<br>necessary as a supporting document) and written analysis of Section 8 payment<br>standard policies.<br>Check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan.   | Annua<br>Determ              |  |  |
| MDOC                  | Results of latest Section 8 Management Assessment System (SEMAP)  | Annua                        |  |  |

| <br> |  |                 |
|------|--|-----------------|
| <br> |  |                 |
|      |  |                 |
|      |  |                 |
|      | Approved or submitted public housing homeownership programs/plans.   | Annual<br>Homeo |
| MDOC | Policies governing any Section 8 Homeownership program   | Annual          |
|      | (Section II-E of the Section 8 Administrative Plan)  | Homeo           |
|      | Public Housing Community Service Policy/Programs   | Annual          |
|      | Check here if included in Public Housing A & O Policy  | Service         |
| MDOC | Cooperative agreement between the PHA and the TANF agency and between the  | Annual          |
|      | PHA and local employment and training service agencies.  | Service         |
| MDOC | FSS Action Plan(s) for public housing and/or Section 8.  | Annual          |
|      |  | Service         |
|      |  |                 |
| MDOC | The results of the most recent fiscal year audit of the PHA conducted under the  | Annual          |
|      | Single Audit Act as implemented by OMB Circular A-133, the results of that audit and the PHA's response to any findings. | Audit           |
|      |  |                 |
|      |  |                 |

#### MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE (MDOC) HOUSING ASSISTANCE BUREAU SUMMARY OF CITIZEN AND BOARD REVIEW PROCESS, WITH MDOC RESPONSES ON THE MDOC PHA <u>FFY 2005-2009</u> PLAN

MDOC is a statewide PHA, and must operate the program consistently throughout the state. If policies are set regionally, the program will not operate consistently for all tenants, depending on where they live in the state. It is very important that all participants be treated the same to alleviate any perception of bias. Any changes recommended must be suitable for the whole state to be instituted.

Since MDOC is a statewide PHA, it is important that tenants from all over the state be allowed to comment. 11 mini-boards were formed, one in each regional contract field agent area of the state (areas are in attachment A, MDOC Admin Manual, Section 1), allowing comment from each region. Local field agents were funded to contact tenants, and staffed each mini board, hosting the meetings of the boards, explaining MDOC policies and procedures, and summarizing comments from the reviews. There were a total of 28 participants in the mini-boards including 13 program participants and 15 staff members from local field agencies for a total of 28 people participating in the public hearings.

# MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE HOUSING ASSISTANCE BUREAU Section 8 Program

# **ADMINISTRATIVE MANUAL**

(combining HUD required Administrative Plan and MDOC Administrative Policies Manual)

**Important Note:** Rather than publishing and maintaining 2 separate documents, one for HUD Administrative Plan, and one for MDOC policies, both are included in this administrative manual. Subjects required by HUD for the MDOC Admin Plan are shown in regular text, with section titles shaded. *Other policies not required to be in the admin plan, which are necessary for operation of the HUD programs, will be shown in italicized text.* 

#### **Table of Contents:**

|         |       | Se   | ec. Last updated | page   |
|---------|-------|--|------------------|--------|
| I – MC  | DOC   | ORGANIZATION   | (11-10-2004)     |        |
|         | 1. (  | Organization   |                  | 3      |
|         | 2. I  | Purpose  |                  | 3<br>3 |
|         | 3. 、  | Jurisdictional Area  |                  | 3      |
|         | 4. I  | MDOC Staff   |                  | 4      |
|         | 5. /  | Agent Requirements   |                  | 4      |
|         | 6. /  | Agent Training   |                  | 4      |
| OfLow   |       | Encouraging Participation By Owners Of Suitable Units Located Outs me Or Minority Concentration. (metropolitan areas only) | ide Areas        | 5      |
|         |       | Threshold For Administrative Fee Reserve Expenditures  |                  | 6      |
|         | 9. V  | Voucher Payment Standards  | 6                |        |
|         |       | Authorization For Changes To Administrative Plan   |                  | 7      |
|         | 11. ( | Changes In Field Agency Allocation Of Housing Choice Voucher Slot  | S                | 7      |
|         | 12. l | List Of MDOC Local Field Agents  |                  | 7      |
|         | 13. ( | Certification On Fair Housing  |                  | 9      |
| II - PC | OLIC  | IES FOR APPLICANTS AND PARTICIPANTS  |                  |        |
|         | Α.    | Waiting List & Selection Procedures  | (08-22-2003)     | 10     |
|         |       | Denying Assistance to Applicants   | (06-16-2004)     | 14     |
|         | C.    | Procedures for Informal Reviews  | (02-29-2000)     | 17     |
|         | D.    | Briefing Applicants, Issuing & Extending Vouchers  | (08-22-2003)     | 18     |
|         |       | Special Housing Types  | (01-28-2004)     | 20     |

| F. O          | ccupancy Policy  | (02-29-2000)                 | 24       |
|---------------|--|------------------------------|----------|
|               | ibsidy Standards   | (06-16-2004)                 | 25       |
|               |  | (02.20.2000)                 | 00       |
|               | ousing Quality Standards   | (02-29-2000)<br>(08-22-2003) | 26<br>27 |
| 1. 1.4        |  | (08-22-2003)                 | 21       |
| J. Te         | enant Moves and Portability  | (06-16-2004)                 | 28       |
| K. Fa         | mily Absence from Unit   | (02-29-2000)                 | 29       |
|               | eak Up of Family   | (07-06-2001)                 | 30       |
|               | ocedures for Collecting Amounts Participants Owe MDOC                                    | (08-22-2003)                 | 31       |
|               | amage Repair, Unpaid Rent, and Vacancy Claim Processing                                  | (07-17-2001)                 | 32       |
|               | sisting Voucher Holders Alleging Illegal Discrimination                                  | (07-17-2001)                 | 33       |
| P. Se         | ecurity Deposits   | (02-29-2000)                 | 34       |
|               | tal Family Contribution  | (09-04-2004)                 | 35       |
|               | articipant Terminations<br>formal Hearings   | (11/10/2004)                 | 36       |
|               | ent Reasonableness   | (08-22-2003)                 | 40<br>42 |
| I. Ke         | ent Reasonableness   | (10-19-2001)                 | 42       |
| III - POLICIE | ES FOR OWNERS (LANDLORDS)  | (02-19-2002)                 | 43       |
|               | viding Tenant Information To Owners  | (02-1)-2002)                 | 43       |
|               | ant Screening:   |                              | 43       |
|               | nt Reasonableness.   |                              | 43       |
| D. Put        | plicity And Advertising.   |                              | 43       |
| E. Info       | rmation Available On Request.  |                              | 43       |
| F. Brie       |  |                              | 43       |
| G. Pol        | icy Document   |                              | 43       |
| IV – FSS AC   | CTION PLAN   | (06-16-2004)                 | 45       |
| Α.            | Overview   |                              | 45       |
| В.            | Family Demographics and Estimate of Participating Families                               |                              | 46       |
| C.            | Eligible Families from Other Self-Sufficiency Programs                                   |                              | 46       |
| <u>D</u> .    | FSS Family Selection Procedures  |                              | 46       |
| E.            | Incentives to Encourage Participation  |                              | 47       |
| F.            | Outreach Efforts   |                              | 47       |
| G.<br>H.      | FSS Activities and Support Services<br>Method for Identification of Family Support Needs |                              | 47<br>47 |
|               |  |                              |          |
| I.            | Program Termination; Withholding of Services; and Available (                            |                              | 48       |
| J.            | Assurances of Non-Interference with Rights of Non-Participatin                           | ng Families                  | 48       |
| K.            | Timetable for Program Implementation   |                              | 48       |
| L.<br>M.      | Certification of Coordination<br>Contract of Participation                               |                              | 48<br>48 |
| N.            | Escrow Accounts  |                              | 48<br>49 |
| Ю.            | Individual Training and Services Plans   |                              | 49<br>50 |
| P.            | Informal Hearings and Reviews  |                              | 50       |
| Q.            | Local Coordinating Committees  |                              | 50       |
| R.            | Local Contractor Certifications  |                              | 50       |
| S.            | Local Contractor Annual Performance Reports  |                              | 51       |

# I - MDOC

# I-1. ORGANIZATION.

The Housing Assistance Bureau, Housing Division, Montana Department of Commerce (MDOC) is the Montana State Public Housing Agency (PHA), administering the HUD Section 8 Housing Assistance Program (Moderate Rehabilitation, and tenant based Housing Choice Vouchers Program) to provide affordable, decent, safe, and sanitary housing to low income families residing or wishing to reside in Montana.

Housing programs are service related business enterprises. MDOC will provide the best possible services to participants and landlords within the parameters of federal law and regulation. All operations will be conducted using the best possible business practices.

# I-2. PURPOSE.

The Administrative Plan addresses major discretionary program functions in the Section 8 Programs. MDOC and it's field agencies must operate the HUD programs it administers in accordance with federal regulations found in the Code of Federal Regulations 24 CFR parts 5, 8, 792, 882, 883, 888, 903, 982, 984, and 985, HUD Notices, HUD Guidebooks and Handbooks, HUD letters, the MDOC Administrative Plan and MDOC policy letters. MDOC establishes operating procedures (policies) to direct and assist Contract Field Agents performing specific functions. This administration manual combines the Administrative Plan and policies within one document and is available for public review as part of the PHA Annual Plan.

# I-3. JURISDICTIONAL AREA.

The jurisdictional area of MDOC includes the entire state of Montana. MDOC divides Montana into twelve sub-state planning areas, however units are allocated on a jurisdictional (statewide) basis. MDOC contracts with Local Field Agents to provide some MDOC functions in the program. Each Local Field Agent contracts for local administration of Vouchers and Mod Rehab units from the MDOC allocation. (A list of field agents is included at the end of this section.)

Units are not ported out of MDOC control for use anywhere within the state of Montana. When a Voucher ported from one field agent area to another becomes vacant, the ported Voucher will be returned to the original local field agent for reissuing.

# I-4. MDOC STAFF.

Fiscal Officer, (PHA Executive Director/ Housing Assistance Bureau Chief), State Pay Plan 020,

Pay band 7 . Responsible for overall program operation of Housing Choice Vouchers, Moderate Rehabilitation, HUD HOME Investment Partnerships, and Section 8 Project Based Montana Contract Administration Programs. Also responsible for consultative review of State Consolidated Plan for affected Programs.

**Accountant** (State Pay Plan 020, Pay band 6). ½ position. Unit accounting, budget, requisitions, and collections.

Information Systems Technician, (IT Manager), State Pay Plan 020, Pay band 5. Responsible for computer operation and automated report preparation.

**Program Specialist,** (Program Manager), State Pay Plan 020, Pay band 6. Responsible for assisting Bureau Chief in relation to rrehabilitation programs, FSS and Homeownership Sub-programs, planning, coordinating program operations and supervising 56 program specialists and two Administrative Support positions.

**Program Specialist,** (Contract Manager), State Pay Plan 020, Pay band 5. 5 positions. Responsible for program operation of subsidies, and coordination of services with field agents, and Annual HQS inspections.

**Program Specialist,** (FSS/Homeownership CoordinatorContract Manager), State Pay Plan 020, Pay band 5. Currently vacantResponsible for program operation of subsidies, and coordination of services with field agents, and Annual HQS inspections. Also responsible for supervision of Administrative Support positions, correspondence in program and administrative file system.

Administrative Support, (Wait List Technician), State Pay Plan 020, Pay band 3. Responsible for waiting list.

Administrative Support State Pay Plan 020, Pay band 2. Filing clerk and receptionist support for Bureau.

Account Receivable, 1/2 position currently vacant

# I-5. AGENT REQUIREMENTS.

MDOC requires local field agencies to operate the Section 8 Program in accordance with their MDOC contract, HUD regulations (CFRs and Federal Registers), HUD Notices, HUD Memos, this MDOC Administrative Plan, MDOC Policy Memos, and guidance provided by MDOC program personnel. MDOC provides local field agents with copies of relevant CFRs and Federal Registers(gr, HUD Notices and HUD Memos per request and also available at the MDOC website at http://housing.mt.gov. (b As changes are made to this Administrative Plan, they are distributed to field agents to replace outdated sections. When MDOC adopts or changes minor policies not included in the Administrative Plan, the policies will be distributed to field agents in memo format, or by e-mail.

**Annual Certification:** (24 CFR 985.101(a)(2). Each field agency will be required annually to certify that they are operating their portion of the programs in accordance with HUD and MDOC requirements listed in MDOC Admin Plan Section I- MDOC Section 2, and statements in the latest MDOC SEMAP certification submitted by the Housing Assistance Bureau Chief to HUD, on HUD form HUD-52648, as modified by MDOC.

# I-6. AGENT TRAINING:

MDOC will provide at least 1 formal required attendance training session each year for MDOC program

staff and Contract Field Agents on new policies or refresher training on current policies to acquaint local personnel with program changes and requirements.

MDOC will provide in field agent contracts each year an amount for the formalized training and certification of at least one person to allow additional continuing training or initial training for field agency personnel to promote job competency for local field agents.

# I-7. ENCOURAGING PARTICIPATION BY OWNERS OF SUITABLE UNITS LOCATED OUTSIDE AREAS OF LOW INCOME OR MINORITY CONCENTRATION. (Metropolitan areas only)

#### a. MDOC Metropolitan areas.

Billings (Yellowstone County) Carbon County Great Falls (Cascade County) Missoula (Missoula County)

# b. Known areas of poverty or minority concentration.

**c. Required actions:** Until an area is designated as having a poverty or minority concentration, there are no actions required. After designation of a poverty or minority concentration area, the local field agency will add required elements in Section II-D.1. of the MDOC Admin Plan to the briefing packet. MDOC will also advertise in local papers for prospective owners, as requested by local field agencies, to find additional rental units outside an area of poverty or minority concentration. MDOC allows participants the freedom to choose housing at any location in the United States, and will not engage in illegally "steering" participants to any particular area.

#### d. Identifying areas of poverty or minority concentration. MDOC local field

agencies in the metropolitan areas are most familiar with local conditions, and best able to identify areas of poverty and minority concentration within their metropolitan area.

When a local field agency believes a part of its metropolitan area is an area of poverty or minority concentration which somehow prevents Housing Choice Voucher participants from participating outside the area of concentration, the field agency will request that MDOC designate the area as having a poverty or minority concentration.

e. Requesting **MDOC** designation of a poverty or minority concentration. The request must contain statistical information about the percentage of poverty or minority in the area compared with that of the total metropolitan area; conclusions which lead by the local field agency to justifiable reasons for the request; maps showing the area to be considered and remaining areas within the metropolitan area or areas outside the metropolitan area close enough to encourage voucher participation, which are not areas of concentration; housing opportunities outside areas of concentration the local field agency has identified, including areas outside the metropolitan area close enough to encourage voucher participation; and information about job opportunities, schools and services in these areas.

**f.** Requesting removal of an area designation of a poverty or minority concentration. If conditions change in an area of concentration and a local field agency determines the designation is no longer necessary, that agency may request MDOC remove the designation for that area. The request will include documentation of how the local field agency determined the designation is no longer necessary,
justifiable reasons for removal of the designation; including statistical information about the percentage of poverty or minority in the area, compared with that of the total metropolitan area; maps of the area and remaining areas within the metropolitan area, documentation of new housing opportunities job opportunities, schools and services in the designated area.

## I-8. THRESHOLD FOR ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE EXPENDITURES.

MDOC will not use remaining pre Federal Fiscal Year 2004 Administrative Fee Reserve Funds from Montana Section 8 projects covered in federal contract DEN-979, Project series MT901, for a particular housing purpose without prior written approval of the following personnel: Administrator, Housing Division; and Housing Assistance Bureau Chief. MDOC will not use Administrative Fee Reserve Funds from Montana Section 8 projects covered in federal contract DEN-979, Project series MT901, in excess of \$500,000.00 for a particular housing purpose without prior written approval of the following personnel: Director, Montana Department of Commerce; Management Services Accounting and Fiscal Manager; Administrator, Housing Division; and Housing Assistance Bureau Chief.

In addition to other uses of reserves, common uses may include supporting program operations for the MDOC HUD HOME program, supporting completion of the housing portion of the HUD required Consolidated Plan, administrative operations of Project Based Section 8 contract administration, and properly underwritten or guaranteed short term loans (less than 10 year period) for development of low income housing by local entities in the state.

## **I-9. VOUCHER PAYMENT STANDARDS**

#### (24 CFR 982.503).

MDOC generally reviews voucher payment standards by bedroom size, by county, annually, within one month after receiving new Fair Market Rent (FMR) tables from HUD in October.

**a. Annual Adjustment:** MDOC base range for payment standards will be 90% to 106% of the HUD FMR in normal market areas, and 95% to 108% of the HUD FMR in markets tight enough to have difficulty leasing. Voucher payment standards will be adjusted annually when FMRs are published by HUD, or sooner, when MDOC determines the need, based on lease rates, HUD funding or budget limitations:

1) downward to the lower base range of 90% of the latest FMR when there are no participants located in the Payment Standard area for normal rental areas, and 95% for tighter market areas identified by MDOC; and

2) downward to equal 106% of the latest FMR, if the current Payment Standard exceeds 106% of the newest FMR for the bedroom size and county in normal market areas; downward to equal 108% of the latest FMR, if the current Payment Standard exceeds 108% of the newest FMR for the bedroom size and county in tight market areas with leasing problems and

3) upward to equal 90% of the latest FMR, if the current Payment Standard is less than 90% of the equivalent FMR for normal market areas and upward to equal 95% of the latest FMR, if the current Payment Standard is less than 95% of the equivalent FMR for tight market areas; and

4) upward if greater than 40% of participant rent burdens exceed 30% of adjusted income, to a point where less than 21% pay more than 30% of income for rent ,excluding minimum rent participants in the calculation, unless their gross rent is greater than the payment standard; and

5) downward if less than 30% of participant rent burdens exceed 30% of adjusted income, to a point where 20% pay more than 30% of income for rent, excluding minimum rent participants in the calculation, unless their gross rent is greater than the payment standard; and

6) Downward if the average of leases since the last payment standard change

have gross rents lower than the payment standard, or if the average gross rents for all leases in a payment standard area for the bedroom size are lower than the current payment standard, to the higher of the average gross rents or average gross rents since the last payment standard change, and

47) Downward if total HUD budget authority is less than projected HAP cost for the year, to a point where the change will yield a reduction of HAP over a yearly basis, once reductions have been made, then

58) upward if a change in a smaller bedroom size payment standard causes a larger bedroom size to have a lower payment standard in the same FMR area;

**b.** Special affordability adjustment. HUD targets extremely low income families (those with incomes less than 30% of the median income) for 75% of new Voucher holders assisted. In addition, no new lessee may pay more than 40% of income for rent when they lease up. This dual standard jeopardizes assistance in a payment standard area, if payment standards are too low to allow a majority of voucher holders to lease up. A payment standard may be adjusted upward any time during the year if the payment standard is not adequate to allow a majority of tenants to lease. When participants in a payment standard area are having difficulty leasing up, and a majority of vouchers in that area are at risk of expiring without resulting in approvable leases, even though voucher holders are trying hard to obtain leases, the field agent may request that MDOC raise that individual payment standard. The local field agent must clearly demonstrate that the change is necessary for operation of the program, documenting the number of vouchers issued, the number of failures to lease (in danger of voucher expiring), and the amount of payment standard at which a majority of new applicants and participants would successfully lease. Documentation must include requests for lease approval, and relevant estimator data showing the maximum amount each participant could afford under a lease, as well as landlord names, addresses and phone numbers. MDOC program specialists will review information provided, and recommend any changes to the Section 8 Program manager. The specific payment standard (county, bedroom size) will then be adjusted if necessary. A payment standard will not be adjusted if it will not yield increased lease up rates in that area.

a. c. (Applicable to metropolitan areas only) Local Field Agency Request for Exception Payment Standard to alleviate affects of poverty or minority concentration. The field agent may request exception from MDOC. The local field agency analyzes whether voucher holders have experienced difficulties in finding housing outside designated areas of poverty or minority concentration. Where difficulties are found, the local field agency must consider if it is appropriate to seek approval of an exception payment standard for a part of it's assigned area. The local field agent must clearly demonstrate that the change is necessary for operation of the program, documenting number of vouchers issued, number of failures to lease (in danger of voucher expiring), and the amount of payment standard at which a majority of new applicants and participants could successfully lease. Documentation must include requests for lease approval, and relevant estimator data showing the maximum amount each participant could afford under a lease, as well as landlord names, addresses and phone numbers. MDOC program specialists will review information provided, and recommend any changes to the program manager. The specific payment standard (county or portion of county), bedroom size) will then be adjusted if necessary. A payment standard will not be adjusted if it will not yield increased lease up rates in that area.

## I-10. AUTHORIZATION FOR CHANGES TO ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN.

Any changes to the MDOC administrative plan prepared by the Housing Assistance Bureau Chief must be approved by the Housing Division Administrator prior to implementation.

## I-11. CHANGES IN FIELD AGENCY ALLOCATION OF HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER SLOTS.

HUD requires a high lease rate, which is used to evaluate PHA performance under SEMAP. MDOC may reallocate authorized units at any time from one field agency to another as needed to maintain the overall MDOC lease rates for the Vouchers Program. The Housing Assistance Bureau Chief will direct the reallocation. Local conditions will be considered when reallocating authorized slots.

## I-12. LIST OF MDOC LOCAL FIELD AGENTS.

a. Action for Eastern Montana; P.O. Box 1309, street address 2030 North Merrill Avenue, Glendive, MT, 59330; phone (800)227-0703 or (406)377-3564; Fax: (406)377-3570. Serves sub-state planning districts 1, 2, and 3, including Carter, Custer, Daniels, Dawson, Fallon, Garfield, McCone, Phillips, Powder River, Prairie, Richland, Roosevelt, Rosebud, Sheridan, Treasure, Valley, and Wibaux counties.

**b.** District 4 HRDC; 2229 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue, Havre, MT, 59501; phone (406)265-6744; Fax: (406)265-1312. Serves sub-state planning district 4, including Blaine, Hill, and Liberty counties.

**c. Opportunities Incorporated**; *P.O. Box 2289; street address 905 1st Ave. N., Great Falls, MT, 59403; phone (800)927-2270 or (406)761-0310; Fax: (406)761-0363. Serves sub-state planning district 5, including Cascade, Chouteau, Glacier, Pondera, Teton, and Toole counties.* 

**d. District 6 HRDC**; Suite 203 Centennial Plaza, 300 First Ave. North, Lewistown, MT, 59457; phone (800)766-3018 or (406)538-7488; Fax: (406)538-2843. Serves sub-state planning district 6, including Fergus, Golden Valley, Judith Basin, Musselshell, Petroleum, and Wheatland counties.

e. District 7 HRDC; P.O. Box 2016; street address 7 N. 31st St., Billings, MT, 59103; phone (800)443-1411 or (406)247-4710; Fax: (406)248-2943. Serves sub-state planning district 7, (except for that portion of the district lying within 10 miles of the City of Billings), including Big Horn, Carbon, Stillwater, Sweet Grass, and Yellowstone counties.

**f. District 9 HRDC**; 32 South Tracy Avenue, Bozeman, MT, 59715; phone (800)332-2796 or (406)587-4486; Fax (406)585-3538. Serves sub-state planning district 9, including Gallatin, Meagher, and Park counties.

*Livingston branch office*; P.O. Box 1530, street address 111 South 2nd Street, Livingston, Montana, 59047; phone (800)289-0896 or (406)222-0896; Fax (406)222-1232.

**g.** Northwest Montana Human Resource Council; P.O. Box 8300; street address 214 Main Street, Kalispell, MT, 59904; phone (800)344-5979 or (406)752-5477; Fax (406)752-6582 or (406)257-7283. Serves sub-state planning district 10, including Flathead, Lake, Lincoln, and Sanders counties.

h. District 11 HRDC; 1801 South Higgins, Missoula, MT, 59801; phone (406)728-3710; Fax: (406)728-7680. Serves sub-state planning district 11, including Mineral, Missoula, and Ravalli counties.

Hamilton branch office: 316 N. 3rd St, #152, Hamilton, Montana, 59840, phone (406)363-61011 ext 245; Fax (406)363-5711 Superior Branch Office: Mineral County Courthouse, PO BOX 464, Superior Montana, 59872, Phone (406)822-4251, Fax (406)822-4604

i. Human Resources Council of Butte; P.O. Box 3486; street address 304 North Main, Butte, MT, 59701; phone (406)782-8250; Fax (406)782-5568. Serves sub-state planning district 12, including Beaverhead, Deer Lodge, Granite, Madison, Powell, and Silver Bow counties.

**j.** Helena Housing Authority; 812 Abbey, Helena, MT, 59601; phone (800-378-7981) or (406)442-7970 or (406)442-7981; Fax; (406)442-0574. Serves sub-state planning district 8, including Broadwater, Jefferson, and Lewis and Clark counties.

**k.** Housing Authority of Billings; 2415 First Ave. North, Billings, MT, 59101; phone (406)245-6391; Fax (406)245-0387. Serves the area within 10 miles of the city limits of Billings, Montana.

## I-13. CERTIFICATION ON FAIR HOUSING

24 CFR 982.53

MDOC certifies that it will comply with:

- 1. The Fair Housing Act
- 2. Title VI, Civil Rights Act of 1964,
- 3. Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act
- 4. Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973,
- 5. Age Discrimination Act of 1975,
- 6. Executive Order 11063,

(24 CFR 100) (24 CFR 1) (42 U.S.C. 12101) (24 CFR 8) (24 CFR 146) (24 CFR 107)

Signature Maureen MartinGeorge D. Warn, Chief, Housing Assistance Bureau

## II – MDOC POLICIES FOR PARTICIPANTS AND APPLICANTS

## **II-A. WAITING LIST & SELECTION PROCEDURES;**

24 CFR 5; 24 CFR 882.513 and 24 CFR 982-202 through 207.

#### 1. PLACEMENT ON THE LIST.

a. To be placed on the waiting list, an interested family must complete an application form. Application forms are available at MDOC or any of the local field agent offices throughout the state, or will be mailed on request.

b. Applications must be mailed to MDOC, Housing Assistance Bureau, 301 South Park Avenue, P.O. Box 200545, Helena, MT, 59620-0545. Applications will be date stamped when received at MDOC. Families experiencing difficulty in completing application forms will be assisted by either MDOC staff in Helena by phone or letter, or by the local field agent, if further assistance is needed.

c. A separate waiting list for all eligible families wishing to participate in the Section 8 program will be maintained by suballocation area (Local Contract Field Agent area. See Section I Listing for names and areas covered by local field agents) in the state. No applicant will appear on the overall list for more than one suballocation area. All qualifying applications will be processed in the order received, and listed in order of date of receipt, and time of computer entry.

d. All applications will be reviewed to determine if each family appears to meet income and family definition requirements of this plan. Applications passing review will be placed on the correct waiting list for the local field agent area where they reside. Families living outside Montana will be assigned to the suballocation list for Opportunities, Inc., and will remain on that suballocation list until offered assistance.

e. A family may apply for any available federal or local preference during the application process for the waiting list or any time thereafter.

f. Eligibility Letter: Families will be notified in writing:

- 1) Of apparent eligibility,
- 2) That they have been placed on the waiting list,

3) That placement on the waiting list is no assurance of eligibility at the time a formal application is processed, and

4) To report address changes and or telephone number changes to MDOC <u>in writing</u> within 60 days of a move. MDOC will not forward wait list correspondence to new addresses, as the applicant is responsible for reporting address changes. This prevents applicants from "jumping or "shopping the list" to gain unfair advantage over other applicants.

g. An applicant determined to be ineligible will be notified in writing of reasons for the determination and their right to request an informal review of the decision within 10 days of notification.

*h. Mod Rehab participants, even though their names do not physically appear on the wait list (software idiosyncrasy), are a part of the wait list, waiting for Vouchers.* 

2. **REPORTING CHANGES TO MDOC.** Changes in applicant family address or telephone number must be reported to MDOC, in writing, by the family as soon as the change occurs, but not longer than 60 days after the move. If the family does not report changes in address, which cause the local field agent to be unable to reach them within two documented contact attempts, the local field agent will request that MDOC remove the family from the list. MDOC will determine final eligibility in these cases.

**3. ORDER OF SELECTION.** All qualifying applications will be processed in the order received. Families will be selected from the wait list to participate in the following order:

a. **SPECIAL ADMISSIONS** 24 CFR 982.204(e). Families "targeted" by HUD to receive a special type of voucher will not be considered as part of the waiting list. MDOC received an allocation from HUD during the 2001 Fair Share voucher competition where MDOC, as a part of the ranking process was awarded extra points by HUD for agreeing to hold a percentage of one allocation for disabled families, and a portion for Section 1915(c) wavered families identified by the Montana department of Public Health and Human Services. For these units, the special classed families are the only ones eligible to use these units. These families will be selected before any others on the wait list. Local field agents will keep a listing of families meeting these criteria. Assigned units are as follows: reserved for disabled families 16 units, reserved for Sec. 1915(c) families 9 units.

b. **FEDERAL PREFERENCES.** All federal preferences were removed in 1996.

c. **LOCAL PREFERENCES**. 24 CFR 5.410(b) (3). *MDOC has promised with all HUD Housing programs that it would maintain as much transparency as possible in operating the programs. Transparency means that MDOC would not cloud the programs with additional state requirements in addition to federal requirements. Local preference will be used minimally by MDOC.* 

1. **Mod Rehab Local Preference**. When a family in the Mod Rehab program, due to a change in family size, no longer meets the requirements of MDOC Subsidy standards, and no other Mod Rehab unit of appropriate size is available in the local area, the family will be issued a Voucher before other families on the wait list.

2. Adoption of New Local Preferences. If MDOC decides to adopt a new local preference, it will advertise the proposed new preference in newspapers in Montana cities, and have copies posted in local field agent offices throughout the state. The advertising notice will have a comments due date at least 30 days later than the last advertisement. The advertisement will state the new preference, the perceived need for the preference, the date and location of the required public hearing, and an address where written comments may be sent, to be included in the final decision on whether to adopt a proposed new local preference.

#### d. NON-PREFERENCE WAIT LIST APPLICANTS.

1. As units become available, local field agents offer applicants Housing Choice Vouchers, or Statements of Family Responsibility (Mod Rehab), as their names reach the top of the waiting list, in order by date of application and time of computer entry. The family first on the list will be contacted by mail and/or telephone (if the applicant has furnished a telephone number). The applicant family is required to respond as directed in the local field agent notification, or be removed from the waiting list. Each family must be considered, and offered or denied assistance before moving to the next family on the list. The field agent may move to the next family if their first contact generates no response; however, the agent must make a second contact with no response to remove the family from the wait list. If a family responds to the second request, the agent will then process the family, using the next available unit.

2. A family owing money to any PHA will not be allowed to receive assistance under the program until the debt is repaid in full. When an applicant who owes money to any PHA reaches the top of the wait

list, the local field agent will notify them in writing regarding any amount due to give the family opportunity to repay. If the family is unable to repay in full by the date required in the notification, they will be removed from the wait list, and are required to re-apply for the program.

3. Mod Rehab units are project based with specific unit sizes at specific locations in the state. Applicants will not be penalized for refusing a Mod Rehab unit if they desire to wait for a Voucher subsidy. Families will be removed from the list only if they refuse both forms of assistance.

4. Mod Rehab participant families are not participants in the Vouchers program. Mod Rehab families must be chosen from the wait list the same as any other family to be issued a Voucher, excluding instances covered in the Montana Mod Rehab Local Preference portion of this section. For a Mod Rehab participant family to be assisted in the Voucher program, <u>all</u> of the following conditions must be met:

a. The family's application date must place the family at the top of the wait list;

b. The family has satisfied the initial 12 month term of their Mod Rehab lease;

c. The family must request, in writing, transfer to the Voucher Program;

d. The family must give the landlord a proper 30 day notice, or be released from the lease; and

e. The family must not have adverse program actions pending against them and must not owe any money to MDOC.

#### 4. REMOVING NAMES FROM THE WAITING LIST.

a. **Removing names at regular intervals (purge).** The waiting list will be purged at regular intervals (at a minimum annuallynormally each calendar quarter) to eliminate inactive applications, reduce unnecessary administrative burden, and insure that the list remains representative of current needs of families throughout the state. Written notice will be sent to applicants stating that they will be removed from the waiting list if they do not contact the MDOC within fifteen days from the date of the notice. If no response is received, the applicant will be removed from the wait list. *In these cases applicant files will be documented.* 

#### b. Individual Removal of Applicants Between Major Purges.

1. Families the local field agent has been unable to contact are removed from the list.

2. An applicant not bringing requested supporting documentation to a scheduled briefing will be contacted again, and may attend the next scheduled briefing. If the applicant reaches this point and is still qualified, they must sign Declaration of 214 Status forms, and Social Security number verification for all family members. If an applicant does not provide adequate documentation at the second briefing, they are removed from the wait list.

3. **Reinstatement**. Families removed from the list may reapply, and will be placed on the waiting list according to the date of the new application and time of computer entry. If a family was wrongly removed from the wait list during the past 18 months, they may apply for reinstatement of their original application date.

**5. CLOSING THE WAITING LIST.** Closing of the list for any suballocation location in the state will be announced by public notice in a newspaper of general circulation. The list will remain closed to all applicants.

**6. RE-OPENING A CLOSED WAITING LIST.** Re-opening the list for any and all bedroom sizes and or suballocation areas will be announced by public notice in a newspaper of general circulation.

**7. PUBLICITY AND ADVERTISING.** *MDOC periodically reviews the Wait List (procedures contained MDOC Administrative Plan), to determine if publicity or other outreach methods are necessary. MDOC advertises the program when the Wait List for a field agent area is insufficient to meet local needs* 

and Mod Rehab unit or Voucher availability. MDOC uses local newspapers in the field agent's area to advertise the waiting list. When there is specific need to publicize the program for other purposes, MDOC issues news releases to local papers in the state.

Local Field Agents provide a unique method of information dissemination through use of bulletin boards, newsletters, and constant contact with many varied federal programs for low income people, as well as their clientele of low income people.

**8. PUBLISHING.** *MDOC will create a new computerized wait list for use by field agents each month. MDOC will send each field agency an updated wait list by the 15th of each month.* 

**9. DISPOSITION LOG AND RECORD KEEPING.** Local field agents will make appointments with families responding to selection notices and establish a tenant file folder for each family, which contains all forms associated with the family and their participation in Section 8 Housing. The local field agent is responsible for maintaining a file of notices returned unopened and any other record of contacts. MDOC will also maintain a tenant file. The assigned application number will be the unique identifier for each file. Files will be maintained for a period of three years after the last activity occurred by the family.

The local field agent will record the result of the attempted notification of every family on the waiting list in a Monthly Disposition Log, which will be mailed to MDOC where the waiting list is updated and filed. The local field agent must assure that the Disposition Log is received by MDOC by the first of each month to ensure that changes from the field agent will be entered on the new month wait list. Agents are required to use MDOC specified Disposition codes on the Disposition Log to generate a change to the wait list. When sending changes on the disposition log to MDOC, agents only need send pages of the log which contain disposition codes changing applicant status.

## **II-B. DENYING ASSISTANCE TO APPLICANTS**

(24 CFR 5.218, 5.232; 24 CFR 982.201, 982.552, 982.553 PIH 96-27). If an applicant is denied admission, they are still eligible to reapply for the program. They will be placed on the waiting list as of the date they reapply. In addition to all other causes listed in the CFR on applicant denial, where the MDOC will evaluate individual circumstances on a case by case basis, prior to denying assistance to an applicant, an applicant will be denied a Mod Rehab Statement of Family Participation, or Voucher if the applicant has committed one of the following serious offenses:

**a.** as a previous participant in the Program has not reimbursed MDOC or another PHA in connection for **amounts owed**. A family owing money to any PHA will notwill not be allowed to receive assistance under the program until the debt is repaid in full. If it has been determined anWhen an applicant who owes money to any PHA at the point of reachinges the top of the wait list, the local field agent will notify them in writing regarding any amount due to give the family opportunity to repay. If the family is unable to repay in full by the date required in the notification, they will be removed from the wait list, and are required to re-apply for the program.

**b.** as a previous participant in the Program executed a **payback agreement** for amounts owed MDOC under the above mentioned housing assistance program and **failed to reimburse** MDOC according to the terms of the agreement.

c. is determined guilty of fraud in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.

d. does not meet either family eligibility or income standards of the program.

e. as a previous participant in the Program, where the tenant caused damage

**beyond normal wear and tear** in a rental unit, where the costs of cleaning, repair, unpaid utilities, and unpaid rent, as proven by a court judgment after February 29, 2000, in favor of the landlord totaled more than \$1,000, according to records maintained by MDOC.

*f. willf. will not provide information* necessary for determination of total tenant payment or family composition on request.

g. If the applicant or any member of the applicant's family **refuses to sign and submit consent forms** required by 24 CFR 5.232 (HUD form 9886668), assistance for the family will be denied. The applicant is responsible for the signing and submitting of consent forms by all family members.

1). An interim is required when a family member turns 18 including updating necessary paperwork;

h. Will not provide **Social Security numbers** or documentation for Social Security numbers for all family members. (24 CFR 5.210)

j. applicants convicted of manufacturing or production of methamphetamine

j. has engaged in drug related or violent criminal activity within the last five years

k. applicants appearing on the violent offenders and sexual offenders register

*I.* If MDOC determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the person **abuses alcohol** in a way that resulted in unfavorable conduct and/or interferes with the health, safety, or right of peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. This may be waived in accordance with PIH 96-27 (HA).

*mg.* If the applicant *fails to appear for a scheduled appointment or inspection*, without canceling or rescheduling the appointment with the local field agent prior to the appointment date.

h. has been convicted of drug-related or violent criminal activity.

*i.* If MDOC determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the person **abuses alcohol** in a way that may interfere with the health, safety, or right of peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. This may be waived in accordance with PIH 96-27 (HA).

*nj.* Has been *evicted* from Public Housing, Indian Housing, Section 23, or any Section 8 program because of drug related criminal activity. This applies for a period of 35 years beginning on the date of

such eviction. This may be waived in accordance with PIH 96-27 (HA).

ok. If the applicant or any family member engages in actual or threatened abusive or violent behavior toward any MDOC or local field agent personnel.

**P.** Is enrolled as a **student** at an institution of higher education and according to section 327 (a) requirements is not eligible;

-Student is enrolled as a student at an institution of higher education; under 24 years of age; not a veteran; unmarried; does not have a dependent child; and is not individually eligible.

-does not meet the independence criteria as established in HUD guidance on parental income. (use MDOC procedures for Student Assistant)

#### IN EACH OF THE CASES IDENTIFIED IN THIS SECTION, THE APPLICANT WILL BE NOTIFIED BY THE LOCAL FIELD AGENT, OF THEIR RIGHT TO AN INFORMAL REVIEW, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PLAN.

**HUD Intent:** The following reflects HUD guidance from the federal register final rule published 10/21/1999, changing 24 CFR 982.552. The wording is from the comments and response section, but is not included in the regulation itself. Comments from respondents to an earlier Interim Rule,Rule were taken into consideration when HUD Adopted the final rule, with responses showing HUD intent in making the changes.

Federal Register: October 21, 1999 (Volume 64, Number 203)] Rules and Regulations Page 56893-56915

[DOCID:fr21oc99-19] [Docket No. FR-4428-F-04]RIN 2577-AB91

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

24 CFR Parts 888 and 982

Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance; Statutory Merger of Section 8 Certificate and Voucher Programs; Housing Choice Voucher Program

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, HUD. ACTION: Final rule. EFFECTIVE DATE: November 22, 1999.

**SUMMARY:** This final rule adopts as final certain provisions of the interim rule published on May 14, 1999, to implement the statutory merger of the Section 8 tenant-based certificate and voucher programs into the new Housing Choice Voucher Program, and makes amendments to other provisions of this interim rule. This final rule takes into consideration the public comments received on the interim rule, and most of the amendments made at this final rule stage are in response to public comment.

Page 56909

"Section 982.552 PHA denial or termination of assistance for family.

Comment: Mandatory termination of assistance for a tenant-based program participant evicted for serious lease violations. ...

**HUD response.** HUD has determined that the mandatory nature of this provision is necessary in order to foster responsibility in the Section 8 program. Section 8 assistance is a scarce benefit. This provision indicates that HUD will not reward serious lease violations, such as behavior that threatens other residents or the safety or maintenance of the premises, by providing continued Section 8 assistance in a different unit. Furthermore, this policy will address the complaint that some assisted families have kept their Section 8 benefits even after they have caused extensive damage or incurred a large unpaid rent debt. Additional efforts to hold families accountable for actions by family members should increase owner participation and provide expanded housing opportunities for low income families in nontraditional neighborhoods. It is noted that termination of assistance is only required for an eviction resulting from a serious lease violation (not repeated lease violations). Therefore, the family will be protected by the due process they receive through the judicial eviction process and, additionally, the PHA must give the family the opportunity for an informal hearing before assistance termination.

## Comment: Mandatory denial of admission if applicant is evicted from federally assisted housing for serious lease violations. ...

**HUD response.** Section 982.552.(b)(1) is reserved and a new paragraph (c)(1)(ii) is added to permit PHAs to deny admission or terminate assistance if any member of the family has been evicted from Federally assisted housing in the last five years. This is a change from the interim rule, which prohibited admissions of families evicted from federally assisted housing for serious lease violations. HUD may review this matter again as it finalizes the pending ``One Strike'' regulation.

Comment: Termination of assistance if participant fails to meet welfare-to-work program obligations....

[page 59610]

**HUD response.** The rule is revised to add requirements to the PHA briefing of the family participating in the welfare-to-work voucher program, and to the material provided in the family's information packet (Sec. 982.301(a) and (b)). Specifically, the PHA must advise (both verbally and in writing) the family of the local welfare-to-work voucher program family obligations and that failure to meet these obligations is grounds for PHA denial of admission or termination of assistance.

HUD is not mandating federal standards for family obligations under the welfare-to-work voucher program, since there is local flexibility in designing such obligations. The option for PHA termination of assistance or denial of admission will permit PHAs to prevent program abuse by families that willfully and persistently violate work-related obligations under the welfare-to-work voucher program. Of course, the PHA must give the family the opportunity for an informal review or informal hearing before the PHA denies admission or terminates assistance.

Comment: HUD authority to regulate terminations of assistance. ...

*HUD response. HUD has authority to define grounds for termination of assistance and has done so in a comprehensive manner since 1984.*"

## **II-C. PROCEDURES FOR INFORMAL REVIEWS**

(24 CFR 982.554).

**1. MDOC NOTICE.** (24 CFR 982.554(a)). In addition to the regulatory requirements, MDOC will state that an applicant may request an informal review of the decision, in writing, within 2010 days from the date of the written notice of determination.

**2. MDOC DENIAL OF REVIEW.** (24 CFR 982.554(c)). If the matter does not qualify for an informal review, MDOC will send written notice to the applicant within 20 days of the request, with an explanation of the reasons for denial of the request.

**3. CONDUCT OF INFORMAL REVIEW.** It is important that reviews be concluded in as short amount of time as possible, since the applicant family is being denied assistance during the review period. MDOC will, if requested by the applicant in accordance with this plan, provide a review of the decision by a Housing Division staff member other than a person who made or approved the decision under review or a subordinate of that person. MDOC will provide the appointed reviewer with copies of MDOC and participant records relating to the decision, as soon as possible after the reviewer is named. MDOC will notify the applicant, in writing, of the scheduled review. The appointed reviewer will contact the requesting applicant before completing the review to determine whether all evidence (oral and written) from the applicant is presented. The applicant will be promptly notified, in writing, of the final review decision, including a brief description of the reasons for the final decision.

## II-D. BRIEFING APPLICANTS, ISSUING & EXTENDING VOUCHERS

**1. APPLICANT INITIAL BRIEFING AND BRIEFING PACKET** (24 CFR 982.301; MOD REHAB 24 CFR 882.514(d)). Applicant Families will be notified by phone (if possible) or mail when a briefing will be conducted by their local field agent, and that:

a. if they wish to participate in the program, they must attend;

b. if they do not attend the scheduled briefing and fail to contact the local field agent regarding the missed appointment, they will be removed from the wait list; and

c. that they are required to bring supporting documentation to verify names, dates and places of birth, gender, and initial income eligibility verification for all family members. If more than 60 days passes before a field agent forwards a request for lease approval to MDOC, a separate final income eligibility verification is required.

Briefings will be conducted in a group setting whenever possible, depending on the number of vacant vouchers available. In group briefings, if more families attend than there are subsidies authorized, the families at the top of the wait list will be issued assistance first, until the authorized number of units is exhausted. If an applicant does not bring requested supporting documentation to a briefing, that applicant will not be assisted. When this happens, the next applicant on the list will be offered assistance. The remainder of the qualified applicants may attend the briefing, and will be issued assistance as units become available, before the next scheduled briefing, in order by date on the wait list, if they have provided all required information at the briefing.

An applicant not bringing the requested supporting documentation will be contacted again, and may attend the next scheduled briefing. If the applicant reaches this point and is still qualified, they must sign Declaration of 214 Status forms, and Social Security number verification for all family members. If an applicant does not provide adequate documentation at the second briefing, they are removed from the wait list.

Applicants will be given copies of all items on the MDOC checklist in the tenant briefing packet, and the local field agent will explain all items on the MDOC tenant information oral briefing checklist at the briefing. Applicants will be required to sign the checklist forms indicating that they have received the materials listed. Applicants will also be informed that they must contact the local field agent at least two weeks prior to expiration of their voucher if they are having trouble finding a suitable unit to rent.

All supporting documents must be sent to MDOC with the signed Voucher by the field agent (must include a correct applicant mailing address). Subsidies will be authorized by the appropriate MDOC Program Specialist, and a copy will be mailed to the applicant. As part of the authorization process, applicants will be transferred from the wait list to the main work files on the computer system by the appropriate MDOC Program Specialist.

**2. HOUSING LISTS.** Local Contract Field Agents maintain a list of landlords who have participated or expressed a desire to participate in Section 8 Housing as an aid for families searching for rental units. A family may choose any eligible rental unit where a landlord agrees to participate in Section 8.

**3. ISSUING VOUCHERS** (24 CFR 982.302; Mod Rehab - 882.514(b)). As units become available, applicants are issued Housing Choice Vouchers, or Statements of Family Responsibility (Mod Rehab), in order, as their names reach the top of the waiting list. Applicants are not penalized for refusing a Mod Rehab unit if they desire to wait for a Voucher subsidy.

4. **TERM OF VOUCHER.** The initial term of MDOC vouchers MDOC will be 60 days.

5. MONITORING VOUCHER HOLDERS. Voucher holders are required to contact their local field

agent in writing at least twice during the initial sixty day issuance period to inform the field agent of their efforts in locating a unit and to identify difficulties families may be experiencing in finding suitable units. Final contact is required at least two weeks before the voucher expires to assure the applicant finds and leases a suitable unit.

6. EXTENSIONS (24 CFR 982.303(b)). Voucher holders are required to provide the

local field agent with a request for lease approval, or request an extension of the voucher term in writing, prior to expiration of the initial voucher term.

The length and number of extensions will be determined by the local field agent based on the ability of the participant or applicant to demonstrate the need for more time to secure a lease. A statement of the reason for an extension must be sent by the field agent to MDOC when an extension is approved. There will be no extensions beyond 120 days of the date of original issue of the voucher.

**A.** Port vouchers will not be extended beyond the first 60 days without written authorization from the initial PHA.

B. MDOC Vouchers will be extended only if the following criteria have been demonstrated:

a) The applicant or participant can verify extenuating circumstances, and through their contact with the local field agent can clearly demonstrate that they have made every effort to secure a suitable unit, and

b) The applicant or participant has not refused a suitable unit without good cause, and

c) There is a reasonable possibility that an extension of the voucher will result in

an approvable lease and the execution of a Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) contract, including where a participant is found to be owing money to MDOC after a voucher is issued.

7. SUSPENDING THE TERM OF A VOUCHER. MDOC will not suspend voucher terms.

## **II-E. SPECIAL HOUSING TYPES**

(24 CFR 982.600 SERIES).

**1. ALLOWABLE SPECIAL HOUSING TYPES:** To insure maximum tenant choice in selection of rental units in the MDOC tenant based vouchers program, tenants will be allowed to choose among the following types of special housing:

Congregate Housing, Group Home Residence, Shared Housing, Cooperative Housing Manufactured Home Rental Space Housing, and Homeownership.

SRO housing is not allowed, as it requires HUD, local government and MDOC approval, as well as documentation of need for the units, and certification that the local government has inspected the properties and they meet local health and safety codes, which are more stringent then HQS. It is not in the best interest of the program to have competing inspection requirements. There are no HUD approved SRO facilities in the state at this time.

Rental of manufactured homes is a primary type of housing, so it is allowable and not considered as a special housing type.

**2. HOMEOWNERSHIP OPTION:** MDOC will permit members of eligible families in the Housing Choice Vouchers Program the option of purchasing and owning a home using their Section 8 assistance, rather than using the assistance for renting.

#### A. General MDOC Local Field Agent (LFA) Information and Requirements:

**1.** The Homeownership program will be operated in a similar and consistent manner throughout the state.

**2.** All MDOC LFAs participate in the homeownership option. These LFAs are required to maintain a minimum lease rate of 90% (number of units under lease divided by number of units under MDOC Contract for vouchers, including over issues) to insure that they generate sufficient fee revenue to offset additional duties required in homeownership.

**3.** Each individual LFA is required to estimate their capacity and usage for the upcoming year, and provide this estimate to MDOC in writing by December 1 each year. MDOC will determine final program size authorized for each LFA. Maximum program size will be 10% of the total number of vouchers under MDOC ACC.

4. HUD requires PHAs using the Homeownership option to develop numerous policies. This section of the Admin Plan is set up in the same order as Homeownership appears in the 24 CFR part 982, to make it easier for LFAs to coordinate reference in the federal regulations to the Admin Plan.

#### B. (24 CFR 982.625(g)(3)) - General Homeownership Requirements:

**PHA demonstration of capacity to operate a successful homeownership program**; MDOC requires a minimum homeowner down payment of at least 3% of the purchase price for participation in the homeownership option. Of this 3%, at least 1% of the purchase price must come from the families' personal resources. Purchase price includes closing costs, so amounts put toward closing costs by the family are included in the 1% and 3% calculations.

#### C. (24 CFR 982.626) - Initial requirements for Families:

Sec. 982.626(a) - Determination if family is qualified.. LFAs determine if the family meets all initial requirements in 24 CFR 982.626, 627, 628, and 630).

#### Sec. 982.626(b) - Additional MDOC requirements:

a. Applicant families are not eligible for homeownership assistance.

b. A participant family in the MDOC Voucher program must have completed at least 1 year of participation in good standing, and have completed the LFA Homeownership Counseling Course to be eligible for the MDOC Homeownership Program.

c. In selecting participant families for the limited slots in the LFAs homeownership counseling program, preference will be given to elderly and handicapped families, as well as to those families participating in the Family Self-Sufficiency program or the Individual Development Account program, all other factors being equal.

d. Voucher participants are not eligible for participation in the MDOC Homeownership Program, if any debt is owed to MDOC, or any other PHA or housing agency. Voucher participants who have owed MDOC or another PHA or housing agency money, and have fully repaid the debt prior to entering any portion of the homeownership program (including the housing counseling program) are eligible, if they meet all other eligibility requirements for homeownership.

e. In selecting participant families for the MDOC Homeownership Program, the LFAs will develop a first come-first served list of those families <u>who have successfully completed</u> the homeownership counseling program in their local jurisdictional area, and draw from this list in order to enroll families in the Homeownership program.

f. Participants porting in from another PHA interested in participating in homeownership must have completed at least 1 year in good standing in the other PHA jurisdiction. The participant family porting in does not have to meet another 1-year MDOC period.

**Sec. 982.626(c) - Environmental Requirements:** LFAs are responsible for ensuring compliance and documentation with requirements in 24 CFR 58.6, specifically in reference to flood hazard areas and airport clear zones.

**D. (24 CFR 982.627) - Eligibility requirements for families. (**See Sec.982.626(a) for initial and (b) for additional requirements.)

**Sec. 982.627 (d) Employment requirements.** The LFA may also consider to what extent temporary and seasonal work and an employment interruption is considered permissible in satisfying the employment requirement. (e.g. considering what constitutes successive employment during a one-year period and self employment in a business). The MDOC reserves the right to make a final determination on any contested cases.

**E. (24 CFR 982.628) - Eligible units.** Any seller of property to a homeownership participant, <u>and</u> the homeownership participant, must be checked by the LFA to ensure that they are not listed on the HUD Debarment list under 24CFR part 24 (found on web site <u>http://epls.arnet.gov/</u>), and the LFA must sign a certification to that effect.

#### F. (24 CFR 982.629(a)) - Additional requirements for family search and purchase.

The family must submit a sales agreement containing specific components to the LFA for approval within one year of their acceptance into the homeownership program (acceptance occurs after successful completion of homeownership counseling). The LFA will require that the family provide quarterly reports to monitor the family's progress in finding and purchasing a home.

#### G. (24 CFR 982 630) Homeownership Counseling.

Sec. 982.630(d). Families may be required to participate in approved homeownership

counseling programs on a continuing basis after acceptance into the Homeownership Program at the discretion of the LFA or MDOC, based on the performance of the homeownership participant.

**Sec. 982.630(e).** The counseling agency providing the LFA counseling program shall either be approved by HUD or the program shall be consistent with the home ownership counseling provided under HUD's Housing Counseling program. The program must contain the suggested topics listed in 982.630(b). LFAs may require additional topics at their discretion based on participant need.

H. (24 CFR 982.631) - Home inspections and contract of sale . Local Field agents determine if the family meets all requirements of this section.

**I. (24 CFR 982.632) - Financing purchase of home; affordability of purchase.** LFAs determine if these requirements are met, including; 982.632(e). Financing options are limited to mortgage type financing that comply with secondary mortgage market underwriting requirements, or generally accepted private sector underwriting standards.

*J. (24 CFR 982.633) - Continued assistance requirements; Family obligations.* LFAs determine if the family meets all requirements of this section. The family must notify the LFA within 10 days of missing a mortgage payment, and; The family must attend LFA foreclosure counseling within 30 days of missing a mortgage payment or homeownership assistance may terminate.

**Sec. 982.633(b)(3)ii.** The family must notify the LFA in writing at least 30 days prior to any proposal to refinance the original purchase mortgage or of any proposal to encumber the property with secondary financing and obtain the LFA written approval of such financing prior to executing any loan documents.

A family may not rent or lease any part of the premises without MDOC prior written consent.

**Sec. 982.633(b)(8).** Although the homeownership program does not require annual Housing Quality Standards (HQS) inspections, the LFA may request that a family permit an HQS inspection, with appropriate notice, not more than once a year, with the intent of referring the family to programs that may be able to assist them with the cost of repairs and maintenance of the home. Since HQS inspections are not a HUD requirement, results of these HQS inspections will not affect participation in the Homeownership program by the family, or continuation of a Homeownership Assistance payment.

K. (24 CFR 982.634) - Maximum term of homeownership assistance. LFAs determine if these requirements are met, including 982.634(a). The LFA will provide MDOC a report listing any homeownership family whose maximum term is within one year of expiration.

## L.(24 CFR 982.635) - Amount and distribution of monthly homeownership

assistance payment. LFAs determine if these requirements are met, including;

**Sec. 982.635(c)(2).** A monthly allowance for maintenance expenses and for costs of major repairs and replacement per LFA calculations.

**Sec. 982.635(d).** The LFA will provide the lender with notice of the amount of the homeownership assistance payment prior to the close of escrow. At the discretion of the lender, the LFA's contribution towards the family's homeowner expense will be paid directly to the family or to the lender. If paid to the family, the family will be responsible to submit the entire mortgage payment to the lender. Participants are required to have an account at a financial institution where MDOC sends Homeownership Assisatnce Payments using direct deposit, and the mortgage holder may sweep funds to pay principal, interest, taxes and insurance. The participant family is required to deposit the family contribution to the account each month. The participant family is required to report maintenance and repair reserve balances to the LFA at the time of annual income verification.

**Sec. 982.635(e).** If the automatic termination of homeownership assistance 180 calendar days after the last housing assistance payment on behalf of the family results in extreme hardship for the family, the LFA may request that MDOC grant relief from this requirement based on a case by case determination. MDOC will make the final determination.

**M. (24 CFR 982.636) - Portability**. LFAs determine that these requirements are met, including; 982.636(a) Insuring that normal MDOC portability-processing procedures are adhered to.

**N.** (24 CFR 982.637) - Move with continued tenant-based assistance. LFAs determine that these requirements are met, including;

#### Sec. 982.637(a)(1).

Selling the home. A family may not transfer, sell or assign an interest in the property without LFA prior written consent.

A family must notify the MDOC LFA in writing at least 30 days prior to moving out of the house for a period of 30 days or longer or prior to any sale, transfer, assignment, lease or other form of alienation of the assisted property.

Sec. 982.637(a)(3). Families receiving homeownership assistance may not move more than once during any one-year period.

**Sec.** 982.637(b)(1). If a family moves to a new unit while receiving homeownership assistance, the LFA may require that the family complete additional counseling.

**O.** (24 CFR 982.638) - Denial or termination of assistance for family. LFAs determine if the family meets all requirements of this section.

P. (24 CFR 982.641) - Applicability of other requirements. LFAs determine that these requirements are met.

## **II-F. OCCUPANCY POLICY**

(24 CFR 5.403).

#### 1. CONTINUOUSLY ASSISTED. A family is continuously assisted when they are

currently assisted in expiring HUD Section 8 Project based programs in Montana which are being converted to tenant based assistance. This includes both Moderate Rehabilitation and Project based units (both as regular or preservation vouchers) converting to vouchers as contracts expire. Tenants in the projects who are temporarily out of a unit on the date of conversion as a result of disaster (unit damaged by flood, etc), or medical treatment (in hospital or nursing home short term for care of a medical condition) are eligible for admission as continuously assisted.

MDOC has no public housing units. Public housing tenants of other Housing Agencies are not considered to be continuously assisted for admission to MDOC programs.

2. FAMILY: 24 CFR; 5.403; 5.504; 982.201; 984.103 In addition to the CFR,

1) Where there are two or more persons sharing residency whose income and resources are available to meet the family's needs and who are related by blood, marriage (including common-law as defined under Montana law), adoption or as a foster child; or who have established a "family-type" relationship.

2) Visitors (defined below) are not family members.

**3. VISITOR.** If an adult "visitor" stays in a rental unit for more than 30 days per year, they will be considered a member of the household, and must have the written permission of the owner/manager to stay longer than 30 days (or as specified in the lease if a shorter period is provided, or family members or number of residents are named in the lease).

Minors may visit for up to 90 days per year without being considered as a member of the household as long as they have written permission of the owner/manager to stay longer than 30 days (or as specified in the lease if a shorter period is provided, or family members or number of residents are named in the lease) and the head of household still claims them as temporary members.

Minors and college students who were part of the family but who now live away from home during the school year and are not considered as part of the household may visit for up to 150 days per year without being considered a member of the household as long as they have written permission of the owner/manager to stay longer than 30 days (or as specified in the lease if a shorter period is provided, or family members or number of residents are named in the lease).

In a joint custody agreement, if the minor is in the household less than 183 days per year, the minor will be considered to be an eligible visitor and not a family member. A minor will be subsidized as a family member of only one household.

## **II-G. SUBSIDY STANDARDS**

(982.4; 982.401(d)(2)(ii); 982.402).

#### 1. FAMILY BEDROOM REQUIREMENTS are:

One bedroom for the head of household and significant other and/or partner; spouse;

One additional bedroom for every two remaining family members and essential persons, which allows the family to choose that family members six years of age or older are not required to share a bedroom with family members of the opposite sex, that children are not required to share a bedroom with other adult family members, and that children of the same sex with more than 6 years of age difference are not required to reside in the same bedroom. Children under the age of two, of either sex, may share a bedroom with parents for purposes of meeting the occupancy standards. Children over the age of two are not be required to share the same bedroom with a single parent head of household, unless that is family choice.

One additional bedroom for head of household or spouse, or any remaining family member(s),who, because of health or disability reasons documented in writing by a medical provider or someone with access to medical records such as a vocational rehabilitation counselor, therapist, or case manager , must have a separate bedroom. *Documentation will be reviewed by MDOC prior to authorization.* 

One additional bedroom for a live in attendant (aide) required because of health or disability reasons documented in writing by a medical provider or someone with access to medical records such as a vocational rehabilitation counselor, therapist, or case manager. (Also in 24 CFR 5.403). Documentation will be reviewed by MDOC prior to authorization.

Definition from 24 CFR 504.4 Child is defined as a family member under 18 years of age.

**Definition from 24 CFR 982.401(d)(2)(ii): Space requirements** "The dwelling unit must have at least one bedroom or living/sleeping room for each two persons. Children of opposite sex, other than very young children, may not be required to occupy the same bedroom or living/sleeping room."

**Definition from 24 CFR 5.403:** "Live-in aide means a person who resides with one or more elderly persons, or near-elderly persons, or persons with disabilities, and who:

(1) Is determined to be essential to the care and well-being of the persons;

(2) Is not obligated for the support of the persons; and

(3) Would not be living in the unit except to provide the necessary supportive services

."**2.** 

**2. COUNTING FAMILY MEMBERS:** Every family member, regardless of age (including foster children residing in the unit), will be counted.

a. An unborn child, or child in the process of legal adoption will be counted as a person for occupancy purposes.

b. Family membersChildren temporarily absent from the home (the absence must be documented to maintain the payment standard for the additional family member).

c. Repeated changes in family composition which effect the payment standard may result in the lower payment standard.

**3. EXCEPTIONS:** MDOC may grant exceptions from the standards if MDOC determines the exceptions are justified by the relationship, age, sex, health or handicap of family members, or other individual circumstances.

#### 4. VISITORS. See Occupancy Policies.

**45. SPECIAL RULES FOR VOUCHERS:** A family may rent a smaller or larger size unit than stated on a voucher, as long as the unit complies with HQS, subsidy standards, and payment standard limit for the family bedroom size listed on the voucher. Utility Allowances will be based on the actual bedroom size, by design, of the unit.

## II-H. HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS (HQS).

24 CFR 982.401; 882.404.

**1. INSPECTIONS.** 24 CFR 982.405; 882.516(b). HQS Inspections will be conducted by local field agents. Units will be inspected using the standards in 24 CFR 982.401, using HUD inspection forms. Local field agents may employ local building inspectors to perform inspections, on a regular basis or in response to work load demands.

Local field agents will receive training on HQS and their application using MDOC inspection booklets. The inspection booklets completed by Local field agents will be reviewed by MDOC to assure accurate interpretation of criteria for decent, safe and sanitary housing. MDOC will maintain inspection forms and any statements by the landlord, tenant or Local field agent regarding the unit's condition.

When an inspection which results in HQS violations being discovered, no matter whether the inspection was conducted by MDOC or field agent personnel, a letter must be sent to the landlord informing them of the timeline and required corrections, within one day for safety and other serious matters, and within 5 working days of the inspection for other required corrections.

Units failing the HQS on annualfirst inspection may be given up to thirty (30) days to correct deficiencies. Except for health, safety, or life threatening items, repairs prohibited by weather may be postponed; however, a signed statement from the Landlord with a specific completion date prior to annual certification is required. Units failing inspection for health, safety, or life threatening items must be reinspected after completion of repairs. Units failing inspection for other items may be passed upon written certification signed by landlord and tenant that all repairs have been completed.

Units failing the HQS on initial lease up inspection must be reinspected regardless of HQS failure.

For voucher units where leases started after 10-1-95, MDOC field agents will not conduct condition of premises inspections in addition to HQS.

If there is a problem within a rental unit which arises between regularly scheduled annual inspections, the tenant may request an inspection.

Lack of heat in a rental unit during the months of October through March each year will be considered by MDOC to be a health and safety violation, which must be corrected within 24 hours.

2. CONTRACT FIELD AGENCY ANNUAL REVIEW. MDOC will annually review procedures and determinations of local field agents. This review will be a comprehensive evaluation of five percent of local field agent leased units, conducted at various times during the year in conjunction with normal field agent scheduled inspections, to preclude the need for additional inspections scheduling and performance. The 5% review will be on short notice by MDOC, and include:

a) review of inspection procedures and results with field agent while the actual inspection is taking place to evaluate inspection procedures for compliance with HQS;

b) case file review to assure accurate determination and recording of annual income, assets, allowances, and adherence to law, regulations, and MDOC policies; and

c) review of local field agent records to evaluate "first-come, first-served" selection from the waiting list.

## **II-I. RECERTIFICATION**

(24 CFR Mod Rehab - 882.515; Vouchers 982).

# **1. RESPONDING TO FIELD AGENT REQUESTS FOR RE-EXAMINATION.** Field agents schedule annual reexaminations 90 to 120 days ahead of the participant's anniversary date, to give adequate time for the reexamination process. Participants must respond to field agent reexamination letters within one week of the date on the letter. The field agent is required to make three attempts to contact the participant, at least 7 days apart, to allow participants adequate time to respond.

2. **REPORTING Changes (ie income; family composition)INCOME:** <u>Subsidized families</u> <u>are always required to report changes in family membership or changes in income to the local field agent,</u> <u>in writing,</u> within 30 days of the date of change, using the required MDOC income reporting receipt form(s) provided to all participants. The same procedures as were used in the initial certification are to be used in the recertification process.

When a tenant reports an income increase exceeding \$300 per month since the initial certification or last annual recertification, the increase substantially affects the Family Share of Rent, and requires a recertification, and change in family share of rent for the family. When FSS families request an interim reexamination, any upward change in income (even those less than \$300 per month) will require recertification if the change results in an increase of escrow account. Changes in tenant rent due to changes in family membership or income increases will be effective the month following the month in which the change is reported.

When a family fails to report income changes (See Section II-R of this plan for consequences), the \$300 limit (above) will not apply. The family is responsible for inclusion of all income not reported (back to the date of income change) as a part of their family share of rent, and will be required to sign a repayment agreement.

From time to time, due to extenuating circumstances (changeover of software, etc.) MDOC will suspend performing interim reexaminations for tenants. This will be done by letter to all local field agents. The notice will indicate the reason for the suspension, and the time frame over which the suspension will apply.

**3. SEASONAL EMPLOYMENT** income is counted in annual income. Seasonal employment is work that is carried on each year, generally during the same time of year. Examples include, but are not limited to, carpentry and cement work, employment in tourist locations and ski areas, logging, casual firefighters for the forest service (where the firefighters are trained to go out to fires or smokejumpers or hot shot teams), workers on large highway projects (equipment operators, laborers, flag persons, surveyors), working for a temporary employment agency, and bowling alley personnel, where the establishment is closed during the summer months.

4. **TEMPORARY EMPLOYMENT** income is not counted in annual income. Temporary work is work that is less than 31 days by intention. This would include any spot job that will last less than 31 days. The employee would be informed of appropriate length of the job when employed, based on the hiring criteria of the employer, as established by labor laws. Examples include, but are not limited to: babysitting, setting up equipment, unloading freight, moving job. A person who was hired at a full or part time job, but quit or was fired in less than 31 days would need to report wages, and these wages would be included in income.

## **II-J. MOVES AND PORTABILITY**

(24 CFR 982.353)

**1. LIMITING MOVES BY FAMILIES OWING MONEY.** Families (including all family members) who owe MDOC or other PHAs money are not allowed to move or port, even if they are current on a repayment agreement, until the balance owed is paid in full.

#### 2. PORTABILITY TO AND FROM OTHER STATES.

A family will not be allowed to port out of the MDOC jurisdictional area more than once in a twelve month period.

MDOC will accept vouchers from all other jurisdictions, and may issue a voucher under its own ACC if one is available.

MDOC will not allow a participant family to port out of the MDOC jurisdictional area to any PHA where the payment standard for that area is higher than that of MDOC for the same bedroom size if it does not have sufficient funds to pay the rent for families that move to a higher cost jurisdiction. (This is a denial to move for insufficient funding per 982.314(e)(1))., as it will cause budgetary problems in the MDOC program under budget basing changes instituted by HUD in 2004. MDOC Contract Managers will secure written verification from the proposed receiving PHA of the payment standard before any port out is allowed. The Contract Manager would need to contact the receiving PHA and confirm that the receiving PHA will not absorb the family. If the receiving PHA is willing to absorb the family, there are no grounds to deny the move under 982.314(e)(1).

**3. LIMITING MOVES BY NON-RESIDENT APPLICANT FAMILIES** (24CFR982.353(c)), During the first 12 months from the time the family is admitted to the program, the family will not be allowed to lease a unit outside Montana.

**4. LIMIT ON NUMBER OF MOVES PER YEAR.** The minimum lease term allowed under the MDOC programs is one year. A tenant may only move within the first year of a tenancy if they receive a release from their landlord. This will cause mutual rescission of the lease.

**5. 5. PARTICIPANT MOVES WITHIN THE MDOC AREA:** The Housing Choice Voucher Program does not require income eligibility determination after a family becomes a participant (after the initial HAP contract has been executed for that family). MDOC Participants who move (transfer) within the MDOC jurisdiction will be treated similar to portability participants covered by 24 CFR 982.353(d)(2). Income eligibility testing is not required for these participants to move.

**a.** Eligible families, per section 8 wait list, are required to lease a unit within the issuing jurisdiction for not less than 12 months before becoming eligible for a transfer.

If a participant family accepts a "Notice to Pay Rent or Quit" as a result of nonpayment of rentn eviction, and moves based on the notice, MDOC will not reissue a voucher.C, for tenant eligibility purposes, will consider the move based on the notice as a move by the participant with proper notice, the same as if the participant had given written 30 day notice. In this case MDOC will not give the landlord a 30 day notice.

## **II-K. FAMILY ABSENCE FROM UNIT.**

Family absence from a unit for an extended period of time does not excuse family failure to notify MDOC of income or family composition changes or respond to MDOC or field agent requests for information on income, family composition changes, or reexamination requests.

If the family a tenant is going to be absent from a unit for more than 3090 days, they are required to notify their local field agent, in advance of the absence, in writing, of the amount of time the family will be absent, and justification for the absence. MDOC will determine if additional time, up to the 180 day federal limit is justified.

If the family is absent from the unit for more than 3090 days without contacting MDOC first, assistance will be terminated for the family.

## II-L. BREAK-UP OF FAMILY

#### (24 CFR 982.315)

The following are used when breakup or dissolution of an assisted family requires that MDOC determine which family members will retain the Section 8 Rental Subsidy. There is only one subsidy per family. Individual circumstances will be considered in each situation.

In absence of a court decision:

In all cases below, whenever a family member or members are forced to move as a result of actual or threatened physical violence against other family members, the violent member will not retain subsidy, no matter whether the remaining non-violent family members are forced to move, or the violent member is forced to move.

1. When there are children in the family, and one parent vacates, the custodial parent will retain subsidy.

2. When there are children in the family, and one parent and the greater number of children vacate the unit in a move, the significant other and/or partnerspouse remaining will not retain subsidy, but may re-apply for assistance.

3. When there are even numbers of children in the family, and one parent vacates with half of the children, the Head of Household will retain the subsidy.

4. When joint custody of children is adjudicated without the court deciding who retains subsidy, the parent remaining in the rental unit will retain subsidy.

5. When there are no children in the family, the person remaining in the rental unit will retain subsidy.

6. If the family contains an elderly or disabled person, subsidy will stay with the portion of the family containing the elderly or disabled person.

## II-M. PROCEDURES FOR COLLECTING AMOUNTS TENANTS OWE THE MDOC.

All funds owed MDOC must be fully repaid within 12 months of the date of determination of the amount owed to MDOC. Longer periods may be considered on a case by case basis. If a family owes money to MDOC under the Section 8 Program, and their income is such that they receive a utility allowance payment, MDOC will retain the utility allowance payment to offset the debt, if the tenant agrees (at the option of the Tenant) in writing.

**1. DAMAGE REPAIR AND UNPAID RENT CLAIMS.** After processing payment on a claim, MDOC will contact the tenant through the local field agent, and requests signature of a repayment agreement, if the tenant wishes to continue on the Section 8 program. If a participant refuses to sign a repayment agreement, or request an administrative review of the claim, the participant will be denied issuance of further vouchers under the program. If the tenant has a current voucher, but has not been housed yet, MDOC will not approve a tenancy until repaid in full. If the former tenant does not repay, the unpaid balance will then be turned over to the State Auditor and/or a Private Collection Agency for collection.

#### 2. **RECOVERY OF UNREPORTED INCOME**. Tenants are always required to

**report all income changes.** Tenant reported income increases amounting to \$300 or more per month require recertification.

Income changes not reported by the participant often result in the participant being billed for an amount of money to increase their tenant share of rent to the 30% limit set by HUD. When a family chooses not to report income changes (See Section II-R of this plan for consequences), the \$300 limit (above) will not apply. The family is responsible for inclusion of <u>all</u> income not reported as a part of their family share of rent, retroactive to the date of income change. On reexamination, before a new contract is executed (unless the amount of unreported income is \$1,500.005,000.00 or more, where the participant is terminated), a repayment agreement must be executed. If the participant refuses a repayment agreement, MDOC will terminate assistance, refuse to issue of a voucher, or refuse to approve a new tenancy until after <u>full</u> payment is received.

If the repayment agreement has been determined to be in default MDOC may forward the agreement to a collection service.

If the amount owed MDOC is greater than \$5,0001,500.00, and MDOC is either unable to contact the participant, or the participant refuses to sign the repayment agreement, or fraud is involved, MDOC may turn the claim over to either the FBI or HUD Office of the Inspector General for investigation, collection, or possible prosecution, as well as the State Auditor and or a private collection agency for collection.

#### 3. BARRING PROGRAM RE-ENTRY FOR PREVIOUS PARTICIPANTS OWING

**MONEY TO ANY PHA.** A family owing money to any PHA will not be allowed to receive assistance under the program until the debt is repaid in full. When an applicant who owes money to any PHA reaches the top of the wait list, the local field agent will notify them in writing regarding any amount due to give the family opportunity to repay. If the family is unable to repay in full by the date required in the notification, they will be removed from the wait list, and are required to re-apply for the program.

## II-N. DAMAGE REPAIR, UNPAID RENT, & VACANCY CLAIM PROCESSING.

**1. LANDLORD CLAIM FILING.** Landlords are allowed to file claims against tenants (Mod Rehab and Vouchers leased prior to 10-1-95) to repair damage to rental units caused by tenants while living in the units, for unpaid tenant rent up to a maximum of 90 days, and for rental vacancy when a tenant moves in violation of a lease. The landlord is required to file the claim with MDOC within 45 days after the move-out (damage) inspection. Claims will not be paid by MDOC unless copies of both the initial move-in and move out inspections are included with the claim.

2. CLAIM DISPUTE PROCESS. When a claim is filed with MDOC, a notice of pending damage repair claim and a copy of the claim is sent by MDOC to the participant involved for review, comment and rebuttal. The notice contains instructions that the participant must protest payment of all or parts of the claim within 20 days of the date of the notice. The participant must reply to MDOC within the allowed response time frame, or the claim will be considered fully validated by the participant. If the participant does not contact MDOC within the allowed 20 day response period to dispute the claim, the participant relinquishes all further complaint rights concerning the claim.

**3. CLAIM PROCESSING.** After receipt of a protesting participant response to a claim, or expiration of the allowed time for protest of the claim, MDOC staff will process the claim for payment. MDOC staff will review all documents submitted by the landlord, participant, move-in inspection results, move-out inspection results, the MDOC depreciation schedule, and all other MDOC documents related to the participant tenancy concerning the claim. MDOC staff will make a determination as to validity of the claim, and order payment to the landlord if appropriate.

**4. ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW.** At the time claim processing is complete, MDOC will send notice of payment to the affected participant. If the participant had protested the claim within the 20 days allotted time after initial notice of the claim by MDOC (as in 2. above), and the participant is still unsatisfied with claim resolution, the participant may request a review of claim processing to insure that determination which resulted in payment of the claim was made fairly, that factors identified by the participant were taken into account during the determination and that MDOC staff properly processed the claim.

Pending the results of a review, after a claim is paid on behalf of the participant (tenant), MDOC will collect amounts paid to the landlord from the participant for the damage repair amounts, vacancy payment, and unpaid rent, as they are the liability of the participant.

## II-O. ASSISTING VOUCHER HOLDERS ALLEGING ILLEGAL DISCRIMINATION.

Voucher holders are advised of rights regarding Housing Discrimination and provided with HUD Form 903. They are referred to the Montana Human Rights Bureau and Montana Fair Housing. They are also advised to seek assistance from Montana Legal Services.

## **II-P. SECURITY DEPOSITS.**

When applying 24 CFR 982.313, local field agents will determine the amount of average security deposit for the local rental area.

## **II-Q. TENANT FAMILY CONTRIBUTION;**

**1. MINIMUM RENTS.** (24 CFR 5.630) MDOC minimum rent is \$4025.00 per month effective January 1, 2007.(this change will become effective with the families first annual reexam on or after the effective date of change.) Financial hardship includes only the situations listed in 24 CFR 5.630(b)(1) i, ii, iii, and iv. There are no other MDOC defined hardships.

A family may request a financial hardship exemption to the minimum rent *by submitting a written request* to the Local Field Agency, who will forward it to the MDOC, with a recommendation, after verification of *circumstances claimed in the request*. The request must be received by MDOC by the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month preceding the first day of the month in which the rent is due, to give adequate time for processing the request.

When a family is granted a long term hardship exemption, MDOC will notify the family in writing that the family is exempt from the minimum rent requirement for the duration of the financial hardship, and specify a duration if appropriate for a term over 90 days. The Local Field Agent will contact the family and evaluate the status of the exemption every thirty- (30) days, beginning with the date of exemption.

**2. VERIFICATION.** (24 CFR 5.617). In identifying Tenant Rent for a family, the local field agent will verify all family income, resources, medical expenses and day care expenditures. Documents such as receipts, check stubs, bank statements and letters of eligibility supplied by the family may be used for calculation of rents, but not in place of proper verification.

A family claiming disability or handicapped status will be required to have an appropriate medical professional verification. This is required unless the individual is a recipient of Social Security Disability, Supplemental Security Income, or VA disability.

**3. TENANT UTILITY PAYMENTS** *Tenants will receive a monthly check from MDOC made out to the head of household when Tenant Rent is less than the tenant-paid utility allowance. MDOC will not issue a monthly utility allowance check for less than 10 dollars but will issue the payment when the accumulated amount is greater than 10 dollars.* 

## **II-R. PARTICIPANT TERMINATIONS.**

(24 CFR 984.552 (general), 982.455 (180 day 0 HAP), (24 CFR 5.218, 5.232 verify SSI, & consent forms).

In addition to all other causes listed in the CFR on participant termination, where the MDOC evaluates individual circumstances on a case by case basis, prior to terminating assistance of a participant, a participant currently receiving the benefit of housing assistance payments as a result of an active contract, will have assistance terminated from the Mod Rehab or Voucher Program and also refuse to issue a voucher for a move to another unit, approve a new tenancy, or execute a new contract if the participant has committed one of the following serious offenses:

a. If the participant has been determined guilty of **fraud** in connection with any Federal housing assistance program.

b. <u>Tenants are always required to report changes in family composition and income changes , in</u> <u>writing, within 30 days of the date of change</u> using the required MDOC forms income reporting receipt form provided to all participants. The first time a participant family fails to report any income increase, they will generally not be terminated from assistance unless their failure to report results in an under reporting of \$1,55,000 or more of income in total since their entry to the program. On a first time exception of unreported income less than \$1,5005,000, the participant family may be allowed to enter into a repayment agreement (see Section II-M of this plan) without being terminated from the program. The second time a participant family fails to report an income or family composition change increase, the participant family will be terminated from assistance and will not be allowed back to the MDOC program for a period of **five (5) years**.

c. If a participant fails to respond as required in the local field agent notification to a request for a reexamination, in writing. After the third attempt to contact without success, the local field agent will request that MDOC terminate assistance. Local field agents will take into account extraordinary circumstances before requesting termination.

d. If the participant fails to appear for a <u>scheduled appointment or inspection</u>, without canceling or rescheduling the appointment in writing prior to the date of the appointment, the local field agent will request that MDOC terminate assistance for violation of a family obligation. The local office will only be required to reschedule an appointment or inspection twice. Local Field agents will take into account extraordinary circumstances and document reasons before requesting termination.

e. As a violation of Family Obligation, where the tenant causes damage beyond normal wear and tear in a rental unit.

1) . (Mod Rehab and Voucher units where the lease started prior to 10-2-

95) If MDOC has approved a claim(s) on behalf of a participant after February 29, 2000, where the approved amount allowable on lines K (unpaid rent in excess of security deposit) and Q (unpaid tenant damages (includes unpaid utilities) in excess of security deposit) of the MDOC damage claim form exceeds \$1,000, MDOC will terminate assistance.

2) (Voucher units where lease started after 10-2-95). When a participant causes damages, where the costs of cleaning, repair, unpaid utilities, and unpaid rent, as proven by a court judgment after February 29, 2000, in favor of one or more of the landlord(s) with a cumulative judgment oftotal more than \$1,000 or greater, MDOC will terminate assistance.

f. If the participant or any member of the participant's family **refuses to sign and submit consent forms** required by 24 CFR 5.232 (HUD form 9668), assistance for the family will be terminated. The participant is responsible for signing and submitting consent forms by all family members.

g. Will not provide **Social Security numbers** or documentation for Social Security numbers for all family members. (24 CFR 5.210)

*h.* Is enrolled as a **student** at an institution of higher education and according to section 327 (a) requirements is not eligible;

-Student is enrolled as a student at an institution of higher education; under 24 years of age; not a veteran; unmarried; does not have a dependent child; and is not individually eligible.

-does not meet the independence criteria as established in HUD guidance on parental income. (use MDOC procedures for Student Assistant)

*i.* MDOC will <u>not</u> deny or terminate assistance on the basis that a participant is or has been a **victim of domestic violence**, dating violence, or stalking if the participant otherwise qualifies for

assistance. However, this does not limit MDOC's authority when there is actual or imminent threat to other tenants, employees, or others providing services to the property.

*jf.* 24 CFR 982.403. Participant families will not be allowed to remain in **over crowded or under occupied units**, which result from family size changes and make their unit not meet subsidy standards. Voucher participants will be issued vouchers and be required to move to a unit which meets subsidy standards, even if they owe money on the program. After moving, if the family still owes money, they will be required to repay per the terms of their current repayment agreement. If they refuse to sign a repayment agreement, assistance will be terminated. If they do not repay in accordance with a repayment agreement, assistance may be terminated. Mod Rehab participants will be allowed to move to another correct sized Mod Rehab unit in the same community if one is available. If one is not available, the participant may be issued a Voucher, if one is available in the field agent area, using the Mod Rehab local preference, or may also be referred to other types of assistance. Assistance will be terminated for families refusing to move to an acceptable unit.

kg. If tThe family **breaches the signed, a repayment agreement** by not making any payment in a continuous 90 day period, by not initiating any contact with the local field agent concerning missed payments;, **or refuses to sign a repayment agreement** to pay amounts owed to any PHA, or amounts paid to an owner by MDOC.

*li. With regard to conviction on any drug-related or violent criminal activity, legal written documentation (copy of conviction) will be required before a termination request will be processed. has engaged in drug related or violent criminal activity within the last five years* 

m. participants appearing on the violent offenders and sexual offenders register

n. participants convicted of manufacturing or production of methamphetamine

**o.** If MDOC determines that there is reasonable cause to believe that the person **abuses alcohol** in a way that resulted in unfavorable conduct and/or interferes with the health, safety, or right of peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. This may be waived in accordance with PIH 96-27 (HA).

pk. If the participant or any family member engages in actual or threatened abusive or **violent behavior** toward and MDOC or local field agent personnel.

#### IN EACH OF THE CASES IDENTIFIED ABOVE, THE PARTICIPANT WILL BE NOTIFIED BY THE LOCAL FIELD AGENT, OF THEIR RIGHT TO AN INFORMAL HEARING, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS PLAN.

**24 CFR 982.102(g) Termination of HAP contract and tenancy due to unavailability of funds from HUD.** Should HUD funding for the programs be reduced to where removal of assistance for current participants is necessary, MDOC will reduce the number of participants on a prorated basis by canceling HAP contracts and assistance in the following order:

First: Participants who owe the MDOC money, and are late or deficient in making repayments

Then: Participants who owe the MDOC money, and are making repayments

Then: single member families, who are not disabled or elderly receiving subsidy more than 5 years drawn by lot,

Then: Other participant families who are not disabled or elderly who have been participants more than 5 years, drawn by lot,

Then: remaining families drawn by lot, until the required number of subsidies are removed to allow the program to continue at the funding rate set by HUD.

**HUD Intent with respect to damages or unclaimed income: the** following reflects HUD guidance from the final rule published 10/21/1999, changing 24 CFR 982.552. The wording is from the comments and response section, but is not included in the regulation itself. Comments from respondents to an earlier Interim Rule, were taken into consideration when HUD Adopted the final rule, with responses showing HUD intent in making the changes.

Federal Register: October 21, 1999 (Volume 64, Number 203)] Rules and Regulations Page 56893-56915 [DOCID:fr21oc99-19] [Docket No. FR-4428-F-04]RIN 2577-AB91

#### DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT 24 CFR Parts 888 and 982 Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance; Statutory Merger of Section 8 Certificate and Voucher Programs; Housing Choice Voucher Program

AGENCY: Office of the Secretary, HUD. ACTION: Final rule. EFFECTIVE DATE: November 22, 1999.

**SUMMARY:** This final rule adopts as final certain provisions of the interim rule published on May 14, 1999, to implement the statutory merger of the Section 8 tenant-based certificate and voucher programs into the new Housing Choice Voucher Program, and makes amendments to other provisions of this interim rule. This final rule takes into consideration the public comments received on the interim rule, and most of the amendments made at this final rule stage are in response to public comment.

Page 56909

#### "Section 982.552 PHA denial or termination of assistance for family.

Comment: Mandatory termination of assistance for a tenant-based program participant evicted for serious lease violations. ...

**HUD response.** HUD has determined that the mandatory nature of this provision is necessary in order to foster responsibility in the Section 8 program. Section 8 assistance is a scarce benefit. This provision indicates that HUD will not reward serious lease violations, such as behavior that threatens other residents or the safety or maintenance of the premises, by providing continued Section 8 assistance in a different unit. Furthermore, this policy will address the complaint that some assisted families have kept their Section 8 benefits even after they have caused extensive damage or incurred a large unpaid rent debt. Additional efforts to hold families accountable for actions by family members should increase owner participation and provide expanded housing opportunities for low income families in nontraditional neighborhoods. It is noted that termination of assistance is only required for an eviction resulting from a serious lease violation (not repeated lease violations). Therefore, the family will be protected by the due process they receive through the judicial eviction process and, additionally, the PHA must give the family the opportunity for an informal hearing before assistance termination.

## Comment: Mandatory denial of admission if applicant is evicted from federally assisted housing for serious lease violations. ...

**HUD response.** Section 982.552.(b)(1) is reserved and a new paragraph (c)(1)(ii) is added to permit PHAs to deny admission or terminate assistance if any member of the family has been evicted from Federally assisted housing in the last five years. This is a change from the interim rule, which prohibited admissions of families evicted from Federally assisted housing for serious lease violations. HUD may review this matter again as it finalizes the pending ``One Strike'' regulation.

#### Comment: Termination of assistance if participant fails to meet welfare-to-work program obligations. ...

[page 59610]

**HUD response.** The rule is revised to add requirements to the PHA briefing of the family participating in the welfare-to-work voucher program, and to the material provided in the family's information packet (Sec. 982.301(a) and (b)). Specifically, the PHA must advise (both verbally and in writing) the family of the local welfare-to-work voucher program family obligations and that failure to meet these obligations is grounds for PHA denial of admission or termination of assistance.

HUD is not mandating federal standards for family obligations under the welfare-to-work voucher program, since there is local flexibility in designing such obligations. The option for PHA termination of assistance or denial of admission will permit PHAs to prevent program abuse by families that willfully and persistently violate

work-related obligations under the welfare-to-work voucher program. Of course, the PHA must give the family the opportunity for an informal review or informal hearing before the PHA denies admission or terminates assistance.

#### Comment: HUD authority to regulate terminations of assistance. ...

**HUD response.** HUD has authority to define grounds for termination of assistance and has done so in a comprehensive manner since 1984."

## **II-S. INFORMAL HEARINGS**.

24 CFR 982.555, or for denial on the basis of ineligible immigration status 24 CFR 812.9.

1. **REQUEST FOR HEARING.** The participant must request the hearing in writing within 20 days of the date of the written notice of the questioned decision. Informal hearings will be scheduled (this does not mean conducted) by MDOC within 30 days of receiving a written hearing request from the participant if the matter qualifies for an informal hearing. MDOC will notify the family in writing, of the scheduled hearing date. *This notice will contain a MDOC "Discover Request", and a "hearing packet" consisting of: copies of regulations cited in the decision, a copy of 24 CFR 982.555, relevant documents, and a copy of "MDOC procedures for Informal Hearings".* 

If the matter does not qualify for an informal hearing, MDOC will send notice to the participant within 20 days of the receipt, with an explanation of the reasons for denial of the request for informal hearing.

2. DISCOVER. (Documents include written records and regulations).

a) - **by family**. MDOC must be given the opportunity to examine, at the MDOC office in Helena, any documents possessed by the family that are directly relevant to the hearing. MDOC must be allowed to copy any such document at MDOC's expense. If the family does not make the document available for examination on MDOC's request, received by MDOC at least 10 days prior to the scheduled hearing date, the family may not rely on the document at the hearing.

b) -by MDOC . MDOC will make available copies of any documents pertinent to the hearing, upon written request by the participant. If MDOC does not make the document available for examination on the family's request, MDOC may not rely on the document at the hearing.

#### 3. CONDUCT OF THE HEARING.

a. **Hearing Officer**. Informal hearings will be conducted by a hearing officer appointed by MDOC. The hearings officer will regulate the hearing, and ensure that all proceedings are tape recorded. MDOC will provide the hearing officer with copies of MDOC and participants discover records relating to the decision, as soon as possible after the hearing officer is named, to allow time for review by the hearing officer. The hearing officer will restrict the hearing to testimony and documents specifically related to the hearing cause.

b. **Participant Rights**. The participant may be represented by a lawyer at their own expense, and will be given the opportunity to present evidence and question any witnesses. MDOC will reimburse the requesting participant for only the participant's mileage or transportation expenses (at applicable state rates for state employees) to and from the hearing location. All other costs incurred by the participant requesting the hearing, such as lodging, meals, legal representation, are to be borne by the requesting participant.

c. Evidence. Evidence in the hearing will be allowed without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence for judicial proceedings, except for information covered under the Discover Section.

#### d. Order of events of the hearing.

1) The hearing officer will call the hearing to order. At any time during the hearing, the hearing officer may interrupt testimony to ask pertinent questions, or clarify testimony.

2) All persons present will be identified, and the purpose for their presence verified.

3) Evidence will be presented in the following order:

A) MDOC staff will provide an overview of the reasons for the hearing, and copies of pertinent documents relating to the MDOC decision, as well as any other testimony MDOC wishes to introduce.

B) The participant will provide testimony and documentation for consideration at the hearing, and rebut MDOC testimony or documents.

C) MDOC may question the participant about testimony and documentation presented by the participant, and rebut participant testimony or documents.

D) The hearing officer may summarize his/her understanding of the position of both sides to insure that all information from the hearing is complete and clear.

E) When the hearing officer is satisfied that both sides have presented sufficient
evidence to render a finding, the hearing officer will close the hearing.

**4. HEARING DECISION.** The hearing officer will issue a written decision, stating briefly the reasons for the decision. Factual determinations relating to the individual circumstances of the participant shall be based on preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing. A copy of the decision will be promptly sent to the participant and MDOC.

a. **Preponderance of the evidence** means a greater weight of evidence, or evidence which is more credible and convincing to the mind; that which best accords with reason and probability; it rests with that evidence which, when fairly considered, produces the stronger impression, and has the greater weight, and is more convincing as to its truth when weighed against the evidence in opposition.

b. Non-Binding Decisions. MDOC is not bound by hearing decisions:

1) Concerning a decision that is not identified in the plan as eligible for an Informal Hearing, or otherwise in excess of the authority of the Hearing Officer under the hearing procedures.

2) Contrary to HUD regulations or requirements, or otherwise contrary to Federal, State or Local law.

If MDOC determines that it is not bound by a hearing decision, MDOC will promptly notify the participant of the decision, and of the reasons for the determination.

### II-T. RENT REASONABLENESS.

MDOC local field agents will determine if a unit is rent reasonable when compared with like units in the rental market area.

Each local field agency will conduct an annual survey of units in their area, and keep the survey on file for use during the next 12 month period. Surveys will include at least 3 units, if available in the local area, of similar type housing for each bedroom size and area as needed to properly determine rent reasonableness.

Rents of new units must be compared with three similar units included in the survey, if available for the local area, using the MDOC reasonableness form.

If the local field agent is unable to find a similar unit for comparability in the same local area, the field agent may give the landlord a copy of the survey form for the landlord to use to find a comparable unit.

The field agent and MDOC contract manager will review the comparables found, and decide whether to allow them when making a reasonableness determination.

A. **PROVIDING TENANT INFORMATION TO OWNERS**. MDOC will provide the following information about tenants to prospective landlords:

Current and prior address of family

Name, address, and phone number of all known landlords at the family's current and prior addresses

MDOC will requires all field agents give the same types of information to all owners.

**B. TENANT SCREENING**: Tenant screening is a landlord responsibility. *This was made clear when the lease was changed in 1995, as landlords wanted the program to operate more like regular tenancies.* MDOC does not screen for tenant suitability. MDOC recommends that all landlords check references.

**C. RENT REASONABLENESS.** MDOC local field agents will determine if a unit is rent reasonable when compared with like units in the rental market area. Each local field agent will conduct an annual survey of units in their area, and keep the survey on file for use during the next 12 month period. Rents of new units must be compared with three similar units included in the survey, when possible, given local conditions, using the MDOC reasonableness form and or software. If the local field agent is unable to find a similar unit for comparability in the same local area, the field agent may give the landlord a copy of the survey form for the landlord to use to find a comparable unit. The field agent in conjunction with MDOC contract manager will review the comparables found, and decide whether to allow them when making a reasonableness determination. In small towns in the state, where it is not possible to find 3 comparables, the field agent will document this on the MDOC rent reasonableness form.

**D. PUBLICITY AND ADVERTISING.** MDOC will reach potential landlords through news releases when additional rental units are needed in a specific area. Contract Field Agents monitor availability of rental units to Section 8 families, and notify MDOC when additional units are needed.

**E. INFORMATION AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.** MDOC disseminates information on the program to current and potential landlords, on request, through Local Contract Field Agents, including: copies of Montana's Landlord Tenant Act, Section 8 leases, prohibited lease provisions, vacancy payment and damage repair claim procedures, Fair Market Rent (FMR) limits, security deposit limits, state law requirements about Condition of Premises statement, utility allowance schedules, Housing Quality Standards, Landlord portion of the MDOC Admin. Plan, and lead based paint abatement requirements.

For Mod Rehab, additional items are available: Statement of Family Responsibility, Information for Owners, Rent Calculation Formats, Agreement to Enter into Housing Assistance Payments Contract, and Housing Assistance Payments Contract.

**F. BRIEFINGS.** Contract Field Agents offer briefings to potential Landlords, to acquaint them with the Section 8 Program.

**G. POLICY DOCUMENT:** A MDOC landlord policy document will be given to each landlord who rents units under the Section 8 Program by the MDOC Local field agent administering the program for MDOC. The policies will contain the following subjects:

SUITABILITY AND SCREENING OF TENANT. SECURITY DEPOSITS. OWNER RESPONSIBILITIES PAYMENTS TO LANDLORDS. RENT ADJUSTMENTS. CORRECTING HQS DEFICIENCIES. MUTUAL LEASE RECISION. TERMINATIONS AND EVICTIONS. COLLECTION OF AMOUNTS OWED MDOC BY LANDLORDS. DAMAGE REPAIR CLAIM DEPRECIATION SCHEDULE.

Local Field agents will provide the following MDOC printed documents to all landlords new to Section 8 before a lease is executed to give the landlord adequate information to decide whether to enter a Section 8 lease:

Part B of the HAP contract Section 8 Program Information form (describes programs and applicants) Landlord and Tenant Act (green) Voucher, Lease, and Housing Contract information sheet (green) MDOC Policy Document for Landlords (green)

## **IV. MDOC F.S.S. ACTION PLAN**

(24 CFR 984)

#### **Contents:**

- A. Overview
- B. Family Demographics and Estimate of Participating Families
- C. Eligible Families from Other Self-Sufficiency Programs
- D. FSS Family Selection Procedures
- E. Incentives to Encourage Participation
- F. Outreach Efforts
- G. FSS Activities and Support Services
- H. Method for Identification of Family Support Needs
- I. Program Termination; Withholding of Services; and Available Grievance Procedures
- J. Assurances of Non-Interference with Rights of Non-Participating Families
- K. Timetable for Program Implementation
- L. Certification of Coordination
- M. Contract of Participation
- N. Escrow Accounts
- O. Individual Training and Services Plans
- P. Informal Hearings and Reviews
- Local Coordinating Committees
- R. Local Contractor Certifications
- S. Local Contractor Annual Performance Reports

#### A. OVERVIEW: MDOC has operated a Family Self-Sufficiency Program in

Montana since 1992, on a <u>decentralized basis</u>, through local contractors acting as MDOC field agents for the Housing Choice Voucher Program. In 1992, the MDOC field agencies specified all elements associated with FSS Action Plans for their individual locations. Programs were designed to serve <u>local</u> <u>needs</u> in Montana, using local resources necessary to insure success for FSS participants. Services are location specific, so local MDOC field agents are allowed maximum freedom in operating the program in their jurisdictional areas.

#### B. FAMILY DEMOGRAPHICS AND ESTIMATE OF PARTICIPATING FAMILIES:

Since FSS is a statewide program, the demographics of families to be participating in the FSS program are extremely varied. Based on the current number of Section 8 participants in service areas of the MDOC field agencies involved in FSS, the FSS program is of minimal size, compared to overall state need. The demographics of program participants will follow those of the general overall state population, as well as the local county low-income population of each service area.

The MDOC field agents administering the FSS program are required to provide an updated list annually of the supportive services they provide FSS participants. This listing is included in the agencies annual report to MDOC due August 15<sup>th</sup> each year. These services will be used to assist the following FSS units allocated by MDOC to help families throughout Montana.

| Local Field Agency                | Minimum Units | Maximum Units |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Action for Eastern Montana        | 9             | 15            |
| District IV HRDC                  | 11            | 17            |
| Opportunities, Inc.               | 12            | 20            |
| District VI HRDC                  | 4             | 6             |
| District VII HRDC                 | 6             | 10            |
| District IX HRDC                  | 12            | 19            |
| Northwest Montana Human Resources | 5             | 8             |

| Human Resource Council of Butte | 12        | 20         |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Housing Authority of Billings   | 18        | 30         |
| Helena Housing Authority        | <u>4</u>  | _6         |
| TOTAL FSS PROGRAM SIZE          | <u>93</u> | <u>151</u> |

#### C. ELIGIBLE FAMILIES FROM OTHER SELF-SUFFICIENCY PROGRAMS: Not

applicable. MDOC has no public housing units.

### **D. FSS FAMILY SELECTION PROCEDURES:** The following are not eligible to participate in

the MDOC FSS program:

1) Families who were prior FSS program participants and were terminated from the FSS program for non-compliance with the FSS contract of participation;

2) Families who were prior FSS program participants and were terminated from the

Section 8 rental assistance program for non-compliance with the Section 8 program rules and policies or for violating any family obligations under the program.

3) Families who were prior FSS program participants that withdrew from the FSS program

Families who were prior FSS program participants that graduated from the FSS Program, or

5) Families who owe any PHA money in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance.

Families will be selected for participation by the MDOC field agents in the following priority order, based on local needs and services to be provided:

1) Participating families from the voucher program who are enrolled in local JOBS, JTPA, Employed Parent, Displaced Homemaker, or similar programs in which the MDOC field agent is actively involved, for a maximum of 50% of the program slots, then

2) Other MDOC Section 8 program participant families showing interest in FSS from the field agent service area on a first-come, first-served basis.

### E. INCENTIVES TO ENCOURAGE PARTICIPATION: MDOC offers the following incentives

to encourage participation in the FSS program.

1) Detailed information on agent supplied education, employment and training, and home ownership programs.

2) Referral to support services like child-care, transportation and work/education related costs while enrolled in this program.

3) An escrow account (like a savings account) for the duration of the program. The FSS escrow account funds are available when self-sufficiency is achieved.

4) Detailed information about education and employment programs in Montana with easier and smoother access.

F. OUTREACH EFFORTS: Each MDOC field agency will schedule periodic public FSS orientation meetings for prospective participants and service providers. The purpose of the meetings will be to explain the FSS program and how it operates, responsibilities of the participants, and provide other information concerning the FSS program, as well as to collect the names of participating Section 8 families interested in participating in the FSS program.

The MDOC field agents will mail meeting invitations to voucher participants from their jurisdictional service area.

A list will be maintained at each field agent location naming voucher participant families interested in becoming FSS participants. Those not responding to the meeting invitation will be considered to have been contacted, and are not interested in the FSS program.

As participating Section 8 families enter local JOBS, Unemployed Parent, Displaced Homemaker, or similar programs in which the MDOC field agency is actively involved, they will be advised about the FSS program, and the field agent will add them to the list, if the family is interested.

The MDOC Family Self-Sufficiency information sheet will be presented to all minority and non-minority participants by local field agents at all reexaminations (if vacancies exist and services are available) to further encourage participation in the FSS program.

**G. FSS ACTIVITIES AND SUPPORT SERVICES**: Complete lists of <u>anticipated</u> services and service providers were included in the 1992 MDOC FSS application. Actual services provided may not be similar to the initial needs in 1992, depending on local conditions and participant needs at the time the FSS Contract of Participation is signed. The MDOC field agencies administering the FSS program are required to provide an updated list annually of the supportive services they provide FSS participants. This listing is included in the agencies annual report to MDOC due August 15<sup>th</sup> each year. These services will be used to assist the FSS units allocated by MDOC to help families throughout Montana.

**H. METHOD FOR IDENTIFICATION OF FAMILY SUPPORT NEEDS:** Needs for services vary by locality and participant. Supportive services provided throughout the state will not be similar, due to limited availability to provide various types of supportive services at individual locations. Since individual needs of participating FSS families are of primary importance to success of the families (and the program), individual FSS programs will be developed for each participating family by the MDOC local field agency. The services provided each family will be based on individual family needs, and the local availability of support resources for the area where each unit is administered.

I. PROGRAM TERMINATION; WITHHOLDING OF SERVICES; AND AVAILABLE GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES: The termination of families participating in the FSS program will be governed by the provisions of the MDOC Administrative Plan and the FSS Contract of Participation.

A family enrolled in the FSS program may be terminated from the FSS Contract of Participation if they fail to satisfactorily perform the requirements under their individual FSS contract.

MDOC will consider reasons for the family not being able to fulfill their obligations under the FSS contract, prior to determining whether to terminate the FSS contract.

A family terminated from participation in the FSS program may request an informal hearing within 20 days of being notified by MDOC of their termination. If the family voluntarily terminates their participation in the FSS program, they may not request a hearing for termination of the Contract of Participation, or for the right to access any funds in their escrow account.

J. ASSURANCES OF NON-INTERFERENCE WITH RIGHTS OF NON-PARTICIPATING FAMILIES: A family's election to not participate in the MDOC FSS program will not affect the family's admission to the Sec. 8 housing programs or the family's right to occupancy in accordance with its lease.

**K.TIMETABLE FOR PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION:** The MDOC FSS program was implemented in 1992, and has been in operation since that time. The MDOC program is now in voluntary status since over 47 successful participant families have graduated since 10/1/1998.

**L. CERTIFICATION OF COORDINATION:** The MDOC certifies that development of the services and activities under the FSS program has been coordinated with the JOBS Program, the programs provided under the JTPA, and any other relevant employment, child care, transportation, training, and education programs (e.g. Job Training for the Homeless Demonstration Program) by the MDOC field agency in the applicable area, and that implementation will continue to be coordinated, in order to avoid duplication of services and activities.

## **M. CONTRACT OF PARTICIPATION**: The FSS Contract of Participation is a five-year contract between the FSS participant family and MDOC.

A contract of participation must include the individual training and services plan. The effective date of a contract of participation is the first day of the month following the date the contract of participation is signed by the family and MDOC. The contract of participation may be extended up to two years if the family gives MDOC a written request for an extension and MDOC finds that good cause exists for the extension. (Good cause: circumstances beyond the control of the FSS family such as serious illness, involuntary loss of employment.) The family's extension request must include a description of the need for the extension. Termination of employment for nonperformance by the FSS head is not justification for a contract of participation extension. MDOC may extend the contract of participation to allow the FSS family to meet the interim goal of being welfare-free at least 12 consecutive months prior to the expiration of the contract. If an extension to the contract of participation is granted, the original expiration date listed on page one of the contract must be crossed out and the new expiration date added.

Changes to a contract of participation can only be made to modify the contract term, change the head of the family or modify the individual training and services plan. Any change of the head of the family must be included as an attachment to the contract and must contain the following: name of new designated FSS head, signatures of the new head (and removed FSS head, if available), MDOC representative, and the date signed. Changes to individual training and services plans must include the item changed, signatures of the participant and MDOC, and date signed.

#### N. ESCROW ACCOUNTS:

**1) GENERAL**: The MDOC field agent will provide MDOC a copy of the FSS escrow account worksheet for each FSS family at each income re-examination, to allow MDOC to credit proper amounts to the family's escrow account.

MDOC will invest FSS escrow accounts in the State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP) to guarantee participating families the benefit of higher interest rates generated due to the amount of investments available in the STIP pool.

Interest will be credited to escrow accounts on a quarterly basis, calculated on a percentage of ownership basis for all families in the Pool.

The amount in a family's FSS escrow account will be forfeited by the family if the participating family has failed to meet its obligations under the Contract of Participation (including failure to meet its obligations because the family moves outside the jurisdiction under portability provisions of the Section 8 program).

Federal or state welfare assistance includes (for the FSS program only) cash maintenance payments designed to meet a family's ongoing basic needs, such as cash assistance under FAIM (Families Achieving Independence in Montana), general assistance, or other assistance provided under a Federal or state program for general living expenses.

Payments will be made by MDOC on a monthly basis, between the 1<sup>st</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> of each month. Any request for payment of escrow received before the end of the month will be processed at the beginning of the next month, if at all possible. All requests for payment of the escrow account must include the correct documentation. This must include the MDOC Request for Withdrawal of Escrow Account Funds form in triplicate, filled out and signed by all parties, as well as a letter from the MDOC field agent approving the disbursement of the escrow funds to the FSS participant family. Final determination for escrow payments will be the responsibility of the MDOC.

2) FINAL DISBURSEMENTS The amount in an FSS escrow account, in excess of any amount owed to any PHA by the FSS family, will be paid to the head of the FSS family if the family has fulfilled all of its obligations under the contract of participation on or before the expiration of the contract term, including any extensions, and if, at the time of contract completion, the head of the FSS family submits to MDOC a certification that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, no member of the FSS family is currently or has been a recipient of welfare assistance during the last 12 months prior to expiration of the contract.

Before making the final escrow disbursement, MDOC may verify that the family is no longer receiving welfare assistance by requesting copies of documents, contacting the welfare agency or MDOC field agent, or by other legally acceptable means.

The family may use the final disbursement of escrow account funds without restriction.

An FSS family may use its FSS final escrow disbursement for the purchase of a home, including a home under one of HUD's homeownership programs, or under other Federal, State, or local homeownership programs.

The MDOC cannot restrict a family's use of FSS escrow account funds withdrawn by the family unless the funds are withdrawn to aid in the completion of an interim goal.

3) INTERIM DISBURSEMENTS: If a family receives an interim disbursement from their escrow account prior to completing the contract, the interim disbursement does not have to be repaid to the MDOC if the family drops out of the FSS program, unless the payment was based on fraud, or misinformation by the family.

The MDOC may, at its sole option, make an interim disbursement of a portion of the funds from the family's escrow account during the contract period for contract-related expenses if the family has successfully progressed in meeting interim contract goals, and needs a portion of the FSS account funds for purposes consistent with the contract, such as:

1) School tuition or other school costs

2) Job training expenses

3) Business start-up expenses

4) A car, when public transportation is unavailable or inaccessible to the family, or for major car repairs, the later which will be determined on a case by case basis

5) Emergency medical expenses.

**O. INDIVIDUAL TRAINING AND SERVICES PLANS:** All individual training and services plans must be reviewed and updated at least annually for all adult family members. The plans must include both interim and final goals. All goals (both interim and final) must include specific activities under each goal, timeframes, and the party responsible for each goal identified, to provide a clear understanding of the participant's goals and objectives. Plans must be written with enough detail to allow evaluation of performance by MDOC. All plans must include the mandatory interim and final goals. If receiving welfare assistance, plans must include the mandatory interim goal of all family members becoming independent from all forms of state and federal welfare assistance for at least one year prior to the expiration of the FSS Contract of Participation. All final goals must include obtaining and maintaining suitable employment. A participant has been maintaining employment if they have been employed for at least the 12 month

period immediately preceding the expiration date of the contract including any extensions.

**P.** INFORMAL HEARINGS: Informal Hearings will be conducted in accordance with the MDOC Admin Plan.

Q. LOCAL COORDINATING COMMITTEES:

The local MDOC field agent will maintain and

provide the following documentation to MDOC: 1) A roster of names and titles or positions of all committee members, with their individual

signatures specifying that they are willing to provide services as necessary to insure success of the local program.

2) Copies of meeting minutes where the FSS program startup and initial direction is established.

3) Copies of meeting minutes for all meetings of the Local Committees.

**R.** LOCAL CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATIONS: Each local contractor (MDOC field agent) will provide MDOC with the following certifications, prior to initiating a local FSS program:

1) That the developments of services and activities have been coordinated with the JOBS program, JTPA, and other relevant programs;

2) That development of services and activities has been coordinated with relevant child care, transportation, training and education programs.

3) That implementation will continue to be coordinated in order to avoid duplication of services and activities.

**S.** LOCAL CONTRACTOR ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT: Each local contractor (MDOC field agency) will submit an annual performance report to MDOC (based on a program year of July 1 to June 30), by August 15 each year, which contains:

1) A description of activities carried out under the program;

2) A description of the effectiveness of the program in helping families to achieve independence and self sufficiency;

3) A description of the effectiveness of coordinating community resources;

4) Recommendations for legislative and administrative improvements which would improve effectiveness of the program;

5) A breakdown of racial and ethnic data with respect to families who:

a) Declined to participate;

b) Elected to participate, but did not execute a contract;

c) Executed an FSS contract, signed a lease, and voluntarily left the FSS program;

d) Executed an FSS contract, signed a lease, and completed the FSS program; and

e) Executed an FSS contract, signed a lease, and remained in the FSS program. Data should include where families offered an opportunity to participate were found.

Administrative fees for the FSS portion of the Voucher program will be forfeited by each agency who has not submitted an Annual Performance Report to MDOC by the due date of Aug. 15, for the period after Aug. 15 until the report is received. MDOC field agencies may have their FSS portion of the agency contract terminated for failure to maintain the minimum number of units under contract, or for not complying with the reporting requirements of this section after 2 notices by MDOC.

#### MDOC PHA PLAN Comments specifically on 5 Year Plan

#### **B.** Goals

HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing.

Initial Plan Response: Apply for additional rental vouchers as offered by HUD.

**Comment – Action –** Because of funding cutback – can or is this happening? **MDOC Progress:** In May 2006, MDOC received \$478,200 in a continuum of care homeless assistance grant. In May 2004 MDOC was eligible to apply for Mainstream Vouchers for Persons with Disabilities but determined after reviewing the criteria that we wouldn't score enough points to be considered for selection of the vouchers. MDOC will apply for additional vouchers if they become available from HUD. Currently there are not additional vouchers for the current section 8 program.

**Comment** – **Action** – Has this been revisited? Seems like a number of our clients have disabilities and giving them priority may be worth considering, same with Domestic Violence issues.

**MDOC Response:** This comment will be taken into consideration for long term planning and changes to the section 8 program.

.**Comment** – **Action** – Consider yearly training for reminder or review for existing staff, as well as training for new staff.

**MDOC Progress** – As part of the State NAHRO conference, trained agents in May 2005 and June 2004. MDOC completed training of all field agencies on the MDOC HAPPY Pro direct local entry software in 2004. MDOC contract managers will continue to educate field agencies as needed. A national trainer was brought into Helena in May 2006 to provide state-wide training in FSS. As a follow up the state provided two days of training on FSS Pro in March 2007, through a web based tool so the agencies could interact through their own computer rather than having to travel to Helena, We will continue to provide training on an on-going basis using these tools and other technology as they become available to MDOC.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC currently uses the State NAHRO conference as a training session for all field agents. The benefits have been the ability to provide national trainers and share the costs with other Montana PHAs. In addition, it has provided an opportunity for discussion on best practices and consistent approaches in regard to the section 8

program across Montana regardless of the PHA administering the voucher.. The last two years of ending the session with a half day forum of open discussion with the field agents have provided valuable input for the majority of the changes made to the administrative plan in January 2007. MDOC has received positive feedback in regard to the interaction and training sessions.

**MDOC Progress** – MDOC produced a brochure in May 2005 to interest potential landlords in the Section 8 rental assistance program. They were distributed to all of the field agencies MDOC contracts with throughout the State of Montana. MDOC also held meetings with Missoula area landlords in June 2004, September 2004, and October 2004.

**Comment – Action** – Great brochures, can we get more? **MDOC Response:** The agency can contact the administrative assistant at any time to have these mailed to them.

**MDOC Progress** – Voucher Payment standard were increased on 11/1/2006. MDOC reached out to all the agencies and requested input to one or two bedroom sizes they were have the most difficulty leasing up due to the payment standard. Based on this feedback MDOC concentrated on putting these payment standards closer to the FMR. The feedback was positive that the new payment standards assisted in the leasing of vouchers. Montana's housing economy is making it very difficult for low income families to lease.

**Comment** – **Action** – This has really helped with leasing families up. Families struggled to find units within the old payment standards but its much easier now. **Comment** – **HAB** – MDOC let HAB give input regarding these standards and we are very happy with the upward changes they made.

# HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals.

**Objective:** MDOC provided self-sufficiency training for all field office FSS Coordinators in May 2006. Agents were trained on proper admission guidelines, as well as proper goal planning and preparation for graduation from program.

**Comment – HAB –** MDOC did provide National FSS training and found that the standard they had used "obtain and maintain" was incorrect. They changed to "seek and maintain" and some other items that were incorrect. These changes made the FSS program better and the training they provided was great. HAB is interested in getting more training for FSS.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC has scheduled two web-cast meetings to train field agents on the use of FSS Pro.

**Objective:** Increase the number and percentage of employed persons in assisted families.

MDOC Progress – Income targeting (75% of families admitted to program are at 30% or

less of median income) discourages this for new applicants.

**Comment** – **Action** – Great program, possibly make it mandatory for non-disabled 0 income families, have more incentives for the families that do participate. **MDOC Response: This will be taken into consideration.** 

**MDOC Progress** – Using FSS, field agents continue to insure active section 8 families are informed of the FSS program. Through the use of FSS PRO the FSS coordinators can better monitor and assist participants to meet their goals to be able to graduate from the program. Prior to the training this was not always obtained and we are seeing a concentrated effort by participants, coordinators, and contract managers due to the education and understanding of the program.

**Comment – Action –** Would like to see monthly reports for escrow accounts, with FSS PRO training, will it be possible to pull our own reports?

**MDOC Response:** Accurate escrow reports will not be available with FSS Pro. Because of the way the escrow interest must be handled within the state accounting, the FSS Pro software is not able to accurately calculate the interest, thus throwing the escrow balance off. MDOC will make every effort to get these reports to the coordinators monthly.

**Initial Plan Response:** Continue to provide support for tenant based FSS program for local field agents by paying them a premium administrative fee and performance bonuses for outstanding performance.

Comment – Action – Any new specific guidelines for this?

**MDOC Response**: MDOC is still working through this process with input from agencies. It was openly discussed in the training the incentive should not be more participants but a measure of the quality of the program in place. In the past the bonus was based on number of participants which worked for the development of the program but not the long term goals.

#### MDOC PHA PLAN Comments specifically on Annual Plan

#### **Executive Summary**

There are 7,111 families on the wait list, nearly twice as many as currently assisted in the program. Applicants may remain on the wait list for as long as 2-5 years.

**Comment** – **Action** – Nice to see this number down from last year, as well as shorter wait time.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC has recently completed a state-wide purge of the wait list. This should alleviate problems with field agents attempting to contact applicants who have moved or are no longer interested in the program. MDOC plans on conducting regular purges of the wait list to ensure applicant information is kept up to date.

MDOC started a Section 8 Homeownership Program in 2002. There are currently 21 homeowners in the program.

**Comment** – **Action** – Would a rent to own program ever be considered? **MDOC Response:** This is not being considered as an option at this time.

**Comment – Missoula** – Opportunity to own a home is a great idea, but very few are eligible due to bad credit and incomes high enough to qualify for the program but not high enough to get enough money to buy a house in the Missoula area. **MDOC Response:** This is a problem statewide and affects the ability to rent in many of our Montana cities.

**Comment** – **Missoula** – Section 8 should actually buy the houses and then provide the financing so more Section 8 people could be in the program.

**MDOC Response:** The Section 8 program is not funded for the purpose of purchasing homes.

**Comment** – **Missoula** – If only one person is able to buy a house, it's a good addition to the regular rental program.

**MDOC Response:** The homeownership program has done very well due to all the hard work everyone has put forth towards this program working. We recognize and appreciate all the effort put forth.

#### **B.** Strategy for Addressing Needs

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 30% of AMI

Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work

**Comment – Action –** Would like to see this happen. **MDOC Response:** We are not allowed to implement a preference for working families per the Federal targeting guidelines.

**Comment** – **Missoula** – Since funding is so low and might go lower, Section 8 should give priority to the elderly and disabled on the Wait List since younger people have the choice to work or earn more money.

**MDOC Response:** By giving a preference to elderly and disabled, you have the potential for discrimination against younger people, especially those with children. A family may not have the earning potential to offset the daycare expenses that would arise from the parent being out of the house all day.

#### Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI

#### Employ admissions preferences aimed at families who are working

**Comment – Action –** Is this being considered (except for disabled and elderly)? **MDOC Response:** MDOC would like to further discuss this with other Montana PHA's.

# **Need:** Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate housing needs

#### Strategy 2: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

**MDOC Response:** There are no areas of poverty or minority concentration designated within Montana by MDOC. Marketing to owners happens when there are insufficient available units to meet need. Agencies have requested information and brochures from MDOC which they have taken to various meetings with landlords, realtors, and cities which has helped a great deal in informing individuals of section 8 and its benefits. In Billings and surrounding areas, HRDC has found this very beneficial in families finding housing.

**Comment** – **Action** – It surprises me there are no areas of poverty designated, especially with all of the reservations in Montana. Is MDOC attending Landlord Assn meetings? Can we refer landlords to the Assn.?

**MDOC Response:** If local field agencies believe there is an area of poverty in their area, they need to follow the instructions located the MDOC's Admin Plan, Section I-7 (e). This gives instructions on how to submit a request to designate an area of poverty or minority concentration.

#### MDOC PHA PLAN Comments specifically addressed to MDOC Admin Plan General Comments

### Section II-D. Briefing Applicants, Issuing & Extending Vouchers

**Comment – Butte** – This states that the voucher holders are required to contact their local field agent in writing at least twice during the initial sixty days, final contact two weeks before the voucher expires. What are the consequences if the voucher holder does not comply with this?

MDOC Response: The consequences are that the applicant may not be able to lease up

and the voucher will expire. If the field agent is not aware of any problems being encountered by the applicant, they are unable to assistance the applicant and the voucher will most likely expire without the applicant being able to lease up. If the field agent is not able to demonstrate a need the voucher can not be extended. If the field agent is notified of problems by the applicant, they are able to offer assistance that may enable the applicant to locate suitable housing and lease up before the expiration of their voucher.

#### Section II-H. Housing Quality Standards (HQS)

**Comment** – **HAB** – HAB is going to request that we can begin to charge clients for missed inspection meetings. This would help cover the cost of driving, time and delays missing an inspection causes.

**MDOC Response:** If MDOC were to allow HAB to charge clients for missed inspections, then all the field agencies would have to follow this same course of action so that clients in the Billings area are not being treated differently. MDOC does not have the resources available to track who was charged, who has paid or not paid, etc. across the whole state.

#### Section II-I Recertification

**Comment – Missoula –** Why don't all government programs have the same basic rules so people don't get confused? Welfare requires that people report changes in 10 days and that seems to work. Why can't Section 8 be the same?

**Comment** – **Missoula** – I think 30 days to report a change is more than fair but sometimes when you have too much time you forget.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC requires that clients provide consecutive pay stubs for accurate calculation of income changes. If we require the change to be reported within 10 days, clients have not had enough time to obtain the required pay stubs. We allow clients up to 30 days to report changes so they will have all the required paperwork.

**Comment** – **Missoula** – I don't have a problem with having to pay a certain amount like the \$40, but when you really have no income and want to move to a new place where all the utilities are paid for, you can't because it doesn't work out. I don't really understand it, why wouldn't you want someone who has no income to have a place where they don't have to pay utilities?

**MDOC Response:** This is an unfortunate consequence of requiring minimum rent from clients. The calculation is based on how much a family can afford to pay towards their portion of the rent. It takes into consideration the utility allowance, but then deducts the families \$40 minimum rent requirement.

**Comment – Missoula –** No matter what, it seems that people should have to pay something towards their rent. And if they get utility money from Section 8 why do they also get money from the LIEAP program? Seems like they get double.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC is required by Federal regulations to pay a utility allowance to clients under specific guidelines.

**Comment** – **Missoula** – My family has to help me sometimes and it would be better to have \$25 as the contribution so if they have to help me it wouldn't be a strain on them.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC funding has been substantially cut in recent years. In order to assist the most families possible, MDOC had to implement a minimum rent. The \$40 minimum rent is more in line with other PHA's across the state.

**Comment – HAB –** HAB is concerned that MDOC is not using funds and may lose them if the lease up rate doesn't go higher. HAB would like to see the funds moved to places that may be able to use them and reduce funds to places that may not have client, staff or housing available.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC has spoken to each agency about this same concern. In light of the new payment standards and the purge to the wait list we felt it would provide agencies a better opportunity to target and get families leased. We will be reviewing this with the upcoming contracts.

**Comment** – HAB – I have noticed in the case notes area that checks to the con web are being conducted by your staff at interims and annuals. I brought up this concern at our annual meeting and then again with Debra and Laura because this practice is not addressed anywhere in your admin plan. Nor, it the MT Conweb all inclusive. I also understand that people are being terminated that might be on that site.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC does not have funding available to conduct full background checks on all clients. We use MT Conweb due to the cost and the statewide availability. MDOC is currently working on a procedure manual, which will have this action listed as a procedure step to be used during all annual and interim recertifications. If a client appears on the Conweb site, local field agents will be contacted prior to termination to obtain any documentation the field agent may have in their files and to assure the agents are aware of the situation. In addition, notes are being put in the HAPPY software system which will assist in this process.

**Comment – HAB –** MDOC doesn't have an explanation in a letter that tells clients that although they turned in a change that it doesn't affect their rent.

**MDOC Response:** As of 3/26/2007, a letter is now available in HAPPY software that field agents can print, explaining to clients that the income change they reported will not affect their rent at the present time, but that the income will be used at their next annual recertification. This has been a request of agencies and contract managers.

**Comment – HAB –** Teddi Shorten stated that all of the staff doesn't like the MDOC change form. It is very hard for both clients and staff to understand how to use it. The form also does not request the information needed to determine what a change is or how to process it. We are requesting that this form is reviewed and changed to be more user friendly. We have sent MDOC the HAB change form and want MDOC to look at it if they want to make changes to their form.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC agrees the current change form is not user friendly. MDOC is currently working on a revised form that will make it easier to report changes. MDOC will have this form available for use within a few months and as we have demonstrated over the past year you will have a comment period to have input to the new form.

**Comment – HAB –** MDOC should put into notification letters a better explanation about rent increases. This would help clients understand what could happen.

**MDOC Response:** The rent calculation process is very confusing, even to field agents, if MDOC attempted to put every calculation into the rent determination letter, MDOC believes this would only confuse the clients further. MDOC believes it is better that the client talk face to face with their field agent if they want an explanation on how their rent was calculated.

#### Section II-J Moves and Portability

5 (a) Eligible families, per Section 8 wait list, are required to lease a unit within the issuing jurisdiction for not less then 12 months before becoming eligible for a transfer.

**Comment – Billings HRDC** – They could see how people would take advantage of this and stated she was very grateful for the program. She doesn't see how or why people do things like using an address to get the top of an agencies list. She continued saying people take advantage where they can and it ruins it for those who really need it. She stated that this change could hurt some people but believes it is good overall.

**Comment – Billings HRDC** – I like this change. It will help to eliminate those who are "shopping" the list. Already I have seen applicants who are not happy in the least when I inform them of this regulation.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC will accept an accommodation request from families who have a legitimate reason for needing to lease up in a different jurisdiction. MDOC is attempting to stop families from applying to wait lists where they know the wait is going to be short, and then moving to an area with a longer wait list, thus allowing them to "jump" over the people who have been waiting for several years for their name to come to the top of the list.

#### If a participant family accepts a "Notice to Pay Rent or Quit" as a result of nonpayment of rent, and moves based on the notice, MDOC will not reissue a voucher.

**Comment – Billings HRDC** – They stated that this was a good thing. She asked "what about a 30-day"? I explained that a 30-day notice is not considered an eviction notice. There does not have to be any reason for a 30-day, the limitations would be participants having to be leased for 12-months. I explained that a Mutual Lease Rescission could be used.

**Comment – Billings HRDC** – I like this one. Too many times participants would get an eviction and continue to take the assistance to other units and eventually get an eviction from the landlord of that unit. This will eliminate the ability to keep moving from unit to unit.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC is attempting to stop the "abuses" caused by clients who move from unit to another when they have trashed the unit. This type of action creates a bad name for the program and prohibits prospective new landlords from wanting to enter the program.

#### Section II-K. Family Absence from Unit

# If the family is absent from the unit for more than 30 days without contacting MDOC first, assistance will be terminated for the family.

**Comment** – **Missoula** – It's hard to know in advance sometimes when you have to leave in a hurry for family problems and go out of state maybe. And sometimes you can't always talk to your agent right away or have enough time to get permission.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC requires families to notify their field agent or MDOC prior to absence from the unit for an extended period of time. If the family has to leave the unit due to an emergency, assistance will not automatically be terminated; MDOC will take into account extenuating circumstances. If the family is absent from the unit for more then 30 days, without contacting their field agent or MDOC, assistance will be terminated, as MDOC believes 30 days is enough time for a family member to contact their field agent, explain the circumstances for the absence, and give a reasonable estimate of when the family will return to the unit.

**Comment – HAB –** The Violence against Women Act needs to be added here. **MDOC Response: This omission will be corrected, thank you.** 

#### Section II-P. Security Deposits

**Comment – HAB –** Increase deposit assistance would be helpful to our clients. Most landlords charge a months rent and that can be \$700 or more. This is a huge barrier to low income people. Without deposit in hand some units have been rented out from underneath our clients. Even after we have done the inspection and are ready to go. If you have the money in hand you get the unit. Less and less landlords want to accept monthly payments from people.

MDOC Response: We will take this into review.

#### Section II-R. Participant Terminations

**Comment – Havre** – Just a question about if a single person between the ages of 18 and 23 apply for Section 8 and get a Voucher decide to enroll in school after they are in a unit do we take their Voucher away?

**MDOC Response:** If a client enrolls in school after they are a participant in the program, their eligibility for the program must be redeterminated as soon as practicable but not later than their next annual recertification. If they fail to meet the new student eligibility rules, then they must be terminated from the program, per the federal regulations that went into effect January 30, 2006. The NAHRO training manual received in Butte steps you through this process.

**Comment – Missoula -** \$1,500 seems low to cause a family to be terminated. What if they don't get paid for awhile? But, I guess they should report it timely anyway. **Comment – Havre –** We would like to increase the amount of unreported income so they could stay on the program and pay back the 30% in a one year period. If the wording were changed to indicate that 30% of their unreported income could not be over \$1500. At least the program would recover some additional cash where if we just term them we will never see the money. Also there needs to be something in the plan that says what

will happen if they do not meet the repayment agreement.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC believes that by making a family repay \$1500 in a twelve month period puts to much strain on the families resources as most families cannot afford a large monthly payment. The \$1500 limit was used to ensure that if a family did have unreported income, they would be able to afford their monthly payment under the agreement. If a family has unreported income over the \$1500 limit, they are required to repay this amount before they can enter the program again. This way the program does recover some of the money from these families. The Admin Plan states that if a family breaches the signed repayment agreement concerning missed payments, they will be terminated from the program. The hope is that through communication families will clearly understand the importance of reporting their income changes so they do not get into the situation of having unreported income. The \$1500 was consistent with other Montana PHA's and was discussed in Butte where there was favorable input to move forward with this dollar amount.

**Comment – Billings HRDC** – If a participant has unreported income of less then \$5,000 there would be less of a chance for termination because they would get the first warning. Now that the amount has been dropped to \$1,500, the opportunity for the first warning will more than likely be out of the question. Overall I believe this is a good change. **MDOC Response:** It was never the intention of MDOC to allow clients to have a "first warning" of unreported income. If the family is caught with unreported income, they are required to sign a repayment agreement, unless the amount of unreported income is over the limit and the family is terminated from the program.

**Comment** – **HAB** – HAB wants MDOC to put in Policy how they will handle assistance when there is a client death. This needs to be consistent. We think that 14 days should work.

**MDOC Response:** This was discussed by MDOC staff prior to the Admin Plan being updated in January. When the plan was actually edited, this section was overlooked. MDOC is planning on adding this to the Admin Plan, thank you.

**Comment – Missoula –** One notice for an appointment is enough. The Section 8 people have enough to try and do without having to drive all over and then not be able to do their work. At the cost of time and gas people should be terminated if they can't at least call. **Comment – Butte –** Many voucher holders will make an appointment and then reschedule over and over. Because of this annuals are late. Is there any way that a limit can be put on the number of times a voucher holder can reschedule their appointment? **MDOC Response:** The Admin Plan states that the field agent will only be required to reschedule once for an appointment or inspection. This was an update in January based on input from all of you in Butte. MDOC will further clarify the Admin Plan to state this change.

**Comment – Missoula –** If people getting housing money don't report their income changes within the 30 days then they should be terminated right away no matter how much money wasn't reported. They already have 30 days. This program is a true gift and

if people don't see it that way then they should be off and let other folks on. **MDOC Response:** MDOC realized this is a very complex program with a lot of rules that clients must learn and remember. MDOC felt is was important to give clients a one-time chance to learn from their mistakes by having to repay the amount of money the program paid out because they did not report a change to their income. If they fail to report change in income for a second time, they are terminated from the program.

**Comment – Missoula –** Landlords have a lot of problems and think people on assistance are trouble anyway so if someone causes damage above the security deposit they should be terminated so other Section 8 folks have a chance again with these landlords. **MDOC Response:** MDOC has added tenant caused damage beyond normal wear and tear as a reason for termination to the Admin Plan. Now if a client damages a unit, they will be terminated from the program. MDOC will not issue a voucher for these clients to move to another unit.

**Comment – MDOC –** The Admin Plan does not specifically state that unreported income over \$1500 will result in termination. It says it backwards by stating that families will not be terminated for failure to report results in under reporting of \$1500. This needs to be changed.

MDOC Response: The Admin Plan will be updated to include this change, thank you.

#### Section II-S. Informal Hearings

**Comments** – **HAB** – Participants get Informal Hearings not Informal Reviews. MDOC is not conducting Informal Hearings and this is a violation.

**MDOC Response:** MDOC recognized this process was not adequate and has already taken the necessary steps. This matter was discussed with Denver to obtain ideas on how to improve our processes.