

PHA Plans
Streamlined 5-Year/Annual
Version

**U.S. Department of Housing and
Urban Development**
Office of Public and Indian Housing

OMB No. 2577-0226
(exp 05/31/2006)

This information collection is authorized by Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act, which added a new section 5A to the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 that introduced 5-year and annual PHA Plans. The full PHA plan provides a ready source for interested parties to locate basic PHA policies, rules, and requirements concerning the PHA's operations, programs, and services, and informs HUD, families served by the PHA, and members of the public of the PHA's mission and strategies for serving the needs of low-income and very low-income families. This form allows eligible PHAs to make a streamlined annual Plan submission to HUD consistent with HUD's efforts to provide regulatory relief to certain PHAs. Public reporting burden for this information collection is estimated to average 11.7 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. HUD may not collect this information and respondents are not required to complete this form, unless it displays a currently valid OMB Control Number.

Privacy Act Notice. The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, Federal Housing Administration, is authorized to solicit the information requested in this form by virtue of Title 12, U.S. Code, Section 1701 et seq., and regulations promulgated thereunder at Title 12, Code of Federal Regulations. Information in PHA plans is publicly available.

**Streamlined 5-Year Plan for
Fiscal Years 2005 – 2009**

**Streamlined Annual Plan for
Fiscal Year 2005**

**PHA Name:
Boulder County Housing Authority
CO 061**

NOTE: This PHA Plan template (HUD-50075-SA) is to be completed in accordance with instructions contained in previous Notices PIH 99-33 (HA), 99-51 (HA), 2000-22 (HA), 2000-36 (HA), 2000-43 (HA), 2001-4 (HA), 2001-26 (HA), 2003-7 (HA), and any related notices HUD may subsequently issue. Full reporting for each component listed in the streamlined Annual Plan submitted with the 5-year plan is required.

Streamlined Five-Year PHA Plan Agency Identification

PHA Name: Boulder County Housing Authority

PHA Number: CO 061

PHA Fiscal Year Beginning: 01/01/2005

PHA Programs Administered:

Public Housing and Section 8 **Section 8 Only** **Public Housing Only**
Number of public housing units: Number of S8 units: Number of public housing units:
Number of S8 units:

PHA Consortia: (check box if submitting a joint PHA Plan and complete table)

Participating PHAs	PHA Code	Program(s) Included in the Consortium	Programs Not in the Consortium	# of Units Each Program
Participating PHA 1:				
Participating PHA 2:				
Participating PHA 3:				

PHA Plan Contact Information:

Name: Frank Alexander
Title: Executive Director
TDD: 1-800-659-2656

Phone: 303-441-3929
Fax: 303-441-1537
E-mail: falexander@co.boulder.co.us

Public Access to Information

**Information regarding any activities outlined in this plan can be obtained by contacting:
(select all that apply)**

Main administrative office of the PHA
Boulder County Housing Authority
Management Office: Sundquist Building
3482 North Broadway
Boulder, Colorado 80304

PHA development management offices

PHA local offices

Boulder County Housing Authority
400 East Simpson, Suite 202
Lafayette, Colorado 80026

Display Locations For PHA Plans and Supporting Documents

The PHA Plans and attachments (if any) are available for public inspection at: (select all that apply)

Main administrative office of the PHA

Boulder County Housing Authority
Management Office: Sundquist Building
3482 North Broadway
Boulder, CO 80304

PHA development management offices

PHA local offices

Boulder County Housing Authority
400 East Simpson, Suite 202
Lafayette, Colorado 80026

- Main administrative office of the local government
- Main administrative office of the County government
- Main administrative office of the State government
- Public library
- PHA website
- <http://www.co.boulder.co.us/cs/ho>
- Other (list below)

PHA Plan Supporting Documents are available for inspection at: (select all that apply)

Main business office of the PHA

Boulder County Housing Authority
Management Office: Sundquist Building
3482 North Broadway
Boulder, CO 80304

- PHA development management offices
- Other (list below)

PHA local offices

Boulder County Housing Authority
400 East Simpson, Suite 202
Lafayette, Colorado 80026

Streamlined Five-Year PHA Plan PHA FISCAL YEARS 2005 - 2009 [24 CFR Part 903.12]

A. Mission

State the PHA's mission for serving the needs of low -income, very low income, and extremely low-income families in the PHA's jurisdiction. (select one of the choices below)

- The mission of the PHA is the same as that of the Department of Housing and Urban Development: To promote adequate and affordable housing, economic opportunity and a suitable living environment free from discrimination.
- The PHA's mission is: (state mission here)

To foster the availability of quality, affordable housing and related services for the residents of Boulder County, using broad community resources. Boulder County will accomplish its mission through:

*Community collaboration
Effective services and programs
Professional organization
Efficient resource management and
Expansion of funding sources.*

B. Goals

The goals and objectives listed below are derived from HUD's strategic Goals and Objectives and those emphasized in recent legislation. PHAs may select any of these goals and objectives as their own, or identify other goals and/or objectives. Whether selecting the HUD-suggested objectives or their own, **PHAs ARE STRONGLY ENCOURAGED TO IDENTIFY QUANTIFIABLE MEASURES OF SUCCESS IN REACHING THEIR OBJECTIVES OVER THE COURSE OF THE 5 YEARS.** (Quantifiable measures would include targets such as: numbers of families served or PHAS scores achieved.) PHAs should identify these measures in the spaces to the right of or below the stated objectives.

HUD Strategic Goal: Increase the availability of decent, safe, and affordable housing.

- PHA Goal: Expand the supply of assisted housing
Objectives:
- Apply for additional rental vouchers: (if available)
 - Reduce public housing vacancies:
 - Leverage private or other public funds to create additional housing opportunities:
 - Acquire or build units or developments
 - Other (list below)
- PHA Goal: Improve the quality of assisted housing
Objectives:
- Improve public housing management: (PHAS score)
 - Improve voucher management: (SEMAP score)

- Increase customer satisfaction:
- Concentrate on efforts to improve specific management functions:
(list; e.g., public housing finance; voucher unit inspections)
- Renovate or modernize public housing units:
- Demolish or dispose of obsolete public housing:
- Provide replacement public housing:
- Provide replacement vouchers:
- Other: (list below)

PHA Goal: Increase assisted housing choices

Objectives:

- Provide voucher mobility counseling:
- Conduct outreach efforts to potential voucher landlords:
- Increase voucher payment standards:
- Implement voucher homeownership program:
- Implement public housing or other homeownership programs:
- Implement public housing site-based waiting lists:
- Convert public housing to vouchers:
- Other: (list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Improve community quality of life and economic vitality

PHA Goal: Provide an improved living environment

Objectives:

- Implement measures to deconcentrate poverty by bringing higher income public housing households into lower income developments:
- Implement measures to promote income mixing in public housing by assuring access for lower income families into higher income developments:
- Implement public housing security improvements:
- Designate developments or buildings for particular resident groups (elderly, persons with disabilities)
- Other: (list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of families and individuals

PHA Goal: Promote self-sufficiency and asset development of assisted households

Objectives:

- Increase the number and percentage of employed persons in assisted families:
- Provide or attract supportive services to improve assistance recipients' employability:
- Provide or attract supportive services to increase independence for the elderly or families with disabilities.

Other: (list below)

HUD Strategic Goal: Ensure Equal Opportunity in Housing for all Americans

- PHA Goal: Ensure equal opportunity and affirmatively further fair housing
Objectives:
- Undertake affirmative measures to ensure access to assisted housing regardless of race, color, religion national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:
 - Undertake affirmative measures to provide a suitable living environment for families living in assisted housing, regardless of race, color, religion national origin, sex, familial status, and disability:
 - Undertake affirmative measures to ensure accessible housing to persons with all varieties of disabilities regardless of unit size required:
 - Other: (list below)

Other PHA Goals and Objectives: In addition to the above listed goals, the Boulder County Housing Authority will focus on the following goals and objectives for the years 2005-2009.

1) Goal One: Manage the Boulder County Housing Authority’s existing public housing program in an efficient and effective manner thereby qualifying as a “High Performer” in PHAS.

Objectives: 1) HUD shall recognize the Boulder County Housing Authority as a “High Performer” in PHAS.

2) Goal Two: Manage the Boulder County Housing Authority’s Tenant-Based Section 8 Program in an efficient and effective manner thereby qualifying as a “High Performer” in SEMAP.

Objectives: 1) HUD shall recognize the Boulder County Housing Authority as a “High Performer” in SEMAP.

3) Goal Three: Ensure accurate and timely submission of all required documentation.

Objectives: 1) Establish adequate and effective internal controls to ensure completion of each required document.
2) Access technical assistance from the regional HUD office.
3) Provide training for existing staff in HUD rules and regulations.

4) Goal Four: Enhance accounting controls over BCHA operations.

Objectives: 1) Establish adequate and effective internal controls.
2) Continue to enhance project-based accounting systems and resident information systems.
3) Ensure that all accounting systems are in full compliance with HUD rules and regulations.

- 4) Enhance the use of BCHA's project-based accounting system and application HMS software.
- 5) Implement and monitor an approved cost allocation plan to ensure that all costs are appropriately distributed based on program requirements.
- 6) Streamline rent collection system for all BCHA units.

5) Goal Five: Increase public awareness of housing needs and issues.

- Objectives:**
- 1) Utilize current staff to impart correct information on housing needs.
 - 2) Increase public knowledge, interest and dialogue regarding affordable housing through news media.
 - 3) Participate in countywide needs assessment for Boulder and Broomfield counties.
 - 4) Participate in countywide affordable housing summit to address regional housing needs.

6) Goal Six: Increase the current affordable housing ratio to total stock throughout Boulder County.

- Objectives:**
- 1) Acquire and develop affordable housing with local resources.
 - 2) Apply for federal housing assistance as available.
 - 3) Participate in the submission of a regional consolidated plan to HUD with other housing providers in Boulder and Broomfield counties.
 - 4) Base future acquisitions, development and rehabilitation efforts on results of needs assessment and consolidated plan.

Streamlined Annual PHA Plan

PHA Fiscal Year 2005

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b)]

Table of Contents

Provide the following table of contents for the streamlined Annual Plan submitted with the Five-Year Plan, including all streamlined plan components, and additional requirements, together with the list of supporting documents available for public inspection.

A. ANNUAL STREAMLINED PHA PLAN COMPONENTS

- 1. Housing Needs
- 2. Financial Resources
- 3. Policies on Eligibility, Selection and Admissions
- 4. Rent Determination Policies
- 5. Capital Improvements Needs
- 6. Demolition and Disposition
- 7. Homeownership
- 8. Civil Rights Certifications (included with PHA Certifications of Compliance)
- 9. Additional Information
 - a. PHA Progress on Meeting 5-Year Mission and Goals
 - b. Criteria for Substantial Deviations and Significant Amendments
 - c. Other Information Requested by HUD
 - i. Resident Advisory Board Membership and Consultation Process
 - ii. Resident Membership on the PHA Governing Board
 - iii. PHA Statement of Consistency with Consolidated Plan (Reserved)
- 10. Project-Based Voucher Program
- 11. Supporting Documents Available for Review
- 12. FY 2005 Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor, Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
- 13. Capital Fund Program 5-Year Action Plan
- 14. Other (List below, providing name for each item)

B. SEPARATE HARD COPY SUBMISSIONS TO LOCAL HUD FIELD OFFICE

Form HUD-50077, PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations: Board Resolution to Accompany the Standard Annual, Standard Five-Year, and Streamlined Five-Year/Annual Plans;

Certification by State or Local Official of PHA Plan Consistency with Consolidated Plan.

For PHAs APPLYING FOR CAPITAL FUND PROGRAM (CFP) GRANTS:

Form HUD-50070, Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace;

Form HUD-50071, Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions;

Form SF-LLL & SF-LLLa, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities.

Executive Summary (optional):

[903.7(r)]. If desired, provide a brief overview of the contents of the streamlined 5-Year/Annual Plan.

The Boulder County Housing Authority has prepared the Agency plan in compliance with Section 511 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and the ensuing HUD requirements. Some highlights of the Annual Plan include:

- All sections of the 5-year plan and supporting documentation have been updated for 2005-2009.
- Accounting controls throughout BCHA are being enhanced to ensure compliance with all applicable rules and regulations.
- Applicants are selected from the Section 8 and public housing wait lists by preference and in order of date and time applied. The preferences for the Section 8 Administrative plan have been revised for 2005-2009.
- Public housing applies an aggressive screening policy to better ensure that tenants will be good neighbors and responsible tenants.
- Efficiencies in the processing of the public housing wait list are being implemented.
- Comments by the Resident Advisory Board on the integration of services are being used for future planning purposes.
- The HUD published Fair Market Rents have been adopted as the Payments Standard for the Section 8 Tenant Based Program in order to minimize the PUC (per unit cost) and better ensure that current voucher holders will be able to continue on the Section 8 program.

The Authority was established under the laws of the State of Colorado on March 18, 1975. The Authority is a body corporate and politic created and existing pursuant to the provisions of part 5 of article 4 of title 29, Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), with powers to acquire or lease housing projects for sublease to persons and families of low income. The mission of the Authority is to foster the availability of quality, affordable housing and related services for the residents of Boulder County, Colorado using broad community resources. The Authority operates an Assisted Housing Program for Families, an Assisted Living Program for the Elderly, a Self-Sufficiency Program, an Agricultural Housing Program, a Section 8 Program, a Housing Counseling Program, a Weatherization Program, an Elder Services Program, and a Youth Building Program. The Authority provides housing for individuals and families in the 334 rental housing units owned and operated by the Authority. The Authority also manages 128 units of rental housing owned by the Housing Authority of the City of Louisville, Colorado and the Housing Authority of the Town of Erie, Colorado. The Authority provides its own management and maintenance services. The Authority presently owns or manages or administers subsidies for a total of approximately 1,139 housing units. Of this total, approximately (a) 56 units are public housing, (b) 140 units are elderly housing, (c) 233 units are assisted rental housing (d) 32 units are farm worker housing and (e) 678 units are Section 8 subsidized rental housing units.

The Authority is governed by the Boulder County Housing Authority Board (the "Authority Board"), which is comprised of the members of the Board of County Commissioners of Boulder County (the "County Board"), who serve as the ex-officio commissioners of the Housing Authority. On January 14, 2003, the Board of the County Commissioners constituted

itself as the Commissioners of the Boulder County Housing Authority and became the governing body of the Authority. The County Commissioners also created a new board to provide advice and recommendations on public housing policy for Boulder County, known as the Boulder County Housing Commission. The County Board has appointed itself pursuant to the authorizing statute, C.R.S. 29-4-504, as the governing board of the Authority and the Housing Commission provides recommendations as to policy and promotes housing and related programs. The County Board serves for four-year terms. The Boulder County Housing Commission (the "Housing Commission") is made up of members who are appointed by the County Board for five-year terms.

Under the direction of the BCHA board and the new executive director, the Authority will continue analyzing its operational efficiencies, housing portfolio, acquisition and development strategies and financial performance. The Authority has implemented and will continue to implement a number of policy and procedural changes in 2004 and during the 2005-2009 five year planning cycle. Such changes will be implemented to maximize the financial performance and stability of the Housing Authority and the related programs and services. All reorganization efforts will have direct impact on the existing housing portfolio, future acquisitions, and new developments. This management directive has included internal and external assessments regarding authority operations, resident services, development, and acquisition. The ability of the Authority to generate and sustain sufficient cash flow from operations will be critical and paramount to continued success of the Authority.

The Housing Authority is committed to complete and timely submission of all required documentation to HUD and to working fully with the HUD regional office to ensure a strong and successful future for the Section 8 program, the public housing sites, and for Section 8 new construction sites. The Housing Authority has completely reviewed all documentation related to the submission of the five-year plan and has revised numerous sections within the template and supporting sections. The ACOP, Section 8 Administrative plan, Section 8 to Homeownership plan, FSS action plan, and the maintenance plans have all received updates and have been reviewed and approved by the BCHA board, the Boulder County Housing Commission, the Louisville Housing Authority board, Housing Authority staff members throughout the organization, and the Resident Advisory Board. The management plan and the related submissions for HUD will serve as the guiding force in the operational and financial improvements for the affordable housing units that do not receive any HUD funding. In the affordable portfolio (non-HUD funded projects), the authority will be undergoing an extensive rehabilitation program from the end of 2004 to 2007 to further improve the quality of its housing stock. With the implementation of additional accounting controls and a reorganization of financial system, BCHA will increase the organization's accountability and operational capacity to prepare for the affordable housing issues of the coming decade.

The Authority is working with the Longmont Housing Authority, the Louisville Housing Authority, Boulder Housing Partners, Thistle Community Housing, the Boulder County Civic Forum, and community non-profit organizations to spearhead the development of a regional Boulder County and Broomfield County strategic plan that we project will result in the submission of a Consolidated plan to HUD in 2005. The Consortium of Cities, which is a regional forum of elected representatives from the jurisdictions throughout Boulder and Broomfield counties, has unanimously supported the development of this approach by funding a regional needs assessment that will be concluded in January of 2005.

1. Statement of Housing Needs [24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7(a)]

A. Housing Needs of Families on the Public Housing and Section 8 Tenant- Based Assistance Waiting Lists

State the housing needs of the families on the PHA's waiting list/s. **Complete one table for each type of PHA-wide waiting list administered by the PHA.** PHAs may provide separate tables for site-based or sub-jurisdictional public housing waiting lists at their option.

Housing Needs of Families on the PHA's Waiting Lists			
Waiting list type: (select one)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Section 8 tenant-based assistance			
<input type="checkbox"/> Public Housing			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Combined Section 8 and Public Housing			
<input type="checkbox"/> Public Housing Site-Based or sub-jurisdictional waiting list (optional)			
If used, identify which development/subjurisdiction:			
	# of families	% of total families	Annual Turnover
Waiting list total	1176		
Extremely low income <=30% AMI	1074	91.33%	
Very low income (>30% but <=50% AMI)	94	7.99%	
Low income (>50% but <80% AMI)	8	0.68%	
Families with children	652	55.44%	
Elderly families	291	24.74%	
Families with Disabilities	463	39.37%	
Race/ethnicity Asian	28	2.38%	
Race/ethnicity Bl/Af.Am.	65	5.53%	
Race/ethnicity Am.Ind/Alask.Native	49	4.17%	
Race/ethnicity Wh/non Hisp	891	75.77%	
Race/ethnicity Wh/ Hisp	143	12.16%	
Characteristics by Bedroom Size (Public Housing Only)			
1BR	24	44.44%	
2 BR	25	46.30%	
3 BR	3	5.56%	
4 BR	2	3.70%	
5 BR	0	0%	
5+ BR	0	0%	
Is the waiting list closed (select one)? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes If yes:			
How long has it been closed (# of months)?			
Does the PHA expect to reopen the list in the PHA Plan year? <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			
Does the PHA permit specific categories of families onto the waiting list, even if generally closed?			
<input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Yes			

B. Strategy for Addressing Needs

Provide a brief description of the PHA's strategy for addressing the housing needs of families on the PHA's public housing and Section 8 waiting lists **IN THE UPCOMING YEAR**, and the Agency's reasons for choosing this strategy.

(1) Strategies

Need: Shortage of affordable housing for all eligible populations

Strategy 1. Maximize the number of affordable units available to the PHA within its current resources by:

Select all that apply

- Employ effective maintenance and management policies to minimize the number of public housing units off-line
- Reduce turnover time for vacated public housing units
- Reduce time to renovate public housing units
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through mixed finance development
- Seek replacement of public housing units lost to the inventory through section 8 replacement housing resources
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by establishing payment standards that will enable families to rent throughout the jurisdiction
- Undertake measures to ensure access to affordable housing among families assisted by the PHA, regardless of unit size required
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by marketing the program to owners, particularly those outside of areas of minority and poverty concentration
- Maintain or increase section 8 lease-up rates by effectively screening Section 8 applicants to increase owner acceptance of program
- Participate in the Consolidated Plan development process to ensure coordination with broader community strategies
- Other (list below)

Strategy 2: Increase the number of affordable housing units by:

Select all that apply

- Apply for additional section 8 units should they become available
- Leverage affordable housing resources in the community through the creation of mixed - finance housing
- Pursue housing resources other than public housing or Section 8 tenant-based assistance.
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 30% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 30 % of AMI

Select all that apply

- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in public housing
- Exceed HUD federal targeting requirements for families at or below 30% of AMI in tenant-based section 8 assistance
- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families with economic hardships
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families at or below 50% of median

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to families at or below 50% of AMI

Select all that apply

- Employ admissions preferences aimed at families who are working
- Adopt rent policies to support and encourage work
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: The Elderly

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to the elderly:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for the elderly
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to the elderly, should they become available
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Families with Disabilities

Strategy 1: Target available assistance to Families with Disabilities:

Select all that apply

- Seek designation of public housing for families with disabilities
- Carry out the modifications needed in public housing based on the section 504 Needs Assessment for Public Housing
- Apply for special-purpose vouchers targeted to families with disabilities, should they become available
- Affirmatively market to local non-profit agencies that assist families with disabilities
- Other: (list below)

Need: Specific Family Types: Races or ethnicities with disproportionate housing needs

Strategy 1: Increase awareness of PHA resources among families of races and ethnicities with disproportionate needs:

Select if applicable

- Affirmatively market to races/ethnicities shown to have disproportionate housing needs
- Other: (list below)

Strategy 2: Conduct activities to affirmatively further fair housing

Select all that apply

- Counsel section 8 tenants as to location of units outside of areas of poverty or minority concentration and assist them to locate those units
- Market the section 8 program to owners outside of areas of poverty /minority concentrations
- Other: (list below)

Other Housing Needs & Strategies: (list needs and strategies below)

(2) Reasons for Selecting Strategies

Of the factors listed below, select all that influenced the PHA's selection of the strategies it will pursue:

- Funding constraints
- Staffing constraints
- Limited availability of sites for assisted housing
- Extent to which particular housing needs are met by other organizations in the community

Financial Resources: Planned Sources and Uses		
Sources	Planned \$	Planned Uses
1. Federal Grants (FY 2005 grants)		
a) Public Housing Operating Fund	\$ 32,990	
b) Public Housing Capital Fund	\$ 97,000	
c) HOPE VI Revitalization		
d) HOPE VI Demolition		
e) Annual Contributions for Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance	\$ 5,916,373	
f) Resident Opportunity and Self-Sufficiency Grants		
g) Community Development Block Grant		
h) HOME		
Other Federal Grants (list below)		
2. Prior Year Federal Grants (unobligated funds only) (list below)		
FY2003 Capital Fund Grant	\$ 103,649	Capital Expenditures
FY2004 Capital Fund Grant	\$ 100,088	Capital Expenditures
3. Public Housing Dwelling Rental Income		
Tenant Charges	\$ 180,687	Operations
	\$ 3,315	Operations
4. Other income (list below)		
4. Non-federal sources (list below)		
Total resources	\$6,434,102	

- Evidence of housing needs as demonstrated in the Consolidated Plan and other information available to the PHA
- Influence of the housing market on PHA programs
- Community priorities regarding housing assistance
- Results of consultation with local or state government
- Results of consultation with residents and the Resident Advisory Board
- Results of consultation with advocacy groups
- Other: (list below)

2. Statement of Financial Resources

[24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (c)]

List on the following table the financial resources that are anticipated to be available to the PHA for the support of Federal public housing and tenant based Section 8 assistance programs administered by the PHA during the Plan year. Note: the table assumes that Federal public housing or tenant based Section 8 assistance grant funds are expended on eligible purposes; therefore, uses of these funds need not be stated. For other funds, indicate the use for

those funds as one of the following categories: public housing operations, public housing capital improvements, public housing safety/security, public housing supportive services, Section 8 tenant-based assistance, Section 8 supportive services or other.

3. PHA Policies Governing Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions

[24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (b)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete subcomponent 3A.

(1) Eligibility

a. When does the PHA verify eligibility for admission to public housing? (select all that apply)

- When families are within a certain number of being offered a unit: (state number) 3
 When families are within a certain time of being offered a unit: (state time)
 Other: (describe)

b. Which non-income (screening) factors does the PHA use to establish eligibility for admission to public housing (select all that apply)?

- Criminal or Drug-related activity
 Rental history
 Housekeeping
 Other (describe)

- Credit check.
- Money owed to other housing authorities.
- Eviction from assisted housing due to drug-related or other criminal activity.
- Having a household member who has been terminated under the voucher program.

c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

d. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?

e. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

(2)Waiting List Organization

a. Which methods does the PHA plan to use to organize its public housing waiting list (select all that apply)

- Community-wide list

- Sub-jurisdictional lists
- Site-based waiting lists
- Other (describe)

b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to public housing?

- PHA main administrative office
 Boulder County Housing Authority
 Management Office: Sundquist Building
 3482 North Broadway
 Boulder, Colorado 80304

- PHA development site management office

- Other (list below)
 Boulder County Housing Authority
 400 East Simpson, Suite 202
 Lafayette, Colorado 80026

c. Site-Based Waiting Lists-Previous Year

1. Has the PHA operated one or more site-based waiting lists in the previous year? If yes, complete the following table; if not skip to d.

The PHA does not operated any site-based waiting lists.

Site-Based Waiting Lists				
Development Information: (Name, number, location)	Date Initiated	Initial mix of Racial, Ethnic or Disability Demographics	Current mix of Racial, Ethnic or Disability Demographics since Initiation of SBWL	Percent change between initial and current mix of Racial, Ethnic, or Disability demographics

2. What is the number of site based waiting list developments to which families may apply at one time? ___

3. How many unit offers may an applicant turn down before being removed from the site-based waiting list? ___

4. Yes No: Is the PHA the subject of any pending fair housing complaint by HUD or any court order or settlement agreement? If yes, describe the order, agreement or complaint and describe how use of a site-based waiting list will not violate or be inconsistent with the order, agreement or complaint below:

d. Site-Based Waiting Lists – Coming Year

If the PHA plans to operate one or more site-based waiting lists in the coming year, answer each of the following questions; if not, skip to subsection **(3) Assignment**

1. How many site-based waiting lists will the PHA operate in the coming year?
2. Yes No: Are any or all of the PHA's site-based waiting lists new for the upcoming year (that is, they are not part of a previously-HUD-approved site based waiting list plan)?
If yes, how many lists?
3. Yes No: May families be on more than one list simultaneously?
If yes, how many lists?
4. Where can interested persons obtain more information about and sign up to be on the site-based waiting lists (select all that apply)?
 - PHA main administrative office
 - All PHA development management offices
 - Management offices at developments with site-based waiting lists
 - At the development to which they would like to apply
 - Other (list below)

(3) Assignment

- a. How many vacant unit choices are applicants ordinarily given before they fall to the bottom of or are removed from the waiting list? (select one)
 - One
 - Two
 - Three or More
- b. Yes No: Is this policy consistent across all waiting list types?
- c. If answer to b is no, list variations for any other than the primary public housing waiting list/s for the PHA:

(4) Admissions Preferences

- a. Income targeting:
 - Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 40% of all new admissions to public housing to families at or below 30% of median area income?
- b. Transfer policies:

In what circumstances will transfers take precedence over new admissions? (list below)

- Emergencies
- Over-housed
- Under-housed
- Medical justification
- Administrative reasons determined by the PHA (e.g., to permit modernization work)
- Resident choice: (state circumstances below)
- Other: (list below)

c. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to public housing (other than date and time of application)? (If “no” is selected, skip to subsection **(5) Occupancy**)

2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences: (select below)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

- Elderly or disabled who have a family member (child, parent, sibling) living in jurisdiction.
- Families with child/children
- Elderly head of household or elderly spouse.
- Disabled head of household or disabled spouse.

3. If the PHA will employ admissions preferences, please prioritize by placing a “1” in the space that represents your first priority, a “2” in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolute hierarchy or

through a point system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use “1” more than once, “2” more than once, etc.

2 Date and Time

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- 1 Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans’ families
- 1 Residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- 1 Other preference(s) (list below)
 - Elderly or disabled who have a family member (child, parent, sibling) living in jurisdiction.
 - Families with child/children
 - Elderly head of household or elderly spouse.
 - Disabled head of household or disabled spouse.

4. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements:

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will meet income-targeting requirements

(5) Occupancy

a. What reference materials can applicants and residents use to obtain information about the rules of occupancy of public housing (select all that apply)

- The PHA-resident lease
- The PHA’s Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy policy
- PHA briefing seminars or written materials
- Other source (list)

b. How often must residents notify the PHA of changes in family composition? (select all that apply)

- At an annual reexamination and lease renewal
- Any time family composition changes
- At family request for revision
- Other (list)

(6) Deconcentration and Income Mixing

- a. Yes No: Does the PHA have any general occupancy (family) public housing developments covered by the deconcentration rule? If no, this section is complete. If yes, continue to the next question.
- b. Yes No: Do any of these covered developments have average incomes above or below 85% to 115% of the average incomes of all such developments? If no, this section is complete. If yes, list these developments on the following table:

Deconcentration Policy for Covered Developments			
Development Name	Number of Units	Explanation (if any) [see step 4 at §903.2(c)(1)(iv)]	Deconcentration policy (if no explanation) [see step 5 at §903.2(c)(1)(v)]

B. Section 8

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer section 8 are not required to complete sub-component 3B.
Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant-based section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).

(1) Eligibility

- a. What is the extent of screening conducted by the PHA? (select all that apply)
- Criminal or drug-related activity only to the extent required by law or regulation
 - Criminal and drug-related activity, more extensively than required by law or regulation
 - More general screening than criminal and drug-related activity (list factors):
 - Other (list below)
- b. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from local law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?
- c. Yes No: Does the PHA request criminal records from State law enforcement agencies for screening purposes?
- d. Yes No: Does the PHA access FBI criminal records from the FBI for screening purposes? (either directly or through an NCIC-authorized source)

e. Indicate what kinds of information you share with prospective landlords? (select all that apply)

Criminal or drug-related activity

Other (describe below)

- Payment of rent.
- Caring for the unit and premises.
- Respecting the rights of others to the peaceful enjoyment of their housing.
- Compliance with the conditions of tenancy.
- Names of the two previous landlords.

(2) Waiting List Organization

a. With which of the following program waiting lists is the section 8 tenant-based assistance waiting list merged? (Select all that apply)

None

Federal public housing

Federal moderate rehabilitation

Federal project-based certificate program

Other federal or local program (list below)

Section 8 New Construction housing sites

b. Where may interested persons apply for admission to section 8 tenant-based assistance? (Select all that apply)

PHA main administrative office

Boulder County Housing Authority
Management Office, Sundquist Building
3482 North Broadway
Boulder, Colorado 80304

Other (list below)

Boulder County Housing Authority
400 E. Simpson, Suite 202
Lafayette, Colorado 80026

(3) Search Time

a. Yes No: Does the PHA give extensions on standard 60-day period to search for a unit?

If yes, state circumstances below:

- As an accommodation for the elderly and/or a person with a disability.
- Medical or family emergency.
- Difficulty in finding housing due to the large size of the family.

(4) Admissions Preferences

a. Income targeting

Yes No: Does the PHA plan to exceed the federal targeting requirements by targeting more than 75% of all new admissions to the section 8 program to families at or below 30% of median area income?

b. Preferences

1. Yes No: Has the PHA established preferences for admission to section 8 tenant-based assistance? (other than date and time of application) (if no, skip to subcomponent **(5) Special purpose section 8 assistance programs**)

2. Which of the following admission preferences does the PHA plan to employ in the coming year? (select all that apply from either former Federal preferences or other preferences)

Former Federal preferences

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden (rent is > 50 percent of income)

Other preferences (select all that apply)

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans' families
- Residents who live and/or work or attend school full time in your jurisdiction
- Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs (See definition in Section 8 Administrative Plan)
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)
 - Elderly and disabled who have a family member (child, parent, sibling) living in jurisdiction.
 - Frail and elderly as defined in Section 8 administrative plan and needing supportive services through the Project HOPE program.
 - Families with a child/children.
 - Elderly head of household or elderly spouse.
 - Disabled head of household or disabled spouse.

3. If the PHA will employ admissions preferences, please prioritize by placing a "1" in the space that represents your first priority, a "2" in the box representing your second priority, and so on. If you give equal weight to one or more of these choices (either through an absolute hierarchy or

through a point system), place the same number next to each. That means you can use “1” more than once, “2” more than once, etc.

3 Date and Time

Former Federal preferences:

- Involuntary Displacement (Disaster, Government Action, Action of Housing Owner, Inaccessibility, Property Disposition)
- Victims of domestic violence
- Substandard housing
- Homelessness
- High rent burden

Other preferences (select all that apply):

- Working families and those unable to work because of age or disability
- Veterans and veterans’ families
- 2 Residents who live and/or work in your jurisdiction
- 2 Those enrolled currently in educational, training, or upward mobility programs (See definition in Section 8 Administrative Plan)
- Households that contribute to meeting income goals (broad range of incomes)
- Households that contribute to meeting income requirements (targeting)
- Those previously enrolled in educational, training, or upward mobility programs
- Victims of reprisals or hate crimes
- Other preference(s) (list below)

2 Elderly and disabled who have a family member (child, parent, sibling) living in jurisdiction.

1 Frail and elderly as defined in Section 8 Administrative Plan and needing supportive services through the Project HOPE program.

2 Families with a child/children.

2 Elderly head of household or elderly spouse.

2 Disabled head of household or disabled spouse.

4. Among applicants on the waiting list with equal preference status, how are applicants selected? (select one)

- Date and time of application
- Drawing (lottery) or other random choice technique

5. If the PHA plans to employ preferences for “residents who live and/or work in the jurisdiction” (select one)

- This preference has previously been reviewed and approved by HUD
- The PHA requests approval for this preference through this PHA Plan

6. Relationship of preferences to income targeting requirements: (select one)

- The PHA applies preferences within income tiers
- Not applicable: the pool of applicant families ensures that the PHA will meet income targeting requirements

(5) Special Purpose Section 8 Assistance Programs

a. In which documents or other reference materials are the policies governing eligibility, selection, and admissions to any special-purpose section 8 program administered by the PHA contained? (select all that apply)

- The Section 8 Administrative Plan
- Briefing sessions and written materials
- Other (list below)

b. How does the PHA announce the availability of any special-purpose section 8 programs to the public?

- Through published notices
- Other (list below)

4. PHA Rent Determination Policies

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7(d)]

A. Public Housing

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer public housing are not required to complete sub-component 4A.

(1) Income Based Rent Policies

Describe the PHA's income based rent setting policy/ies for public housing using, including discretionary (that is, not required by statute or regulation) income disregards and exclusions, in the appropriate spaces below.

a. Use of discretionary policies: (select one of the following two)

- The PHA will not employ any discretionary rent-setting policies for income-based rent in public housing. Income-based rents are set at the higher of 30% of adjusted monthly income, 10% of unadjusted monthly income, the welfare rent, or minimum rent (less HUD mandatory deductions and exclusions). (If selected, skip to sub-component (2))
- The PHA employs discretionary policies for determining income-based rent (If selected, continue to question b.)

b. Minimum Rent

1. What amount best reflects the PHA's minimum rent? (select one)

- \$0
- \$1-\$25
- \$26-\$50

2. Yes No: Has the PHA adopted any discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption policies?

3. If yes to question 2, list these policies below:

A. A hardship exists in the following circumstances:

1. When the family has lost eligibility for or is waiting an eligibility determination for a Federal, State, or local assistance program;
2. When the family would be evicted as a result of the imposition of the minimum rent requirement;
3. When the income of the family has decreased because of changed circumstances, including loss of employment;
4. When the family has an increase in expenses because of changed circumstances, for medical costs, childcare, transportation, education, or similar items;
5. When a death has occurred in the family.

c. Rents set at less than 30% of adjusted income

1. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to charge rents at a fixed amount or percentage less than 30% of adjusted income?

2. If yes to above, list the amounts or percentages charged and the circumstances under which these will be used below:

d. Which of the discretionary (optional) deductions and/or exclusions policies does the PHA plan to employ (select all that apply)

For the earned income of a previously unemployed household member

For increases in earned income

Fixed amount (other than general rent-setting policy)

If yes, state amount/s and circumstances below:

Fixed percentage (other than general rent-setting policy)

If yes, state percentage/s and circumstances below:

For household heads

For other family members

For transportation expenses

For the non-reimbursed medical expenses of non-disabled or non-elderly families

Other (describe below)

e. Ceiling rents

1. Do you have ceiling rents? (rents set at a level lower than 30% of adjusted income) (select one)

Yes for all developments

Yes but only for some developments

No

2. For which kinds of developments are ceiling rents in place? (select all that apply)

- For all developments
- For all general occupancy developments (not elderly or disabled or elderly only)
- For specified general occupancy developments
- For certain parts of developments; e.g., the high-rise portion
- For certain size units; e.g., larger bedroom sizes
- Other (list below)

3. Select the space or spaces that best describe how you arrive at ceiling rents (select all that apply)

- Market comparability study
- Fair market rents (FMR)
- 95th percentile rents
- 75 percent of operating costs
- 100 percent of operating costs for general occupancy (family) developments
- Operating costs plus debt service
- The "rental value" of the unit
- Other (list below)

f. Rent re-determinations:

1. Between income reexaminations, how often must tenants report changes in income or family composition to the PHA such that the changes result in an adjustment to rent? (select all that apply)

- Never
- At family option
- Any time the family experiences an income increase
- Any time a family experiences an income increase above a threshold amount or percentage: (if selected, specify threshold)_____
- Other (list below)
 - Anytime there is a decrease income.
 - Anytime there is an increase in allowable expenses.
 - When there is a change in family composition.

g. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to implement individual savings accounts for residents (ISAs) as an alternative to the required 12 month disallowance of earned income and phasing in of rent increases in the next year?

(2) Flat Rents

a. In setting the market-based flat rents, what sources of information did the PHA use to

establish comparability? (select all that apply.)

- The section 8 rent reasonableness study of comparable housing
- Survey of rents listed in local newspaper
- Survey of similar unassisted units in the neighborhood
- Other (list/describe below)

B. Section 8 Tenant-Based Assistance

Exemptions: PHAs that do not administer Section 8 tenant-based assistance are not required to complete sub-component 4B. **Unless otherwise specified, all questions in this section apply only to the tenant-based section 8 assistance program (vouchers, and until completely merged into the voucher program, certificates).**

(1) Payment Standards

Describe the voucher payment standards and policies.

a. What is the PHA's payment standard? (select the category that best describes your standard)

- At or above 90% but below 100% of FMR
- 100% of FMR
- Above 100% but at or below 110% of FMR
- Above 110% of FMR (if HUD approved; describe circumstances below)

b. If the payment standard is lower than FMR, why has the PHA selected this standard? (select all that apply)

- FMRs are adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area
- The PHA has chosen to serve additional families by lowering the payment standard
- Reflects market or submarket
- Other (list below)

c. If the payment standard is higher than FMR, why has the PHA chosen this level? (select all that apply)

- FMRs are not adequate to ensure success among assisted families in the PHA's segment of the FMR area
- Reflects market or submarket
- To increase housing options for families
- Other (list below)

d. How often are payment standards reevaluated for adequacy? (select one)

- Annually
- Other (list below)

e. What factors will the PHA consider in its assessment of the adequacy of its payment standard? (select all that apply)

- Success rates of assisted families
- Rent burdens of assisted families
- Other (list below)

Amount of funding available for housing assistance payments.

(2) Minimum Rent

a. What amount best reflects the PHA's minimum rent? (select one)

- \$0
- \$1-\$25
- \$26-\$50

b. Yes No: Has the PHA adopted any discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption policies? (if yes, list below)

Discretionary minimum rent hardship exemption:

Elderly or persons with a disability may request a waiver from minimum rent requirements.

5. Capital Improvement Needs

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7 (g)]

Exemptions from Component 5: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this component and may skip to Component 6.

A. Capital Fund Activities

Exemptions from sub-component 5A: PHAs that will not participate in the Capital Fund Program may skip to component 5B. All other PHAs must complete 5A as instructed.

(1) Capital Fund Program

- a. Yes No Does the PHA plan to participate in the Capital Fund Program in the upcoming year? If yes, complete items 12 and 13 of this template (Capital Fund Program tables). If no, skip to B.
- b. Yes No: Does the PHA propose to use any portion of its CFP funds to repay debt incurred to finance capital improvements? If so, the PHA must identify in its annual and 5-year capital plans the development(s) where such improvements will be made and show both how the proceeds of the financing will be used and the amount of the annual payments required to service the debt. (Note that separate HUD approval is required for such financing activities.).

B. HOPE VI and Public Housing Development and Replacement Activities (Non-Capital Fund)

Applicability of sub-component 5B: All PHAs administering public housing. Identify any approved HOPE VI and/or public housing development or replacement activities not described in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement.

(1) Hope VI Revitalization

- a. Yes No: Has the PHA received a HOPE VI revitalization grant? (if no, skip to next component; if yes, provide responses to questions on chart below for each grant, copying and completing as many times as necessary)

- b. Status of HOPE VI revitalization grant (complete one set of questions for each grant)
 Development name:
 Development (project) number:
 Status of grant: (select the statement that best describes the current status)
 Revitalization Plan under development
 Revitalization Plan submitted, pending approval
 Revitalization Plan approved
 Activities pursuant to an approved Revitalization Plan underway

- c. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to apply for a HOPE VI Revitalization grant in the Plan year? If yes, list development name/s below:

- d. Yes No: Will the PHA be engaging in any mixed-finance development activities for public housing in the Plan year? If yes, list developments or activities below:

- e. Yes No: Will the PHA be conducting any other public housing development or replacement activities not discussed in the Capital Fund Program Annual Statement? If yes, list developments or activities below:

6. Demolition and Disposition

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7 (h)]

Applicability of component 6: Section 8 only PHAs are not required to complete this section.

- a. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to conduct any demolition or disposition activities (pursuant to section 18 or 24 (Hope VI) of the U.S. Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437p) or Section 202/Section 33 (Mandatory Conversion) in the plan Fiscal Year? (If “No”, skip to component 7; if “yes”, complete one activity description for each development on the following chart.)

Demolition/Disposition Activity Description
1a. Development name:
1b. Development (project) number:
2. Activity type: Demolition <input type="checkbox"/> Disposition <input type="checkbox"/>
3. Application status (select one) Approved <input type="checkbox"/>

Submitted, pending approval <input type="checkbox"/>
Planned application <input type="checkbox"/>
4. Date application approved, submitted, or planned for submission: (DD/MM/YY)
5. Number of units affected:
6. Coverage of action (select one)
<input type="checkbox"/> Part of the development
<input type="checkbox"/> Total development
7. Timeline for activity:
a. Actual or projected start date of activity:
b. Projected end date of activity:

7. Section 8 Tenant Based Assistance--Section 8(y) Homeownership Program

[24 CFR Part 903.12(b), 903.7(k)(1)(i)]

- (1) Yes No: Does the PHA plan to administer a Section 8 Homeownership program pursuant to Section 8(y) of the U.S.H.A. of 1937, as implemented by 24 CFR part 982? (If “No”, skip to the next component; if “yes”, complete each program description below (copy and complete questions for each program identified.)

(2) Program Description

In the spring of 2001, the Housing Commissioners Board approved a pilot for the Section 8 to Homeownership Program (S8HOP). The intention of the pilot was to determine whether permanently disabled Section 8 tenants could successfully buy homes in Boulder County, using the Section 8 housing assistance payment toward their mortgage. In September 2002, the Housing Counseling Program integrated S8HOP for the disabled into BCHA’s Homeownership Program. No more than five persons/families will receive certificates of eligibility for the S8HOP each year. No more than three persons/families will be eligible for a certificate and/or to be in the home buying process at any one time. BCHA partners with the Center for People with Disabilities, the Mental Health Center, Project Self-sufficiency and other local housing agencies to offer services to assist in the home buying process. These services include, but are not limited to the following: case management, counseling, budget assistance, health and employment assistance, and transportation assistance. The local coordinators will continue to make case management and flexible-housing services available for the S8HOP participants after they purchase a home.

BCHA’s mission is to promote the availability of quality, affordable housing and related services for Boulder County residents. The S8HOP is only one component of BCHA’s countywide outreach. Currently, BCHA assists 886 families with their housing needs. Over the past six years, BCHA has been in partnership with City of Longmont to offer down payment assistance to low-income first-time homebuyers. This program builds on the work accomplished by Hope 3 and the State Department of Human Services Supportive Housing and Homeless Program. These programs have been models for similar initiatives nationwide.

a. Size of Program

Yes No: Will the PHA limit the number of families participating in the Section 8 homeownership option?

If the answer to the question above was yes, what is the maximum number of participants this fiscal year? Five

Currently, the Section 8 Homeownership Programs for clients with disabilities has a maximum of five participants per year. If the BCHA adds FSS clients to the Section 8 Homeownership Program, the maximum number of participants per year will remain at five – three FSS and two participants with disabilities with no more than three in the program at any one time.

b. PHA established eligibility criteria

Yes No: Will the PHA's program have eligibility criteria for participation in its Section 8 Homeownership Option program in addition to HUD criteria?

If yes, list criteria below:

BCHA requires a minimum of \$750 or 5% of assets; whichever is greater, for a down payment for the participating disabled clients. The participant must be in good standing in the Section 8 Program for one year and remain in good standing after issued a Certification of Section 8 Homeownership Eligibility.

b. What actions will the PHA undertake to implement the program this year (list)?

The Section 8 Homeownership program was implemented in 2002 as a pilot program. Presently, BCHA is investigating the possibility of expanding the program to include FSS participants, who will use their Section 8 voucher for homeownership. BCHA will determine the feasibility of the expanded program and continue to work with the Colorado and Housing Finance Authority (CHFA) on the following homeownership program elements: loan options, escrow change issues, interest rate tax deduction calculations, and setting up a center for FSS Homeownership program. BCHA will also work with its partners to establish an affordability cap policy for the program.

(3) Capacity of the PHA to Administer a Section 8 Homeownership Program

The PHA has demonstrated its capacity to administer the program by (select all that apply):

- a. Establishing a minimum homeowner down payment requirement of at least 3 percent of purchase price and requiring that at least 1 percent of the purchase price comes from the family's resources.
- b. Requiring that financing for purchase of a home under its Section 8 homeownership will be provided, insured or guaranteed by the state or Federal government; comply with secondary mortgage market underwriting requirements; or comply with generally accepted private sector underwriting standards.
- c. Partnering with a qualified agency or agencies to administer the program (list name(s) and years of experience below).
- d. Demonstrating that it has other relevant experience (list experience below).

Current BCHA programs include:

- 1) City of Longmont Down Payment Assistance Program
- 2) Housing Counseling Program
- 3) Section 8 Homeownership Program since 2002

8. Civil Rights Certifications

[24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (o)]

Civil rights certifications are included in the *PHA Plan Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations: Board Resolution to Accompany the Standard Annual, Standard Five-Year, and Streamlined Five-Year/Annual Plans*, which is submitted to the Field Office in hard copy—see Table of Contents.

9. Additional Information

[24 CFR Part 903.12 (b), 903.7 (r)]

A. PHA Progress in Meeting the Mission and Goals Described in the 5-Year Plan

(Provide a statement of the PHA's progress against the goals and objectives established in the previous 5-Year Plan for the period FY 2000- 2004.)

The Boulder County Housing Authority successfully met many of the previous goals in the 2000-2004 five-year plan submitted to HUD. In the years 2002-2004, the economic downturn, increased vacancy rates combined with an aggressive acquisition policy and staff turnover have challenged the operations of BCHA. Current staff are working to address these issues.

The 2000-2004 goals were as follows:

- 1) Manage the Boulder County Housing Authority's existing public housing program in an efficient and effective manner thereby qualifying as a "High Performer" in PHAS.
 - a. The Housing has scored consistently as a "High Performer" in PHAS.
 - b. The scores were as follows: 1999—90, 2000—94, 2001—98, 2002—96
 - c. In 2004, BCHA did not submit the unaudited financials for 2003 within the timelines required by HUD due to staff turnover within the Director of Finance position and financial restructuring. As a result, BCHA received a late presumptive zero in the Financial Assessment Subsystem scoring issued by HUD. The 2003 audited financials have been submitted within the required timeframes. As a result, we are now on track to meet our goal for the fiscal year 2004, which is to ensure that all submissions to REAC and to the HUD regional office will be timely and accurate.
- 1) Manage the Boulder County Housing Authority's Tenant-Based Section 8 Program in an efficient and effective manner thereby qualifying as a "High Performer" in SEMAP.
 - a. The Housing Authority has consistently scored as a "High Performer" in SEMAP.
 - b. The scores were as follows: 2000—125 (93%), 2001—138 (102%), 2002—135 (104%), and 2003—135 (104%).

- 1) Increase public awareness of housing needs and issues.
 - a. The issue of affordable housing is a major issue within Boulder County. BCHA has participated in efforts to increase public awareness. In addition, in 2004 BCHA began participation in an initiative with the Boulder County Civic Forum and endorsed by the Consortium of Cities to collaborate regionally on affordable housing and integrate this with the Super Intergovernmental Agreement.
- 1) Increase the current affordable housing ratio to total stock throughout Boulder County.
 - a. The number of affordable units owned and operated by the Boulder County Housing Authority has increased to 462 units in 2004. Between 2000 and early 2003, the BCHA acquired or developed a total of 156 affordable housing units: 127 for the BCHA, 17 for Louisville Housing Authority, and 12 for Erie Housing Authority.
 - b. The acquisition and development of this number of units between 2000 and 2003 has required BCHA to focus on establishing an effective accounting and operational infrastructure to meet the new demands of the organization.

B. Criteria for Substantial Deviations and Significant Amendments

(1) Amendment and Deviation Definitions

24 CFR Part 903.7(r)

PHAs are required to define and adopt their own standards of substantial deviation from the 5-year Plan and Significant Amendment to the Annual Plan. The definition of significant amendment is important because it defines when the PHA will subject a change to the policies or activities described in the Annual Plan to full public hearing and HUD review before implementation.

- a. Substantial Deviation from the 5-Year Plan:
 - i. Substantial deviation is defined as discretionary changes in the plans or policies of the housing authority that fundamentally change the mission, goals, objectives, or plans of the agency and which require formal approval of the Board of Commissioners.
- a. Significant Amendment or Modification to the Annual Plan
 - i. Substantial amendment or modification is defined as discretionary changes in the plans or policies of the housing authority that fundamentally change the mission, goals, objectives, or plans of the agency and which require formal approval of the Board of Commissioners.

C. Other Information

[24 CFR Part 903.13, 903.15]

(1) Resident Advisory Board Recommendations

- a. Yes No: Did the PHA receive any comments on the PHA Plan from the Resident Advisory Board/s?

If yes, provide the comments below:

- The Housing Authority needs to continue to provide resident services and help tenants to get to know each other.
- There needs to be more coordination of community services and help in families knowing what is available.
- Tenants need more opportunity for interaction.

b. In what manner did the PHA address those comments? (select all that apply)

Considered comments, but determined that no changes to the PHA Plan were necessary.

The PHA changed portions of the PHA Plan in response to comments
List changes below:

Other: (list below)

The Boulder County Housing Authority has partnered with the Longmont Housing Authority to begin a survey of all Section 8 clients and PHA clients living in the Longmont region. The survey is attached in the Resident Advisory Board section. This survey will likely be expanded to other regions throughout Boulder County as the authority strives to understand the needs of and improve the overall service for the residents in the authority's housing sites and Section 8 program.

(2) Resident Membership on PHA Governing Board

The governing board of each PHA is required to have at least one member who is directly assisted by the PHA, unless the PHA meets certain exemption criteria. Regulations governing the resident board member are found at 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E.

a. Does the PHA governing board include at least one member who is directly assisted by the PHA this year?

The Authority is a body corporate and politic created and existing pursuant to the provisions of part 5 of article 4 of title 29, Colorado Revised Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), with powers to acquire or lease housing projects for sublease to persons and families of low income. The Authority is governed by the Boulder County Housing Authority Board (the "Authority Board"), which is comprised of the Board of County Commissioners of Boulder County (the "County Board"), who are county elected officials. On January 14, 2003, the Board of the County Commissioners constituted itself as the Commissioners of the Boulder County Housing Authority and became the governing body of the Authority. The Boulder County Housing Commission (the "Housing Commission") is made up of members who are appointed by the County Board for five-year terms. It is the structural intention of the county board to receive resident input into its PHA programs from the Housing Commission.

Yes No:

If yes, complete the following:

Name of Resident Member of the PHA Governing Board:

Ron Alhstrom, resident. Mr. Alhstrom was a Board member prior to the Board of County Commissioners becoming the BCHA board. He has remained on as a member of the Boulder County Housing Commission.

Method of Selection:

Appointment

The term of appointment is (include the date term expires): 2005

The members of the Boulder County Housing Commission are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners.

Election by Residents (if checked, complete next section--Description of Resident Election Process)

Description of Resident Election Process

Nomination of candidates for place on the ballot: (select all that apply)

- Candidates were nominated by resident and assisted family organizations
- Candidates could be nominated by any adult recipient of PHA assistance
- Self-nomination: Candidates registered with the PHA and requested a place on ballot
- Other: (describe)

Eligible candidates: (select one)

- Any recipient of PHA assistance
- Any head of household receiving PHA assistance
- Any adult recipient of PHA assistance
- Any adult member of a resident or assisted family organization
- Other (list)

Eligible voters: (select all that apply)

- All adult recipients of PHA assistance (public housing and section 8 tenant-based assistance)
- Representatives of all PHA resident and assisted family organizations
- Other (list)

b. If the PHA governing board does not have at least one member who is directly assisted by the PHA, why not?

- The PHA is located in a State that requires the members of a governing board to be salaried and serve on a full time basis
- The PHA has less than 300 public housing units, has provided reasonable notice to the resident advisory board of the opportunity to serve on the governing board, and has not been notified by any resident of their interest to participate in the Board.
- Other (explain):

Date of next term expiration of a governing board member: December 2005

Name and title of appointing official(s) for governing board (indicate appointing official for the next available position):

The members of the Boulder County Housing Commission are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners.

(3) PHA Statement of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan

[24 CFR Part 903.15]

For each applicable Consolidated Plan, make the following statement (copy questions as many times as necessary).

Consolidated Plan jurisdiction: The State of Colorado

a. The PHA has taken the following steps to ensure consistency of this PHA Plan with the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction: (select all that apply):

- The PHA has based its statement of needs of families on its waiting list on the needs expressed in the Consolidated Plan/s.
- The PHA has participated in any consultation process organized and offered by the Consolidated Plan agency in the development of the Consolidated Plan.
- The PHA has consulted with the Consolidated Plan agency during the development of this PHA Plan.
- Activities to be undertaken by the PHA in the coming year are consistent with the initiatives contained in the Consolidated Plan. (list below)
- Other: (list below)

b. The Consolidated Plan of the jurisdiction supports the PHA Plan with the following actions and commitments: (describe below)

(4) (Reserved)

Use this section to provide any additional information requested by HUD.

10. Project-Based Voucher Program

- a. Yes No: Does the PHA plan to “project-base” any tenant-based Section 8 vouchers in the coming year? If yes, answer the following questions.
- b. Yes No: Are there circumstances indicating that the project basing of the units, rather than tenant-basing of the same amount of assistance is an appropriate option?

If yes, check which circumstances apply:

- Low utilization rate for vouchers due to lack of suitable rental units
- Access to neighborhoods outside of high poverty areas
- Other (describe below:)

Boulder County Housing Authority has developed designated affordable housing for the elderly. Many of these tenants, on fixed income, are not able to afford the unit rent, despite the rents being lower than comparable market rents. These projects are included in the affordable housing portfolio of the BCHA. Project Basing vouchers on these units will increase the access to affordable housing for the elderly on fixed income.

- c. Indicate the number of units and general location of units (e.g. eligible census tracts or smaller areas within eligible census tracts):

Two to three units at Eagle Place in Niwot, Colorado and/or similar type units in Lafayette or Longmont with similar demographic needs.

11. List of Supporting Documents Available for Review for Streamlined Five-Year/ Annual PHA Plans

PHAs are to indicate which documents are available for public review by placing a mark in the “Applicable & On Display” column in the appropriate rows. All listed documents must be on display if applicable to the program activities conducted by the PHA.

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Related Plan Component
X	<i>PHA Certifications of Compliance with the PHA Plans and Related Regulations and Board Resolution to Accompany the Standard Annual, Standard Five-Year, and Streamlined Five-Year/Annual Plans.</i>	Standard 5 Year and Annual Plans; streamlined 5 Year Plans
X	State/Local Government Certification of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan.	5 Year Plans
X	Fair Housing Documentation Supporting Fair Housing Certifications: Records reflecting that the PHA has examined its programs or proposed programs, identified any impediments to fair housing choice in those programs, addressed or is addressing those impediments in a reasonable fashion in view of the resources available, and worked or is working with local jurisdictions to implement any of the jurisdictions’ initiatives to affirmatively further fair housing that require the PHA’s involvement.	5 Year and Annual Plans
X	Housing Needs Statement of the Consolidated Plan for the jurisdiction(s) in which the PHA is located and any additional backup data to support statement of housing needs for families on the PHA’s public housing and Section 8 tenant-based waiting lists.	Annual Plan: Housing Needs
X	Most recent board-approved operating budget for the public housing program	Annual Plan: Financial Resources
X	Public Housing Admissions and (Continued) Occupancy Policy (A&O/ACOP), which includes the Tenant Selection and Assignment Plan [TSAP] and the Site-Based Waiting List Procedure.	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
	Any policy governing occupancy of Police Officers and Over-Income Tenants in Public Housing. <input type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A&O Policy.	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Related Plan Component
		Policies
X	Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Eligibility, Selection, and Admissions Policies
X	Public housing rent determination policies, including the method for setting public housing flat rents. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy.	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Schedule of flat rents offered at each public housing development. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy.	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Section 8 rent determination (payment standard) policies (if included in plan, not necessary as a supporting document) and written analysis of Section 8 payment standard policies. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan.	Annual Plan: Rent Determination
X	Public housing management and maintenance policy documents, including policies for the prevention or eradication of pest infestation (including cockroach infestation).	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance
X	Results of latest Public Housing Assessment System (PHAS) Assessment (or other applicable assessment).	Annual Plan: Management and Operations
	Follow-up Plan to Results of the PHAS Resident Satisfaction Survey (if necessary)	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance and Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	Results of latest Section 8 Management Assessment System (SEMAP)	Annual Plan: Management and Operations
	Any policies governing any Section 8 special housing types <input type="checkbox"/> check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan	Annual Plan: Operations and Maintenance
	Consortium agreement(s).	Annual Plan: Agency Identification and Operations/ Management
X	Public housing grievance procedures <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy.	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
X	Section 8 informal review and hearing procedures. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in Section 8 Administrative Plan.	Annual Plan: Grievance Procedures
X	The Capital Fund/Comprehensive Grant Program Annual Statement /Performance and Evaluation Report for any active grant year.	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
X	Most recent CIAP Budget/Progress Report (HUD 52825) for any active CIAP grants.	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Approved HOPE VI applications or, if more recent, approved or submitted HOPE VI Revitalization Plans, or any other approved proposal for development of public housing.	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Self-evaluation, Needs Assessment and Transition Plan required by regulations implementing Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and the Americans with Disabilities Act. See PIH Notice 99-52 (HA).	Annual Plan: Capital Needs
	Approved or submitted applications for demolition and/or disposition of public	Annual Plan: Demolition

List of Supporting Documents Available for Review		
Applicable & On Display	Supporting Document	Related Plan Component
	housing.	and Disposition
	Approved or submitted applications for designation of public housing (Designated Housing Plans).	Annual Plan: Designation of Public Housing
	Approved or submitted assessments of reasonable revitalization of public housing and approved or submitted conversion plans prepared pursuant to section 202 of the 1996 HUD Appropriations Act, Section 22 of the US Housing Act of 1937, or Section 33 of the US Housing Act of 1937.	Annual Plan: Conversion of Public Housing
	Documentation for required Initial Assessment and any additional information required by HUD for Voluntary Conversion.	Annual Plan: Voluntary Conversion of Public Housing
X	Approved or submitted public housing homeownership programs/plans.	Annual Plan: Homeownership
X	Policies governing any Section 8 Homeownership program (Section 21.0 of the Section 8 Administrative Plan)	Annual Plan: Homeownership
X	Public Housing Community Service Policy/Programs <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in Public Housing A & O Policy	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	Cooperative agreement between the PHA and the TANF agency and between the PHA and local employment and training service agencies.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	FSS Action Plan(s) for public housing and/or Section 8.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	Section 3 documentation required by 24 CFR Part 135, Subpart E for public housing.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
	Most recent self-sufficiency (ED/SS, TOP or ROSS or other resident services grant) grant program reports for public housing.	Annual Plan: Community Service & Self-Sufficiency
X	Policy on Ownership of Pets in Public Housing Family Developments (as required by regulation at 24 CFR Part 960, Subpart G). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Check here if included in the public housing A & O Policy.	Pet Policy
X	The results of the most recent fiscal year audit of the PHA conducted under the Single Audit Act as implemented by OMB Circular A-133, the results of that audit and the PHA's response to any findings.	Annual Plan: Annual Audit
	Consortium agreement(s), if a consortium administers PHA programs.	Joint PHA Plan for Consortia
	Consortia Joint PHA Plans ONLY: Certification that consortium agreement is in compliance with 24 CFR Part 943 pursuant to an opinion of counsel on file and available for inspection	Joint PHA Plan for Consortia
	Other supporting documents (optional). List individually.	(Specify as needed)

12. Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report

**Part I: Summary, Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report
Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF)**

PHA Name: Boulder County Housing Authority	Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program Grant No: CO06P06150104 Replacement Housing Factor Grant No:	Federal FY of Grant: 05
--	---	-------------------------------

Original Annual Statement Reserve for Disasters/ Emergencies Revised Annual Statement (revision no:)
 Performance and Evaluation Report for Period Ending: Final Performance and Evaluation Report

Line	Summary by Development Account	Total Estimated Cost		Total Actual Cost	
		Original	Revised	Obligated	Expended
1	Total non-CFP Funds				
2	1406 Operations	\$ 2,088.00			
3	1408 Management Improvements				
4	1410 Administration	\$ 5,000.00			
5	1411 Audit				
6	1415 Liquidated Damages				
7	1430 Fees and Costs				
8	1440 Site Acquisition				
9	1450 Site Improvement				
10	1460 Dwelling Structures	\$ 85,112.00			
11	1465.1 Dwelling Equipment—Nonexpendable				
12	1470 Nondwelling Structures				
13	1475 Nondwelling Equipment				
14	1485 Demolition				
15	1490 Replacement Reserve				
16	1492 Moving to Work Demonstration				
17	1495.1 Relocation Costs				
18	1499 Development Activities				
19	1501 Collateralization or Debt Service				
20	1502 Contingency	\$ 4,800.00			
21	Amount of Annual Grant: (sum of lines 2 – 20)	\$97,000.00			
22	Amount of line 21 Related to LBP Activities				
23	Amount of line 21 Related to Section 504 compliance				
24	Amount of line 21 Related to Security – Soft Costs				
25	Amount of Line 21 Related to Security – Hard Costs				
26	Amount of line 21 Related to Energy Conservation Measures				

12. Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report

Annual Statement/Performance and Evaluation Report Capital Fund Program and Capital Fund Program Replacement Housing Factor (CFP/CFPRHF) Part III: Implementation Schedule							
PHA Name: Boulder County Housing Authority		Grant Type and Number Capital Fund Program No: CO06P06150104 Replacement Housing Factor No:				Federal FY of Grant: 2005	
Development Number Name/HA-Wide Activities	All Fund Obligated (Quarter Ending Date)			All Funds Expended (Quarter Ending Date)			Reasons for Revised Target Dates
	Original	Revised	Actual	Original	Revised	Actual	
CO061002 Rodeo	9/30/2006	--	--	09/30/2008	--	--	

13. Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan

Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan					
Part I: Summary					
PHA Name: Boulder County Housing Authority			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original 5-Year Plan <input type="checkbox"/> Revision No:		
Development Number/Name/HA-Wide	Year 1	Work Statement for Year 2 FFY Grant: 2006 PHA FY: 2006	Work Statement for Year 3 FFY Grant: 2007 PHA FY: 2007	Work Statement for Year 4 FFY Grant: 2008 PHA FY: 2008	Work Statement for Year 5 FFY Grant: 2009 PHA FY: 2009
	Annual Statement				
CO061001 Lafayette Villa West		\$64,712.00			
CO061001 Mountain Gate		\$20,400.00			
CO061001 Lafayette Villa West			\$64,712.00		
CO061004 Scattered Sites			\$20,400.00		
CO061002 Dover				\$74,912.00	
CO061002 Rodeo				\$10,200.00	
CO061004 Scattered Sites					\$85,112.00
CFP Funds Listed for 5-year planning		\$85,112.00	\$85,112.00	\$85,112.00	\$85,112.00
Replacement Housing Factor Funds					

Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan						
Part II: Supporting Pages—Work Activities						
Activities for Year 1	Activities for Year: 2006 FFY Grant: 2006 PHA FY: 2006			Activities for Year: 2007 FFY Grant: 2007 PHA FY: 2007		
	Development Name/Number	Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	Development Name/Number	Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost
See	CO061001 Lafayette Villa West	Dwelling Structures: carpet, roofing, gutters, flooring, appliances, water heaters, cabinets	\$64,712.00	CO061001 Lafayette Villa West	Dwelling Structures: roofing, gutters, flooring, appliances, water heaters, cabinets	\$64,712.00
Annual	CO061001 Mountain Gate	Dwelling Structures: carpet, siding, flooring, appliances, water heaters, cabinets	\$20,400.00	CO061004 Scattered Sites	Dwelling Structures: cabinets, bath fixtures, tub surrounds	\$20,400.00
Statement						
Total CFP Estimated Cost			\$85,112.00			\$85,112.00

Capital Fund Program Five-Year Action Plan					
Part II: Supporting Pages—Work Activities					
Activities for Year: 2008 FFY Grant: 2008 PHA FY: 2008			Activities for Year: 2009 FFY Grant: 2009 PHA FY: 2009		
Development Name/Number	Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost	Development Name/Number	Major Work Categories	Estimated Cost
CO061002 Dover	Flooring	\$74,912.00	CO061004 Scattered Sites	Dwelling Structures	\$85,112.00
CO061002 Rodeo	Furnaces	\$10,200.00			
Total CFP Estimated Cost		\$85,112.00			\$85,112.00

BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY
SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>1.0</u>	<u>EQUAL OPPORTUNITY</u>	<u>5</u>
1.1	FAIR HOUSING	5
1.2	REASONABLE ACCOMODATION	5
1.3	COMMUNICATION	6
1.4	QUESTIONS TO ASK IN GRANTING THE ACCOMMODATION	6
1.5	SERVICES FOR NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING APPLICANTS AND PARTICIPANTS	7
1.6	FAMILY/OWNER OUTREACH	7
1.7	RIGHT TO PRIVACY	8
1.8	REQUIRED POSTINGS	8
<u>2.0</u>	<u>BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY/OWNER RESPONSIBILITY/OBLIGATION OF THE FAMILY</u>	<u>8</u>
2.1	BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY RESPONSIBILITIES	9
2.2	OWNER RESPONSIBILITY	10
2.3	OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTICIPANT	11
<u>3.0</u>	<u>ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION</u>	<u>13</u>
3.1	INTRODUCTION	13
3.2	ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA	13
<u>4.0</u>	<u>MANAGING THE WAITING LIST</u>	<u>17</u>
4.1	OPENING AND CLOSING THE WAITING LIST	17
4.2	TAKING APPLICATIONS	17
4.3	ORGANIZATION OF THE WAITING LIST	19 18
4.4	FAMILIES NEARING THE TOP OF THE WAITING LIST	19
4.5	MISSED APPOINTMENTS	19
4.6	PURGING THE WAITING LIST	19
4.7	REMOVAL OF APPLICANTS FROM THE WAITING LIST	19
4.8	GROUNDS FOR DENIAL	20
4.9	NOTIFICATION OF NEGATIVE ACTIONS	21
4.10	INFORMAL REVIEW	21

5.0	SELECTING FAMILIES FROM THE WAITING LIST	22
5.1	WAITING LIST ADMISSIONS AND SPECIAL ADMISSIONS	22
5.2	PREFERENCES	22
5.3	SELECTION FROM THE WAITING LIST	23
6.0	ASSIGNMENT OF BEDROOM SIZES (SUBSIDY STANDARDS)	23
6.1	BRIEFING	25
6.2	PACKET	25
6.3	ISSUANCE OF VOUCHER; REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF TENANCY	26
6.4	TERM OF THE VOUCHER	27
6.5	APPROVAL TO LEASE A UNIT	28
6.6	BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY DISAPPROVAL OF OWNER	29
6.7	INELIGIBLE/ELIGIBLE HOUSING	29
6.8	SECURITY DEPOSIT	30
7.0	MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE	31
7.1	WHEN A FAMILY MAY MOVE	31
7.2	PROCEDURES REGARDING FAMILY MOVES	31
8.0	PORTABILITY	32
8.1	GENERAL POLICIES OF THE BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY	32
8.2	INCOME ELIGIBILITY	32
8.3	PORTABILITY: ADMINISTRATION BY RECEIVING HOUSING AUTHORITY	33
8.4	PORTABILITY PROCEDURES	33
9.0	DETERMINATION OF FAMILY INCOME	36
9.1	INCOME, EXCLUSIONS FROM INCOME, DEDUCTIONS FROM INCOME	36
9.2	INCOME	36
9.3	EXCLUSIONS FROM INCOME	38
9.4	DEDUCTIONS FROM ANNUAL INCOME	40
10.0	VERIFICATION	41
10.1	ACCEPTABLE METHODS OF VERIFICATION	42
10.2	TYPES OF VERIFICATION	43
10.3	VERIFICATION OF CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE NONCITIZEN STATUS	43
10.4	VERIFICATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS	44
10.5	TIMING OF VERIFICATION	45

10.6	FREQUENCY OF OBTAINING VERIFICATION	456
11.0	RENT AND HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT	457
11.1	GENERAL	457
11.2	RENT REASONABLENESS	457
11.3	COMPARABILITY	457
11.4	MAXIMUM SUBSIDY	468
11.4.1	SETTING THE PAYMENT STANDARD	478
11.4.2	SELECTING THE CORRECT PAYMENT STANDARD FOR A FAMILY	479
11.4.3	AREA EXCEPTION RENTS	489
11.5	ASSISTANCE AND RENT FORMULAS	4850
11.6	UTILITY ALLOWANCE	524
11.7	DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT	524
11.8	CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP	525
12.0	INSPECTION POLICIES, HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS, AND DAMAGE5CLAIMS	535
12.1	TYPES OF INSPECTIONS	536
12.2	OWNER AND FAMILY RESPONSIBILITY	546
12.3	HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS (HQS) 24 CFR 982.401	557
12.4	TIME FRAMES AND CORRECTIONS OF HQS FAIL ITEMS	647
12.5	EMERGENCY FAIL ITEMS	658
12.6	ABATEMENT	659
13.0	OWNER CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, UNPAID RENT, AND VACANCY LOSS AND PARTICIPANT'S INSUING RESPONSIBILITIES	669
13.1	OWNER CLAIMS FOR PRE-OCTOBER 2, 1995, UNITS	6670
13.2	PARTICIPANT RESPONSIBILITIES	6770
14.0	RECERTIFICATION	6771
14.1	ANNUAL REEXAMINATION	6771
14.1.1	EFFECTIVE DATE OF RENT CAHNGES FOR ANNUAL REEXAMINATION	6871
14.1.2	MISSED APPOINTMENTS	6871
14.2	INTERIM REEXAMINATIONS	6872
14.2.1	SPECIAL REEXAMINATIONS	7073
14.2.2	DATE OF RENT CHANGES DUE TO INTERIM OR SPECIAL REEXAMINATIONS	704
15.0	TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE TO THE FAMILY BY THE BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY	704

16.0 COMPLAINTS, INFORMAL REVIEWS FOR APPLICANTS, INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS	715
16.1 COMPLAINTS	715
16.2 INFORMAL REVIEW FOR THE APPLICANT	725
16.3 INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS	747
17.0 TERMINATION OF THE LEASE AND CONTRACT	7982
18.0 CHARGES AGAINST THE SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE	814
19.0 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	814
20.0 BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY OWNED HOUSING	825
21.0 SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMISSION FAMILY SELF SUFFICIENCY	85
21.0 HOMEOWNERSHIP	85
22.0 FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY	78
GLOSSARY	8466
ACRONYMS	958

BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY

SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE PLAN

1.0 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

1.1 FAIR HOUSING

It is the policy of the Boulder County Housing Authority to comply fully with all Federal, State, and local nondiscrimination laws; the Americans With Disabilities Act; and the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development regulations governing Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

No person shall, on the ground of race, color, sex, religion, national or ethnic origin, familial status, or disability be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under the Boulder County Housing Authority housing programs.

To further its commitment to full compliance with applicable Civil Rights laws, the Boulder County Housing Authority will provide Federal/State/local information to applicants for and participants in the Section 8 Housing Program regarding discrimination and any recourse available to them if they believe they may be victims of discrimination. Such information will be made available with the application, and all applicable Fair Housing Information and Discrimination Complaint Forms will be made available at the Boulder County Housing Authority office. In addition, all written information and advertisements will contain the appropriate Equal Opportunity language and logo.

The Boulder County Housing Authority will assist any family that believes they have suffered illegal discrimination by providing them copies of the housing discrimination form. The Boulder County Housing Authority will also assist them in completing the form, if requested, and will provide them with the address of the nearest HUD Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

1.2 REASONABLE ACCOMODATION

Sometimes people with disabilities may need a reasonable accommodation in order to take full advantage of the Boulder County Housing Authority housing programs and related services. When such accommodations are granted they do not confer special treatment or advantage for the person with a disability; rather, they make the program fully accessible to them in a way that would otherwise not be possible due to their disability. This policy clarifies how people can request accommodations and the guidelines the Boulder County Housing Authority will follow in determining whether it is reasonable to provide a requested accommodation. Because disabilities are not always apparent, the Boulder County Housing Authority will ensure that all applicants/participants are aware of the opportunity to request reasonable accommodations.

1.3 COMMUNICATION

Anyone requesting an application will also receive a Request for Reasonable Accommodation Form. A committee, composed of the 504 Coordinator, Asset Manager, Section 8 Program Manager, Property Manager Supervisor, Maintenance Supervisor, and the Senior Coordinator will review all written requests for reasonable accommodations and determine eligibility of the applicant.

Notifications of reexamination, inspection, appointment, or eviction will include information about requesting a reasonable accommodation. Any notification requesting action by the participant will include information about requesting a reasonable accommodation.

All decisions granting or denying requests will be in writing.

1.4 QUESTIONS TO ASK IN GRANTING THE ACCOMMODATION

A. Is the requestor a person with disabilities? For this purpose the definition of disabilities is different than the definition used for admission. The Fair Housing definition used for this purpose is:

A person with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, has a record of such impairment, or is regarded as having such an impairment. (The disability may not be apparent to others, i.e., a heart condition).

If the disability is apparent or already documented, the answer to this question is yes. It is possible that the disability for which the accommodation is being requested is a disability other than the apparent disability. If the disability is not apparent or documented, the Boulder County Housing Authority will obtain verification that the person is a person with a disability.

B. Is the requested accommodation related to the disability? If it is apparent that the request is related to the apparent or documented disability, the answer to this question is yes. If it is not apparent, the Boulder County Housing Authority will obtain documentation that the requested accommodation is needed due to the disability. The Boulder County Housing Authority will not inquire as to the nature of the disability.

C. Is the requested accommodation reasonable? In order to be determined reasonable, the accommodation must meet two criteria

1. Would the accommodation constitute a fundamental alteration? The Boulder County Housing Authority's business is housing. If the request would alter the fundamental business that the Boulder County Housing Authority conducts, that would not be reasonable. For instance, the Boulder County Housing Authority would deny a request to have the Boulder County Housing Authority do grocery shopping for the person with disabilities.

2. Would the requested accommodation create an undue financial hardship or administrative burden? Frequently the requested accommodation costs little or nothing. If the cost would be an undue burden, the Boulder County Housing Authority may request a meeting with the individual to investigate and consider equally effective alternatives.

Generally the individual knows best what they need; however, the Boulder County Housing Authority retains the right to be shown how the requested accommodation enables the individual to access or use the Boulder County Housing Authority's programs or services.

If more than one accommodation is equally effective in providing access to the Boulder County Housing Authority's programs and services, the Boulder County Housing Authority retains the right to select the most efficient or economic choice.

The cost necessary to carry out approved requests will be borne by the Boulder County Housing Authority if there is no one else willing to pay for the modifications. If another party pays for the modification, the Boulder County Housing Authority will seek to have the same entity pay for any restoration costs.

If the participant requests, as a reasonable accommodation, that he or she be permitted to make physical modifications to their dwelling unit, at their own expense, the request should be made to the property owner/manager. The Housing Authority does not have responsibility for the owner's unit and does not have responsibility to make the unit accessible.

Any request for an accommodation that would enable a participant to materially violate family obligations will not be approved.

1.5 SERVICES FOR NON-ENGLISH SPEAKING APPLICANTS AND PARTICIPANTS

The Boulder County Housing Authority will endeavor to have bilingual staff or access to people who speak languages other than English to assist non-English speaking families. The following languages will be covered:

Spanish

1.6 FAMILY/OWNER OUTREACH

The Boulder County Housing Authority will communicate the status of program availability to other service providers in the community and advise them of housing eligibility factors and guidelines so that they can make proper referral of their clients to the program.

If requested, the Boulder County Housing Authority will hold briefings for owners who participate in or who are seeking information about the Section 8 Program. The briefings will be conducted in association with the *Colorado Apartment Owners Association*. Owners and managers participating in the Section 8 Program will participate in making this presentation. The briefing is intended to:

- A. Explain how the program works;
- B. Explain how the program benefits owners;
- C. Explain owners' responsibilities under the program. Emphasis is placed on quality screening and ways the Boulder County Housing Authority helps owners do better screening; and
- D. Provide an opportunity for owners to ask questions, obtain written materials, and meet Boulder County Housing Authority staff.

The Boulder County Housing Authority will particularly encourage owners of suitable units located outside of low-income or minority concentration to attend. Targeted mailing lists will be developed and announcements mailed.

1.7 RIGHT TO PRIVACY

All adult members of both applicant and participant households are required to sign HUD Form 9886, *Authorization for Release of Information and Privacy Act Notice*. The *Authorization for Release of Information and Privacy Act Notice* states how family information will be released and includes the *Federal Privacy Act Statement*.

Any request for applicant or participant information will not be released unless there is a signed release of information request from the applicant or participant.

1.8 REQUIRED POSTINGS

The Boulder County Housing Authority will post in each of its offices in a conspicuous place and at a height easily read by all persons including persons with mobility disabilities, the following information:

- A. The Section 8 Administrative Plan
- B. Notice of the status of the waiting list (opened or closed)
- C. Address of all Boulder County Housing Authority offices, office hours, telephone numbers, TDD numbers, and hours of operation
- D. Income Limits for Admission
- E. Informal Review and Informal Hearing Procedures
- F. Fair Housing Poster
- G. Equal Opportunity in Employment Poster

2.0 BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY/OWNER RESPONSIBILITY/OBLIGATION OF THE FAMILY

This Section outlines the responsibilities and obligations of the Boulder County Housing Authority, the Section 8 Owners/Landlords, and the participating families.

2.1 BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. The Boulder County Housing Authority will comply with the consolidated ACC, the application, HUD regulations and other requirements, and the Boulder County Housing Authority Section 8 Administrative Plan.
- B. In administering the program, the Boulder County Housing Authority must:
 - 1. Publish and disseminate information about the availability and nature of housing assistance under the program;
 - 2. Explain the program to owners and families;
 - 3. Seek expanded opportunities for assisted families to locate housing outside areas of poverty or racial concentration;
 - 4. Encourage owners to make units available for leasing in the program, including owners of suitable units located outside areas of poverty or racial concentration;
 - 5. Affirmatively further fair housing goals and comply with equal opportunity requirements;
 - 6. Make efforts to help disabled persons find satisfactory housing;
 - 7. Receive applications from families, determine eligibility, maintain the waiting list, select applicants, issue a voucher to each selected family, and provide housing information to families selected;
 - 8. Determine who can live in the assisted unit at admission and during the family's participation in the program;
 - 9. Obtain and verify evidence of citizenship and eligible immigration status in accordance with 24 CFR part 5;
 - 10. Review the family's request for approval of the tenancy and the owner/landlord lease, including the HUD prescribed tenancy addendum;
 - 11. Inspect the unit before the assisted occupancy begins and at least annually during the assisted tenancy;
 - 12. Determine the amount of the housing assistance payment for a family;
 - 13. Determine the maximum rent to the owner and whether the rent is reasonable;
 - 14. Make timely housing assistance payments to an owner in accordance with the HAP contract;
 - 15. Examine family income, size and composition at admission and during the family's participation in the program. The examination includes verification of income and other family information;
 - 16. Establish and adjust Boulder County Housing Authority utility allowance;
 - 17. Administer and enforce the housing assistance payments contract with an owner, including taking appropriate action as determined by the Boulder County Housing Authority, if the owner defaults (e.g., HQS violation);
 - 18. Determine whether to terminate assistance to a participant family for violation of family obligations;
 - 19. Conduct informal reviews of certain Boulder County Housing Authority decisions concerning applicants for participation in the program;

20. Conduct informal hearings on certain Boulder County Housing Authority decisions concerning participant families;
21. Provide sound financial management of the program, including engaging an independent public accountant to conduct audits; and
22. Administer an FSS program (**if applicable**).

2.2 OWNER RESPONSIBILITY

- A. The owner is responsible for performing all of the owner's obligations under the HAP contract and the lease.
- B. The owner is responsible for:
 1. Performing all management and rental functions for the assisted unit, including selecting a voucher holder to lease the unit, and deciding if the family is suitable for tenancy of the unit.
 2. Maintaining the unit in accordance with HQS, including performance of ordinary and extraordinary maintenance.
 3. Complying with equal opportunity requirements.
 4. Preparing and furnishing to the Boulder County Housing Authority information required under the HAP contract.
 5. Collecting from the family:
 - a. Any security deposit required under the lease.
 - b. The tenant contribution (the part of rent to owner not covered by the housing assistance payment.
 - c. Any charges for unit damage by the family.
 6. Enforcing tenant obligations under the lease.
 7. Paying for utilities and services (unless paid by the family under the lease.)
- C. For provisions on modifications to a dwelling unit occupied or to be occupied by a person with disabilities see 24 CFR 100.203.

2.3 OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTICIPANT

This Section states the obligations of a participant family under the program.

- A. Supplying required information.
 1. The family must supply any information that the Boulder County Housing Authority or HUD determines is necessary in the administration of the program, including submission of required evidence of citizenship or eligible immigration status. Information includes any requested certification, release or other documentation.
 2. The family must supply any information requested by the Boulder County Housing Authority or HUD for use in a regularly scheduled reexamination or interim reexamination of family income and composition in accordance with HUD requirements.
 3. The family must disclose and verify Social Security Numbers and must sign and submit consent forms for obtaining information.

4. Any information supplied by the family must be true and complete.

B. HQS breach caused by the Family

The family is responsible for any HQS breach caused by the family or its guests.

C. Allowing Boulder County Housing Authority Inspection

The family must allow the Boulder County Housing Authority to inspect the unit at reasonable times and after at least 2 days notice.

D. Violation of Lease

The family may not commit any serious or repeated violation of the lease.

E. Family Notice of Move or Lease Termination

The family must notify the Boulder County Housing Authority and the owner before the family moves out of the unit or terminates the lease by a notice to the owner.

F. Owner Eviction Notice

The family must promptly give the Boulder County Housing Authority a copy of any owner eviction notice it receives.

G. Use and Occupancy of the Unit

1. The family must use the assisted unit for a residence by the family. The unit must be the family's only residence.

2. The Boulder County Housing Authority must approve the composition of the assisted family residing in the unit. The family must promptly inform the Boulder County Housing Authority of the birth, adoption or court-awarded custody of a child. The family must request approval from the Boulder County Housing Authority to add any other family member as an occupant of the unit. No other person (i.e., no one but members of the assisted family) may reside in the unit (except for a foster child/foster adult or live-in aide as provided in paragraph (4) of this Section).

3. The family must promptly notify the Boulder County Housing Authority if any family member no longer resides in the unit.

4. If the Boulder County Housing Authority has given approval, a foster child/foster adult or a live-in aide may reside in the unit. The Boulder County Housing Authority has the discretion to adopt reasonable policies concerning residence by a foster child/foster adult or a live-in aide and defining when the Boulder County Housing Authority consent may be given or denied.

5. Members of the household may engage in legal profit making activities in the unit, but only if such activities are incidental to primary use of the unit for residence by members of the family. Any business uses of the unit must comply with zoning requirements and the affected household member must obtain all appropriate licenses.

6. The family must not sublease or let the unit.

7. The family must not assign the lease or transfer the unit.

H. Absence from the Unit

The family must supply any information or certification requested by the Boulder County Housing Authority to verify that the family is living in the unit, or relating to family absence from the unit, including any Boulder County Housing Authority requested information or certification on the purposes of family absences. The family must cooperate with the Boulder County Housing Authority for this purpose. The family must promptly notify the Boulder County Housing Authority of its absence from the unit.

Absence means that no member of the family is residing in the unit. The family may be absent from the unit for up to 60 days. The family must request permission from the Boulder County Housing Authority for absences exceeding 60 days. The Boulder County Housing Authority will make a determination within 5 business days of the request. An authorized absence may not exceed 180 days. Any family absent for more than 60 days without authorization will be terminated from the program.

Authorized absences may include, but are not limited to:

1. Prolonged hospitalization
2. Absences beyond the control of the family (i.e., death in the family, other family member illness)
3. Other absences that are deemed necessary by the Boulder County Housing Authority

I. Interest in the Unit

The family may not own or have any interest in the unit (except for owners of manufactured housing renting the manufactured home space).

J. Fraud and Other Program Violation

The members of the family must not commit fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with the programs.

K. Crime by Family Members

The members of the family may not engage in drug-related criminal activity or other violent criminal activity.

L. Other Housing Assistance

An assisted family, or members of the family, may not receive Section 8 tenant-based assistance while receiving another housing subsidy, for the same unit or for a different unit, under any duplicative (as determined by HUD or in accordance with HUD requirements) Federal, State or local housing assistance program.

3.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION

3.1 INTRODUCTION

There are five eligibility requirements for admission to Section 8 -- qualifies as a family, has an income within the income limits, meets citizenship/eligible immigrant criteria, provides documentation of Social Security Numbers, and signs consent authorization documents. In addition to the eligibility criteria, families must also meet the Boulder

County Housing Authority screening criteria in order to be admitted to the Section 8 Program.

3.2 ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

- A. Family status.
1. A **family with or without children**. Such a family is defined as a group of people related by blood, marriage, adoption or affinity that lives together in a stable family relationship.
 - a. Children temporarily absent from the home due to placement in foster care are considered family members.
 - b. Unborn children and children in the process of being adopted are considered family members for purposes of determining bedroom size, but are not considered family members for determining income limit.
 2. An **elderly family**, which is:
 - a. A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 62 years of age;
 - b. Two or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living together; or
 - c. One or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living with one or more live-in aides.
 3. A **near elderly family**, which is:
 - a. A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62;
 - b. Two or more persons who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62 living together; or
 - c. One or more persons who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62 living with one or more live-in aides.
 4. A **disabled family**, which is:
 - a. A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person with disabilities;
 - b. Two or more persons with disabilities living together; or
 - c. One or more persons with disabilities living with one or more live-in aides.
 5. A **displaced family** is a family in which each member, or whose sole member, has been displaced by governmental action, or whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized pursuant to Federal disaster relief laws.
 6. A **remaining member of a tenant family**.
 7. A **single person** who is not an elderly or displaced person, or a person with disabilities, or the remaining member of a tenant family.

B. Income eligibility

1. To be eligible to receive assistance a family shall, at the time the family initially receives assistance under the Section 8 program shall be a low-income family that is:
 - a. A very low-income family;
 - b. A low-income family continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act;
 - c. A low-income family that meets additional eligibility criteria specified by the Housing Authority;
 - d. A low-income family or moderate-income family that is displaced as a result of the prepayment of the mortgage or voluntary termination of an insurance contract on eligible low-income housing.
2. Income limits apply only at admission and are not applicable for continued occupancy; however, as income raises the assistance will decrease.
3. The applicable income limit for issuance of a voucher is the highest income limit for the family size for areas within the housing authority's jurisdiction. The applicable income limit for admission to the program is the income limit for the area in which the family is initially assisted in the program. The family may only use the voucher to rent a unit in an area where the family is income eligible at admission to the program.
4. Families who are moving into the Boulder County Housing Authority's jurisdiction under portability and have the status of applicant rather than of participant at their initial housing authority, must meet the income limit for the area where they were initially assisted under the program.
5. Families who are moving into the Boulder County Housing Authority's jurisdiction under portability and are already program participants at their initial housing authority do not have to meet the income eligibility requirement for the Boulder County Housing Authority program.
6. Income limit restrictions do not apply to families transferring units within the Boulder County Housing Authority Section 8 Program.

C. Citizenship/Eligible Immigrant status

To be eligible each member of the family must be a citizen, national, or a non-citizen who has eligible immigration status under one of the categories set forth in Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (see 42 U.S.C. 1436a(a)).

Family eligibility for assistance.

1. A family shall not be eligible for assistance unless every member of the family residing in the unit is determined to have eligible status, with the exception noted below.
2. Despite the ineligibility of one or more family members, a mixed family may be eligible for one of three types of assistance. (See Section 11.5(K) for calculating rents under the non-citizen rule).

3. A family without any eligible members and receiving assistance on June 19, 1995 may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance.

D. Social Security Number Documentation

To be eligible, all family members 6 years of age and older must provide a Social Security Number or certify that they do not have one.

E. Signing Consent Forms

1. In order to be eligible each member of the family who is at least 18 years of age, and each family head and spouse regardless of age, shall sign one or more consent forms.
2. The consent form must contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - a. A provision authorizing HUD and the Boulder County Housing Authority to obtain from State Wage Information Collection Agencies (SWICAs) any information or materials necessary to complete or verify the application for participation or for eligibility for continued occupancy;
 - b. A provision authorizing HUD or the Boulder County Housing Authority to verify with previous or current employers income information pertinent to the family's eligibility for or level of assistance;
 - c. A provision authorizing HUD to request income information from the IRS and the SSA for the sole purpose of verifying income information pertinent to the family's eligibility or level of benefits; and
 - d. A statement that the authorization to release the information requested by the consent form expires 15 months after the date the consent form is signed.

F. Suitability for tenancy. The Boulder County Housing Authority determines eligibility for participation and will also conduct criminal background checks on all adult household members, including live-in aides. The Boulder County Housing Authority will deny assistance to a family because of drug-related criminal activity or violent criminal activity by family members. This check will be made through state or local law enforcement or court records in those cases where the household member has lived in the local jurisdiction for the last three years. If the individual has lived outside the local area, the Boulder County Housing Authority may contact law enforcement agencies where the individual had lived or request a check through the FBI's National Crime Information Center (NCIC).

The Boulder County Housing Authority will check with the local sex offender registration program for each adult household member, including live-in aides. No individual registered with this program will be admitted to the Section 8 programs.

Additional screening is the responsibility of the owner. Upon the request of a prospective owner, the Boulder County Housing Authority will provide any factual information or third party written information they have relevant to a voucher

holder's history of, or ability to, comply with material standard lease terms or any history of drug trafficking.

4.0 MANAGING THE WAITING LIST

4.1 OPENING AND CLOSING THE WAITING LIST

Opening of the waiting list will be announced via public notice that applications for Section 8 will again be accepted. The public notice will state where, when, and how to apply. The notice will be published in a local newspaper of general circulation, and also by any available minority media. The public notice will state any limitations to who may apply.

The notice will state that applicants already on waiting lists for other housing programs must apply separately for this program, and that such applicants will not lose their place on other waiting lists when they apply for Section 8. The notice will include the Fair Housing logo and slogan and otherwise be in compliance with Fair Housing requirements.

Closing of the waiting list will be announced via public notice. The public notice will state the date the waiting list will be closed. The public notice will be published in a local newspaper of general circulation, and also by any available minority media.

4.2 TAKING APPLICATIONS

Families wishing to apply for the Section 8 Program will be required to complete an application for housing assistance. Applications will be accepted during regular business hours at:

Boulder Community Services Building
Boulder County Housing Authority
400 E. Simpson Street, Suite #202
Lafayette, Colorado 80026

Applications are taken to compile a waiting list. Due to the demand for Section 8 assistance in the Boulder County Housing Authority jurisdiction, the Boulder County Housing Authority may take applications on an open enrollment basis, depending on the length of the waiting list.

When the waiting list is open, completed applications will be accepted from all applicants. The Boulder County Housing Authority will later verify the information in the applications relevant to the applicant's eligibility, admission, and level of benefit.

Applications may be made in person at:

3482 North Broadway, Sundquist Building, Boulder, Colorado –
Monday-Friday 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
400 East Simpson Street, Suite #202, Lafayette, Colorado
Monday - Friday 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Applications will be mailed to interested families upon request.

The completed application will be dated and time stamped upon its return to the Boulder County Housing Authority.

Persons with disabilities who require a reasonable accommodation in completing an application may call the Boulder County Housing Authority for special arrangements to complete their application. A Telecommunication Device for the Deaf (TDD) is available for the deaf. The TDD telephone number is **Colorado Relay 1-800-659-2656**.

~~The application process will involve two phases. The first phase is the initial application for housing assistance or the pre-application. The pre-initial application for housing assistance requires the family to provide limited basic information including name, address, phone number, family composition and family unit size, racial or ethnic designation of the head of household, income category, and information establishing any preferences to which they may be entitled. This first phase results in the family's placement on the waiting list.~~

~~Upon receipt of the families' pre-initial application, the Boulder County Housing Authority will make a preliminary determination of eligibility preferences and assign preference points. The Boulder County Housing Authority will notify the family in writing of the date and time of placement on the waiting list and the approximate amount of time before housing assistance may be offered. If the Boulder County Housing Authority determines the family to be ineligible, the notice will state the reasons therefore and offer the family the opportunity of an informal review of this determination.~~

~~An applicant may at any time report changes in their applicant status, in writing, including changes in family composition, income, or preference factors. The Boulder County Housing Authority will annotate the applicant's file and will update their place on the waiting list. Confirmation of the changes will be confirmed with the family in writing.~~

~~The second phase is the final determination of eligibility, referred to as the full application. The full application takes place when the family nears the top of the waiting list. The Boulder County Housing Authority will ensure that verification of all preferences, eligibility, and suitability selection factors are current in order to determine the family's final eligibility for admission into the Section 8 Program.~~

At the time of the initial application, an applicant's certification that they qualify for a preference will be accepted without verification. When the family is selected from the waiting list for the final determination of eligibility, the preference will be verified.

4.3 ORGANIZATION OF THE WAITING LIST

The waiting list will be maintained in accordance with the following guidelines:

- A. The application will be a permanent file;
- B. All applications will be maintained in order of preference and then in order of date and time of application;

- C. ~~Any contact~~ Relevant application information ~~between the Boulder County Housing Authority and the applicant~~ will be documented in the applicant file.

4.4 FAMILIES NEARING THE TOP OF THE WAITING LIST

When a family nears the top of the wait list and there are vouchers available, the family will be invited to a group briefing based on point value (first) and application date (second). ~~and the verification process begins. It is at this point in time that the family's waiting list preference will be verified.~~ During the briefing, final eligibility will be determined. ~~At that time, the family will be informed as to their eligibility for the program.~~

4.5 MISSED APPOINTMENTS

If a family or individual misses a scheduled appointment with a Section 8 staff person without prior notification from the family, a written notice will be sent to the family with a newly scheduled appointment stating that if the family misses this appointment, they will be removed from the wait list. A copy of this notice will be placed in the applicant's file. Reasonable accommodation information will be included in the written notice and will apply. If removed from the wait list because of missed appointments, the applicant can request an informal review, in writing.

4.6 PURGING THE WAITING LIST

The Boulder County Housing Authority will update and purge its waiting list at least annually to ensure that the pool of applicants reasonably represents interested families. Purging also enables the Housing Authority to update the information regarding address, family composition, income category and preferences.

4.7 REMOVAL OF APPLICANTS FROM THE WAITING LIST

The Boulder County Housing Authority will not remove an applicant's name from the waiting list unless:

- A. The applicant requests that the name be removed;
- B. The applicant fails to respond to a written request for information or a request to declare their continued interest in the program or misses scheduled appointments;
or
- C. The applicant does not meet either the eligibility or screening criteria for the program.

4.8 GROUNDS FOR DENIAL

The Boulder County Housing Authority will deny assistance to applicants who:

- A. Do not meet any one or more of the eligibility criteria;
- B. Do not supply information or documentation required by the application process;
- C. Fail to respond to a written request for information or a request to declare their continued interest in the program;
- D. Fail to complete any aspect of the application or lease-up process;

- E. Have a history of criminal activity by any household member involving crimes of physical violence against persons or property, and any other criminal activity including drug-related criminal activity that would adversely affect the health, safety, or well being of other tenants or staff, or cause damage to the property;
- F. Currently owes rent or other amounts to any housing authority in connection with the public housing or Section 8 Programs;
- G. Have committed fraud, bribery, or any other corruption in connection with any Federal housing assistance program, including the intentional misrepresentation of information related to their housing application or benefits derived there from;
- H. Have a family member who was evicted from public housing within the last three years;
- I. Have a family member who was evicted from assisted housing within five years of the projected date of admission because of drug-related criminal activity involving the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, or possession with the intent to manufacture, sell, distribute a controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. 802;
- J. Have a family member who is illegally using a controlled substance or abuses alcohol in a way that may interfere with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. The Boulder County Housing Authority may waive this requirement if:
 - 1. The person demonstrates to the Boulder County Housing Authority's satisfaction that the person is no longer engaging in drug-related criminal activity or abuse of alcohol;
 - 2. The person has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program;
 - 3. The person has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully; or
 - 4. The person is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program.
- K. Have engaged in or threatened abusive or violent behavior towards any Boulder County Housing Authority staff or residents;
- L. Have a family household member who has been terminated under the Certificate or Voucher Program during the last three years;
- M. Have a family member who has been convicted of manufacturing or producing met amphetamine (speed) (Denied for life);
- N. Have a family member with a lifetime registration under a State sex offender registration program (Denied for life).

4.9 NOTIFICATION OF NEGATIVE ACTIONS

If a client has reached the top of the waiting list and is notified by BCHA to attend a briefing by mail, they must respond within ten (10) business days. If there is no response the Boulder County Housing Authority, in writing, will notify the applicant that their name is being removed from the waiting list. The applicant will then have ten (10) business days, from the date of the BCHA written correspondence, to present mitigating

circumstances or request an informal review. The letter will also indicate that their name will be removed from the waiting list if they fail to respond within the timeframe specified. The Boulder County Housing Authority's system of removing applicants' names from the waiting list will not violate the rights of persons with disabilities. If an applicant's failure to respond to a request for information or updates was caused by the applicant's disability, the Boulder County Housing Authority will provide a reasonable accommodation. If the applicant indicates that they did not respond due to a disability, the Boulder County Housing Authority will verify that there is in fact a disability and that the accommodation they are requesting is necessary based on the disability. An example of a reasonable accommodation would be to reinstate the applicant on the waiting list based on the date and time of the original application.

4.10 INFORMAL

If the Boulder County Housing Authority determines that an applicant does not meet the criteria for receiving Section 8 assistance, the Boulder County Housing Authority will promptly provide the applicant with written notice of the determination. The notice must contain a brief statement of the reason(s) for the decision, and state that the applicant may request an informal review of the decision within 10 business days of the denial. The Boulder County Housing Authority will describe how to obtain the informal review. The informal review process is described in Section 16.2 of this Plan.

5.0 SELECTING FAMILIES FROM THE WAITING LIST

5.1 WAITING LIST ADMISSIONS AND SPECIAL ADMISSIONS

The Housing Authority may admit an applicant for participation in the program either as a special admission or as a waiting list admission.

If HUD awards funding that is targeted for families with specific characteristics or families living in specific units, the Boulder County Housing Authority will use the assistance for those families.

The following are examples of types of program funding that may be designated by HUD for families living in a specified unit:

A family displaced because of disposition or demolition of a public or Indian Housing project;

A family residing in a multifamily rental housing project when HUD sells, forecloses or demolishes the project.

Housing covered by the Low Income Housing Preservation and Resident Home-Ownership Act of 1990;

A family residing in a project covered by a project-based Section 8 HAP contract at or near the end of the HAP contract term; and

A non-purchasing family residing in a HOPE 1 or HOPE 2 project.

5.2 PREFERENCES

The Boulder County Housing Authority will select families based on the following preferences:

Subject to HUD awarded funding for special admissions, a family who qualifies, as local preference holders, will be admitted prior to families who do not have a local preference.

Families may only qualify for one preference ~~of~~ within Sections 5.2 A, B, or C.

The local preferences are as follows:

A. ~~Families living, working or attending school on a full time basis in Boulder County~~

B. ~~Special Admission~~

C. ~~All other applicants~~

A. **Elderly and Frail:** Families whose head of household and/or spouse are in need of assistance and supportive services in at least three of the following areas: meal preparation, bathing/dressing, shopping, housework, laundry, transportation and are at serious risk of homelessness or displacement from home into assisted living will receive a preference ranking of ten (10) points. This preference is limited to no more than fifty (50) families at any one time holding Section 8 vouchers. The HOPE Project Staff will conduct an assessment of prospective applicants using criteria of needing assistance and supportive services in the areas listed above. Recommendations will be made to the Professional Advisory Committee (PAC), a committee comprised of representatives from Boulder County organizations serving the elderly, who will make the final determination of meeting the established criteria.

B. **Elderly and/or Disabled:** Families whose head of household or spouse qualify as elderly and/or disabled (see definition within Section 3.2) shall receive a preference ranking of five (5) points.

C. **Families with child/children:** Families who have an unborn child ~~who have a~~ child and/or children under the age of 18 shall receive a preference ranking of five (5) points.

D. **Residency:** In order to qualify for the Residency preference and receive an additional preference ranking of five (5) points to the above preference points (Section 5.2, A, B, or C) families must meet any or all of the following qualifications. No more than five (5) points may be received for a residency preference.

a. Head of household or spouse live in Boulder County

b. Head of household or spouse work at least twenty (20) hours per week in Boulder County

~~e-c.~~ Head of household or spouse attend school full time in Boulder County

d. Elderly and/or disabled individuals who either reside in Boulder County or who have immediate family members who reside in Boulder County. Immediate family members include: son/daughter, spouse, mother/father, sibling.

Examples of Preference Point Assignments

1. Single, pregnant mother goes to school full-time in Boulder County. Receives five (5) preference points for family and five (5) preference points for residency

2. Elderly, single person who lives in Denver and has no relatives in Boulder County. Receives five (5) preference points for elderly and zero (0) preference points for residency.
3. Married couple with one child, age 14, works 30 hours per week in Boulder County and lives in Loveland. Receives five (5) preference points for family and five (5) preference points for residency.
4. Elderly and frail (as defined in 5.2A) single person lives in Boulder County. Receives ten (10) preference points for elderly and frail and five (5) preference points for residency.
5. Single father has one child, age 7. Lives in Arvada and does not work or go to school in Boulder County. Receives five (5) points for family preference and zero (0) points for residency.
6. Single person, age 30, with no children. Does not live, work, or go to school in Boulder County. Receives zero (0) preference points. If person decides to live, work or go to school in BC, they would receive five (5) residency points but zero (0) family preference points.

5.3 SELECTION FROM THE WAITING LIST

~~Based on the above preferences, all families in preference A and B, will be considered before C for housing.~~

Based on the above preferences, all families will be selected using a point system. A family may not receive any more than fifteen (15) points. Families with the highest number of points will be selected from the wait list as vouchers are available.

The date and time of application will be utilized as a second tier to determine the sequence within the above-prescribed preferences.~~The date and time of application will be utilized to determine the sequence within the above-prescribed preferences.~~

Notwithstanding the above, families who are elderly, disabled, displaced or have children (including and unborn child) will be offered housing before other single persons or families without children.

Notwithstanding the above, if necessary to meet the statutory requirement that 75% of newly admitted families in any fiscal year be families who are extremely low-income, the Boulder County Housing Authority retains the right to skip higher income families on the waiting to reach extremely low-income families. This measure will only be taken if it appears the goal will not otherwise be met. To ensure this goal is met, the Housing Authority will monitor incomes of newly admitted families and the income of the families on the waiting list.

If there are not enough extremely low-income families on the waiting list we will conduct outreach on a non-discriminatory basis to attract extremely low-income families to reach the statutory requirement.

6.0 ASSIGNMENT OF BEDROOM SIZES (SUBSIDY STANDARDS)

The Boulder County Housing Authority will issue a voucher for a particular bedroom size – the bedroom size is a factor in determining the family’s level of assistance. The

following guidelines will determine each family’s unit size without overcrowding or over-housing:

Number of Bedrooms	Number of Persons	
	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>
<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>8</u>

These standards are based on the assumption that each bedroom will accommodate no more than two (2) persons except as noted below in Section 6.0 B. Two adults will share a bedroom unless related by blood.

In determining bedroom subsidy size, the Boulder County Housing Authority will include the presence of children to be born to a pregnant woman, children who are in the process of being adopted, children whose custody is being obtained, children who are temporarily away at school or temporarily in foster-care. If more than one family member has legal custody of the child/children, the individual caring for the child/children the majority of the time will receive the benefit of counting the child/children toward the subsidy size. A family member who is enrolled in school or college and is away from the unit for more than six months in a year will not be counted as part of the household in determination of subsidy size.

~~Bedroom size will also be determined. The size of the subsidy or bedroom size voucher will be made~~ using the following guidelines:

- ~~A. Children of the same sex (will) share a bedroom.~~
- ~~B. Children of the opposite sex, both under the age of 6 (six) will share a bedroom.~~
- ~~C. Adults and children over the age of two (2) will not be required to share a bedroom.~~
- A. Spouses will be assigned the same bedroom; co-applicants of the same sex will be assigned the same bedroom.
- B. Single heads of a household and/or a couple will be assigned the same bedroom with a child under the age of two.
- C. Adults and a child over the age of two will not be required to share a bedroom.
- D. Any child over the age of eleven (11) years and zero (0) months will not be required to share a bedroom with another child of the opposite sex.
- E. Two children of the same sex, regardless of age will share a bedroom.
- F. Foster adults and foster children will not be required to share a bedroom with other family members.
- G. Live-in aides will be assigned a separate bedroom.

H. Households composed of only one person in the family will be assigned an efficiency voucher.

~~D. Foster adults and children will not be required to share a bedroom with family members.~~

~~E. Live-in aides will get a separate bedroom.~~

The Boulder County Housing Authority will grant exceptions to normal occupancy standards when a family requests a larger size than the guidelines allow and documents a medical reason why the larger size is necessary.

The family unit size will be determined by the Boulder County Housing Authority in accordance with the above guidelines and will determine the maximum rent subsidy for the family; however, the family may select a unit that may be larger or smaller than the family unit size. If the family selects a smaller unit, the payment standard for the smaller size will be used to calculate the subsidy. If the family selects a larger size, the payment standard for the family unit size will determine the maximum subsidy.

6.1 BRIEFING

When the Boulder County Housing Authority selects a family from the waiting list, the family will be invited to attend a briefing explaining how the program works. In order to receive a voucher the family is required to attend the briefing. If they cannot attend the originally scheduled briefing, they may attend a later session. If the family fails to attend two briefings without good cause, they will be denied admission.

If an applicant with a disability requires auxiliary aids to gain full benefit from the briefing, the Housing Authority will furnish such aids where doing so would not result in a fundamental alteration of the nature of the program or in an undue financial or administrative burden. In determining the most suitable auxiliary aid, the Housing Authority will give primary consideration to the requests of the applicant. Families unable to attend a briefing due to a disability may request a reasonable accommodation such as having the briefing presented at an alternate location.

The briefing will cover at least the following subjects:

- A. A description of how the program works;
- B. Family and owner responsibilities;
- C. Where the family may rent a unit, including inside and outside the Housing Authority's jurisdiction;
- D. Types of eligible housing;
- E. For families qualified to lease a unit outside the Housing Authority's jurisdiction under portability, an explanation of how portability works;
- F. An explanation of the advantages of living in an area that does not have a high concentration of poor families; and
- G. An explanation that the family's share of rent may not exceed 40% of the family's monthly adjusted income.

6.2 PACKET

During the briefing, the Housing Authority will give the family a packet covering at least the following subjects:

- A. The term of the voucher and the Housing Authority's policy on extensions and suspensions of the term. The packet will include information on how to request an extension and forms for requesting extensions;
- B. How the Housing Authority determines the housing assistance payment and total tenant payment for the family;
- C. Information on the payment standard, exception payment standard rent areas, and the utility allowance schedule;
- D. How the Housing Authority determines the maximum rent for an assisted unit;
- E. Where the family may lease a unit. For families qualified to lease outside the Housing Authority's jurisdiction, the packet includes an explanation of how portability works;
- F. The HUD-required tenancy addendum that provides the language that must be included in any assisted lease, and a sample contract;
- G. The request for approval of the tenancy form and an explanation of how to request Housing Authority approval of a unit;
- H. A statement of the Housing Authority's policy on providing information to prospective owners. This policy requires applicants to sign disclosure statements allowing the Housing Authority to provide prospective owners with the family's current and prior addresses and the names and addresses of the landlords for those addresses. Upon request, the Housing Authority will also supply any factual information or third party verification relating to the applicant's history as a tenant or their ability to comply with material standard lease terms or any history of drug trafficking, drug-related criminal activity or any violent criminal activity;
- I. The Housing Authority's subsidy standards, including when the Housing Authority will consider granting exceptions to the standards;
- J. The HUD brochure on how to select a unit ("A Good Place to Live");
- K. The HUD-required lead-based paint brochure;
- L. Information on Federal, State, and local equal opportunity laws; the brochure "Fair Housing: It's Your Right;" and a copy of the housing discrimination complaint form;
- M. A list of landlords or other parties known to the Boulder County Housing Authority who may be willing to lease a unit to the family or help the family find a unit;
- N. Notice that if the family includes a person with disabilities, the family may request a current list of accessible units known to the Boulder County Housing Authority that may be available;
- O. The family's obligations under the program;
- P. The grounds upon which the Housing Authority may terminate assistance because of the family's action or inaction;

- Q. Boulder County Housing Authority informal hearing procedures, including when the Housing Authority is required to provide the opportunity for an informal hearing, and information on how to request a hearing; and
- R. The Boulder County Housing Authority owner information brochure. This brochure can be given by the applicant to a prospective owner to help explain the program.

6.3 ISSUANCE OF VOUCHER; REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF TENANCY

Once all family information has been verified, their eligibility determined, their subsidy calculated, and they have attended the family briefing, the Boulder County Housing Authority will issue the voucher. At this point the family begins their search for a unit.

When the family finds a unit that the owner is willing to lease under the program, the family and the owner will complete and sign a proposed lease, the HUD required tenancy addendum and the request for approval of the tenancy form. The family will submit the proposed lease and the request form to the Housing Authority during the term of the voucher. The Housing Authority will review the request, the lease, and the HUD required tenancy addendum and make an initial determination of approval of tenancy. The Housing Authority may assist the family in negotiating changes that may be required for the tenancy to be approvable. Once it appears the tenancy may be approvable, the Housing Authority will schedule an appointment to inspect the unit within 15 days after the receipt of inspection request from the family and owner. The 15-day period is suspended during any period the unit is unavailable for inspection. The Housing Authority will promptly notify the owner and the family whether the unit and tenancy are approvable.

During the initial stage of qualifying the unit, the Housing Authority will provide the prospective owner with information regarding the program. Information will include Housing Authority and owner responsibilities for screening and other essential program elements. The Housing Authority will provide the owner with the family's current and prior address as shown in the Housing Authority records along with the name and address (if known) of the landlords for those addresses.

Additional screening is the responsibility of the owner. Upon request by a prospective owner, the Housing Authority will provide any factual information or third party written information they have relevant to a voucher holder's history of, or ability to, comply with standard material lease terms.

6.4 TERM OF THE VOUCHER

The initial term of the voucher will be 60 days and will be stated on the Housing Choice Voucher.

The Housing Authority may grant one or more extensions of the term, but the initial term plus any extensions will never exceed 120 calendar days from the initial date of issuance. To obtain an extension, the family must make a request in writing prior to the expiration date. A statement of the efforts the family has made to find a unit must accompany the request. A sample extension request form and a form for recording their search efforts will be included in the family's briefing packet. If the family documents their efforts and

additional time can reasonably be expected to result in success, the Housing Authority will grant the length of request sought by the family or 60 days, whichever is less.

If the family includes a person with disabilities and the family requires an extension due to the disability, the Housing Authority will grant an extension allowing the family the full 120 days search time. If the Housing Authority determines that additional search time would be a reasonable accommodation, the Housing Authority will request HUD to approve an additional extension.

Upon submittal of a completed request for approval of tenancy form, the Boulder County Housing Authority will suspend the term of the voucher. The term will be in suspension until the date the Housing Authority provides notice that the request has been approved or denied. This policy allows families the full term (60 days, or more with extensions) to find a unit, not penalizing them for the period during which the Housing Authority is taking action on their request. A family may submit a second request for approval of tenancy before the Housing Authority finalizes action on the first request. In this case the suspension will last from the date of the first submittal through the Housing Authority's action on the second submittal. No more than two requests will be concurrently considered.

6.5 APPROVAL TO LEASE A UNIT

The Boulder County Housing Authority will approve a lease if all of the following conditions are met:

- A. The unit is eligible;
- B. The unit is inspected by the Housing Authority and passes HQS;
- C. The lease is approvable and includes the language of the tenancy addendum;
- D. The rent to owner is reasonable;
- E. The family's share of rent does not exceed 40% of their monthly-adjusted income;
- F. The owner has not been found to be debarred, suspended, or subject to a limited denial of participation by HUD or the Housing Authority; and
- G. The family continues to meet all eligibility and screening criteria.

If tenancy approval is denied, the Housing Authority will advise the owner and the family in writing and advise them also of any actions they could take that would enable the Housing Authority to approve the tenancy.

The lease term may begin only after all of the following conditions are met:

- A. The unit passes the Housing Authority HQS inspection;
- B. The family's share of rent does not exceed 40% of their monthly-adjusted income;
- C. The landlord and tenant sign the lease to include the HUD required addendum; and
- D. The Housing Authority approves the leasing of the unit.

The Housing Authority will prepare the contract when the unit is approved for tenancy. Generally, the landlord, simultaneously with the signing of the lease and the HUD required tenancy addendum, will execute the contract. Upon receipt of the executed lease and the signed contract by the landlord, the Housing Authority will execute the contract.

The Housing Authority will not pay any housing assistance to the owner until the contract is executed.

In no case will the contract be executed later than 60 days after the beginning of the lease term.

Any contract executed after the 60-day period will be void and the Housing Authority will not pay housing assistance to the owner.

6.6 ~~BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY~~ BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY DISAPPROVAL OF OWNER

The Housing Authority will deny participation by an owner at the direction of HUD. The Housing Authority will also deny the owner's participation for any of the following reasons:

- A. The owner has violated any obligations under a Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Contract;
- B. The owner has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing program;
- C. The owner has engaged in drug-related criminal activity, any violent criminal activity or is on the State Life Time Offenders list;
- D. The owner has a history or practice of non-compliance with HQS for units leased under Section 8 or with applicable housing standards for units leased with project-based Section 8 assistance or leased under any other Federal housing program;
- E. The owner has a history or practice of renting units that fail to meet State or local codes; or
- F. The owner has not paid State or local real estate taxes, fines, or assessments.
- G. The owner refuses (or has a history of refusing) to evict families for drug-related or violent criminal activity, or for activity that threatens the health, safety or right of peaceful enjoyment of the:
 - 1. premises by tenants, Boulder County Housing Authority employees or owner employees; or
 - 2. residences by neighbors.
- H. Other conflicts of interest under Federal, State, or local law.

6.7 INELIGIBLE/ELIGIBLE HOUSING

The following types of housing cannot be assisted under the Section 8 Tenant-Based Program:

- A. A public housing or Indian housing unit;
- B. A unit receiving project-based assistance under a Section 8 Program;
- C. Nursing homes, board and care homes, or facilities providing continual psychiatric, medical or nursing services;
- D. College or other school dormitories;

- E. Units on the grounds of penal, reformatory, medical, mental, and similar public or private institutions;
- F. A unit occupied by its owner. This restriction does not apply to cooperatives or to assistance on behalf of a manufactured home owner leasing a manufactured home space; and
- G. A unit receiving any duplicative Federal, State, or local housing subsidy. This does not prohibit renting a unit that has a reduced rent because of a tax credit.

The Boulder County Housing Authority will not approve a lease for any of the following special housing types, except as a reasonable accommodation for a family with disabilities:

- A. Congregate housing
- B. Group homes
- C. Shared housing
- D. Cooperative housing
- E. Single room occupancy housing

The Boulder County Housing Authority will approve leases for the following housing types:

- A. Single family dwellings
- B. Apartments
- C. Manufactured housing
- D. Manufactured home space rentals

6.8 SECURITY DEPOSIT

The owner may collect a security deposit from the tenant in an amount not in excess of amounts charged in private market practice and not in excess of amounts charged by the owner to unassisted tenants.

When the tenant moves out of the dwelling unit, the owner, subject to State or local law, may use the security deposit, including any interest on the deposit, in accordance with the lease, as reimbursement for any unpaid rent payable by the tenant, damages to the unit or for other amounts the tenant owes under the lease.

The owner must give the tenant a written list of all items charged against the security deposit and the amount of each item. After deducting the amount, if any, used to reimburse the owner, the owner must refund promptly the full amount of the unused balance to the tenant.

If the security deposit is not sufficient to cover amounts the tenant owes under the lease, the owner may seek to collect the balance from the tenant.

7.0 MOVES WITH CONTINUED ASSISTANCE

Participating families are allowed to move to another unit after the initial 12 months has expired, if the landlord and the participant have mutually agreed to terminate the lease, or if the Housing Authority has terminated the HAP contract. The Boulder County Housing Authority will issue the family a new voucher if the family does not owe the Boulder County Housing Authority or any other Housing Authority money, has not violated a

Family Obligation, has not moved or been issued a certificate or voucher within the last 12 months, and if the Boulder County Housing Authority has sufficient funding for continued assistance. If the move is necessitated for a reason other than family choice, the 12-month requirement will be waived.

7.1 WHEN A FAMILY MAY MOVE

For families already participating in the Certificate and Voucher Program, the Boulder County Housing Authority will allow the family to move to a new unit if:

- A. The assisted lease for the old unit has terminated;
- B. The owner has given the tenant a notice to vacate, has commenced an action to evict the tenant, or has obtained a court judgment or other process allowing the owner to evict the tenant; or
- C. The tenant has given notice of lease termination (if the tenant has a right to terminate the lease on notice to the owner).

7.2 PROCEDURES REGARDING FAMILY MOVES

Families considering transferring to a new unit will be scheduled to attend a mover's briefing. All families who are moving, including any families moving into or out of the Boulder County Housing Authority's jurisdiction, will be required to attend a mover's briefing prior to the Boulder County Housing Authority entering a new HAP contract on their behalf.

This briefing is intended to provide the following:

- A. A refresher on program requirements and the family's responsibilities. Emphasis will be on giving proper notice and meeting all lease requirements such as leaving the unit in good condition;
- B. Information about finding suitable housing and the advantages of moving to an area that does not have a high concentration of poor families;
- C. Payment standards, exception payment standard rent areas, and the utility allowance schedule;
- D. An explanation that the family's share of rent may not exceed 40% of the family's monthly-adjusted income;
- E. Portability requirements and opportunities;
- F. The need to have a reexamination conducted within 120 days prior to the move;
- G. An explanation and copies of the forms required to initiate and complete the move; and
- H. All forms and brochures provided to applicants at the initial briefing.

Families are required to give proper written notice of their intent to terminate the lease. In accordance with HUD regulations, no notice requirement may exceed 60 days. During the initial term, families may not end the lease unless they and the owner mutually agree to end the lease. If the family moves from the unit before the initial term of the lease ends without the owner's and the Boulder County Housing Authority's approval, it will be considered a serious lease violation and subject the family to termination from the program.

The family is required to give the Boulder County Housing Authority a copy of the notice to terminate the lease at the same time as it gives the notice to the landlord. A family's failure to provide a copy of the lease termination notice to the Boulder County Housing

Authority will be considered a violation of Family Obligations and may cause the family to be terminated from the program.

A family who gives notice to terminate the lease must mail the notice by certified mail or have the landlord or his agent sign a statement stating the date and time received. The family will be required to provide the certified mail receipt and a copy of the lease termination notice to the Boulder County Housing Authority, or a copy of the lease termination notice and the signed statement stating the date and time the notice was received. If the landlord or his/her agent does not accept the certified mail receipt, the family will be required to provide the receipt and envelope showing that the attempt was made.

Failure to follow the above procedures may subject the family to termination from the program.

8.0 PORTABILITY

8.1 GENERAL POLICIES OF THE BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY

A family whose head or spouse has a domicile (legal residence) or works in the jurisdiction of the Boulder County Housing Authority at the time the family first submits its application for participation in the program to the Boulder County Housing Authority may lease a unit anywhere in the jurisdiction of the Boulder County Housing Authority or outside the Boulder County Housing Authority jurisdiction as long as there is another entity operating a tenant-based Section 8 program covering the location of the proposed unit.

If the head or spouse of the assisted family does not have a legal residence or work in the jurisdiction of the Boulder County Housing Authority at the time of its application, the family will not have any right to lease a unit outside of the Boulder County Housing Authority jurisdiction for a 12-month period beginning when the family is first admitted to the program. During this period, the family may only lease a unit located in the jurisdiction of the Boulder County Housing Authority.

Families participating in the Voucher Program will not be allowed to move more than once in any 12-month period and under no circumstances will the Boulder County Housing Authority allow a participant to improperly break a lease. Under extraordinary circumstances the Boulder County Housing Authority may consider allowing more than one move in a 12-month period.

Families may only move to a jurisdiction where a Section 8 Program is being administered.

If a family has moved out of their assisted unit in violation of the lease, the Boulder County Housing Authority will not issue a voucher, and will terminate assistance in compliance with Section 17.0, Grounds for Termination of the Lease and Contract. |

8.2 INCOME ELIGIBILITY

A. Admission

A family must be income-eligible in the area where the family first leases a unit with assistance in the Voucher Program.

B. If a portable family is already a participant in the Initial Housing Authority's Voucher Program, income eligibility is not re-determined.

8.3 PORTABILITY: ADMINISTRATION BY RECEIVING HOUSING AUTHORITY

A. When a family utilizes portability to move to an area outside the Initial Housing Authority jurisdiction, another Housing Authority (the Receiving Housing Authority) must administer assistance for the family if that Housing Authority has a tenant-based program covering the area where the unit is located.

B. A Housing Authority with jurisdiction in the area where the family wants to lease a unit must issue the family a voucher. If there is more than one such housing authority, the Initial Housing Authority may choose which housing authority shall become the Receiving Housing Authority.

8.4 PORTABILITY PROCEDURES

A. When the Boulder County Housing Authority is the Initial Housing Authority:

1. The Boulder County Housing Authority will brief the family on the process that must take place to exercise portability. The family will be required to attend an applicant or mover's briefing.
2. The will determine whether the family is income-eligible in the area where the family wants to lease a unit (if applicable).
3. The Boulder County Housing Authority will advise the family how to contact and request assistance from the Receiving Housing Authority.
4. The Boulder County Housing Authority will, within ten (10) calendar days, notify the Receiving Housing Authority to expect the family.
5. The Boulder County Housing Authority will immediately mail to the Receiving Housing Authority the most recent HUD Form 50058 (Family Report) for the family, and related verification information.

B. When the Boulder County Housing Authority is the Receiving Housing Authority:

1. When the portable family requests assistance from the Boulder County Housing Authority, the [Boulder County Housing Authority](#) will within ten (10) calendar days inform the Initial Housing Authority whether it will bill the Initial Housing Authority for assistance on behalf of the portable family, or absorb the family into its own program. When the Boulder County Housing Authority receives a portable family, the family will be absorbed if funds are available and a voucher will be issued.
2. The Boulder County Housing Authority will issue a voucher to the family. The term of the Boulder County Housing Authority's voucher will not expire before the expiration date of any Initial Housing Authority's voucher. The Boulder County Housing Authority will determine whether to

extend the voucher term. The family must submit a request for tenancy approval to the Boulder County Housing Authority during the term of the Boulder County Housing Authority's voucher.

3. The Boulder County Housing Authority will determine the family unit size for the portable family. The family unit size is determined in accordance with the Boulder County Housing Authority's subsidy standards.
4. The Boulder County Housing Authority will within ten (10) calendar days notify the Initial Housing Authority if the family has leased an eligible unit under the program, or if the family fails to submit a request for tenancy approval for an eligible unit within the term of the voucher.
5. If the Boulder County Housing Authority opts to conduct a new reexamination, the Boulder County Housing Authority will not delay issuing the family a voucher or otherwise delay approval of a unit unless the re-certification is necessary to determine income eligibility.
6. In order to provide tenant-based assistance for portable families, the Boulder County Housing Authority will perform all Housing Authority program functions, such as reexaminations of family income and composition. At any time, either the Initial Housing Authority or the Boulder County Housing Authority may make a determination to deny or terminate assistance to the family in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552.

C. Absorption by the Boulder County Housing Authority

1. If funding is available under the consolidated ACC for the 's Voucher Program when the portable family is received, the Boulder County Housing Authority ~~will~~ may absorb the family into its Voucher Program. After absorption, the family is assisted with funds available under the consolidated ACC for the Boulder County Housing Authority's Tenant-Based Program.

D. Portability Billing

1. To cover assistance for a portable family, the Receiving Housing Authority may bill the Initial Housing Authority for housing assistance payments and administrative fees. The billing procedure will be as follows:
 - a. As the Initial Housing Authority, the Boulder County Housing Authority will promptly reimburse the Receiving Housing Authority for the full amount of the housing assistance payments made by the Receiving Housing Authority for the portable family. The amount of the housing assistance payment for a portable family in the Receiving Housing Authority's program is determined in the same manner as for other families in the Receiving Housing Authority's program.
 - b. The Initial Housing Authority will promptly reimburse the Receiving Housing Authority for 80% of the Initial Housing Authority's on-going administrative fee for each unit month that the family receives assistance under the tenant-based programs and is assisted by the Receiving Housing Authority. If both Housing

Authorities agree, we may negotiate a different amount of reimbursement.

E. When a Portable Family Moves

When a portable family moves out of the tenant-based program of a Receiving Housing Authority that has not absorbed the family, the Housing Authority in the new jurisdiction to which the family moves becomes the Receiving Housing Authority, and the first Receiving Housing Authority is no longer required to provide assistance for the family.

9.0 DETERMINATION OF FAMILY INCOME

9.1 INCOME, EXCLUSIONS FROM INCOME, DEDUCTIONS FROM INCOME

To determine annual income, the Boulder County Housing Authority counts the income of all family members, excluding the types and sources of income that are specifically excluded. Once the annual income is determined, the Boulder County Housing Authority subtracts out all allowable deductions (allowances) as the next step in determining the Total Tenant Payment.

9.2 INCOME

- A. Annual income means all amounts, monetary or not, that:
1. Go to (or on behalf of) the family head or spouse (even if temporarily absent) or to any other family member, or
 2. Are anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 12-month period following admission or annual reexamination effective date; and
 3. Are not specifically excluded from annual income.
- B. Annual income includes, but is not limited to:
1. The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services.
 2. The net income from the operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness are not used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight-line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession is included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the family.
 3. Interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property. Expenditures for amortization of capital indebtedness are not used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight-line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment is included in income,

except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested by the family. Where the family has net family assets in excess of \$5,000, annual income includes the greater of the actual income derived from all net family assets or a percentage of the value of such assets based on the current passbook savings rate, as determined by HUD.

4. The full amount of periodic amounts received from Social Security, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, disability or death benefits, and other similar types of periodic receipts, including a lump-sum amount or prospective monthly amounts for the delayed start of a periodic amount. (However, deferred periodic amounts from supplemental security income and Social Security benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts are excluded.)
5. Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment and disability compensation, worker's compensation and severance pay. (However, lump sum additions such as insurance payments from worker's compensation are excluded.)
6. Welfare assistance
 - a. If the welfare assistance payment includes an amount specifically designated for shelter and utilities that is subject to adjustment by the welfare assistance agency in accordance with the actual cost of shelter and utilities, the amount of welfare assistance income to be included as income consists of:
 - i. The amount of the allowance or grant exclusive of the amount specifically designated for shelter or utilities; plus
 - ii. The maximum amount that the welfare assistance agency ~~could in fact~~ allow the family for shelter and utilities. If the family's welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under this requirement is the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.
 - b. If the amount of welfare is reduced due to an act of fraud by a family member or because of any family member's failure to comply with requirements to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program or work activity, the amount of rent required to be paid by the family will not be decreased. In such cases, the amount of income attributable to the family will include what the family would have received had they complied with the welfare requirements and/or had not committed an act of fraud.
 - c. If the amount of welfare assistance is reduced as a result of a lifetime time limit, the reduced amount is the amount that shall be counted.
7. Periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony and child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from organizations or from persons not residing in the dwelling.

8. All regular pay, special pay, and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces. (Special pay to a member exposed to hostile fire is excluded.)

9.3 EXCLUSIONS FROM INCOME

Annual income does not include the following:

- A. Income from employment of children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years;
- B. Payments received for the care of foster children or foster adults (usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to live alone);
- C. Lump-sum additions to family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's compensation), capital gains and settlement for personal or property losses;
- D. Amounts received by the family that is specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of medical expenses for any family member;
- E. Income of a live-in aide;
- F. The full amount of student financial assistance paid directly to the student or to the educational institution;
- G. The special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire;
- H. The amounts received from the following programs:
 1. Amounts received under training programs funded by HUD;
 2. Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security Income eligibility and benefits because they are set aside for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS);
 3. Amounts received by a participant in other publicly assisted programs that are specifically for or in reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred (special equipment, clothing, transportation, child care, etc.) and that are made solely to allow participation in a specific program;
 4. Amounts received under a resident service stipend. A resident service stipend is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per month) received by a resident for performing a service for the Housing Authority or owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life in the development. Such services may include, but are not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance, and resident initiative coordination. No resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time;
 5. Incremental earnings and benefits resulting to any family member from participation in qualifying State or local employment training programs (including training programs not affiliated with a local government) and training of a family member as resident management staff. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives and are excluded only

for the period during which the family member participates in the employment training program;

6. Temporary, nonrecurring, or sporadic income (including gifts);
7. Reparation payments paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims filed under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era;
8. Earnings in excess of \$480 for each full-time student 18 years old or older (excluding the head of household and spouse);
9. Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child;
10. Deferred periodic amounts from Supplemental Security Income and Social Security benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts;
11. Amounts received by the family in the form of refunds or rebates under State or local law for property taxes paid on the dwelling unit;
12. Amounts paid by a State agency to a family with a member who has a developmental disability and is living at home to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep the developmentally disabled family member at home; or
13. Amounts specifically excluded by any other Federal statute from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits.

These exclusions include:

- a. The value of the allotment of food stamps.
- b. Payments to volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Services Act of 1973.
- c. Payments received under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.
- d. Income from sub marginal land of the U.S. that is held in trust for certain Indian tribes.
- e. Payments made under HHS's Low-Income Energy Assistance Program.
- f. Payments received under the Job Training Partnership Act.
- g. Income from the disposition of funds of the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians.
- h. The first \$2000 per capita received from judgment funds awarded for certain Indian claims.
- i. Amount of scholarships awarded under Title IV including Work-Study.
- j. Payments received under the Older Americans Act of 1965.
- k. Payments from Agent Orange Settlement.
- l. Payments received under the Maine Indian Claims Act.

- m. The value of childcare under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990.
- n. Earned income tax credit refund payments.
- o. Payments for living expenses under the AmeriCorps Program.

9.4 DEDUCTIONS FROM ANNUAL INCOME

The following deductions will be made from annual income:

- A. \$480 for each dependent;
- B. \$400 for any elderly family or disabled family;
- C. For any family that is not an elderly or disabled family but has a member (other than the head or spouse) who is a person with a disability, disability assistance expenses in excess of 3% of annual income. This allowance may not exceed the employment income received by family members who are 18 years of age or older as a result of the assistance to the person with disabilities.
- D. For any elderly or disabled family:
 - 1. That has no disability assistance expenses, an allowance for medical expenses equal to the amount by which the medical expenses exceed 3% of annual income;
 - 2. That has disability expenses greater than or equal to 3% of annual income, an allowance for disability assistance expenses computed in accordance with paragraph C, plus an allowance for medical expenses that equal the family's medical expenses;
 - 3. That has disability assistance expenses that are less than 3% of annual income, an allowance for combined disability assistance expenses and medical expenses that is equal to the total of these expenses less 3% of annual income.
- E. Child care expenses.

10.0 VERIFICATION

The Boulder County Housing Authority will verify information related to waiting list preferences, eligibility, admission and level of benefits prior to admission. Periodically during occupancy, items related to eligibility and rent determination shall also be reviewed and verified. Income, assets, and expenses will be verified, as well as disability status, need for a live-in aide and other reasonable accommodations, full time student status of family members 18 years of age and older, Social Security Numbers, citizenship/eligible non-citizen status. Age and relationship will only be verified in those instances where needed to make a determination of level of assistance.

Additionally, families or individuals reporting zero income may have their income verified on a regular basis. This process requires that families claiming zero income complete a statement of survival indicating sources of income for basic necessities.

10.1 ACCEPTABLE METHODS OF VERIFICATION

Age, relationship, U.S. citizenship, and Social Security Numbers will generally be verified with documentation provided by the family. For citizenship, the family's certification will be accepted. (Or for citizenship documentation such as listed below will be required.) Verification of these items will include photocopies of the Social Security cards and other documents presented by the family, the INS SAVE approval code, and forms signed by the family.

Other information will be verified by third party verification. This type of verification includes written documentation (with forms sent directly to and received directly from a source, not passed through the hands of the family). This verification may also be direct contact with the source, in person or by telephone. It may also be a report generated by a request from the Boulder County Housing Authority or automatically by another government agency, i.e. the Social Security Administration. Verification forms and reports received will be contained in the applicant/tenant file. Oral third party documentation will include the same information as if the documentation had been written, i.e. name date of contact, amount received, etc.

When third party verification cannot be obtained, the Boulder County Housing Authority will accept documentation received from the applicant/participant. Hand-carried documentation will be accepted if the Boulder County Housing Authority has been unable to obtain third party verification in a four-week period of time. Photocopies of the documents provided by the family will be maintained in the file.

When neither third party verification nor hand-carried verification can be obtained, the Boulder County Housing Authority will accept a notarized statement signed by the head, spouse or co-head. Such documents will be maintained in the file.

10.2 TYPES OF VERIFICATION

The chart below outlines the factors that may be verified and gives common examples of the verification that will be sought. To obtain written third party verification, the Boulder County Housing Authority will send a request form to the source along with a release form signed by the applicant/participant via first class mail.

Verification Requirements for Individuals Items		
Item to Be Verified	3rd Party Verification	Hand-carried Verification
Stocks	Letter from Broker or holding company	Stock or most current statement, price in newspaper or through Internet
Real property	Letter from tax office, assessment, etc.	Property tax statement (for current value), assessment, records or income and expenses, tax return
Personal Property	Assessment, bluebook, etc.	Receipt for purchase, other evidence of worth
Cash value of life	Letter from insurance company	Current statement

insurance policies		
Income		
Earned income	Letter from employer	Multiple pay stubs
Self-employed	N/a	Tax return from prior year, books of accounts
Regular gifts and contributions	Letter from source, letter from organization receiving gift (i.e., if grandmother pays day care provider, the day care provider could so state)	Bank deposits, other similar evidence
Alimony/child support	Court order, letter from source, letter from Human Resources	Record deposits, divorce decree
Periodic payments (i.e., social security, welfare, pensions, workers compensation, unemployment)	Letter or e Electronic reports from the source <u>through TASS</u>	Award letter, letter announcing change in amount of future payments
Verification requirements for Individual Items	3 rd Party verification	Hand-carried verification
General eligibility Items		
Social security number	Letter from Social Security, electronic reports	Social Security card
Citizenship	N/a <u>A</u>	Signed certification, voter's registration card, birth certificate, etc.
Eligible immigration status	INS SAVE confirmation #	INS card
Disability	Letter from medical professional, SSI, etc.	Prof of SSI or Social Security disability payments
Full time students status (if > 18)	Letter from school	For high school students, any document evidencing enrollment
Need for live-in aide	Letter from doctor or other professional knowledgeable of condition	N/A
Child care costs	Letter from child care provider	Bills and receipts
Disability assistance expenses	Letters from suppliers, care givers, etc.	Bills and records of receipt
Medical expenses	Letters from providers, prescription record from	Bills receipts, records of payment, dates of trips, mileage log, receipts

	pharmacy, medical professional's letter stating assistance or a companion animal is needed	for fares and tolls
Value of Income from Assets		
Savings, checking accounts	Letter from institution	Passbook, most current statements
CDs, bonds, etc.	Letter from institution	Tax return, information brochure from institution, the CD, the bond

10.3 VERIFICATION OF CITIZENSHIP OR ELIGIBLE NONCITIZEN STATUS

The citizenship/ eligible non-citizen status of each family member regardless of age must be determined.

Prior to being admitted all citizens and nationals will be required to sign a declaration under penalty of perjury. (They will be required to show proof of their status by such means as Social Security card, birth certificate, military ID or military DD 214 Form.)

Prior to being admitted or at the first reexamination, all eligible non-citizens who are 62 years of age or older will be required to sign a declaration under penalty of perjury. They will also be required to show proof of age.

Prior to being admitted or at the first reexamination, all eligible non-citizens must sign a declaration of their status and a verification consent form and provide their original INS documentation. The Boulder County Housing Authority will make a copy of the individual's INS documentation and place the copy in the file. The Boulder County Housing Authority also will verify their status through the INS SAVE system. If the INS SAVE system cannot confirm eligibility, the Boulder County Housing Authority will mail information to the INS so a manual check can be made of INS records.

Family members who do not claim to be citizens, nationals or eligible non-citizens, or whose status cannot be confirmed, must be listed on a statement of non-eligible members. The head of the household must sign the list.

Non-citizen students on student visas, though in the country legally, are not eligible to be admitted to the Section 8 Program.

Any family member who does not choose to declare their status must be listed on the statement of non-eligible members.

If no family member is determined to be eligible under this Section, the family's admission will be denied.

The family's assistance will not be denied, delayed, reduced or terminated because of a delay in the process of determining eligible status under this Section, except to the extent that the ~~delay is caused by the family~~ [family causes the delay](#).

If the Boulder County Housing Authority determines that a family member has knowingly permitted an ineligible non-citizen (other than any ineligible non-citizens listed on the lease) to permanently reside in their Section 8 unit, the family's assistance will be terminated. Such family will not be eligible to be readmitted to Section 8 for a period of 24 months from the date of termination.

10.4 VERIFICATION OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS

Prior to admission, each family member who has a Social Security Number and who is at least six (6) years of age must provide verification of his or her Social Security Number. New family members at least six years of age must provide this verification prior to being added to the lease. Children in assisted households must provide this verification at the first regular reexamination after turning six.

The best verification of the Social Security Number is the original Social Security card. If the card is not available, the Boulder County Housing Authority will accept letters from Social Security that establishes and states the number. [If applicable, the Boulder County Housing Authority will verify Social Security numbers in Tenant Assessment Sub System.](#) Documentation from other governmental agencies will also be accepted that establish and state the number. Driver's license, military ID, passports, or other official documents that establish and state the number are also acceptable.

If an individual states that they do not have a Social Security Number they will be required to sign a statement to this effect. The Boulder County Housing Authority will not require any individual who does not have a Social Security Number to obtain a Social Security Number.

If a member of an applicant family indicates they have a Social Security Number, but cannot readily verify it, the family cannot be assisted until verification is provided.

If a member of a tenant family indicates they have a Social Security Number, but cannot readily verify it, they shall be asked to certify to this fact and shall have up to 60 days to provide the verification. If the individual is at least 62 years of age, they will be given 120 days to provide the verification. If the individual fails to provide the verification within the time allowed, the family will be denied assistance or will have their assistance terminated.

10.5 TIMING OF VERIFICATION

Verification must be dated within 90 days of certification or reexamination. If the verification is older than this, the source will be contacted and asked to provide information regarding any changes.

When an interim reexamination is conducted, the Housing Authority will verify and update only those elements reported to have changed.

10.6 FREQUENCY OF OBTAINING VERIFICATION

For each family member, citizenship/eligible non-citizen status will be verified only once. This verification will be obtained prior to admission. If the status of any family member was not determined prior to admission, verification of their status will be obtained at the next regular reexamination. Prior to a new member joining the family, their status will be verified.

For each family member age 6 and above, verification of Social Security Number will be obtained only once. This verification will be accomplished prior to admission. When a family member who did not have a Social Security Number at admission receives a Social

Security Number, that number will be verified at the next regular reexamination. Likewise, when a child turns six, their verification will be obtained at the next regular reexamination.

11.0 RENT AND HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT

11.1 GENERAL

After October 1, 1999, the Boulder County Housing Authority will issue only vouchers to applicants, movers, and families entering the jurisdiction through portability. Certificates currently held will continue to be honored until the transition of the merger of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher programs as outlined in 24 CFR 982.502 is complete (see Section 21.0 for additional guidance).

11.2 RENT REASONABLENESS

The Housing Authority will not approve an initial rent or a rent increase in any of the tenant-based programs without determining that the rent amount is reasonable. Reasonableness is determined prior to the initial lease and at the following times:

- A. Before any increase in rent to owner is approved;
- B. If sixty (60) days before the contract anniversary date there is a five percent (5%) decrease in the published FMR as compared to the previous FMR; and
- C. If the Housing Authority or HUD directs that reasonableness be re-determined.

11.3 COMPARABILITY

In making a rent reasonableness determination, the Housing Authority will compare the rent for the unit to the rent of comparable units in the same or comparable neighborhoods. The Housing Authority will consider the location, quality, size, number of bedrooms, age, amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities of the unit and the comparable units.

The Housing Authority will maintain current survey information on rental units in the jurisdiction. The Housing Authority will also obtain from landlord associations and management firms the value of the array of amenities.

The Housing Authority will establish minimum base rent amounts for each unit type and bedroom size. To the base the Housing Authority will be able to add or subtract the dollar value for each characteristic and amenity of a proposed unit.

Owners are invited to submit information to the survey at any time. Owners may review the determination made on their unit and may submit additional information or make improvements to the unit that will enable the Housing Authority to establish a higher value.

The owner must certify the rents charged for other units. By accepting the housing assistance payment each month the owner is certifying that the rent to owner is not more than the rent charged by the owner for comparable unassisted units in the premises.

11.4 MAXIMUM SUBSIDY

The Fair Market Rent (FMR) published by HUD or the exception payment standard rent (requested by the Boulder County Housing Authority and approved by HUD) determines the maximum subsidy for a family.

For a regular tenancy under the Certificate Program, the FMR/exception rent limit is the maximum initial gross rent under the assisted lease. This only applies until the transition of the merger of the Section 8 Certificate and Voucher programs as outlined in 24 CFR 982.502 is complete.

For the Voucher Program, the maximum payment standard will be 110% of the FMR without prior approval from HUD, or the exception payment standard approved by HUD.

For a voucher tenancy in an insured or noninsured 236 project, a 515 project of the Rural Development Administration, or a Section 221(d)(3) below market interest rate project the payment standard may not exceed the basic rent charged including the cost of tenant-paid utilities.

For manufactured home space rental, the maximum subsidy under any form of assistance is the Fair Market Rent for the space as outlined in 24 CFR 982.888.

11.4.1 Setting the Payment Standard**SETTING THE PAYMENT STANDARD**

HUD requires that the payment standard be set by the Housing Authority at between 90 and 110% of the FMR. The Boulder County Housing Authority will review its determination of the payment standard annually after publication of the [Fair Market Rents](#). The Boulder County Housing Authority will consider vacancy rates and rents in the market area, size and quality of units leased under the program, rents for units leased under the program, success rates of voucher holders in finding units, and the percentage of annual income families are paying for rent under the Voucher Program. If it is determined that success rates will suffer or that families [are having](#) to rent low quality units or pay over 40% of income for rent, the payment standard may be raised to the level judged necessary to alleviate these hardships.

Payment standards will not be raised solely to allow the renting of luxury quality units.

If success levels are projected to be extremely high and rents are projected to be at or below 30% of income, the Housing Authority will reduce the payment standard. Payment standards for each bedroom size are evaluated separately so that the payment standard for one bedroom size may increase or decrease while another remains unchanged. The Boulder County Housing Authority may consider adjusting payment standards at times other than the annual review when circumstances warrant.

Before increasing any payment standard, the Housing Authority will conduct a financial feasibility test to ensure that in using the higher standard, adequate funds will continue to be available to assist families in the program.

11.4.2 SELECTING THE CORRECT PAYMENT STANDARD FOR A FAMILY**Selecting the Correct Payment Standard for a Family**

- A. For the voucher tenancy, the payment standard for a family is the lower of:
 1. The payment standard for the family unit size; or

2. The payment standard for the unit size rented by the family.
- B. If the unit rented by a family is located in an exception rent area, the Housing Authority will use the appropriate payment standard for the exception rent area.
- C. During the HAP contract term for a unit, the amount of the payment standard for a family is the higher of:
 1. The initial payment standard (at the beginning of the lease term) minus any amount by which the initial rent to owner exceeds the current rent to owner; or
 2. The payment standard as determined at the most recent regular reexamination of family income and composition effective after the beginning of the HAP contract term.
- D. At the next annual reexamination following a change in family size or composition during the HAP contract term and for any reexamination thereafter, paragraph C above does not apply.
- E. If there is a change in family unit size resulting from a change in family size or composition, the new family unit size will be considered when determining the payment standard at the next annual reexamination.

11.4.3 Area Exception Rents **AREA EXCEPTION RENTS**

In order to help families find housing outside areas of high poverty or when voucher holders are having trouble finding housing for lease under the program, the Housing Authority may request that HUD approve an exception payment standard rent for certain areas within its jurisdiction. The areas may be of any size, though generally not smaller than a census tract. The Housing Authority may request one such exception payment standard area or many. Exception payment standard rent authority may be requested for all or some unit sizes, or for all or some unit types.

When an exception payment standard rent has been approved and the FMR increases, the exception rent remains unchanged until such time as the Housing Authority requests and HUD approves a higher exception payment standard rent. If the FMR decreases, the exception payment standard rent authority automatically expires.

11.5 ASSISTANCE AND RENT FORMULAS

A. Total Tenant Payment

The total tenant payment is equal to the highest of:

1. 10% of monthly income
2. 30% of adjusted monthly income
3. Minimum rent
4. The welfare rent

Plus any rent above the payment standard.

B. Minimum Rent.

The Boulder County Housing Authority has set the minimum rent as \$ **50.00**. However, if the family requests a hardship exemption, the Boulder County

Housing Authority will suspend the minimum rent for the family beginning the month following the family's hardship request. The suspension will continue until the Housing Authority can determine whether hardship exists and whether the hardship is of a temporary or long-term nature. During suspension, the family will not be required to pay a minimum rent and the Housing Assistance Payment will be increased accordingly.

1. A hardship exists in the following circumstances:
 - a. When the family has lost eligibility for or is awaiting an eligibility determination for a Federal, State or local assistance program;
 - b. When the family would be evicted as a result of the imposition of the minimum rent requirement;
 - c. When the income of the family has decreased because of changed circumstances, including loss of employment;
 - d. When the family has an increase in expenses because of changed circumstances, for medical costs, childcare, transportation, education, or similar items;
 - e. When a death has occurred in the family.
2. No hardship. If the Housing Authority determines there is no qualifying hardship, the minimum rent will be reinstated, including requiring back payment of minimum rent to the Housing Authority for the time of suspension.
3. Temporary hardship. If the Housing Authority determines that there is a qualifying hardship but that it is of a temporary nature, the minimum rent will not be imposed for a period of 90 days from the date of the family's request. At the end of the 90-day period, the minimum rent will be imposed retroactively to the time of suspension. The Housing Authority will offer a reasonable repayment agreement for any minimum rent back payment paid by the Housing Authority on the family's behalf during the period of suspension.
4. Long-term hardship. If the Housing Authority determines there is a long-term hardship, the family will be exempt from the minimum rent requirement until the hardship no longer exists.
5. Appeals. The family may use the informal hearing procedure to appeal the Housing Authority's determination regarding the hardship. No escrow deposit will be required in order to access the informal hearing procedures.

C. Section 8 Merged Vouchers

1. The payment standard is set by the Housing Authority between 90% and 110% of the FMR or higher or lower with HUD approval.
2. The participant pays the greater of the Total Tenant Payment or the minimum rent, plus the amount by which the gross rent exceeds the payment standard.
3. No participant when initially receiving tenant-based assistance on a unit shall pay more than 40% of their monthly-adjusted income.

D. Section 8 Preservation Vouchers

1. Payment Standard

- a. The payment standard is the lower of:
 - i. The payment standard amount for the appropriate family unit size; or
 - ii. The payment standard amount for the size of the dwelling unit actually rented by the family.
- b. If the dwelling unit is located in an exception area, the Boulder County Housing Authority will use the appropriate payment standard for the exception area.
- c. During the HAP contract term, the payment standard for the family is the higher of :
 - i. The initial payment standard (at the beginning of the HAP contract term), as determined in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this section, minus any amount by which the initial rent to the owner exceeds the current rent to the owner; or
 - ii. The payment standard as determined in accordance with paragraph (1)(a) or (1)(b) of this section, as determined at the most recent regular reexamination of family income and composition effective after the beginning of the HAP contract term.
- d. At the next regular reexamination following a change in family composition that causes a change in family unit size during the HAP contract term, and for any examination thereafter during the term:
 - i. Paragraph (c)(i) of this section does not apply; and
 - ii. The new family unit size must be used to determine the payment standard.

2. The Boulder County Housing Authority will pay a monthly housing assistance payment on behalf of the family that equals the lesser of:

- a. The payment standard minus the total tenant payment; or
- b. The gross rent minus the total tenant payment.

E. Manufactured Home Space Rental: Section 8 Vouchers

1. The payment standard for a participant renting a manufactured home space is the published FMR for rental of a manufactured home space.
2. The space rent is the sum of the following as determined by the Housing Authority:
 - a. Rent to the owner for the manufactured home space;
 - b. Owner maintenance and management charges for the space; and
 - c. Utility allowance for tenant paid utilities.

3. The participant pays the rent to owner less the HAP.
4. HAP equals the lesser of:
 - a. The payment standard minus the total tenant payment; or
 - b. The rent paid for rental of the real property on which the manufactured home owned by the family is located.

F. Rent for Families under the Non-citizen Rule

A mixed family will receive full continuation of assistance if all of the following conditions are met:

1. The family was receiving assistance on June 19, 1995;
2. The family was granted continuation of assistance before November 29, 1996;
3. The family's head or spouse has eligible immigration status; and
4. The family does not include any person who does not have eligible status other than the head of household, the spouse of the head of household, any parent of the head or spouse, or any child (under the age of 18) of the head or spouse.

If a mixed family qualifies for prorated assistance but decides not to accept it, or if the family has no eligible members, the family may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance to permit the family additional time for the orderly transition of some or all of its members to locate other affordable housing. Under this provision the family receives full assistance. If assistance is granted under this provision prior to November 29, 1996, it may last no longer than three years. If granted after that date, the maximum period of time for assistance under the provision is 18 months. The Boulder County Housing Authority will grant each family a period of 6 months to find suitable affordable housing. If the family cannot find suitable affordable housing, the Boulder County Housing Authority will provide additional search periods up to the maximum time allowable.

Suitable housing means housing that is not substandard and is of appropriate size for the family. Affordable housing means that it can be rented for an amount not exceeding the amount the family pays for rent, plus utilities, plus 25%.

The family's assistance is prorated in the following manner:

1. Find the prorated housing assistance payment (HAP) by dividing the HAP by the total number of family members, and then multiplying the result by the number of eligible family members.
2. Obtain the prorated family share by subtracting the prorated HAP from the gross rent (contract rent plus utility allowance).
3. The prorated tenant rent equals the prorated family share minus the full utility allowance.

11.6 UTILITY ALLOWANCE

The Housing Authority maintains a utility allowance schedule for all tenant-paid utilities (except telephone), for cost of tenant-supplied refrigerators and ranges, and for other tenant-paid housing services (e.g., trash collection (disposal of waste and refuse)).

The utility allowance schedule is determined based on the typical cost of utilities and services paid by energy-conservative households that occupy housing of similar size and type in the same locality. In developing the schedule, the Housing Authority uses normal patterns of consumption for the community as a whole and current utility rates.

The Housing Authority reviews the utility allowance schedule annually and revises any allowance for a utility category if there has been a change of [ten percent \(10%\)](#) or more in the utility rate since the last time the utility allowance schedule was revised. The Housing Authority maintains information supporting the annual review of utility allowances and any revisions made in its utility allowance schedule. Participants may review this information at any time by making an appointment with the **Housing Authority**.

The Housing Authority uses the appropriate utility allowance for the size of dwelling unit actually leased by the family (rather than the family unit size as determined under the Housing Authority subsidy standards).

At each reexamination, the Housing Authority applies the utility allowance from the most current utility allowance schedule.

The Housing Authority will approve a request for a utility allowance that is higher than the applicable amount on the utility allowance schedule if a higher utility allowance is needed as a reasonable accommodation to make the program accessible to and usable by the family member with a disability.

The utility allowance will be subtracted from the family's share to determine the amount of the Tenant Rent. The Tenant Rent is the amount the family owes each month to the owner. The amount of the utility allowance is then still available to the family to pay the cost of their utilities. Any utility cost above the allowance is the responsibility of the tenant. Any savings resulting from utility costs below the amount of the allowance belong to the tenant.

11.7 DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSING ASSISTANCE PAYMENT

The Housing Authority pays the owner the lesser of the housing assistance payment or the rent to owner. If payments are not made when due, the owner may charge the Boulder County Housing Authority a late payment, agreed to in the Contract and in accordance with generally accepted practices in the Boulder County Housing Authority's jurisdiction.

11.8 CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP

The Boulder County Housing Authority requires a written request by the owner who executed the HAP contract in order to make changes regarding who is to receive the Boulder County Housing Authority's rent payment or the address as to where the rent payment should be sent.

In addition, the Boulder County Housing Authority requires a written request from the new owner to process a change of ownership. The following documents must accompany the written request:

- A. Deed of Trust showing the transfer of title; and
- B. Tax Identification Number or Social Security Number.

New owners will be required to execute IRS form W-9. The Boulder County Housing Authority may withhold the rent payment until the taxpayer identification number is received.

12.0 INSPECTION POLICIES AND HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS AND DAMAGE CLAIMS

The Boulder County Housing Authority will inspect all units to ensure that they meet Housing Quality Standards (HQS). No unit will be initially placed on the Section 8 Existing Program unless the HQS is met. Units will be inspected at least annually, and at other times as needed, to determine if the units meet HQS.

The Boulder County Housing Authority must be allowed to inspect the dwelling unit at reasonable times with reasonable notice. The family and owner will be notified of the inspection appointment by first class mail. If the family cannot be at home for the scheduled inspection appointment, the family must call and reschedule the inspection or make arrangements to enable the Housing Authority to enter the unit and complete the inspection.

If the family misses the scheduled inspection, a second inspection will be scheduled with a written notice stating that if the family fails to attend the second scheduled inspection, the Boulder County Housing Authority will take action to terminate the family's assistance. Section 8 participants will be offered the right to an informal review and to request a reasonable accommodation for persons with a disability.

12.1 TYPES OF INSPECTIONS

There are seven types of inspections the Boulder County Housing Authority will perform:

- A. Initial Inspection - An inspection that must take place to insure that the unit passes HQS before assistance can begin.
- B. Annual Inspection - An inspection to determine that the unit continues to meet HQS.
- C. Complaint Inspection - An inspection caused by the Authority receiving a complaint on the unit by anyone.
- D. Special Inspection - An inspection caused by a third party, i.e. HUD, needing to view the unit.
- E. Emergency - An inspection that takes place in the event of a perceived emergency. These will take precedence over all other inspections.
- F. Move Out Inspection (if applicable) - An inspection required for units in service before October 2, 1995, and optional after that date. These inspections document the condition of the unit at the time of the move-out.
- G. Quality Control Inspection - Supervisory inspections on at least five percent (5%) of the total number of units that were under lease during the Housing Authority's previous fiscal year.

12.2 OWNER AND FAMILY RESPONSIBILITY

A. Owner Responsibility for HQS

1. The owner must maintain the unit in accordance with HQS.
2. If the owner fails to maintain the dwelling unit in accordance with HQS, the Boulder County Housing Authority will take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the owner obligations. The Boulder County Housing Authority's remedies for such breach of the HQS include termination, suspension or reduction of housing assistance payments and termination of the HAP contract.
3. The Boulder County Housing Authority will not make any housing assistance payments for a dwelling unit that fails to meet the HQS, unless the owner corrects the defect within the period specified by the Boulder County Housing Authority and the Boulder County Housing Authority verifies the correction. If a defect is life threatening, the owner must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other defects the owner must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any Boulder County Housing Authority approved extension).
4. The owner is not responsible for a breach of the HQS ~~that is not caused by the owner~~ the owner does not cause that, and for which the family is responsible. Furthermore, the Boulder County Housing Authority may terminate assistance to a family because of the HQS breach caused by the family.

B. Family Responsibility for HQS

1. The family is responsible for a breach of the HQS that is caused by any of the following:
 - a. The family fails to pay for any utilities that the owner is not required to pay for, but which are to be paid by the tenant;
 - b. The family fails to provide and maintain any appliances that the owner is not required to provide, but which are to be provided by the tenant; or
 - c. Any member of the household or a guest damages the dwelling unit or premises (damage beyond ordinary wear and tear).
2. If an HQS breach caused by the family is life threatening, the family must correct the defect within no more than 24 hours. For other family-caused defects, the family must correct the defect within no more than 30 calendar days (or any Boulder County Housing Authority approved extension).
3. If the family has caused a breach of the HQS, the Boulder County Housing Authority will take prompt and vigorous action to enforce the family obligations. The Boulder County Housing Authority may terminate assistance for the family in accordance with 24 CFR 982.552.

12.3 HOUSING QUALITY STANDARDS (HQS) 24 CFR 982.401

This Section states performance and acceptability criteria for these key aspects of the following housing quality standards:

A. Sanitary Facilities

1. Performance Requirements

The dwelling unit must include sanitary facilities located in the unit. The sanitary facilities must be in proper operating condition and adequate for personal cleanliness and the disposal of human waste. The sanitary facilities must be usable in privacy.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. The bathroom must be located in a separate private room and have a flush toilet in proper operating condition.
- b. The dwelling unit must have a fixed basin in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water.
- c. The dwelling unit must have a shower or a tub in proper operating condition with hot and cold running water.
- d. The facilities must utilize an approvable public or private disposal system (including a locally approvable septic system).

B. Food Preparation and Refuse Disposal

1. Performance Requirements

- a. The dwelling unit must have suitable space and equipment to store, prepare, and serve foods in a sanitary manner.
- b. There must be adequate facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food wastes and refuse, including facilities for temporary storage where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. The dwelling unit must have an oven, a stove or range, and a refrigerator of appropriate size for the family. All of the equipment must be in proper operating condition. Either the owner or the family may supply the equipment. A microwave oven may be substituted for a tenant-supplied oven and stove or range. A microwave oven may be substituted for an owner-supplied oven and stove or range if the tenant agrees and microwave ovens are furnished instead of an oven and stove or range to both subsidized and unsubsidized tenants in the building or premises.
- b. The dwelling unit must have a kitchen sink in proper operating condition, with a sink trap and hot and cold running water. The sink must drain into an approvable public or private system.

- c. The dwelling unit must have space for the storage, preparation, and serving of food.
- d. There must be facilities and services for the sanitary disposal of food waste and refuse, including temporary storage facilities where necessary (e.g., garbage cans).

C. Space and security

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must provide adequate space and security for the family.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. At a minimum, the dwelling unit must have a living room, a kitchen area, and a bathroom.
- b. The dwelling unit must have at least one bedroom or living/sleeping room for each two persons. Children of opposite sex, other than very young children, may not be required to occupy the same bedroom or living/sleeping room.
- c. Dwelling unit windows that are accessible from the outside, such as basement, first floor, and fire escape windows, must be lockable (such as window units with sash pins or sash locks, and combination windows with latches). Windows that are nailed shut are acceptable only if these windows are not needed for ventilation or as an alternate exit in case of fire.
- d. The exterior doors of the dwelling unit must be lockable. Exterior doors are doors by which someone can enter or exit the dwelling unit.

D. Thermal Environment

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must have and be capable of maintaining a thermal environment healthy for the human body.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. There must be a safe system for heating the dwelling unit (and a safe cooling system, where present). The system must be in proper operating condition. The system must be able to provide adequate heat (and cooling, if applicable), either directly or indirectly, to each room, in order to assure a healthy living environment appropriate to the climate.
- b. The dwelling unit must not contain unvented room heaters that burn gas, oil, or kerosene. Electric heaters are acceptable.

E. Illumination and Electricity

1. Performance Requirement

Each room must have adequate natural or artificial illumination to permit normal indoor activities and to support the health and safety of occupants.

The dwelling unit must have sufficient electrical sources so occupants can use essential electrical appliances. The electrical fixtures and wiring must ensure safety from fire.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. There must be at least one window in the living room and in each sleeping room.
- b. The kitchen area and the bathroom must have a permanent ceiling or wall light fixture in proper operating condition. The kitchen area must also have at least one electrical outlet in proper operating condition.
- c. The living room and each bedroom must have at least two electrical outlets in proper operating condition. Permanent overhead or wall-mounted light fixtures may count as one of the required electrical outlets.

F. Structure and Materials

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be structurally sound. The structure must not present any threat to the health and safety of the occupants and must protect the occupants from the environment.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. Ceilings, walls, and floors must not have any serious defects such as severe bulging or leaning, large holes, loose surface materials, severe buckling, missing parts, or other serious damage.
- b. The roof must be structurally sound and weather tight.
- c. The exterior wall structure and surface must not have any serious defects such as serious leaning, buckling, sagging, large holes, or defects that may result in air infiltration or vermin infestation.
- d. The condition and equipment of interior and exterior stairs, halls, porches, walkways, etc., must not present a danger of tripping and falling. For example, broken or missing steps or loose boards are unacceptable.
- e. Elevators must be working and safe.

G. Interior Air Quality

1. Performance Requirement

The dwelling unit must be free of pollutants in the air at levels that threaten the health of the occupants.

2. Acceptability Criteria

- a. The dwelling unit must be free from dangerous levels of air pollution from carbon monoxide, sewer gas, fuel gas, dust, and other harmful pollutants.
- b. There must be adequate air circulation in the dwelling unit.

- c. Bathroom areas must have one window that can be opened or other adequate exhaust ventilation.
- d. Any room used for sleeping must have at least one window. If the window is designed to be opened, the window must work.

H. Water Supply

1. Performance Requirements

The water supply must be free from contamination.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The dwelling unit must be served by an approvable public or private water supply that is sanitary and free from contamination.

I. Lead-based Paint

1. Definitions

- a. Chewable surface: Protruding painted surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age; for example, protruding corners, window sills and frames, doors and frames, and other protruding woodwork.
- b. Component: An element of a residential structure identified by type and location, such as a bedroom wall, an exterior window sill, a baseboard in a living room, a kitchen floor, an interior window sill in a bathroom, a porch floor, stair treads in a common stairwell, or an exterior wall.
- c. Defective paint surface: A surface on which the paint is cracking, scaling, chipping, peeling, or loose.
- d. Elevated blood level (EBL): Excessive absorption of lead. Excessive absorption is a confirmed concentration of lead in whole blood of 20 ug/dl (micrograms of lead per deciliter) for a single test or of 15-19 ug/dl in two consecutive tests 3-4 months apart.
- e. HEPA: A high efficiency particle accumulator as used in lead abatement vacuum cleaners.
- f. Lead-based paint: A paint surface, whether or not defective, identified as having a lead content greater than or equal to 1 milligram per centimeter squared (mg/cm^2), or 0.5 % by weight or 5000 parts per million (PPM).

2. Performance Requirements

- a. The purpose of this paragraph of this Section is to implement Section 302 of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, 42 U.S.C. 4822, by establishing procedures to eliminate as far as practicable the hazards of lead-based paint poisoning for units assisted under this part. This paragraph is issued under 24 CFR 35.24(b)(4) and supersedes, for all housing to which it applies, the requirements of subpart C of 24 CFR part 35.

- b. The requirements of this paragraph of this Section do not apply to 0-bedroom units, units that are certified by a qualified inspector to be free of lead-based paint, or units designated exclusively for the elderly. The requirements of subpart A of 24 CFR part 35 apply to all units constructed prior to 1978 covered by a HAP contract under part 982.
- c. If a dwelling unit constructed before 1978 is occupied by a family that includes a child under the age of six years, the initial and each periodic inspection (as required under this part), must include a visual inspection for defective paint surfaces. If defective paint surfaces are found, such surfaces must be treated in accordance with paragraph k of this Section.
- d. The Housing Authority may exempt from such treatment defective paint surfaces that are found in a report by a qualified lead-based paint inspector not to be lead-based paint, as defined in paragraph 1(f) of this Section. For purposes of this Section, a qualified lead-based paint inspector is a State or local health or housing agency, a lead-based paint inspector certified or regulated by a State or local health or housing agency, or an organization recognized by HUD.
- e. Treatment of defective paint surfaces required under this Section must be completed within 30 calendar days of Housing Authority notification to the owner. When weather conditions prevent treatment of the defective paint conditions on exterior surfaces within the 30-day period, treatment as required by paragraph k of this Section may be delayed for a reasonable time.
- f. The requirements in this paragraph apply to:
 - i. All painted interior surfaces within the unit (including ceilings but excluding furniture);
 - ii. The entrance and hallway providing access to a unit in a multi-unit building; and
 - iii. Exterior surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age (including walls, stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, but excluding outbuildings such as garages and sheds).
- g. In addition to the requirements of paragraph c of this Section, for a dwelling unit constructed before 1978 that is occupied by a family with a child under the age of six years with an identified EBL condition, the initial and each periodic inspection (as required under this part) must include a test for lead-based paint on chewable surfaces. Testing is not required if previous testing of chewable surfaces is negative for lead-based paint or if the chewable surfaces have already been treated.
- h. Testing must be conducted by a State or local health or housing agency, an inspector certified or regulated by a State or local health

or housing agency, or an organization recognized by HUD. Lead content must be tested by using an X-ray fluorescence analyzer (XRF) or by laboratory analysis of paint samples. Where lead-based paint on chewable surfaces is identified, treatment of the paint surface in accordance with paragraph k of this Section is required, and treatment shall be completed within the time limits in paragraph c of this Section.

- i. The requirements in paragraph g of this Section apply to all protruding painted surfaces up to five feet from the floor or ground that are readily accessible to children under six years of age:
 - i. Within the unit;
 - ii. The entrance and hallway providing access to a unit in a multi-unit building; and
 - iii. Exterior surfaces (including walls, stairs, decks, porches, railings, windows and doors, but excluding outbuildings such as garages and sheds).
- j. In lieu of the procedures set forth in paragraph g of this Section, the housing authority may, at its discretion, waive the testing requirement and require the owner to treat all interior and exterior chewable surfaces in accordance with the methods set out in paragraph k of this Section.
- k. Treatment of defective paint surfaces and chewable surfaces must consist of covering or removal of the paint in accordance with the following requirements:
 - i. A defective paint surface shall be treated if the total area of defective paint on a component is:
 - (1) More than 10 square feet on an exterior wall;
 - (2) More than 2 square feet on an interior or exterior component with a large surface area, excluding exterior walls and including, but not limited to, ceilings, floors, doors, and interior walls;
 - (3) More than 10% of the total surface area on an interior or exterior component with a small surface area, including, but not limited to, windowsills, baseboards and trim.
 - ii. Acceptable methods of treatment are the following: removal by wet scraping, wet sanding, chemical stripping on or off site, replacing painted components, scraping with infra-red or coil type heat gun with temperatures below 1100 degrees, HEPA vacuum sanding, HEPA vacuum needle gun, contained hydro blasting or high pressure wash with HEPA vacuum, and abrasive sandblasting with HEPA vacuum. Surfaces must be covered with durable materials with joint

edges sealed and caulked as needed to prevent the escape of lead contaminated dust.

- iii. Prohibited methods of removal are the following: open flame burning or torching, machine sanding or grinding without a HEPA exhaust, uncontained hydro blasting or high pressure wash, and dry scraping except around electrical outlets or except when treating defective paint spots no more than two square feet in any one interior room or space (hallway, pantry, etc.) or totaling no more than twenty square feet on exterior surfaces.
 - iv. During exterior treatment soil and playground equipment must be protected from contamination.
 - v. All treatment procedures must be concluded with a thorough cleaning of all surfaces in the room or area of treatment to remove fine dust particles. Cleanup must be accomplished by wet washing surfaces with a lead solubilizing detergent such as trisodium phosphate or an equivalent solution.
 - vi. Waste and debris must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws.
- l. The owner must take appropriate action to protect residents and their belongings from hazards associated with treatment procedures. Residents must not enter spaces undergoing treatment until cleanup is completed. Personal belongings that are in work areas must be relocated or otherwise protected from contamination.
 - m. Prior to execution of the HAP contract, the owner must inform the Housing Authority and the family of any knowledge of the presence of lead-based paint on the surfaces of the residential unit.
 - n. The Housing Authority must attempt to obtain annually from local health agencies the names and addresses of children with identified EBLs and must annually match this information with the names and addresses of participants under this part. If a match occurs, the Housing Authority must determine whether local health officials have tested the unit for lead-based paint. If the unit has lead-based paint, the Housing Authority must require the owner to treat the lead-based paint. If the owner does not complete the corrective actions required by this Section, the family must be issued a certificate or voucher to move.
 - o. The Housing Authority must keep a copy of each inspection report for at least three years. If a dwelling unit requires testing, or if the dwelling unit requires treatment of chewable surfaces based on the testing, the Housing Authority must keep the test results indefinitely and, if applicable, the owner certification and treatment. The records must indicate which chewable surfaces in the dwelling units have been tested and which chewable surfaces were tested or tested and treated in accordance with the standards prescribed in this

Section, such chewable surfaces do not have to be tested or treated at any subsequent time.

- p. The dwelling unit must be able to be used and maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).

J. Access

1. Performance Requirements

The dwelling unit must be able to be used and maintained without unauthorized use of other private properties. The building must provide an alternate means of exit in case of fire (such as fire stairs or egress through windows).

K. Site and Neighborhood

1. Performance Requirements

The site and neighborhood must be reasonably free from disturbing noises and reverberations and other dangers to the health, safety, and general welfare of the occupants.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The site and neighborhood may not be subject to serious adverse environmental conditions, natural or manmade, such as dangerous walks or steps; instability; flooding, poor drainage, septic tank back-ups or sewage hazards; mudslides; abnormal air pollution, smoke or dust; excessive noise, vibration or vehicular traffic; excessive accumulations of trash; vermin or rodent infestation; or fire hazards.

L. Sanitary Condition

1. Performance Requirements

The dwelling unit and its equipment must be in sanitary condition.

2. Acceptability Criteria

The dwelling unit and its equipment must be free of vermin and rodent infestation.

M. Smoke Detectors

1. Performance Requirements

- a. Except as provided in paragraph b below of this Section, each dwelling unit must have at least one battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detector, in proper operating condition, on each level of the dwelling unit, including basements but excepting crawl spaces and unfinished attics. Smoke detectors must be installed in accordance with and meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard (NFPA) 74 (or its successor standards). If the dwelling unit is occupied by any hearing-impaired person, smoke detectors must have an alarm system, designed for hearing-impaired persons as specified in NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

- b. For units assisted prior to April 24, 1993, owners who installed battery-operated or hard-wired smoke detectors prior to April 24, 1993, in compliance with HUD's smoke detector requirements, including the regulations published on July 30, 1992, (57 FR 33846), will not be required subsequently to comply with any additional requirements mandated by NFPA 74 (i.e., the owner would not be required to install a smoke detector in a basement not used for living purposes, nor would the owner be required to change the location of the smoke detectors that have already been installed on the other floors of the unit).

12.4 TIME FRAMES AND CORRECTIONS OF HQS FAIL ITEMS

A. Correcting Initial HQS Fail Items

The Boulder County Housing Authority will schedule a timely inspection of the unit on the date the owner indicates that the unit will be ready for inspection, or as soon as possible thereafter (within 3 working days) upon receipt of a Request for Tenancy Approval. The owner and participant will be notified in writing of the results of the inspection. If the unit fails HQS again, the owner and the participant will be advised to notify the Boulder County Housing Authority to reschedule a re-inspection when the repairs have been properly completed.

On an initial inspection, the owner will be given up to 30 days to correct the items noted as failed, depending on the extent of the repairs that are required to be made. No unit will be placed in the program until the unit meets the HQS requirements.

B. HQS Fail Items for Units under Contract

The owner or participant will be given time to correct the failed items cited on the inspection report for a unit already under contract. If the failed items endanger the family's health or safety (using the emergency item list below), the owner or participant will be given 24 hours to correct the violations. For less serious failures, the owner or participant will be given up to 30 days to correct the failed item(s).

If the owner fails to correct the HQS failed items after proper notification has been given, the Boulder County Housing Authority will abate payment and terminate the contract in accordance with Sections 12.7 and 17.0(B)(3).

If the participant fails to correct the HQS failed items that are family-caused after proper notification has been given, the Boulder County Housing Authority will terminate assistance for the family in accordance with Sections 12.2(B) and 17.0(B)(3).

C. Time Frames for Corrections

1. Emergency repair items must be abated within 24 hours.
2. Repair of refrigerators, range and oven, or a major plumbing fixture supplied by the owner must be abated within 72 hours.
3. Non-emergency items must be completed within 30 days of the initial inspection.
4. For major repairs, the owner will have up to 30 days to complete.

D. Extensions

At the sole discretion of the Boulder County Housing Authority, extensions of up to 30 days may be granted to permit an owner to complete repairs if the owner has made a good faith effort to initiate repairs. If repairs are not completed within 60 days after the initial inspection date, the Boulder County Housing Authority will abate the rent and cancel the HAP contract for owner noncompliance. Appropriate extensions will be granted if a severe weather condition exists for such items as exterior painting and outside concrete work for porches, steps, and sidewalks.

12.5 EMERGENCY FAIL ITEMS

The following items are to be considered examples of emergency items that need to be abated within 24 hours:

- A. No hot or cold water
- B. No electricity
- C. Inability to maintain adequate heat
- D. Major plumbing leak
- E. Natural gas leak
- F. Broken lock(s) on first floor doors or windows
- G. Broken windows that unduly allow weather elements into the unit
- H. Electrical outlet smoking or sparking
- I. Exposed electrical ~~wires which~~ wires, which could result in shock or fire
- J. Unusable toilet when only one toilet is present in the unit
- K. Security risks such as broken doors or windows that would allow intrusion
- L. Other conditions which pose an immediate threat to health or safety

12.6 ABATEMENT

When a unit fails to meet HQS and the owner has been given an opportunity to correct the deficiencies, but has failed to do so within in the required timeframe, the rent for the dwelling unit will be abated.

The initial abatement period will not exceed seven (7) days. If the corrections of deficiencies are not made within the seven-(7)-day timeframe, the abatement will continue until the HAP contract is terminated. When the deficiencies are corrected, the Boulder County Housing Authority will end the abatement the day the unit passes inspection. Rent will resume the following day and be paid the first day of the next month.

For tenant caused HQS deficiencies, the owner will not be held accountable and the rent will not be abated. The tenant is held to the same standard and timeframes for correction of deficiencies as owners. If repairs are not completed by the deadline, the Boulder County Housing Authority will send a notice of termination to both the tenant and the owner. The tenant will be given the opportunity to request an informal hearing.

If a landlord owes money to BCHA and fails to meet the payment standards put forth in the repayment agreement, the next months HAP will be abated if payment is not received

by the 20th of the month. The abatement will continue until payment is received. If payment is not received within two months from the abatement date, the landlord will be terminated from the Section 8 Program and the tenant will retain their voucher and be allowed to move to another unit.

13.0 OWNER CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES, UNPAID RENT, AND VACANCY LOSS AND PARTICIPANT'S INSURING RESPONSIBILITIES

This Section only applies to HAP contracts in effect before October 2, 1995. Vouchers have a provision for damages and unpaid rent. No vacancy loss is paid on vouchers. No Damage Claims will be processed unless the Boulder County Housing Authority has performed a move-out inspection. Either the tenant or the owner can request the move-out inspection. Ultimately, it is the owner's responsibility to request the move-out inspection if he/she believes there may be a claim.

Damage claims are limited in the following manner:

- A. In the Voucher Program, owners are allowed to claim up to one (1) month contract rent minus greater of the security deposit collected or the security deposit that should have been collected under the lease. There will be no payment for vacancy losses under the Voucher Program.
- B. No damage claims will be paid under either program effective on or after October 2, 1995.

13.1 OWNER CLAIMS FOR PRE-OCTOBER 2, 1995, UNITS

In accordance with the HAP contract, owners can make special claims for damages, unpaid rent, and vacancy loss (vacancy loss can not be claimed for vouchers) after the tenant has vacated or a proper eviction proceeding has been conducted.

Owner claims for damages, unpaid rent, and vacancy loss are reviewed for accuracy and completeness. Claims are then compared to the move-in and move-out inspections to determine if an actual claim is warranted. No claim will be paid for normal wear and tear. Unpaid utility bills are not an eligible claim item.

The Boulder County Housing Authority will make payments to owners for approved claims. It should be noted that the tenant is ultimately responsible for any damages, unpaid rent, and vacancy loss paid to the owner and will be held responsible to repay the Boulder County Housing Authority to remain eligible for the Section 8 Program.

Actual bills and receipts for repairs, materials, and labor must support claims for damages. The Boulder County Housing Authority will develop a list of reasonable costs and charges for items routinely included on damage claims. This list will be used as a guide.

Owners can claim unpaid rent owned by the tenant up to the date of HAP termination.

In the Certificate Program, owners can claim for a vacancy loss as outlined in the HAP contract. In order to claim a vacancy loss, the owner must notify the Boulder County Housing Authority immediately upon learning of the vacancy or suspected vacancy. The owner must make a good faith effort to rent the unit as quickly as possible to another renter.

All claims and supporting documentation under this Section must be submitted to the Boulder County Housing Authority within thirty (30) days of the move-out inspection. Any reimbursement shall be applied first towards any unpaid rent. No reimbursement may be claimed for unpaid rent for the period after the family vacates.

13.2 PARTICIPANT RESPONSIBILITIES

If a damage claim or unpaid rent claim has been paid to an owner, the participant is responsible for repaying the amount to the Boulder County Housing Authority. This shall be done by either paying the full amount due immediately upon the Boulder County Housing Authority requesting it or through a Repayment Agreement that is approved by the Boulder County Housing Authority.

If the participant is not current on any Repayment Agreements or has unpaid claims on more than one unit, the participant shall be terminated from the program. The participant retains the right to request an informal hearing.

14.0 RECERTIFICATION

14.1 ANNUAL REEXAMINATION

At least annually the Boulder County Housing Authority will conduct a reexamination of family income and circumstances. The results of the reexamination determine (1) the rent the family will pay, and (2) whether the family subsidy is correct based on the family unit size.

The Boulder County Housing Authority will send a notification letter to the family letting them know that it is time for their annual reexamination and scheduling an appointment. The letter includes forms for the family to complete in preparation for the interview. The letter includes instructions permitting the family to reschedule the interview if necessary. The letter tells families who may need to make alternate arrangements due to a disability that they may contact staff to request an accommodation of their needs.

During the interview, the family will provide all information regarding income, assets, expenses, and other information necessary to determine the family's share of rent. The family will sign the HUD consent form and other consent forms that later will be mailed to the sources that will verify the family circumstances.

Upon receipt of verification, the Boulder County Housing Authority will determine the family's annual income and will calculate their family share.

14.1.11 ~~14.1.11~~ EFFECTIVE DATE OF RENT CHANGES FOR ANNUAL REEXAMINATION **Effective Date of Rent Changes for Annual Reexaminations**

The new family share will generally be effective upon the anniversary date with 30 days notice of any rent increase to the family.

If the rent determination is delayed due to a reason beyond the control of the family, then any rent increase will be effective the first of the month after the month in which the family receives a 30 day notice of the amount. If the new rent is a reduction and the delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective as scheduled on the anniversary date.

If the family caused the delay, then any increase will be effective on the anniversary date. Any reduction will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

14.1.21.2 MISSED APPOINTMENTS ~~Missed Appointments~~

If the family fails to respond to the letter and fails to attend the interview, a second letter will be mailed. The second letter will advise of a new time and date for the interview, allowing for the same considerations for rescheduling and accommodation as above. The letter will also advise that failure by the family to attend the second scheduled interview will result in the Boulder County Housing Authority taking action to terminate the family's assistance.

14.22 INTERIM REEXAMINATIONS

During an interim reexamination only the information affected by the changes being reported will be reviewed and verified.

Families will not be required to report any increase in income or decreases in allowable expenses between annual reexaminations.

Families are required to report the following changes to the Boulder County Housing Authority between regular reexaminations. These changes will trigger an interim reexamination unless otherwise noted.

A. Any increase in income to Boulder County Housing Authority within ten (10) days of an income increase for any family member. The reporting must be third party verification. Any increase in income that is less than 10% will not be applied toward an interim adjustment but will be noted in the client's file.

If a family fails to report an increase in income as defined in the preceding paragraph, the family will be required to reimburse Boulder County Housing Authority for the difference between the current HAP (housing assistance payment) and the interim HAP for the number of months that the income increase was in effect.

The family will receive a written notice of the payment due to Boulder County Housing Authority and opportunity to sign a promissory note to Boulder County Housing Authority.

Failure to comply with the requirement to sign a promissory note or failure to comply with terms of the promissory note will result in termination of assistance to the family.

A.B. A member has been added to the family through birth or adoption or court-awarded custody.

B. C. A household member is leaving or has left the family unit.

C.D. Family break-up

In circumstances of a family break-up, the Boulder County Housing Authority will make a determination of which family member will retain the certificate or voucher, taking into consideration the following factors:

1. To whom the certificate or voucher was issued.
2. The interest of minor children or of ill, elderly, or disabled family members.

3. Whether the assistance should remain with the family members remaining in the unit.
4. Whether family members were forced to leave the unit as a result of actual or threatened physical violence by a spouse or other member(s) of the household.

If a court determines the disposition of property between members of the assisted family in a divorce or separation under a settlement of judicial decree, the Boulder County Housing Authority will be bound by the court's determination of which family members continue to receive assistance in the program.

Because of the number of possible different circumstances in which a determination will have to be made, the Boulder County Housing Authority will make determinations on a case-by-case basis.

The Boulder County Housing Authority will issue a determination within 10 business days of the request for a determination. The family member requesting the determination may request an informal hearing in compliance with the informal hearings in Section 16.3.

In order to add a household member other than through birth or adoption (including a live-in aide) the family must request that the new member be added to the lease. Before adding the new member to the lease, the individual must complete an application form stating their income, assets, and all other information required of an applicant. The individual must provide their Social Security Number if they have one, and must verify their citizenship/eligible immigrant status (Their housing will not be delayed due to delays in verifying eligible immigrant status other than delays caused by the family). The new family member will go through the screening process similar to the process for applicants. The Boulder County Housing Authority will determine the eligibility of the individual before allowing them to be added to the lease. If the individual is found to be ineligible or does not pass the screening criteria, they will be advised in writing and given the opportunity for an informal review. If they are found to be eligible and do pass the screening criteria, the Boulder County Housing Authority will grant approval to add their name to the lease. Written notice from the owner approving the additional member must be given to the Boulder County Housing Authority. At the same time, the family's annual income will be recalculated taking into account the income and circumstances of the new family member. The effective date of the new rent will be in accordance with paragraph below 14.2.2.

Families are not required to, but may at any time, request an interim reexamination based on a decrease in income, an increase in allowable expenses, or other changes in family circumstances. Upon such request, the Boulder County Housing Authority will take timely action to process the interim reexamination and recalculate the family share. **Boulder County Housing Authority must receive the required documentation by the 20th of the month in order for the decrease to be effective the 1st of the following month.**

14.2.12-1 **SPECIAL REEXAMINATIONS** Special Reexaminations

If a family's income is too unstable to project for 12 months, the Boulder County Housing Authority may schedule special reexaminations every 60 days until the income stabilizes and an annual income can be determined.

If a family reports zero income, BCHA will schedule a special examination every sixty (60) days. The family will be required to complete a form called Statement of Survival.:

This form lists items requiring monthly expenditures such as: vehicles, auto insurance, cable TV, telephone, groceries, and other necessary and discretionary spending and the means with which the client pays for those expenses. Failure to supply the required information could result in termination of the family's assistance.

14.2.2 EFFECTIVE DATE OF RENT CHANGES DUE TO INTERIM OR SPECIAL REEXAMINATIONS ~~Effective Date of Rent Changes Due to Interim or Special Reexaminations~~

Unless there is a delay in reexamination processing caused by the family, any rent increase will be effective the first of the second month after the month in which the family receives notice of the new rent amount. If the family causes a delay, then the rent increase will be effective on the date it would have been effective had the process not been delayed (even if this means a retroactive increase).

If the new rent is a reduction and any delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective the first of the month after the interim reexamination should have been completed.

If the new rent is a reduction and the family caused the delay or did not report the change in a timely manner, the change will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

15.0 TERMINATION OF ASSISTANCE TO THE FAMILY BY THE BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY

The Housing Authority may at any time terminate program assistance for a participant, because of any of the following actions or inaction by the household:

- A. If the family violates any family obligations under the program.
- B. If a family member fails to sign and submit consent forms.
- C. If a family fails to establish citizenship or eligible immigrant status and is not eligible for or does not elect continuation of assistance, pro-ration of assistance, or temporary deferral of assistance. If the Boulder County Housing Authority determines that a family member has knowingly permitted an ineligible non-citizen (other than any ineligible non-citizens listed on the lease) to permanently reside in their Section 8 unit, the family's assistance will be terminated. Such family will not be eligible to be readmitted to Section 8 for a period of 24 months from the date of termination.
- D. If any member of the family has ever been evicted from public housing.
- E. If the Housing Authority has ever terminated assistance under the Certificate or Voucher Program for any member of the family.
- F. If any member of the family commits drug-related criminal activity, or violent criminal activity.
- G. If any member of the family commits fraud, bribery or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing program.
- H. If the family currently owes rent or other amounts to the Housing Authority or to another Housing Authority in connection with Section 8 or public housing assistance under the 1937 Act.

- I. If the family has not reimbursed any Housing Authority for amounts paid to an owner under a HAP contract for rent, damages to the unit, or other amounts owed by the family under the lease.
- J. If the family breaches an agreement with the Housing Authority to pay amounts owed to a Housing Authority, or amounts paid to an owner by a Housing Authority. (The Housing Authority, at its discretion, may offer a family the opportunity to enter an agreement to pay amounts owed to a Housing Authority or amounts paid to an owner by a Housing Authority. The Housing Authority may prescribe the terms of the agreement.)
- K. If a family participating in the FSS program fails to comply, without good cause, with the family's FSS contract of participation.
- L. If the family has engaged in or threatened abusive or violent behavior toward Housing Authority personnel.
- M. If any household member is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State ~~life-time~~ lifetime sex offender registration program.
- N. If a household member's illegal use (or pattern of illegal use) of a controlled substance, or whose abuse (or pattern of abuse) of alcohol, is determined by the Boulder County Housing Authority to interfere with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents.

16.0 COMPLAINTS, INFORMAL REVIEWS FOR APPLICANTS, INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS

16.1 COMPLAINTS

The Boulder County Housing Authority will investigate and respond to complaints by participant families, owners, and the general public. The Boulder County Housing Authority may require that complaints other than HQS violations be put in writing. Anonymous complaints are investigated whenever possible.

16.2 INFORMAL REVIEW FOR THE APPLICANT

A. Informal Review for the Applicant

The Boulder County Housing Authority will give an applicant for participation in the Section 8 Existing Program prompt notice of a decision denying assistance to the applicant. The notice will contain a brief statement of the reasons for the Boulder County Housing Authority decision. The notice will state that the applicant may request an informal review within 10 business days of the denial and will describe how to obtain the informal review.

B. When an Informal Review is not ~~r~~Required

The Boulder County Housing Authority will not provide the applicant an opportunity for an informal review for any of the following reasons:

- 1. A determination of the family unit size under the Boulder County Housing Authority subsidy standards.
- 2. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a certificate or voucher term.

3. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination not to grant approval to lease a unit under the program or to approve a proposed lease.
4. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination that a unit selected by the applicant is not in compliance with HQS.
5. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of family size or composition.
6. General policy issues or class grievances.
7. Discretionary administrative determinations by the Boulder County Housing Authority.

C. Informal Review Process

The Boulder County Housing Authority will give an applicant an opportunity for an informal review of the Boulder County Housing Authority decision denying assistance to the applicant. The procedure is as follows:

1. The review will be conducted by any person or persons designated by the Boulder County Housing Authority other than the person who made or approved the decision under review or a subordinate of this person.
2. The review will be scheduled within 15 business days after receipt of the written request.
3. The applicant will be given an opportunity to present written or oral objections to the Boulder County Housing Authority decision.
4. The Boulder County Housing Authority will notify the applicant of the Boulder County Housing Authority decision after the informal review within 10 calendar days. The notification will include a brief statement of the reasons for the final decision.

D. Considering Circumstances

In deciding whether to terminate assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family, the Housing Authority may consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure.

The Housing Authority may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for the action or failure will not reside in the unit. The Housing Authority may permit the other members of a participant family to continue receiving assistance.

If the Housing Authority seeks to terminate assistance because of illegal use, or possession for personal use, of a controlled substance, or pattern of abuse of alcohol, such use or possession or pattern of abuse must have occurred within one year before the date that the Housing Authority provides notice to the family of the Housing Authority determination to deny or terminate assistance. In determining whether to terminate assistance for these reasons the Boulder County Housing Authority will consider evidence of whether the household member:

1. Has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program (as applicable) and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol;
2. Has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol; or
3. Is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol.

E. Informal Review Procedures for Denial of Assistance on the Basis of Ineligible Immigration Status

The applicant family may request that the Boulder County Housing Authority provide for an informal review after the family has notification of the INS decision on appeal, or in lieu of request of appeal to the INS. This request must be made by the applicant family within 30 days of receipt of the *Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance*, or within 30 days of receipt of the INS appeal decision.

For applicant families, the Informal Review Process above will be utilized with the exception that the applicant family will have up to 30 days of receipt of the *Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance*, or of the INS appeal decision to request the review.

16.3 INFORMAL HEARINGS FOR PARTICIPANTS

A. When a Hearing is Required

1. The Boulder County Housing Authority will give a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing to consider whether the following Boulder County Housing Authority decisions relating to the individual circumstances of a participant family are in accordance with the law, HUD regulations, and Boulder County Housing Authority policies:
 - a. A determination of the family's annual or adjusted income, and the use of such income to compute the housing assistance payment.
 - b. A determination of the appropriate utility allowance (if any) for tenant-paid utilities from the Boulder County Housing Authority utility allowance schedule.
 - c. A determination of the family unit size under the Boulder County Housing Authority subsidy standards.
 - d. A determination that a Certificate Program family is residing in a unit with a larger number of bedrooms than appropriate for the family unit size under the Boulder County Housing Authority subsidy standards, or the Boulder County Housing Authority determination to deny the family's request for an exception from the standards.
 - e. A determination to terminate assistance for a participant family because of the family's action or failure to act.
 - f. A determination to terminate assistance because the participant family has been absent from the assisted unit for longer than the

maximum period permitted under the Boulder County Housing Authority policy and HUD rules.

2. In cases described in paragraphs 16.3(A)(1)(d), (e), and (f), of this Section, the Boulder County Housing Authority will give the opportunity for an informal hearing before the Boulder County Housing Authority terminates housing assistance payments for the family under an outstanding HAP contract.

B. When a Hearing is not Required

The Boulder County Housing Authority will not provide a participant family an opportunity for an informal hearing for any of the following reasons:

1. Discretionary administrative determinations by the Boulder County Housing Authority.
2. General policy issues or class grievances.
3. Establishment of the Boulder County Housing Authority schedule of utility allowances for families in the program.
4. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination not to approve an extension or suspension of a certificate or voucher term.
5. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination not to approve a unit or lease.
6. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination that an assisted unit is not in compliance with HQS. (However, the Boulder County Housing Authority will provide the opportunity for an informal hearing for a decision to terminate assistance for a breach of the HQS caused by the family.)
7. A Boulder County Housing Authority determination that the unit is not in accordance with HQS because of the family size.
8. A determination by the Boulder County Housing Authority to exercise or not exercise any right or remedy against the owner under a HAP contract.

C. Notice to the Family

1. In the cases described in paragraphs 16.3(A)(1)(a), (b), and (c), of this Section, the Boulder County Housing Authority will notify the family that the family may ask for an explanation of the basis of the Boulder County Housing Authority's determination, and that if the family does not agree with the determination, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision.
2. In the cases described in paragraphs 16.3(A)(1)(d), (e), and (f), of this Section, the Boulder County Housing Authority will give the family prompt written notice that the family may request a hearing within 10 business days of the notification. The notice will:
 - a. Contain a brief statement of the reasons for the decision; and

- b. State this if the family does not agree with the decision, the family may request an informal hearing on the decision within 10 business days of the notification.

D. Hearing Procedures

The Boulder County Housing Authority and participants will adhere to the following procedures:

1. Scheduling the Hearing

The hearing will be scheduled within 15 business days of the receipt of the written request.

2. Discovery

- a. The family will be given the opportunity to examine before the hearing any Boulder County Housing Authority documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. The family will be allowed to copy any such document at the family's expense. If the Boulder County Housing Authority does not make the document(s) available for examination on request of the family, the Boulder County Housing Authority may not rely on the document at the hearing.
- b. The Boulder County Housing Authority will be given the opportunity to examine, at the Boulder County Housing Authority's offices before the hearing, any family documents that are directly relevant to the hearing. The Boulder County Housing Authority will be allowed to copy any such document at the Boulder County Housing Authority's expense. If the family does not make the document(s) available for examination on request of the Boulder County Housing Authority, the family may not rely on the document at the hearing.

Note: The term **document** includes records and regulations.

3. Representation of the Family

At its own expense, a lawyer or other representative may represent the family.

4. Hearing Officer

- a. The hearing will be conducted by any person or persons designated by the Boulder County Housing Authority, other than a person who made or approved the decision under review or a subordinate of this person.
- b. The person who conducts the hearing will regulate the conduct of the hearing in accordance with the Boulder County Housing Authority hearing procedures.

5. Evidence

The Boulder County Housing Authority and the family must have the opportunity to present evidence and may question any witnesses. Evidence may be considered without regard to admissibility under the rules of evidence applicable to judicial proceedings.

6. Issuance of Decision

The person who conducts the hearing must issue a written decision within 14 calendar days from the date of the hearing, stating briefly the reasons for the decision. Factual determinations relating to the individual circumstances of the family shall be based on a preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing.

7. Effect of the Decision

The Boulder County Housing Authority is not bound by a hearing decision:

- a. Concerning a matter for which the Boulder County Housing Authority is not required to provide an opportunity for an informal hearing under this Section, or that otherwise exceeds the authority of the person conducting the hearing under the Boulder County Housing Authority hearing procedures.
- b. Contrary to HUD regulations or requirements, or otherwise contrary to Federal, State, or local law.
- c. If the Boulder County Housing Authority determines that it is not bound by a hearing decision, the Boulder County Housing Authority will notify the family within 10 calendar days of the determination, and of the reasons for the determination.

E. Considering Circumstances

In deciding whether to terminate assistance because of action or inaction by members of the family, the Housing Authority may consider all of the circumstances in each case, including the seriousness of the case, the extent of participation or culpability of individual family members, and the effects of denial or termination of assistance on other family members who were not involved in the action or failure.

The Housing Authority may impose, as a condition of continued assistance for other family members, a requirement that family members who participated in or were culpable for the action or failure will not reside in the unit. The Housing Authority may permit the other members of a participant family to continue receiving assistance.

If the Housing Authority seeks to terminate assistance because of illegal use, or possession for personal use, of a controlled substance, or pattern of abuse of alcohol, such use or possession or pattern of abuse must have occurred within one year before the date that the Housing Authority provides notice to the family of the Housing Authority determination to deny or terminate assistance. In determining whether to terminate assistance for these reasons the Boulder County Housing Authority will consider evidence of whether the household member:

1. Has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program (as applicable) and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol;
2. Has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol; or

3. Is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program and is no longer engaging in the illegal use of a controlled substance or abuse of alcohol.

F. Informal Hearing Procedures for Denial of Assistance on the Basis of Ineligible Immigration Status

The participant family may request that the Boulder County Housing Authority provide for an informal hearing after the family has notification of the INS decision on appeal, or in lieu of request of appeal to the INS. This request must be made by the participant family within 30 days of receipt of the *Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance*, or within 30 days of receipt of the INS appeal decision.

For the participant families, the Informal Hearing Process above will be utilized with the exception that the participant family will have up to 30 days of receipt of the *Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance*, or of the INS appeal decision.

17.0 TERMINATION OF THE LEASE AND CONTRACT

The term of the lease and the term of the HAP contract are the same. They begin on the same date and they end on the same date. The lease may be terminated by the owner, by the tenant, or by the mutual agreement of both. The owner may only terminate the HAP contract by terminating the lease. Additionally under some circumstances, the HAP contract may be terminated by the Boulder County Housing Authority for the following reasons:

A. Termination of the lease

1. By the family.

The family may terminate the lease without cause upon proper notice to the owner and to the Boulder County Housing Authority after the first year of the lease. The length of the notice that is required is stated in the lease (generally 30 days).

2. By the owner.

a. The owner may terminate the lease during its term on the following grounds:

- i. Serious or repeated violations of the terms or conditions of the lease;
- ii. Violation of Federal, State, or local law that impose obligations on the tenant in connection with the occupancy or use of the unit and its premises;
- iii. Criminal activity by the household, a guest, or another person under the control of the household that threatens the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other persons residing in the immediate vicinity of the premises;
- iv. Any drug-related criminal activity on or near the premises;
- v. Other good cause. Other good cause may include, but is not limited to:
 - (1) Failure by the family to accept the offer of a new lease;

- (2) Family history of disturbances of neighbors or destruction of property, or living or housekeeping habits resulting in damage to the property or unit;
 - (3) The owner's desire to utilize the unit for personal or family use or for a purpose other than use as a residential rental unit;
 - (4) A business or economic reason such as sale of the property, renovation of the unit, desire to rent at a higher rental amount.
 - b. During the first year the owner may not terminate tenancy for other good cause unless the reason is because of something the household did or failed to do.
 - c. The owner may only evict the tenant by instituting court action. The owner must give the Boulder County Housing Authority a copy of any owner eviction notice to the tenant at the same time that the owner gives the notice to the tenant.
 - d. The owner may terminate the contract at the end of the initial lease term or any extension of the lease term without cause by providing notice to the family that the lease term will not be renewed.
3. Termination of the Lease by mutual agreement
- The family and the owner may at any time mutually agree to terminate the lease.

B. Termination of the Contract

1. Automatic termination of the Contract
 - a. If the Boulder County Housing Authority terminates assistance to the family, the contract terminates automatically.
 - b. If the family moves out of the unit, the contract terminates automatically.
 - c. The contract terminates automatically 180 calendar days after the last housing assistance payment to the owner.
2. Termination of the contract by the owner

The owner may only terminate tenancy in accordance with lease and State and local law.
3. Termination of the HAP contract by the Boulder County Housing Authority

The Housing Authority may terminate the HAP contract because:

 - a. The Housing Authority has terminated assistance to the family.
 - b. The unit does not meet HQS space standards because of an increase in family size or change in family composition.
 - c. The unit is larger than appropriate for the family size or composition under the regular Certificate Program.

- d. When the family breaks up and the Boulder County Housing Authority determines that the family members who move from the unit will continue to receive the assistance.
 - e. The Boulder County Housing Authority determines that there is insufficient funding in their contract with HUD to support continued assistance for families in the program.
 - f. The owner has breached the contract in any of the following ways:
 - i. If the owner has violated any obligation under the HAP contract for the dwelling unit, including the owner's obligation to maintain the unit in accordance with the HQS.
 - ii. If the owner has violated any obligation under any other housing assistance payments contract under Section 8 of the 1937.
 - iii. If the owner has committed fraud, bribery, or any other corrupt or criminal act in connection with any Federal housing program.
 - iv. For projects with mortgages insured by HUD or loans made by HUD, if the owner has failed to comply with the regulations for the applicable mortgage insurance or loan program, with the mortgage or mortgage note, or with the regulatory agreement;
 - v. If the owner has engaged in drug trafficking.
 - vi. The landlord has unfulfilled financial obligations with Boulder County Housing Authority.
4. Final HAP payment to owner:
- The HAP payment stops when the lease terminates. The owner may keep the payment for the month in which the family moves out. If the owner has begun eviction proceedings and the family continues to occupy the unit, the Housing Authority will continue to make payments until the owner obtains a judgment or a family moves out.

18.0 CHARGES AGAINST THE SECTION 8 ADMINISTRATIVE FEE RESERVE

~~Occasionally, it is necessary for the Boulder County Housing Authority to spend money from its Section 8 Administrative Fee Reserve to meet unseen or extraordinary expenditures or for its other housing-related purposes consistent with State law.~~

Any expenditure from the Section 8 Administrative Fee Reserve account item(s) will require prior Board of Commission approval of the Boulder County Housing Authority Board of Commissioners before any charge is made, against the Section 8 Administrative Fee Reserve. These expenditures must be consistent with State law and any applicable HUD rule or regulation.

19.0 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

No program receipts may be used to indemnify contractors or subcontractors of the Boulder County Housing Authority against costs associated with any judgment of infringement of intellectual property rights.

20.0 BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY OWNED HOUSING

Units owned by the Boulder County Housing Authority and not receiving subsidy under any other program are eligible housing units for Housing Choice Voucher holders. In order to comply with federal regulation, the Boulder County Housing Authority will do the following:

- A. The Boulder County Housing Authority will make available through the briefing process both orally and in writing the availability of Boulder County Housing Authority owned units (notification will also include other properties owned/managed by the private sector available to Housing Choice Voucher holders).
- B. The Boulder County Housing Authority will obtain the services of an independent entity to perform the following Boulder County Housing Authority functions:
 1. Determine rent reasonableness for the unit. The independent entity will communicate the rent reasonableness determination to the family and the Boulder County Housing Authority.
 2. To assist the family in negotiating the rent.
 3. To inspect the unit for compliance with HQS.
- C. The Boulder County Housing Authority will gain HUD approval for the independent agency/agencies utilized to perform the above functions.
- D. The Boulder County Housing Authority will compensate the independent agency/agencies from our ongoing administrative fee income.
- E. The Boulder County Housing Authority, or the independent agency/agencies will not charge the family any fee or charge for the services provided by the independent agency.

21.0 SPECIAL PROGRAMS ADMISSION FAMILY SELF SUFFICIENCY

~~Distribution of Section 8 Vouchers to Family Self-sufficiency Clients: In order to ensure the greatest benefit to participants in the BCHA Family Self-sufficiency Program, the Section 8 Manager with the approval of the Housing Authority Board, the BCHA Executive Director, and the approval of HUD, will set aside the mandated enrollment number of vouchers for the FSS Program. These vouchers will not be included in the "Special Admissions" category as designated by HUD. They will be set aside for the specific use of PSS clients as approved by HUD in the 2002 BCHA Administrative Plan.~~

~~This will ensure that FSS clients will have access to vouchers in a timely manner. The FSS Manager and staff will determine the number of vouchers needed per year. The required enrollment numbers from the previous year Section 8 Management Assessment Plan (SEMAP) report will be used to calculate the number of vouchers needed for the current year. The FSS staff will use the previous year HUD mandated number of participants minus the number of successful completions during that year to arrive at the new mandated enrollment number for the current year. The PSS staff will notify the Section 8 Manager of the required number of yearly vouchers to be held for the FSS-~~

~~Program by the last working day of January. The FSS staff will also notify the Section 8 Manager of the percentage of participants with escrow accounts.~~

21.0 SECTION 8 TO HOMEOWNERSHIP Section 8 to Homeownership

21.1 INTRODUCTION

BCHA's mission is to foster the availability of quality, affordable housing and related services for the residents of Boulder County. BCHA presently owns or manages or administers subsidies for a total of approximately 1,139 housing units. The PHA has been in a partnership with the City of Longmont over the past five years to offer down payment assistance to low-income, first time homebuyers. In the spring of 2001 the Board of Housing Commissioners voted to allow the pilot for S8HOP to see if permanently disabled Section 8 tenants could buy homes in Boulder County. In September of 2002 the Housing Counseling continued the program on an on-going basis.

If something is not specifically mentioned in this section of the plan, then HUD/BCHA's Housing Choice Voucher Program regulations and policies and BCHA's Housing Choice Voucher Program administrative plan for rental assistance prevail.

21.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BCHA'S HOUSING CHOICE VOUCHER HOMEOWNERSHIP PROGRAM

BCHA is offering this homeownership program to BCHA's eligible participants who are interested in purchasing their own homes. This program is offered in the spirit of providing multiple choices, in a continuum of care, to the low-income people with disabilities who are current participants in BCHA's Housing Choice Voucher Program rental assistance programs. Families wishing to exercise portability in order to participate in BCHA's homeownership program are not eligible for the program. BCHA is currently exploring the feasibility of expanding this homeownership program to include a preference for eligible non-disabled families participating in BCHA's Family Self-Sufficiency program.

BCHA's homeownership program is completely voluntary and provides participants freedom of choice. At no time will BCHA directly or indirectly reduce a voucher family's opportunity to select among available units by limiting the use of homeownership vouchers to particular units, neighborhoods, developers or lenders.

Homeownership assistance offers families a new special housing option for families that receive Housing Choice Voucher Program tenant-based assistance. The Boulder County Housing Authority has chosen to offer the Section 8 Homeownership Program to its current participants who are interested in homeownership and meet the program requirements as specified in this plan.

This program builds on what was learned in the BCHA and Colorado Housing Assistance Corporation (CHAC) HOPE 3-homeownership program and from other homeownership programs for people with low incomes.

The goal of the program is to expand homeownership opportunities to BCHA's Housing Choice Voucher Program participants by assisting them in transitioning from rental to homeownership using the Housing Choice Voucher Program.

For additional policies and procedures regarding BCHA's Section 8 to Homeownership, please review the Section 8 to Homeownership Handbook, which is included in the BCHA Annual Plan supporting documentation submitted to HUD. The Section 8 to Homeownership Handbook is the governing document for the program.

22.0 FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY Family Self-Sufficiency

BCHA OPERATES A FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY PROGRAM THROUGHOUT ITS JURISDICTION. BCHA'S FSS PROGRAM WAS CREATED IN 1984 AS PART OF A FEDERAL HUD PILOT PROGRAM (PROJECT SELF-SUFFICIENCY) THAT OFFERED ELIGIBLE LOW-INCOME FAMILIES THE OPPORTUNITY TO RECEIVE A WIDE ARRAY OF COORDINATED SERVICES DESIGNED TO HELP THEM ATTAIN ECONOMIC INDEPENDENCE.

THE OBJECTIVE OF THE FSS PROGRAM IS TO REDUCE THE DEPENDENCY OF LOW-INCOME FAMILIES ON WELFARE ASSISTANCE AND ON SECTION 8, PUBLIC HOUSING, OR ANY FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL RENT OR HOMEOWNERSHIP SUBSIDIES. LOW-INCOME FAMILIES ARE PROVIDED WITH OPPORTUNITES FOR EDUCATION, JOB TRAINING, EMPLOYMENT AND SOCIAL SKILLS WHILE LIVING IN ASSISTED HOUSING.

BCHA'S FSS PROGRAM IS COMPLETELY VOLUNTARY. THE BCHA FSS PROGRAM ASSURES THAT A FAMILY'S ELECTION TO NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE FSS PROGRAM WILL NOT AFFECT THE FAMILY'S ADMISSION TO THE SECTION 8 OR PUBLIC HOUSING PROGRAM OR THE FAMILY'S RIGHT TO OCCUPANCY IN ACCORDANCE WITH ITS LEASE.

BCHA'S FSS PROGRAM WILL OPERATE WITHIN THE MINIMUM PROGRAM SIZE BY MONITORING THE SLOTS OF EACH FAMILY THAT GRADUATES FROM THE FSS PROGRAM BY FULFILLING THE FSS CONTRACT OF PARTICIPATION. IF A SLOT IS VACATED BECAUSE A FAMILY HAS NOT COMPLETED THE FSS CONTRACT OF PARTICIPATION, BCHA'S FSS STAFF WILL FILL THE SLOT WITH A REPLACEMENT FAMILY THAT HAS BEEN ACCEPTED ACCORDING TO THE FSS FAMILY SELECTION PROCEDURES.

THIS FSS PROGRAM OFFERS PARTICIPANTS THE OPPORTUNITY TO ESTABLISH AN ESCROW ACCOUNT, WHICH ACCRUES FUNDS THAT MAY BE USED FOR THE PURCHASE OF A HOME. THE GENERAL CONCEPT OF THE ESCROW ACCOUNT IS THAT FSS PARTICIPANTS CONTINUE TO PAY RENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR INCOMES; AS THE INCOME GOES UP, SO DOES THE RENT PAYMENT. AS A RULE, THE AMOUNT OF THE INCREASE IN FAMILY RENT RESULTING FROM AN INCREASE IN EARNED INCOME IS ESCROWED. IF DURING THE CONTRACT TERM THE RENT BECOMES LESS THAN THE FAMILY RENT ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CONTRACT, THERE IS NO ESCROW CREDIT.

FSS ESCROW ACCOUNTS ARE CLOSELY MONITORED BY BCHA'S ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT, FSS AND SECTION 8 CASE MANAGERS. A GOAL OF THE FSS PROGRAM IS TO HELP PARTICIPANTS ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN AN ESCROW ACCOUNT BUT IF A PARTICIPATING FAMILY IS UNABLE TO FULFILL ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE FSS CONTRACT OF PARTICIPATION THE ESCROW ACCOUNT WILL BE FOREITED. IF THE FAMILY HAS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THEIR CONTRACT OF PARTICIPATION, THE AMOUNT IN THE FAMILY'S FSS ESCROW ACCOUNT SHALL BE PAID TO THE HEAD OF THE FSS FAMILY. THE FUNDS MAY BE USED FOR THE PURCHASE OF A HOME, COMPLETION OF HIGHER EDUCATION OR ANY PURPOSE THAT IS BENEFICAL TO THE WELL BEING OF THE FAMILY.

GLOSSARY

1937 Housing Act: The United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq.)

Absorption: In portability, the point at which a receiving housing authority stops billing the initial housing authority for assistance on behalf of a portable family. (24 CFR 982.4)

Adjusted Annual Income: The amount of household income, after deductions for specified allowances, on which tenant rent is based.

Administrative fee: Fee paid by HUD to the housing authority for the administration of the program.

Administrative Plan: The plan that describes housing authority policies for the administration of the tenant-based programs.

Admission: The point when the family becomes a participant in the program. In a tenant-based program, the date used for this purpose is the effective date of the first HAP Contract for a family (first day of initial lease term).

Adult: A household member who is 18 years or older or who is the head of the household, or spouse, or co-head.

Allowances: Amounts deducted from the household's annual income in determining adjusted annual income (the income amount used in the rent calculation). Allowances are given for elderly families, dependents, and medical expenses for elderly families, disability expenses, and childcare expenses for children under 13 years of age. Other allowance can be given at the discretion of the housing authority.

Amortization Payment: In a manufactured home space rental: The monthly debt service payment by the family to amortize the purchase price of the manufactured home.

Annual Contributions Contract (ACC): The written contract between HUD and a housing authority under which HUD agrees to provide funding for a program under the 1937 Act, and the housing authority agrees to comply with HUD requirements for the program.

Annual Income: All amounts, monetary or not, that:

- a. Go to (or on behalf of) the family head or spouse (even if temporarily absent) or to any other family member, or
- b. Are anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 12-month period following admission or annual reexamination effective date; and
- c. Are not specifically excluded from Annual Income.
- d. Annual Income also includes amounts derived (during the 12-month period) from assets to which any member of the family has access.

Applicant (applicant family): A family that has applied for admission to a program but is not yet a participant in the program.

Assets: See net family assets.

Asset Income: Income received from assets held by household members. If assets total more than \$5,000, income from the assets is "imputed" and the greater of actual asset income and imputed asset income is counted in annual income.

Assisted lease (lease): A written agreement between an owner and a family for the leasing of a dwelling unit to the family. The lease establishes the conditions for occupancy of the dwelling unit by a family with housing assistance payments under a HAP contract between the owner and the housing authority.

Certificate: A document issued by a housing authority to a family selected for admission to the Certificate Program. The certificate describes the program and the procedures for housing authority approval of a unit selected by the family. The certificate also states the obligations of the family under the program.

Certification: The examination of a household's income, expenses, and family composition to determine the household's eligibility for program participation and to calculate the household's rent for the following 12 months.

Child: For purposes of citizenship regulations, a member of the family other than the family head or spouse who is under 18 years of age.

Child care expenses: Amounts anticipated to be paid by the family for the care of children under 13 years of age during the period for which annual income is computed, but only where such care is necessary to enable a family member to actively seek employment, be gainfully employed, or to further his or her education and only to the extent such amounts are not reimbursed. The amount deducted shall reflect reasonable charges for childcare. In the case of childcare necessary to permit employment, the amount deducted shall not exceed the amount of employment income that is included in annual income.

Citizen: A citizen or national of the United States.

Common space: In shared housing: Space available for use by the assisted family and other occupants of the unit.

Congregate housing: Housing for elderly or persons with disabilities that meets the HQS for congregate housing.

Consent form: Any consent form approved by HUD to be signed by assistance applicants and participants for the purpose of obtaining income information from employers and SWICAs, return information from the Social Security Administration, and return information for unearned income from the Internal Revenue Service. The consent forms may authorize the collection of other information from assistance applicants or participant to determine eligibility or level of benefits.

Contiguous MSA: In portability, an MSA that shares a common boundary with the MSA in which the jurisdiction of the initial housing authority is located.

Continuously assisted: An applicant is continuously assisted under the 1937 Housing Act if the family is already receiving assistance under any 1937 Housing Act program when the family is admitted to the Voucher Program.

Cooperative: Housing owned by a non-profit corporation or association, and where a member of the corporation or association has the right to reside in a particular apartment, and to participate in management of the housing.

Domicile: The legal residence of the household head or spouse as determined in accordance with State and local law.

Decent, safe, and sanitary: Housing is decent, safe, and sanitary if it satisfies the applicable housing quality standards.

Department: The Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Dependent: A member of the family (except foster children and foster adults) other than the family head or spouse, who is under 18 years of age, or is a person with a disability, or is a full-time student.

Disability assistance expenses: Reasonable expenses that are anticipated, during the period for which annual income is computed, for attendant care and auxiliary apparatus for a disabled family member and that are necessary to enable a family member (including the disabled member) to be employed, provided that the expenses are neither paid to a member of the family nor reimbursed by an outside source.

Disabled family: A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person with disabilities; or two or more persons with disabilities living together; or one or more persons with disabilities living with one or more live-in aides.

Disabled person: See "person with disabilities."

Displaced family: A family in which each member, or whose sole member, is a person displaced by governmental action (such as urban renewal), or a person whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized pursuant to Federal disaster relief laws.

Displaced person: A person displaced by governmental action (such as urban renewal), or a person whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized pursuant to Federal disaster relief laws.

Drug related criminal activity: Illegal use or personal use of a controlled substance, and the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, use or possession with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute or use, of a controlled substance.

Drug trafficking: The illegal manufacture, sale, or distribution, or the possession with intent to manufacture, sell, or distribute, of a controlled substance.

Elderly family: A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 62 years of age; or two or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living together; or one or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living with one or more live-in aides.

Elderly person: A person who is at least 62 years of age.

Evidence of citizenship or eligible status: The documents that must be submitted to evidence citizenship or eligible immigration status.

Exception rent: An amount that exceeds the published fair market rent.

Extremely low-income families: Those families whose incomes do not exceed 30% of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families.

Fair Housing Act: Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.).

Fair market rent (FMR): The rent, including the cost of utilities (except telephone), as established by HUD for units of varying sizes (by number of bedrooms), that must be paid in the housing market area to rent privately owned, existing, decent, safe and sanitary rental housing of modest (non-luxury) nature with suitable amenities. FMRs are published periodically in the Federal Register.

Family includes but is not limited to:

- A. A family with or without children (the temporary absence of a child from the home due to placement in foster care shall not be considered in determining family composition and family size);
- B. An elderly family;
- C. A near-elderly family;
- D. A disabled family;
- E. A displaced family;
- F. The remaining member of a tenant family; and
- G. A single person who is not an elderly or displaced person, or a person with disabilities, or the remaining member of a tenant family.

Family members: include all household members except live-in aides, foster children and foster adults. All family members permanently reside in the unit, though they may be temporarily absent. All family members are listed on the HUD-50058.

Family Self-Sufficiency program (FSS program): The program established by a housing authority to promote self-sufficiency of assisted families, including the coordination of supportive services (42 U.S.C. 1437u).

Family share: The portion of rent and utilities paid by the family.

Family unit size: The appropriate number of bedrooms for a family as determined by the housing authority under the housing authority's subsidy standards.

50058 Form: The HUD form that Housing Authority's are required to complete for each assisted household in public housing to record information used in the certification and re-certification process, and, at the option of the housing authority, for interim reexaminations.

FMR/exception rent limit: The Section 8 existing housing fair market rent published by HUD headquarters, or any exception rent. For a tenancy in the Voucher Program, the housing authority may adopt a payment standard up to the FMR/exception rent limit.

Full-time student: A person who is carrying a subject load that is considered full-time for day students under the standards and practices of the educational institution attended. An educational

institution includes a vocational school with a diploma or Certificate Program, as well as an institution offering a college degree.

Gross rent: The sum of the rent to the owner plus any utilities.

Group Home: A dwelling unit that is licensed by a State as a group home for the exclusive residential use of two to twelve persons who are elderly or persons with disabilities (including any live-in aide).

Head of household: The adult member of the family who is the head of the household for purposes of determining income eligibility and rent.

Household members: include all individuals who reside or will reside in the unit and who are listed on the lease, including live-in aides, foster children and foster adults.

Housing Assistance Payment (HAP): The monthly assistance by a housing authority, which includes (1) a payment to the owner for rent to the owner under the family's lease, and (2) an additional payment to the family if the total assistance payment exceeds the rent to owner.

Housing quality standards (HQS): The HUD minimum quality standards for housing assisted under the Section 8 program.

Housing voucher: A document issued by a housing authority to a family selected for admission to the Voucher Program. This document describes the program and the procedures for housing authority approval of a unit selected by the family. The voucher also states the obligations of the family under the program.

Housing voucher holder: A family that has an unexpired housing voucher.

Imputed income: For households with net family assets of more than \$5,000, the amount calculated by multiplying net family assets by a HUD-specified percentage. If imputed income is more than actual income from assets, the imputed amount is used in determining annual income.

Income category: Designates a family's income range. There are three categories: low income, very low income and extremely low-income.

Incremental income: The increased portion of income between the total amount of welfare and earnings of a family member prior to enrollment in a training program and welfare and earnings of the family member after enrollment in the training program. All other amounts, increases and decreases, are treated in the usual manner in determining annual income.

Initial Housing Authority: In portability, both: (1) a housing authority that originally selected a family that later decides to move out of the jurisdiction of the selecting housing authority; and (2) a housing authority that absorbed a family that later decides to move out of the jurisdiction of the absorbing housing authority.

Initial payment standard: The payment standard at the beginning of the HAP contract term.

Initial rent to owner: The rent to owner at the beginning of the initial lease term.

Interim (examination): A reexamination of a household's income, expenses, and household status conducted between the annual recertifications when a change in a household's circumstances warrant such a reexamination.

Jurisdiction: The area in which the housing authority has authority under State and local law to administer the program.

Lease: A written agreement between an owner and tenant for the leasing of a dwelling unit to the tenant. The lease establishes the conditions for occupancy of the dwelling unit by a family with housing assistance payments under a HAP Contract between the owner and the housing authority.

Live-in aide: A person who resides with one or more elderly persons, or near-elderly persons, or persons with disabilities, and who:

- A. Is determined to be essential to the care and well-being of the persons;
- B. Is not obligated for the support of the persons; and
- C. Would not be living in the unit except to provide the necessary supportive services.

Low-income families: Those families whose incomes do not exceed 80% of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families. *1937Act)*

Manufactured home: A manufactured structure that is built on a permanent chassis, is designed for use as a principal place of residence, and meets the HQS.

Manufacture home space: In manufactured home space rental: A space leased by an owner to a family. A manufactured home owned and occupied by the family is located on the space.

Medical expenses: Medical expenses, including medical insurance premiums that are anticipated during the period for which annual income is computed, and that are not covered by insurance.

Mixed family: A family whose members include those with citizenship or eligible immigration status, and those without citizenship or eligible immigration status.

Moderate rehabilitation: Rehabilitation involving a minimum expenditure of \$1000 for a unit, including its prorated share of work to be accomplished on common areas or systems, to:

- A. upgrade to decent, safe and sanitary condition to comply with the Housing Quality Standards or other standards approved by HUD, from a condition below these standards (improvements being of a modest nature and other than routine maintenance); or
- B. repair or replace major building systems or components in danger of failure.

Monthly-adjusted income: One twelfth of adjusted income.

Monthly income: One twelfth of annual income.

Mutual housing is included in the definition of "cooperative".

National: A person who owes permanent allegiance to the United States, for example, as a result of birth in a United States territory or possession.

Near-elderly family: A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62; or two or more persons, who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62, living together; or one or more persons who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62 living with one or more live-in aides.

Net family assets:

- A. Net cash value after deducting reasonable costs that would be incurred in disposing of real property, savings, stocks, bonds, and other forms of capital investment, excluding interests in Indian trust land and excluding equity accounts in HUD homeownership programs. The value of necessary items of personal property such as furniture and automobiles shall be excluded.
- B. In cases where a trust fund has been established and the trust is not revocable by, or under the control of, any member of the family or household, the value of the trust fund will not be considered an asset so long as the fund continues to be held in trust. Any income distributed from the trust fund shall be counted when determining annual income.
- C. In determining net family assets, housing authorities or owners, as applicable, shall include the value of any business or family assets disposed of by an applicant or tenant for less than fair market value (including a disposition in trust, but not in a foreclosure or bankruptcy sale) during the two years preceding the date of application for the program or reexamination, as applicable, in excess of the consideration received therefore. In the case of a disposition as part of a separation or divorce settlement, the disposition will not be considered to be for less than fair market value if the applicant or tenant receives important consideration not measurable in dollar terms.

Non-citizen: A person who is neither a citizen nor national of the United States.

Notice Of Funding Availability (NOFA): For budget authority that HUD distributes by competitive process, the Federal Register document that invites applications for funding. This document explains how to apply for assistance, and the criteria for awarding the funding.

Occupancy standards: The standards that the housing authority establishes for determining the appropriate number of bedrooms needed to house families of different sizes or composition.

Owner: Any person or entity, including a cooperative, having the legal right to lease or sublease existing housing.

Participant (participant family): A family that has been admitted to the housing authority's program and is currently assisted in the program. The family becomes a participant on the effective date of the first HAP contract executed by the housing authority for the family (first day of initial lease).

Payment standard: In a voucher tenancy, the maximum monthly assistance payment for a family (before deducting the total tenant payment by family contribution). For a voucher tenancy, the housing authority sets a payment standard in the range from 90% to 110% of the current FMR.

Person with disabilities: A person who:

- A. Has a disability as defined in Section 223 of the Social Security Act,
"Inability to engage in any substantial, gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, or
In the case of an individual who attained the age of 55 and is blind and unable by reason of such blindness to engage in substantial, gainful activity requiring skills or ability comparable to those of any gainful activity in which he has previously engaged with some regularity and over a substantial period of time."
- B. Is determined, pursuant to regulations issued by the Secretary, to have a physical, mental, or emotional impairment that:
 - (1) is expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration,
 - (2) substantially impedes his or her ability to live independently, and
 - (3) is of such a nature that such ability could be improved by more suitable housing conditions, or
- C. Has a developmental disability as defined in Section 102(7) of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act.

"Severe chronic disability that:

- (1) is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical impairments;
- (2) is manifested before the person attains age 22;
- (3) is likely to continue indefinitely;
- (4) results in substantial functional limitation in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: (a) self care, (b) receptive and responsive language, (c) learning, (d) mobility, (e) self-direction, (f) capacity for independent living, and (g) economic self-sufficiency; and
- (5) reflects the person's need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic care, treatment, or other services that are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated."

This definition does not exclude persons who have the disease of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome or any conditions arising from the etiologic agent for acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.

No individual shall be considered to be a person with disabilities for purposes of eligibility solely based on any drug or alcohol dependence.

Portability: Renting a dwelling unit with Section 8 tenant-based assistance outside the jurisdiction of the initial housing authority.

Premises: The building or complex in which the dwelling unit is located, including common areas and grounds.

Private space: In shared housing: The portion of a contract unit that is for the exclusive use of an assisted family.

Preservation: This program encourages owners of eligible multifamily housing projects to preserve low-income housing affordability and availability while reducing the long-term cost of providing rental assistance. The program offers several approaches to restructuring the debt of properties developed with project-based Section 8 assistance whose HAP contracts are about to expire.

Proration of assistance: The reduction in a family's housing assistance payment to reflect the proportion of family members in a mixed family who are eligible for assistance.

Public Housing Agency: A State, county, municipality or other governmental entity or public body (or agency or instrumentality thereof) authorized to engage in or assist in the development or operation of low-income housing.

Reasonable rent: A rent to owner that is not more than charged: (a) for comparable units in the private unassisted market; and (b) for a comparable unassisted unit in the premises.

Receiving Housing Authority: In portability, a housing authority that receives a family selected for participation in the tenant-based program of another housing authority. The receiving housing authority issues a certificate or voucher, and provides program assistance to the family.

Re-certification: A reexamination of a household's income, expenses, and family composition to determine the household's rent for the following 12 months.

Remaining member of a tenant family: A member of the family listed on the lease who continues to live in an assisted household after all other family members have left.

Rent to owner: The monthly rent payable to the owner under the lease. Rent to owner covers payment for any housing services, maintenance, and utilities that the owner is required to provide and pay for.

Set up charges: In a manufactured home space rental, charges payable by the family for assembly, skirting and anchoring the manufactured home.

Shared housing: A unit occupied by two or more families. The unit consists of both common space for shared use by the occupants of the unit and separate private space for each assisted family.

Shelter Allowance: That portion of a welfare benefit (e.g., TANF) that the welfare agency designates to be used for rent and utilities.

Single person: Someone living alone or intending to live alone who does not qualify as an elderly person, a person with disabilities, a displaced person, or the remaining member of a tenant family.

Single room occupancy housing (SRO): A unit for occupancy by a single eligible individual capable of independent living that contains no sanitary facilities or food preparation facilities, or contains either, but not both, types of facilities.

Special admission: Admission of an applicant that is not on the housing authority waiting list, or without considering the applicant's waiting list position. Funds for special admissions are awarded to a PHA (Public Housing Authority) for families living in specified units.

Special housing types: Special housing types include: SRO housing, congregate housing, group homes, shared housing, cooperatives (including mutual housing), and manufactured homes (including manufactured home space rental).

State Wage Information Collection Agency (SWICA): The State agency receiving quarterly wage reports from employers in the State, or an alternative system that has been determined by the Secretary of Labor to be as effective and timely in providing employment-related income and eligibility information.

Statement of family responsibility: An agreement in the form prescribed by HUD, between the housing authority and a Family to be assisted under the Moderate Rehabilitation Program, stating the obligations and responsibilities of the family.

Subsidy standards: Standards established by a housing authority to determine the appropriate number of bedrooms and amount of subsidy for families of different sizes and compositions.

Suspension: Stopping the clock on the term of a family's certificate or voucher, for such period as determined by the housing authority, from the time when the family submits a request for housing authority approval to lease a unit, until the time when the housing authority approves or denies the request. Also referred to as tolling.

Tenant: The person or persons (other than a live-in aide) who executes the lease as lessee of the dwelling unit.

Tenant rent: The amount payable monthly by the family as rent to the owner minus any utility allowance.

Third-party (verification): Oral or written confirmation of a household's income, expenses, or household composition provided by a source outside the household, such as an employer, doctor, school official, etc.

Tolling: See suspension.

Total tenant payment (TTP):

A. Total tenant payment is the amount calculated under Section 3(a)(1) of the 1937 Act. which is the higher of:

- a. 30% of the family's monthly-adjusted income;
- b. 10% of the family's monthly income;
- c. Minimum rent; or
- d. If the family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency and a part of such payments, adjusted in accordance with the family's actual housing costs, is specifically designated by such agency to meet the family's housing costs, the portion of such payments which is so designated.

If the family's welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under Section 3(a)(1) shall be the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.

Utility allowance: If the cost of utilities (except telephone) and other housing services for an assisted unit is not included in the tenant rent but is the responsibility of the family occupying the

unit, an amount equal to the estimate made or approved by a housing authority or HUD of the monthly cost of a reasonable consumption of such utilities and other services for the unit by an energy-conservative household of modest circumstances consistent with the requirements of a safe, sanitary, and healthful living environment.

Utility hook-up charge: In a manufactured home space rental, costs payable by a family for connecting the manufactured home to utilities such as water, gas, electrical and sewer lines.

Utility reimbursement: The amount, if any, by which the utility allowance for the unit, if applicable, exceeds the total tenant payment for the family occupying the unit.

Verification:

- A. The process of obtaining statements from individuals who can attest to the accuracy of the amounts of income, expenses, or household member status (e.g., employers, public assistance agency staff, doctors).

The three types of verification are:

- (1) Third-party verification, either written or oral, obtained from employers, public assistance agencies, schools, etc.)
- (2) Documentation, such as a copy of a birth certificate or bank statement
- (3) Family certification or declaration (only used when third-party or documentation verification is not available)

Very low-income families: Low-income families whose incomes do not exceed 50% of the median family income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families. (*1937 Act*)

Violent criminal activity: Any illegal criminal activity that has as one of its elements the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the person or property of another.

Voucher (rental voucher): A document issued by a housing authority to a family selected for admission to the Housing Choice Voucher Program. This document describes the program and the procedures for housing authority approval of a unit selected by the family and states the obligations of the family under the program.

Voucher holder: A family holding a voucher with unexpired search time.

Waiting list admission: An admission from the housing authority waiting list. (*24 CFR 982.4*)

Welfare assistance. Welfare or other payments to families or individuals, based on need, that are made under programs funded by Federal, State or local governments. (*24 CFR 5.603(d)*)

Welfare rent:In "as -paid" welfare programs, the amount of the welfare benefit designated for shelter and utilities.

ACRONYMS

ACC	Annual Contributions Contract
CACC	Consolidated Annual Contributions Contract
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
FMR	Fair Market Rent
FSS	Family Self Sufficiency (program)
HA	Housing Authority
HAP	Housing Assistance Payment
HCDA	Housing and Community Development Act
HQS	Housing Quality Standards
HUD	Department of Housing and Urban Development
INS	(U.S.) Immigration and Naturalization Service
NAHA	(Cranston-Gonzalez) National Affordable Housing Act
NOFA	Notice of Funding Availability
OMB	(U.S.) Office of Management and Budget
PBC	Project-Based Certificate (program)
QHWRA	Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998
PHA	Public Housing Agency
TTP	Total Tenant Payment

2004 Voucher Payment Standards

Boulder County Housing Authority and Louisville Housing Authority Payment Standards for 2004

(Effective January 1, 2004 approximately 102% of HUD Oct. 2003 Fair Market Rent)

Efficiency	1bdrm	2bdrm	3bdrm	4bdrm	5bdrm
\$651	\$778	\$1000	\$1392	\$1641	\$1857
*Mobile home pad	\$432				

*110% of FMR

Payment Standards BCHA and LHA

(Effective Sept. 2004 for moves and new lease-ups; effective Sept. 2005 for all others) Based on 100% of HUD Oct. 2003 FMR

Efficiency	1bdrm	2bdrm	3bdrm	4bdrm	5bdrm
\$640	\$767	\$983	\$1371	\$1615	\$1857
Mobile home pad	\$393				

HUD Proposed 2005 Payment Standards Published August 2004

Efficiency	1bdrm	2bdrm	3bdrm	4bdrm	5bdrm
\$703	\$815	\$1022	\$1490	\$1786	\$2054
Mobile home pad	\$409				

BCHA and LHA Percentages of New Proposed Payment Standard

Efficiency	91%	=	\$ 639.73
1 bdrm	94%	=	\$ 766.10
2 bdrm	96%	=	\$ 981.12
3 bdrm	92%	=	\$1370.80
4 bdrm	90.5%	=	\$1616.23
5 bdrm	90.5%	=	\$1858.87
Mobile pad	96%	=	\$ 392.64

August 9, 2004

Boulder County Housing Authority

Admissions And Continued Occupancy Plan

Table Of Contents

1.0 Fair Housing	4
2.0 Reasonable Accommodation	4
2.1 Communication	4
2.2 Questions To Ask In Granting The Accommodation	5
3.0 Services For Non-English Speaking Applicants And Residents	6
4.0 Family Outreach	6
5.0 Right To Privacy	6
6.0 Required Postings	6
7.0 Taking Applications	7
8.0 Eligibility For Admission	8
8.1 Introduction	8
8.2 Eligibility Criteria	8
8.3 Suitability	10
8.4 Grounds For Denial	12
8.5 Informal Review	13
9.0 Managing The Waiting List	13
9.1 Opening And Closing The Waiting List	13
9.2 Organization Of The Waiting List	14
9.3 Families Nearing The Top Of The Waiting List	14
9.4 Purging The Waiting List	14
9.5 Removal Of Applications From The Waiting List	14
9.6 Missed Appointments	15
9.7 Notification Of Negative Actions	15
10.0 Tenant Selection And Assignment Plan	15
10.1 Preferences	15
10.2 Assignment Of Bedroom Sizes.	16
10.3 Selection From The Waiting List	17
10.4 Deconcentration Policy	17
10.5 Deconcentration Incentives	18
10.6 Offer Of A Unit	18
10.7 Rejection Of Unit	18
10.8 Acceptance Of Unit	19
11.0 Income, Exclusions From Income, And Deductions From Income	20
11.1 Income	20
11.2 Annual Income	22
11.3 Deductions From Annual Income	25

12.0 Verification	25
12.1 Acceptable Methods Of Verification	25
12.2 Types Of Verification	26
12.3 Verification Of Citizenship Or Eligible Non-citizen Status	28
12.4 Verification Of Social Security Numbers	29
12.5 Timing Of Verification	29
12.6 Frequency Of Obtaining Verification	30
13.0 Determination Of Total Tenant Payment And Tenant Rent	30
13.1 Family Choice	30
13.2 The Formula Method	30
13.3 Minimum Rent	31
13.4 The Flat Rent	31
13.5 Ceiling Rent	34
13.6 Rent For Families Under The Non-citizen Rule	34
13.7 Utility Allowance	35
13.8 Paying Rent	35
14.0 Continued Occupancy And Community Service	36
14.1 General	36
14.2 Exemptions	36
14.3 Notification Of The Requirement	36
14.4 Volunteer Opportunities	36
14.5 The Community Service Process	36
14.6 Notification Of Non-Compliance With Community Service Requirement	37
14.7 Opportunity For Cure	37
15.0 Recertification	37
15.1 General	37
15.2 Missed Appointments	37
15.3 Flat Rents	38
15.4 The Formula Method	38
15.5 Effective Date Of Rent Changes For Annual Reexaminations	39
15.6 Interim Reexaminations	39
15.7 Special Reexaminations	40
15.8 Effective Date Of Rent Changes Due To Interim Or Special Reexamination	40
16.0 Unit Transfers	40
16.1 Objectives Of The Transfer Policy	40
16.2 Categories Of Transfers	40
16.3 Documentation	41
16.4 Processing Transfers	41
16.5 Cost Of The Family's Move	41
16.6 Tenants In Good Standing	42
16.7 Transfer Requests	42
16.8 Right Of The Housing Authority In Transfer Policy	42

17.0 Inspections	42
17.1 Move-In Inspections	43
17.2 Annual Inspections	43
17.3 Preventative Maintenance Inspections	43
17.4 Special Inspections	43
17.5 Housekeeping Inspections	43
17.6 Notice Of Inspection	43
17.7 Emergency Inspections	43
17.8 Pre-Move-Out Inspections	44
17.9 Move-Out Inspections	44
18.0 Pet Policy	44
18.1 Exclusions	44
18.2 Pets In Senior Buildings	44
18.3 Approval	47
18.4 Types And Number Of Pets	47
18.5 Inoculations	47
18.6 Pet Deposit	47
18.7 Financial Obligation Of Residents	48
18.8 Nuisance Or Threat To Health Or Safety	48
18.9 Designations Of Pet Areas	48
18.10 Visiting Pets	48
18.11 Removal Of Pets	48
19.0 Repayment Agreements	48
20.0 Termination	49
20.1 Termination By Tenant	49
20.2 Termination By The Housing Authority	49
20.3 Abandonment	49
20.4 Return Of Security Deposit	50
Glossary	51
Acronyms	60
Appendix I	61

Admissions And Continued Occupancy Plan

This Admissions and Continued Occupancy Policy defines the Boulder County Housing Authority's policies for the operation for the Public Housing Program, incorporating Federal, State and local law. If there is any conflict between this policy and laws or regulations, the laws and regulations will prevail.

1.0 Fair Housing

It is the policy of the Boulder County Housing Authority, hereafter referred to as “BCHA”, to fully comply with all Federal, State and local nondiscrimination laws; the Americans with Disabilities Act; and the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development regulations governing Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

No person shall, on the grounds of race, color, sex, religion, national or ethnic origin, familial status, or disability be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under the BCHA’s programs.

To further its commitment to full compliance with applicable Civil Rights laws, the BCHA will provide Federal/State/local information to applicants/tenants of the Public Housing Program regarding discrimination and any recourse available to them if they believe they may be victims of discrimination. Such information will be made available with the application, and all applicable Fair Housing Information and Discrimination Complaint Forms will be made available at the BCHA office. In addition, all written information and advertisements will contain the appropriate Equal Opportunity language and logo.

The BCHA will assist any family that believes they have suffered illegal discrimination by providing them copies of the appropriate housing discrimination forms. The BCHA will also assist them in completing the forms if requested, and will provide them with the address of the nearest HUD office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity.

2.0 Reasonable Accommodation

Sometimes people with disabilities may need a reasonable accommodation in order to take full advantage of the BCHA housing programs and related services. When such accommodations are granted, they do not confer special treatment or advantage for the person with a disability; rather, they make the program accessible to them in a way that would otherwise not be possible due to their disability. This policy clarifies how people can request accommodations and the guidelines the BCHA will follow in determining whether it is reasonable to provide a requested accommodation. Because disabilities are not always apparent, the BCHA will ensure that all applicants/tenants are aware of the opportunity to request reasonable accommodations.

2.1 Communication

Anyone requesting an application will receive a Request for Reasonable Accommodation form if they state a need for one on the application.

Notifications of reexamination, inspection, appointment, or eviction will include information about requesting a reasonable accommodation. Any notification requesting

action by the tenant will include information about requesting a reasonable accommodation.

All decisions granting or denying requests for reasonable accommodations must be in writing.

2.2 Questions To Ask In Granting The Accommodation

A. Is the requestor a person with disabilities? For this purpose the definition of person with disabilities is different than the definition used for admission. The Fair Housing definition used for this purpose is:

A person with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, has a record of such impairment, or is regarded as having such impairment. (The disability may not be apparent to others, i.e., a heart condition).

If the disability is apparent or already documented, the answer to this question is yes. It is possible that the disability for which the accommodation is being requested is a disability other than the apparent disability. If the disability is not apparent or documented, the BCHA will obtain verification that the person is a person with a disability.

B. Is the requested accommodation related to the disability? If it is apparent that the request is related to the apparent or documented disability, the answer to this question is yes. If it is not apparent, the BCHA will obtain documentation that the requested accommodation is needed due to the disability. The BCHA will not inquire as to the nature of the disability.

C. Is the requested accommodation reasonable? In order to be determined reasonable, the accommodation must meet two criteria:

1. Would the accommodation constitute a fundamental alteration? The BCHA's business is housing. If the request would alter the fundamental business that the BCHA conducts, that would not be reasonable. For instance, the BCHA would deny a request to have the BCHA do grocery shopping for a person with disabilities.

2. Would the requested accommodation create an undue financial hardship or administrative burden? Frequently the requested accommodation costs little or nothing. If the cost would be an undue burden, the BCHA may request a meeting with the individual to investigate and consider equally effective alternatives.

D. Generally the individual knows best what it is they need; however, the BCHA retains the right to be shown how the requested accommodation enables the individual to access or use the BCHA's programs or services.

If more than one accommodation is equally effective in providing access to the BCHA's programs and services, the BCHA retains the right to select the most efficient or economic choice.

The cost necessary to carry out approved requests, including requests for physical modifications, will be borne by the BCHA if there is no one else willing to pay for the modifications. If another party pays for the modification, the BCHA will seek to have the same entity pay for any restoration costs.

If the tenant requests as a reasonable accommodation that they be permitted to make physical modifications at their own expense, the BCHA will generally approve such request if it does not violate codes or affect the structural integrity of the unit.

Any request for an accommodation that would enable a tenant to materially violate essential lease terms will not be approved, i.e. allowing nonpayment of rent, destruction of property, disturbing the peaceful enjoyment of others, etc.

3.0 Services For Non-English Speaking Applicants And Residents

The BCHA will endeavor to have bilingual staff or access to people who speak languages other than English in order to assist non-English speaking families. The following languages shall be covered: Spanish

4.0 Family Outreach

The BCHA will communicate the status of housing availability to other service providers in the community and inform them of housing eligibility factors and guidelines so they can make proper referrals for the Public Housing Program.

5.0 Right To Privacy

All adult members of both applicant and tenant households are required to sign HUD Form 9886, Authorization for Release of Information and Privacy Act Notice. The Authorization for Release of Information and Privacy Act Notice states how family information will be released and includes the Federal Privacy Act Statement.

Any request for applicant or tenant information will not be released unless there is a signed release of information request from the applicant or tenant.

6.0 Required Postings

In each of its offices (3482 N. Broadway, Boulder; 400 E. Simpson, Lafayette), the BCHA will post, in a conspicuous place and at a height easily read by all persons including persons with mobility disabilities, the following information or instructions on how to obtain the following:

- A. Statement of Policies and Procedures governing Admission and Continued Occupancy
- B. Notice of the status of the waiting list (opened or closed)
- C. A listing of all the developments by name, address, number of units, units designed with special accommodations, address of all project offices, office hours, telephone numbers, TDD numbers, and Resident Facilities and operation hours
- D. Income Limits for Admission
- E. Excess Utility Charges
- F. Utility Allowance Schedule
- G. Current Schedule of Routine Maintenance Charges

- H. Dwelling Lease
- I. Grievance Procedure
- J. Fair Housing Poster
- K. Equal Opportunity in Employment Poster
- L. Any current Housing Authority Notices

7.0 Taking Applications

Families wishing to apply for the Public Housing Program will be required to complete an application for housing assistance. Applications will be accepted during regular business hours at:

3482 N. Broadway Street
Boulder, CO 80306

400 East Simpson Street
#202 Lafayette, CO 80026

Applications are taken to compile a waiting list. Due to the demand for housing in the BCHA jurisdiction, the BCHA may take applications on an open enrollment basis, depending on the length of the waiting list.

Completed applications will be accepted for all applicants and the BCHA will verify the information.

Applications may be made in person at:

3482 N. Broadway Street
Monday - Friday 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

400 E. Simpson Street, #202
Monday - Friday 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

Applications will be mailed to interested families upon request.

The completed application will be dated and time stamped upon its return to the BCHA..

Persons with disabilities who require a reasonable accommodation in completing an application may call the BCHA to make special arrangements. A Telecommunication Device for the Deaf (TDD) is available for the deaf. The TDD telephone number is **Colorado Relay 1-800-659-2656**.

The application process will involve two phases. The first phase is the initial application for housing assistance or the pre-application. The pre-application requires the family to provide limited basic information establishing any preferences to which they may be entitled. This first phase results in the family's placement on the waiting list.

Upon receipt of the family's pre-application, the BCHA will make a preliminary determination of eligibility. The BCHA will notify the family in writing of the date and time of placement on the waiting list, and the approximate wait before housing may be offered. If the BCHA determines the family to be ineligible, the notice will state the reasons therefore and will offer the family the opportunity of an informational review of the determination.

The applicant may at any time report changes in their applicant status including changes in family composition, income, or preference factors. The BCHA will annotate the applicant's file and will update their place on the waiting list. Confirmation of the changes will be confirmed with the family in writing.

The second phase is the final determination of eligibility, referred to as the full application. The full application takes place when the family nears the top of the waiting list. The BCHA will ensure that verification of all preferences, eligibility, suitability and selection factors are current in order to determine the family's final eligibility for admission into the Public Housing Program.

8.0 Eligibility For Admission

8.1 Introduction

There are five eligibility requirements for admission to public housing: qualifies as a family, has an income within the income limits, meets citizenship/eligible immigrant criteria, provides documentation of Social Security numbers, and signs consent authorization documents. In addition to the eligibility criteria, families must also meet the BCHA screening criteria in order to be admitted to public housing.

8.2 Eligibility Criteria

A. Family status

1. **A family with or without children.** Such a family is defined as a group of people related by blood, marriage, adoption or affinity that live together in a stable family relationship.
 - a. Children temporarily absent from the home due to placement in foster care are considered family members.
 - b. Unborn children and children in the process of being adopted are considered family members for the purpose of determining bedroom size but are not considered family members for determining income limit.
2. **An elderly family, which is:**
 - a. A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 62 years of age;
 - b. Two or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living together; or
 - c. One or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living with one or more live-in aides.
3. **A near elderly family, which is:**
 - a. A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62;
 - b. Two or more persons, who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62, living together; or
 - c. One or more persons, who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62, living with one or more live-in aides.
4. **A disabled family, which is:**
 - a. A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person with Disabilities;
 - b. Two or more persons with disabilities living together; or

c. One or more persons with disabilities living with one or more live-in aides.

5. A **displaced family**, which is a family in which each member, or whose sole member, has been displaced by governmental action, or whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized pursuant to Federal disaster relief laws.
6. A **remaining member of a tenant family**.
7. A **single person** who is not an elderly or displaced person, a person with disabilities, or the remaining member of a tenant family.

B. Income eligibility

1. To be eligible for admission to developments or scattered-site units that were available for occupancy before 10/1/81, the family's annual income must be within the low-income limit set by HUD. This means the family income cannot exceed 80 percent of the median income for the area.
2. To be eligible for admission to developments or scattered-site units that became available on or after 10/1/81, the family's annual income must be within the very low-income limit set by HUD, unless HUD grants an exception. This means that without a HUD exception, the family income cannot exceed 50 percent of the median income for the area.
3. Income limits apply only at admission and are not applicable for continued occupancy.
4. A family may not be admitted to the public housing program from another assisted housing program (e.g., tenant-based Section 8) or from a public housing program operated by another housing authority without meeting the income requirements of the BCHA.
5. If the BCHA acquires a property for federal public housing purposes, the families living there must have incomes within the low-income limit in order to be eligible to remain as public housing tenants.
6. Income limit restrictions do not apply to families transferring within our Public Housing Program.
7. **(For housing authorities with fewer than 250 public housing units)** If there are no eligible families on the waiting list and the BCHA has published a 30-day notice of available units in at least one newspaper of general circulation, families above the applicable income limit may be housed. They must vacate the unit if an eligible family applies.

C. To be eligible each member of the family must be a citizen, national, or a non-citizen who has eligible immigration status under one of the categories set forth in Section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980 (see 42 U.S.C. 1436a(a)).

1. Family eligibility for assistance.
 - a. A family shall not be eligible for assistance unless every member of the family residing in the unit is determined to have eligible status, with the exception noted below.
 - b. Despite the ineligibility of one or more family members, a mixed family may be eligible for one of three types of assistance. (See Section 13.6 for calculating rents under the non-citizen rule).
 - c. A family without any eligible members and receiving assistance on June 19, 1995 may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance.

D. Social Security Number Documentation

To be eligible, all family members 6 years of age and older must provide a Social Security number or certify that they do not have one.

E. Signing Consent Forms

1. In order to be eligible, each member of the family who is at least 18 years of age, and each family head and spouse regardless of age, shall sign one or more consent forms.
2. The consent form must contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - a. A provision authorizing HIJD or the BCHA to obtain from State Wage Information Collection Agencies (SWICAs) any information or materials necessary to complete or verify the application for participation or for eligibility for continued occupancy; and
 - b. Authority to verify with previous or current employers income information pertinent to the family's eligibility for or level of assistance;
 - c. A provision authorizing HUD to request income information from the IRS and the SSA for the sole purpose of verifying income information pertinent to the family's eligibility or level of benefits; and
 - d. A statement that the authorization to release the information requested by the consent form expires 15 months after the date the consent form is signed.

8.3 Suitability

- A. Applicant families will be evaluated to determine whether, based on their recent behavior, such behavior could reasonably be expected to result in noncompliance with the public housing lease. The BCHA will look at past conduct as an indicator of future conduct. Emphasis will be placed on whether a family's admission could reasonably be expected to have a detrimental effect on the development environment, other tenants, BCHA employees, or other people residing in the

immediate vicinity of the property. Otherwise eligible families will be denied admission if they fail to meet the suitability criteria.

- B. The BCHA will consider objective and reasonable aspects of the family's background, including the following:
1. History of meeting financial obligations, especially rent;
 2. Ability to maintain (or with assistance would have the ability to maintain) their housing in a decent and safe condition based on living or housekeeping habits and whether such habits could adversely affect the health, safety, or welfare of other tenants;
 3. History of criminal activity by any household member involving crimes of physical violence against persons or property and any other criminal activity including drug-related criminal activity that would adversely affect the health, safety, or well being of other tenants or staff or cause damage to the property;
 4. History of disturbing neighbors or destruction of property;
 5. Having committed fraud in connection with any Federal housing assistance program, including the intentional misrepresentation of information related to their housing application or benefits derived there from; and
 6. History of abusing alcohol in a way that may interfere with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment by others.
- F. The BCHA will ask applicants to provide information demonstrating their ability to comply with the essential elements of the lease. The BCHA will verify the information provided. Such verification may include but may not be limited to the following:
- A. A credit check of the head, spouse and co-head;
 - B. A rental history check of all adult family members;
 - C. A criminal background check on all adult household members, including live-in aides. This check will be made through State or local law enforcement or court records in those cases where the household member has lived in the local jurisdiction for the last three years. Where the individual has lived outside the local area, the BCHA may contact law enforcement agencies where the individual had lived or request a check through the FBI's National Crime Information Center (NCIC);
 - D. A home visit. The home visit provides the opportunity for the family to demonstrate their ability to maintain their home in a safe and sanitary manner. This inspection considers cleanliness and care of rooms, appliances, and appurtenances. The inspection may also consider any evidence of criminal activity; and
 - E. A check of the local sex offender registration program for each adult household member, including live-in aides. No individual registered with this program will be admitted to public housing.

8.4 Grounds For Denial

The BCHA is not required or obligated to assist applicants who:

- A. Do not meet any one or more of the eligibility criteria;
- B. Do not supply information or documentation required by the application process;
- C. Have failed to respond to a written request for information or a request to declare their continued interest in the program;
- D. Have a history of not meeting financial obligations, especially rent;
- E. Do not have the ability to maintain (with assistance) their housing in a decent and safe condition where such habits could adversely affect the health, safety, or welfare of other tenants;
- F. Have a history of criminal activity by any household member involving crimes of physical violence against persons or property and any other criminal activity including drug-related criminal activity that would adversely affect the health, safety, or well being of other tenants or staff or cause damage to the property;
- G. Have a history of disturbing neighbors or destruction of property;
- H. Currently owes rent or other amounts to any housing authority in connection with their public housing or Section 8 programs;
- I. Have committed fraud, bribery or any other corruption in connection with any Federal housing assistance program, including the intentional misrepresentation of information related to their housing application or benefits derived there from;
- J. Were evicted from assisted housing within three years of the projected date of admission because of drug-related criminal activity involving the personal use or possession for personal use;
- K. Were evicted from assisted housing within five years of the projected date of admission because of drug-related criminal activity involving the illegal manufacture, sale, distribution, or possession with the intent to manufacture, sell, distribute a controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. 802;
- L. Are illegally using a controlled substance or are abusing alcohol in a way that may interfere with the health, safety, or right to peaceful enjoyment of the premises by other residents. The BCHA may waive this requirement if:
 - 1. The person demonstrates to the BCHA's satisfaction that the person is no longer engaging in drug-related criminal activity or abuse of alcohol;
 - 2. Has successfully completed a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program;
 - 3. Has otherwise been rehabilitated successfully; or
 - 4. Is participating in a supervised drug or alcohol rehabilitation program;
- M. Have engaged in or threatened abusive or violent behavior towards any BCHA staff or residents;
- N. Have a household member who has ever been evicted from public housing;

- O. Have a family household member who has been terminated under the certificate or voucher program;
- P. Any family member who is registered under a local sex offender registration program;
- Q. **Denied for Life:** If any family member has been convicted of manufacturing or producing methamphetamine (speed) in a public housing development or in a Section 8 assisted property.

8.5 Informal Review

- A. If the BCHA determines that an applicant does not meet the criteria for receiving public housing assistance, the BCHA will promptly provide the applicant with written notice of the determination. The notice must contain a brief statement of the reason(s) for the decision and state that the applicant may request in writing an informal review of the decision within ten (10) business days of the denial. The BCHA will describe how to obtain the informal review.

The informal hearing will be conducted within fifteen (15) business days from the day the BCHA received the applicant's written request. The informal review may be conducted by any person designated by the BCHA, other than a person who made or approved the decision under review or subordinate of this person. The applicant must be given the opportunity to present written or oral objections to the BCHA's decision. The BCHA must notify the applicant of the final decision within 10 calendar days after the informal review, including a brief statement of the reasons for the final decision.

- B. The participant family may request that the BCHA provide for an Informal Hearing after the family has notification of an INS decision on their citizenship status on appeal, or in lieu of request of appeal to the INS. This request must be made by the participant family within thirty (30) days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or within thirty (30) days of receipt of the INS appeal decision.

For the participant families, the Informal Hearing Process above will be utilized with the exception that the participant family will have up to 30 days of receipt of the Notice of Denial or Termination of Assistance, or of the INS appeal decision.

9.0 Managing The Waiting List

9.1 Opening And Closing The Waiting List

Opening of the waiting list will be announced with a public notice stating that applications for public housing will again be accepted. The public notice will state where, when, and how to apply. The notice will be published in a local newspaper of general circulation and also by any available minority media. The public notice will state any limitations to who may apply.

The notice will state that applicants already on waiting lists for other housing programs must apply separately for this program and such applicants will not lose their place on other waiting lists when they apply for public housing. The notice will include the Fair Housing logo and slogan and will be in compliance with Fair Housing requirements.

Closing of the waiting list will also be announced with a public notice. The public notice will state the date the waiting list will be closed and for what bedroom sizes. The public notice will be published in a local newspaper of general circulation and also by any available minority media.

9.2 Organization Of The Waiting List

The waiting list will be maintained in accordance with the following guidelines:

- A. The application will be a permanent file;
- B. All applications will be maintained in order of bedroom size, preference, and then in order of date and time of application; and
- C. Any written correspondence between the BCHA and the applicant will be documented in the applicant file.

9.3 Families Nearing The Top Of The Waiting List

When a family is near the top of the wait list, the family will be invited to an interview and the verification process will begin. The BCHA will verify eligibility for admission to public housing when a family is within three (3) units from the top of the wait list. It is at this point in time that the family's waiting list preference will be verified. If the family no longer qualifies to be near the top of the list, the family's name will be returned to the appropriate spot on the waiting list. The BCHA must notify the family in writing of this determination and give the family the opportunity for an informal review.

Once the preference has been verified, the family will complete a full application, present Social Security number information, citizenship/eligible immigrant information, and sign the Consent for Release of Information forms.

9.4 Purging The Waiting List

The BCHA will update and purge its waiting list at least annually to ensure that the pool of applicants reasonably represents the interested families for whom the BCHA has current information, i.e. applicant's address, family composition, income category, and preferences.

9.5 Removal Of Applications From The Waiting List

The BCHA will not remove an applicant's name from the waiting list unless:

- A. The applicant requests in writing that the name be removed;
- B. The applicant fails to respond to a written request for information or a request to declare their continued interest in the program; or
- C. The applicant does not meet either the eligibility or suitability criteria for the program.

9.6 Missed Appointments

All applicants who fail to keep a scheduled appointment with the BCHA will be sent a notice of termination of the process for eligibility.

The BCHA will allow the family to reschedule for good cause. Generally, no more than one opportunity will be given to reschedule without good cause, and no more than two opportunities will be given for good cause. When good cause exists for missing an appointment, the BCHA will work closely with the family to find a more suitable time. Applicants will be offered the right to an informal review before being removed from the waiting list.

9.7 Notification Of Negative Actions

Any applicant whose name is being removed from the waiting list will be notified by the BCHA, in writing, that they have ten (10) calendar days from the date of the written correspondence to present mitigating circumstances or request an informal review. The letter will also indicate that their name will be removed from the waiting list if they fail to respond within the time frame specified. The BCHA system of removing applicant names from the waiting list will not violate the rights of persons with disabilities. If an applicant claims that their failure to respond to a request for information or updates was caused by a disability, the BCHA will verify that there is in fact a disability and the disability caused the failure to respond, and provide a reasonable accommodation. An example of a reasonable accommodation would be to reinstate the applicant on the waiting list based on the date and time of the original application.

10.0 Tenant Selection And Assignment Plan

10.1 Preferences

The BCHA will select families based on the following preferences within each bedroom size category:

- A. Families who are living, working or going to school in Louisville.
- B. Elderly families over the age of 62 whose immediate family resides in Louisville. (For this section "immediate family" is defined as a son or a daughter).
- C. Applicants with an adult family member enrolled in an employment training program, currently working twenty (20) hours a week or attending school on a full time basis. This preference is also to all elderly families and all families whose head or spouse is receiving income based on their inability to work.
- D. All other applicants.

Based on the above preferences, all families in preference A, B or C will be offered housing before any families in preference D.

The date and time of application will be noted and utilized to determine the sequence within the above-prescribed preferences.

Notwithstanding the above, families who are elderly, disabled, displaced or have children (this includes an unborn child) will be offered housing before other single persons or families without children.

Buildings Designed for the Elderly and Disabled: Preference will be given to elderly and disabled families. If there are no elderly or disabled families on the list, preference will then be given to near-elderly families. If there are no near-elderly families on the waiting list, units will be offered to families who qualify for the appropriate bedroom size using these priorities. All such families will be selected from the waiting list using the preferences as outlined above.

Accessible Units: Accessible units will be first offered to families who may benefit from the accessible features. Applicants for these units will be selected utilizing the same preference system as outlined above. If there are no applicants who would benefit from the accessible features, the units will be offered to other applicants in the order that their names come to the top of the waiting list. Such applicants, however, must sign a release form stating they will accept a transfer (at their own expense) if, at a future time, a family requiring an accessible feature applies. Any family required to transfer will be given a 30-day notice.

10.2 Assignment Of Bedroom Sizes

The following guidelines will determine each family's unit size without overcrowding or over-housing:

Number of Bedrooms	Number of Persons	
	Minimum	Maximum
0	1	1
1	1	2
2	2	4
3	3	6
4	4	8

These standards are based on the assumption that each bedroom will accommodate no more than two (2) persons. Zero bedroom units will only be assigned to one-person families

In determining bedroom size, the Boulder County Housing Authority will include the presence of children to be born to a pregnant woman, children who are in the process of being adopted, children whose custody is being obtained, children who are temporarily away at school, or children who are temporarily in foster-care.

In addition, the following considerations may be taken in determining bedroom size.

- A. Children of the same sex **will** share a bedroom.
- B. Children of the opposite sex, both under the age of 6 will share a bedroom.
- C. Adults and children over the age of 2 will not be required to share a bedroom.
- D. Foster - adults and/or foster - children will not be required to share a bedroom with family members.
- E. Live-in aides will be given a separate bedroom.

Exceptions to normal bedroom size standards include the following:

- A. Units smaller than assigned through the above guidelines -A family may request a smaller unit size than the guidelines allow. The BCHA will allow the smaller size unit so long as generally no more than two (2) people per bedroom are assigned. In such situations, the family will sign a certification stating they understand they will be ineligible for a larger size unit for two (2) years or until the family size changes, whichever may occur first.
- B. Units larger than assigned through the above guidelines - a family may request a larger unit size than the guidelines allow. The BCHA will allow the larger size unit if the family provides a verified medical need that the family be housed in a larger unit.
- C. If there are no families on the waiting list for a larger size, smaller families may be housed if they sign a release form stating they will transfer (at the family's own expense) to the appropriate size unit when an eligible family needing the larger unit applies. The family transferring will be given a thirty-(30)-day notice before being required to move.
- D. Larger units may be offered in order to improve the marketing of a development suffering a high vacancy rate.

10.3 Selection From The Waiting List

The BCHA shall follow the statutory requirement that at least 40% of newly admitted families in any fiscal year be families whose annual income is at or below 30% of the area median income. To insure this requirement is met we shall quarterly monitor the incomes of newly admitted families and the incomes of the families on the waiting list. If it appears that the requirement to house extremely low-income families will not be met, we will skip higher income families on the waiting list to reach extremely low-income families.

If there are not enough extremely low-income families on the waiting list we will conduct outreach on a non-discriminatory basis to attract extremely low-income families to reach the statutory requirement.

10.4 Deconcentration Policy

It is BCHA's policy to provide for deconcentration of poverty and encourage income mixing at its sites. The broad range of income strategy and the elimination of the federal preferences as a ranking mechanism seems to be working to effectively mix the income and deconcentrate poverty at the public housing sites.

The BCHA will affirmatively market our housing to all eligible income groups.

Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, we will analyze the income levels of families residing in each of our developments, the income levels of census tracts in which our developments are located, and the income levels of the families on the waiting list. Based on this analysis, we will determine the level of marketing strategies and deconcentration incentives to implement. The worksheet for the analysis can be found in **Appendix 1**.

10.5 Deconcentration Incentives

The BCHA may offer one or more incentives to encourage applicant families whose income classification would help to meet the deconcentration goals of a particular development.

Various incentives may be used at different times, or under different conditions, but will always be provided in a consistent and nondiscriminatory manner.

10.6 Offer Of A Unit

When the BCHA discovers that a unit will become available, we will contact the first family on the waiting list who has the highest priority for this type of unit or development and whose income category would help to meet the deconcentration goal and/or the income-targeting goal.

The BCHA will contact the family first by in writing via first class mail to make the unit offer. The family will be given seven (7) business days from the date the letter was mailed to contact the BCHA regarding the offer.

The family will be offered the opportunity to view the unit. After the opportunity to view the unit, the family will have one (1) business day to accept or reject the unit. This verbal offer and the family's decision must be documented in the tenant file. If the family rejects the offer of the unit, the BCHA will send the family a letter documenting the offer and the rejection. The family will be offered one (1) more available unit that they will be allowed to visit. If they reject this second unit offer, they will be removed from the active wait list and will have to re-apply.

10.7 Rejection Of Unit

If in making the offer to the family the BCHA skipped over other families on the waiting list in order to meet their deconcentration goal or offered the family any other deconcentration incentive and the family rejects the unit, the family will not lose their place on the waiting list and will not be otherwise penalized.

If the BCHA did not skip over other families on the waiting list to reach this family, did not offer any other deconcentration incentive, and the family rejects the unit without good cause, the family will forfeit their application's date and time. The family will keep their preferences, but the date and time of application will be changed to the date and time the unit was rejected.

If the family rejects with good cause any unit offered, they will not lose their place on the waiting list. Good cause includes reasons related to health, proximity to work, school, and childcare (for those working or going to school). Written verification documenting the "good cause" may be requested. The family will be offered the right to an informal review of the decision to alter their application status.

10.8 Acceptance Of Unit

The family will be required to sign a lease that will become effective no later than three (3) business days after the date of acceptance or the first business day after the day the unit becomes available, whichever is later.

Prior to signing the lease all family’s members (head of household and other adult family members) will be required to attend the Lease and Occupancy Orientation when they are initially accepted for occupancy. The family will not be housed if they have not attended the orientation. Applicants who provide prior notice of an inability to attend the orientation will be rescheduled. Failure of an applicant to attend the orientation, without good cause, may result in the cancellation of the occupancy process.

The applicant will be provided a copy of the lease, the grievance procedure, utility allowances, utility charges, the current schedule of routine maintenance charges, and a request for reasonable accommodation form. These documents will be explained in detail. The applicant will sign a certification that they have received these documents and that they have reviewed them with Housing Authority personnel. The certification will be filed in the tenant's file.

The signing of the lease and the review of financial information are to be privately handled. The head of household and all adult family members will be required to execute the lease prior to admission. One executed copy of the lease will be furnished to the head of household and the BCHA will retain the original executed lease in the tenant's file. A copy of the grievance procedure will be attached to the resident's copy of the lease.

The family will pay a security deposit at the time of lease signing. The security deposit will be equal to:

A.The Total Tenant Payment (TTP) or the appropriate deposit listed below, whichever is greater:

1-Bedroom	\$200.00
2-Bedroom	\$250.00
3-Bedroom	\$300.00
4-Bedroom	\$350.00

In exceptional situations, the BCHA reserves the right to allow a new resident to pay their security deposit in up to two (2) payments. One half shall be paid in advance and the remaining half with their second rent payment. This shall be at the sole discretion of the BCHA.

In the case of a move within public housing, the security deposit for the first unit will be transferred to the second unit. Additionally, if the security deposit for the second unit is greater than that for the first, the difference will be collected from the family. Conversely, if the security deposit is less, the difference will be refunded to the family after move-out charges are determined.

In the event there are costs attributable to the family for bringing the first unit into condition for re-renting, the family shall be billed for these charges.

11.0 Income, Exclusions From Income, And Deductions From Income

To determine annual income, the BCHA counts the income of all family members, excluding the types and sources of income that are specifically excluded. Once the annual income is determined, the BCHA subtracts all allowable deductions (allowances) to determine the Total Tenant Payment.

11.1 Income

Annual income means all amounts, monetary or not, that:

- A. Go to (or on behalf of) the family head or spouse (even if temporarily absent) or to any other family member; or
- B. Are anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 12-month period following admission or annual reexamination effective date; and
- C. Are not specifically excluded from annual income.

Annual income includes, but is not limited to:

- A. The full amount, before any payroll deductions, of wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips and bonuses, and other compensation for personal services.
- B. The net income from the operation of a business or profession. Expenditures for business expansion or amortization of capital indebtedness are not used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight-line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from the operation of a business or profession is included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is a reimbursement of cash or assets invested in the operation by the family.
- C. Interest, dividends, and other net income of any kind from real or personal property. Expenditures for amortization of capital indebtedness are not used as deductions in determining net income. An allowance for depreciation of assets used in a business or profession may be deducted, based on straight-line depreciation, as provided in Internal Revenue Service regulations. Any withdrawal of cash or assets from an investment is included in income, except to the extent the withdrawal is reimbursement of cash or assets invested by the family. Where the family has net family assets in excess of \$5,000, annual income includes the greater of the actual income derived from all net family assets or a percentage of the value of such assets based on the current passbook savings rate, as determined by HUD.
- D. The full amount of periodic amounts received from Social Security, annuities, insurance policies, retirement funds, pensions, disability or death benefits, and other similar types of periodic receipts, including a lump-sum amount or prospective monthly amounts for the delayed start of a periodic amount. (However, deferred periodic amounts from supplemental security income and Social Security benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts are excluded.)

- E. Payments in lieu of earnings, such as unemployment and disability compensation, worker's compensation, and severance pay. (However, lump sum additions such as insurance payments from worker's compensation are excluded.)
- F. Welfare assistance.
 - 1. If the welfare assistance payment includes an amount specifically designated for shelter and utilities that is subject to adjustment by the welfare assistance agency in accordance with the actual cost of shelter and utilities, the amount of welfare assistance income to be included as income consists of:
 - a. The amount of the allowance or grant exclusive of the amount specifically designated for shelter or utilities; plus
 - b. The maximum amount that the welfare assistance agency allows the family for shelter and utilities. If the family's welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under this requirement is the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.
 - 2. If the amount of welfare is reduced due to an act of fraud by a family member or because of any family member's failure to comply with requirements to participate in an economic self-sufficiency program or work activity, the amount of rent required to be paid by the family will not be decreased. In such cases, the amount of income attributable to the family will include what the family would have received had they complied with the welfare requirements and/or had not committed an act of fraud.
 - 3. If the amount of welfare assistance is reduced as a result of a lifetime time limit, the reduced amount is the amount that shall be counted as income.
- G. Periodic and determinable allowances, such as alimony, child support payments, and regular contributions or gifts received from organizations or from persons not residing in the dwelling.
- H. All regular pay, special pay, and allowances of a member of the Armed Forces. (Special pay to a member exposed to hostile fire is excluded.)

11.2 Annual Income Exclusions

Annual income does not include the following:

- A. Income from employment of children (including foster children) under the age of 18 years;
- B. Payments received for the care of foster children or foster adults (usually persons with disabilities, unrelated to the tenant family, who are unable to live alone);
- C. Lump-sum additions to family assets, such as inheritances, insurance payments (including payments under health and accident insurance and worker's compensation), capital gains, and settlement for personal or property losses;
- D. Amounts received by the family that are specifically for, or in reimbursement of, the cost of medical expenses for any family member;
- E. Income of a live-in aide;
- F. The full amount of student financial assistance paid directly to the student or to the educational institution;
- G. The special pay to a family member serving in the Armed Forces who is exposed to hostile fire;
- H. The amounts received from the following programs:
 - 1. Amounts received under training programs funded by HUD;
 - 2. Amounts received by a person with a disability that are disregarded for a limited time for purposes of Supplemental Security Income eligibility and benefits because they are set aside for use under a Plan to Attain Self-Sufficiency (PASS);
 - 3. Amounts received by a participant in other publicly assisted programs that are specifically for or in reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses incurred (special equipment, clothing, transportation, child care, etc.) and that are made solely to allow participation in a specific program;
 - 4. Amounts received under a resident service stipend. A resident service stipend is a modest amount (not to exceed \$200 per month) received by a resident for performing a service for the BCHA or owner, on a part-time basis, that enhances the quality of life in the development. Such services may include, but are not limited to, fire patrol, hall monitoring, lawn maintenance, and resident initiatives coordination. No resident may receive more than one such stipend during the same period of time;
 - 5. Incremental earnings and benefits resulting to any family member from participation in qualifying State or local employment training programs (including training programs not affiliated with a local government) and training of a family member as resident management staff. Amounts excluded by this provision must be received under employment training programs with clearly defined goals and objectives and are excluded only for the period during which the family member participates in the employment training program;

6. Temporary, nonrecurring or sporadic income (including gifts);
7. Reparation payments paid by a foreign government pursuant to claims filed under the laws of that government by persons who were persecuted during the Nazi era;
8. Earnings in excess of \$480 for each full-time student 18 years old or older (excluding the head of household and spouse);
9. Adoption assistance payments in excess of \$480 per adopted child;
10. For family members who enrolled in certain training programs prior to 10/1/99, the earnings and benefits resulting from the participation if the program provides employment training and supportive services in accordance with the Family Support Act of 1988, Section 22 of the 1937 Act (42 U.S.C.1437t), or any comparable Federal, State, or local law during the exclusion period. For purposes of this exclusion the following definitions apply:
 - a. Comparable Federal, State or local law means a program providing employment training and supportive services that:
 - i. Is authorized by a Federal, State or local law;
 - ii. Is funded by the Federal, State or local government;
 - iii. Is operated or administered by a public agency; and
 - iv. Has as its objective to assist participants in acquiring employment skills.
 - b. Exclusion period means the period during which the family member participates in a program described in this section, plus 18 months from the date the family member begins the first job acquired by the family member after completion of such program that is not funded by public housing assistance under the 1937 Act. If the family member is terminated from employment with good cause, the exclusion period shall end.
 - c. Earnings and benefits means the incremental earnings and benefits resulting from a qualifying employment-training program or subsequent job.
11. The incremental earnings due to employment during the 12-month period following date of hire shall be excluded. This exclusion (paragraph 11) will not apply for any family who concurrently is eligible for exclusion #10. Additionally, this exclusion is only available to the following families:
 - a. Families whose income increases as a result of employment of a family member who was previously unemployed for one or more years.
 - b. Families whose income increases during the participation of a family member in any family self-sufficiency program.
 - c. Families who are or were, within 6 months, assisted under a State TANF program.

(While HUD regulations allow for the housing authority to offer an escrow account in lieu of having a portion of their income excluded under this paragraph, it is the policy of the BCHA to provide the exclusion in all cases.)

12. Deferred periodic amounts from supplemental security income and Social Security benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts;
13. Amounts received by the family in the form of refunds or rebates under State or local law for property taxes paid on the dwelling unit;
14. Amounts paid by a State agency to a family with a member who has a developmental disability and is living at home to offset the cost of services and equipment needed to keep the developmentally disabled family member at home; or
15. Amounts specifically excluded by any other Federal statute from consideration as income for purposes of determining eligibility or benefits. These exclusions include:
 - a. The value of the allotment of food stamps.
 - b. Payments to volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Services Act of 1973.
 - c. Payments received under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act.
 - d. Income from sub-marginal land of the U.S. that is held in trust for certain Indian tribes.
 - e. Payments made under Housing and Human Service's Low-Income Energy Assistance Program (LEAP).
 - f. Payments received under the Job Training Partnership Act.
 - g. Income from the disposition of funds of the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians.
 - h. The first \$2000 per capita received from judgment funds awarded for certain Indian claims.
 - i. Amount of scholarships awarded under Title IV including Work Study.
 - j. Payments received under the Older Americans Act of 1965.
 - k. Payments from Agent Orange Settlement.
 - l. Payments received under the Maine Indian Claims Act.
 - m. The value of childcare under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990.
 - n. Earned income tax credit refund payments.
 - o. Payments for living expenses under the AmeriCorps Program.
 - p. Additional income exclusions provided by and funded by the BCHA.

The BCHA will not provide exclusions from income in addition to those already provided for by HUD.

11.3 Deductions From Annual Income

The following deductions will be made from annual income:

- A. \$480 for each dependent;
- B. \$400 for any elderly family or disabled family;
- C. For any family that is not an elderly or disabled family but has a member (other than the head or spouse) who is a person with a disability, disability assistance expenses in excess of 3% of annual income. This allowance may not exceed the employment income received by family members who are 18 years of age or older as a result of the assistance to the person with disabilities;
- D. For any elderly or disabled family:
 - 1. That has no disability assistance expenses, an allowance for medical expenses equal to the amount by which the medical expenses exceed 3% of annual income;
 - 2. That has disability expenses greater than or equal to 3% of annual income, an allowance for disability assistance expenses computed in accordance with paragraph C, plus an allowance for medical expenses that equal the family's medical expenses;
 - 3. That has disability assistance expenses that are less than 3% of annual income, an allowance for combined disability assistance expenses and medical expenses that is equal to the total of these expenses less 3% of annual income.
- E. Childcare expenses.

12.0 Verification

The BCHA will verify information related to waiting list preferences, eligibility, admission, and level of benefits prior to admission. Periodically during occupancy, items related to eligibility and rent determination shall also be reviewed and verified. Income, assets, and expenses will be verified, as well as disability status, need for a live-in aide and other reasonable accommodations; full time student status of family members 18 years of age and older; Social Security numbers; and citizenship/eligible non-citizen status. Age and relationship will only be verified in those instances where needed to make a determination of level of assistance.

12.1 Acceptable Methods Of Verification

Age, relationship, U.S. citizenship, and Social Security numbers will generally be verified with documentation provided by the family. For citizenship, the family's certification will be accepted. (Or for citizenship documentation such as listed below will be required.) Verification of these items will include copies of the Social Security cards and other documents presented by the family, the INS SAVE approval code, and forms signed by the family.

Other information will be verified by third party verification. This type of verification includes written documentation with forms sent directly to and received directly by a source, not passed through the hands of the family. This verification may also be direct contact with the source, in person or by telephone. It may also be a report generated by a request from the Boulder County Housing Authority or automatically by another government agency, i.e. the Social Security Administration. Verification forms and reports received will be contained in the applicant/tenant file. Oral third party documentation will include the same information as if the documentation had been written, i.e. name date of contact, amount received, etc.

When third party verification cannot be obtained, the BCHA will accept documentation received from the applicant/tenant. Hand-carried documentation will be accepted if the BCHA has been unable to obtain third party verification in a 4-week period of time. Photocopies of the documents provided by the family will be maintained in the file.

When neither third party verification nor hand-carried verification can be obtained, the BCHA will accept a notarized statement signed by the head, spouse or co-head. Such documents will be maintained in the file.

12.2 Types Of Verification

The chart below outlines the factors that may be verified and gives common examples of the verification that will be sought. To obtain written third party verification, the BCHA will send a request form to the source along with a release form signed by the applicant/tenant via first class mail.

Verification Requirements for Individual Items		
Item to Be Verified	3 rd party verification	Hand-carried verification
General Eligibility Items		
Social Security Number	Letter from Social Security, electronic reports	Social Security card
Citizenship	N/A	Signed certification, voter's registration card, birth certificate, etc.
Eligible immigration status	INS SAVE confirmation #	INS Card
Disability	Letter from medical professional, SSI, etc.	Proof of SSI or Social Security disability payments
Full time student status (if >18)	Letter from school	For high school students, any document evidencing enrollment
Need for a live-in aide	Letter from doctor or other professional knowledgeable of condition	N/A
Child care costs	Letter from care provider	Bills and receipts

Disability assistance expenses	Letters from suppliers, care givers, etc.	Bills and records of payments
Medical expenses	Letters from providers, prescription record from pharmacy, medical professional's letter stating assistance or a companion animal is needed.	Bills, receipts, records of payment, dates of trips, mileage log, receipts for fares and tolls
Value of and Income from Assets		
Verification Requirements for Individual Items		
Savings, checking accounts	Letter from institution	Passbook, most current statements
CSS, bonds, etc	Letter from institution	Tax return, information brochure from institution, the CD, the bond
Stocks	Letter from broker or holding company	Stock or most current statement, price in newspaper or through Internet
Real property	Letter from tax office, assessment, etc.	Property tax statement (for current value), assessment, records or income and expenses, tax return
Personal property	Assessment, bluebook, etc.	Receipt for purchase, other evidence of worth
Cash value of life insurance policies	Letter from insurance company	Current statement
Assets disposed of for less than fair market value	N/A	Original receipt and receipt at disposition, other evidence of worth
Income		
Earned income	Letter from employer	Multiple pay stubs
Self-employed	N/A	Tax return from prior year, books of accounts
Regular gifts and contributions	Letter from source, letter from organization receiving gift (i.e., if grandmother pays day care provider, the day care provider could so state)	Bank deposits, other similar evidence
Alimony/child support	Court order, letter from source, letter from Human Services	Record of deposits, divorce decree

Periodic payments (i.e., social security, welfare, pensions, workers compensation, unemployment)	Letters from the source or electronic reports from TASS for Social Security, SSI, and SSDI	Award letter, letter announcing change in amount of future payments
Verification Requirements for Individual Items		
Training program participation	Letter from program provider indicating: -whether enrolled or completed -whether training is HUD-funded -whether Federal, State, local govt., or local program -whether it is employment training -whether it has clearly defined goals and objectives -whether program has supportive services -whether payments are for out-of-pocket expenses incurred in order to participate in a program -date of first job after program	N/A Evidence of job start

12.3 Verification Of Citizenship Or Eligible Non-Citizen Status

The citizenship/eligible non-citizen status of each family member regardless of age must be determined.

Prior to being admitted, or at the first reexamination, all citizens and nationals will be required to sign a declaration under penalty of perjury. They will be required to show proof of their status by such means as a Social Security card, birth certificate, military ID, or military DD 214 Form.

Prior to being admitted or at the first reexamination, all eligible non-citizens who are 62 years of age or older will be required to sign a declaration under penalty of perjury. They will also be required to show proof of age.

Prior to being admitted or at the first reexamination, all eligible non-citizens must sign a declaration of their status and a verification consent form and provide their original INS documentation. The BCHA will make a copy of the individual's INS documentation and place the copy in the file. The BCHA may also verify their status through the INS SAVE system. If the INS SAVE system cannot confirm eligibility, the BCHA may mail information to the INS in order that a manual check can be made of INS records.

Family members who do not claim to be citizens, nationals, or eligible non-citizens must be listed on a statement of non-eligible members. The head of the household must sign the list.

Non-citizen students on student visas, though in the country legally, are not eligible to be admitted to public housing.

Any family member who does not choose to declare their status must be listed on the statement of non-eligible members.

If no family member is determined to be eligible under this section, the family's eligibility will be denied.

The family's assistance will not be denied, delayed, reduced, or terminated because of a delay in the process of determining eligible status under this section, except to the extent that the family causes the delay.

If the BCHA determines that a family member has knowingly permitted an ineligible non-citizen (other than any ineligible non-citizens listed on the lease) to permanently reside in their public housing unit, the family will be evicted. Such family will not be eligible to be readmitted to public housing for a period of 24 months from the date of eviction or termination.

12.4 Verification Of Social Security Numbers

Prior to admission, each family member who has a Social Security number and who is at least 6 years of age must provide verification of their Social Security number. New family members at least 6 years of age must provide this verification prior to being added to the lease. Children in assisted households must provide this verification at the first regular reexamination after turning six.

The best verification of the Social Security Number is the original Social Security card. If the card is not available, the Housing Authority will accept letters from Social Security that establishes and states the number. If applicable, the Housing Authority will verify Social Security numbers in Tenant Assessment Subsystem. BCHA Documentation from other governmental agencies will also be accepted that establishes and states the number. Driver's licenses, military IDs, passports, or other official documents that establish and state the number are also acceptable.

If an individual states that they do not have a Social Security number, they will be required to sign a statement to this effect. The BCHA will not require any individual who does not have a Social Security number to obtain a Social Security number.

If a member of an applicant family indicates they have a Social Security number, but cannot readily verify it, the family cannot be housed until verification is provided.

If a member of a tenant family indicates they have a Social Security number, but cannot readily verify it, they shall be asked to certify to this fact and shall have up to sixty (60) days to provide the verification. If the individual is at least 62 years of age, they will be given one hundred and twenty (120) days to provide the verification. If the individual fails to provide the verification within the time allowed, the family will be evicted.

12.5 Timing Of Verification

Verification information must be dated within ninety-(90)-days of certification or reexamination. If the verification is older than this, the source will be contacted and asked to provide information regarding any changes.

When an interim reexamination is conducted, the BCHA will verify and update all information related to family circumstances and level of assistance. (Or, the BCHA will only verify and update those elements reported to have changed.)

12.6 Frequency Of Obtaining Verification

For each family member, citizenship/eligible non-citizen status will be verified only once. This verification will be obtained prior to admission. If the status of any family member was not determined prior to admission, verification of their status will be obtained at the next regular reexamination. Prior to a new member joining the family, their citizenship/eligible non-citizen status will be verified.

For each family member age 6 and above, verification of Social Security number will be obtained only once. This verification will be accomplished prior to admission. When a family member who did not have a Social Security number at admission receives a Social Security number, that number will be verified at the next regular reexamination. Likewise, when a child turns six, their verification will be obtained at the next regular reexamination.

13.0 Determination Of Total Tenant Payment And Tenant Rent

13.1 Family Choice

At admission and each year in preparation for their annual reexamination, each family is given the choice of having their rent determined under the formula method or having their rent set at the flat rent amount.

- A. Families who opt for the flat rent will be required to go through the income reexamination process every three years, rather than the annual review they would otherwise undergo.
- B. Families who opt for the flat rent may request to have a reexamination and return to the formula based method at any time for any of the following reasons:
 1. The family's income has decreased.
 2. The family's circumstances have changed increasing their expenses for childcare, medical care, etc.
 3. Other circumstances creating a hardship on the family such that the formula method would be more financially feasible for the family.

13.2 The Formula Method

The total tenant payment is equal to the highest of:

- A. 10% of monthly income;
- B. 30% of adjusted monthly income; or
- C. The welfare rent.

The family will pay the greater of the total tenant payment or the minimum rent of **\$50.00**, but never more than the **flat rent**.

In the case of a family who has qualified for the income exclusion at Section 11.2(H)(I 1), upon the expiration of the 12-month period described in that section, an additional rent benefit accrues to the family. If the family member's employment continues, then for the 12-month period following the 12-month period of disallowance, the resulting rent

increase will be capped at 50 percent of the rent increase the family would have otherwise received.

13.3 Minimum Rent

The BCHA has set the minimum rent at **\$50.00**. However if the family requests a hardship exemption, the BCHA will immediately suspend the minimum rent for the family until the BCHA can determine whether the hardship exists and whether the hardship is of a temporary or long-term nature.

- A. A hardship exists in the following circumstances:
 - 1. When the family has lost eligibility for or is waiting an eligibility determination for a Federal, State, or local assistance program;
 - 2. When the family would be evicted as a result of the imposition of the minimum rent requirement;
 - 3. When the income of the family has decreased because of changed circumstances, including loss of employment;
 - 4. When the family has an increase in expenses because of changed circumstances, for medical costs, childcare, transportation, education, or similar items;
 - 5. When a death has occurred in the family.
- B. No hardship exists if the BCHA determines there is no qualifying hardship and the minimum rent will be reinstated, including requiring back payment of minimum rent for the time of suspension.
- C. Temporary hardship. If the BCHA reasonably determines that there is a qualifying hardship but that it is of a temporary nature, the minimum rent will not be imposed for a period of 90 days from the date of the family's request. At the end of the 90-day period, the minimum rent will be imposed retroactively to the time of suspension. The BCHA will offer a repayment agreement in accordance with the Section 19 of this policy for any rent not paid during the period of suspension. During the suspension period the BCHA will not evict the family for nonpayment of the amount of tenant rent owed for the suspension period.
- D. Long-term hardship. If the BCHA determines there is a long-term hardship, the family will be exempt from the minimum rent requirement until the hardship no longer exists.
- E. Appeals. The family may use the grievance procedure to appeal the BCHA's determination regarding the hardship. No escrow deposit will be required in order to access the grievance procedure.

13.4 The Flatrent

The Boulder County Housing Authority shall offer residents a choice of a flat rent. Flat rents are determined on the market rent charged for a comparable unit in the private unassisted rental market. It is equal to the estimated rent for which BCHA could promptly lease the public housing unit after preparation for occupancy. BCHA will use a reasonable method to determine the flat rents for a unit. It will consider the location, quality, size, unit type and age of the unit. Also, it will take into consideration any amenities, housing services, maintenance and utilities offered by BCHA.

BCHA will maintain records that document the method used to determine flat rents. BCHA will be evaluated annually and the adjustments applied to will reflect HUD's current Fair Market Rents (FMR). Affected families will be given a 30-day notice of any rent change. Adjustments will be effective on the anniversary date for each affected family.

If the resident chooses the flat rent, BCHA will not pay any utility reimbursement.

BCHA will post the flat rents at each of the developments and at the central and management offices and are incorporated in this policy upon approval by the Board of Commissioners.

**Boulder County Housing Authority
Flat Rent Schedule
2004**

Lafayette Villa West

UNIT NUMBER	BEDROOM SIZE	FLAT RENT
550 So. Carr Ave. #1A	1-BR	\$778
550 So. Carr Ave. #1B	1-BR	\$778
550 So. Carr Ave. #1C	1-BR	\$778
550 So. Carr Ave. #1D	1-BR	\$778
550 So. Carr Ave. #1E	1-BR	\$778
550 So. Carr Ave. #1F	1-BR	\$778
525 So. Carr Ave. #2A	1-BR	\$778
525 So. Carr Ave. #2B	1-BR	\$778
525 So. Carr Ave. #2C	1-BR	\$778
525 So. Carr Ave. #2D	1-BR	\$778
525 So. Carr Ave. #2E	1-BR	\$778
525 So. Carr Ave. #2F	1-BR	\$778
450 So. Carr Ave. #3A	1-BR	\$778
450 So. Carr Ave. #3B	1-BR	\$778
450 So. Carr Ave. #3C	1-BR	\$778
450 So. Carr Ave. #3D	1-BR	\$778
350 So. Carr Ave.# 4A	1-BR	\$778
350 So. Carr Ave.# 4B	1-BR	\$778
350 So. Carr Ave.# 4C	1-BR	\$778
350 So. Carr Ave.# 4D	1-BR	\$778
350 So. Carr Ave.# 4E	1-BR	\$778
350 So. Carr Ave.# 4F	1-BR	\$778
300 So. Carr Ave.#5A	1-BR	\$778
300 So. Carr Ave.#5B	1-BR	\$778
300 So. Carr Ave.#5C	1-BR	\$778
300 So. Carr Ave.#5D	1-BR	\$778
300 So. Carr Ave.#5E	1-BR	\$778
300 So. Carr Ave.#5F	1-BR	\$778

**Boulder County Housing Authority
Flat Rent Schedule
2004**

Dover Court - Lafayette

UNIT NUMBER	BEDROOM SIZE	FLAT RENT
101 Dover Court	3-BR	\$1392
103 Dover Court	2-BR	\$1000
105 Dover Court	2-BR	\$1000
107 Dover Court	3-BR	\$1392
109 Dover Court	3-BR	\$1392
111 Dover Court	2-BR	\$1000
113 Dover Court	2-BR	\$1000
115 Dover Court	3-BR	\$1392

SCATTERED SITES - Lafayette

UNIT NUMBER	BEDROOM SIZE	FLAT RENT
108 So. Carr Ave	3-BR	\$1392
110 So. Carr Ave	3-BR	\$1392
612 E. Chester	3-BR	\$1392
612 ½ E. Chester	3-BR	\$1392
775 Bedivere Circle	4-BR	\$1641
1520 Lyonesse Street	4-BR	\$1641
1585 Sagrimore Circle	3-BR	\$1392
209 Lucerne Way	3-BR	\$1392

Mountaingate - Lyons

UNIT NUMBER	BEDROOM SIZE	FLAT RENT
502 Second Avenue	2-BR	\$1000
504 Second Avenue	2-BR	\$1000
506 Second Avenue	3-BR	\$1392
508 Second Avenue	2-BR	\$1000
510 Second Avenue	2-BR	\$1000
512 Second Avenue	3-BR	\$1392

**Boulder County Housing Authority
Flat Rent Schedule
2004**

Rodeo Court - Nederland

UNIT NUMBER	BEDROOM SIZE	FLAT RENT
421 Rodeo Drive	2-BR	\$1000
431 Rodeo Drive	3-BR	\$1392
439 Rodeo Drive	2-BR	\$1000
449 Rodeo Drive	2-BR	\$1000
459 Rodeo Drive	3-BR	\$1392
469 Rodeo Drive	2-BR	\$1000

13.5 Ceiling Rent

The Housing Authority has set a ceiling rent for each public housing unit. These were authorized and established before October 1, 1999, for a period of three years from October 1, 1999. After the three-year period, BCHA has adjusted such ceiling rents to the level required for Flat Rents and will offer Flat Rents as one choice of rent.

13.6 Rent For Families Under The Non-Citizen Rule

A mixed family will receive full continuation of assistance if all of the following conditions are met:

- A. The family was receiving assistance on June 19, 1995;
- B. The family was granted continuation of assistance before November 29, 1996;
- C. The family's head or spouse has eligible immigration status; and
- D. The family does not include any person who does not have eligible status other than the head of household, the spouse of the head of household, any parent of the head or spouse, or any child (under the age of 18) of the head or spouse.

If a mixed family qualifies for prorated assistance but decides not to accept it, or if the family has no eligible members, the family may be eligible for temporary deferral of termination of assistance to permit the family additional time for the orderly transition of some or all of its members to locate other affordable housing. Under this provision, the family receives full assistance. If assistance is granted under this provision prior to November 29, 1996, it may last no longer than three (3) years. If granted after that date, the maximum period of time for assistance under the provision is eighteen (18) months. The BCHA will grant each family a period of six (6) months to find suitable affordable housing. If the family cannot find suitable affordable housing, the BCHA will provide additional search periods up to the maximum time allowable.

Suitable housing means housing that is not substandard and is of appropriate size for the family. Affordable housing means that it can be rented for an amount not exceeding the amount the family pays for rent, plus utilities, plus 25%.

The family's assistance is prorated in the following manner:

- A. Determine the 95th percentile of gross rents (tenant rent plus utility allowance) for the BCHA. The 95 % percentile is called the maximum rent.
- B. Subtract the family's total tenant payment from the maximum rent. The resulting number is called the maximum subsidy.
- C. Divide the maximum subsidy by the number of family members and multiply the result times the number of eligible family members. This yields the prorated subsidy.
- D. Subtract the prorated subsidy from the maximum rent to find the prorated total tenant payment. From this amount subtract the full utility allowance to obtain the prorated tenant rent.

13.7 Utility Allowance

The BCHA shall establish a utility allowance for all check-metered utilities and for all tenant-paid utilities. The allowance will be based on a reasonable consumption of utilities by an energy-conservative household of modest circumstances consistent with the requirements of a safe, sanitary, and healthful environment. In setting the allowance, the BCHA will review the actual consumption of tenant families as well as changes made or anticipated due to modernization (weatherization efforts, installation of energy-efficient appliances, etc). Allowances will be evaluated at least annually as well as any time utility rate changes by 10% or more since the last revision to the allowances.

The utility allowance will be subtracted from the family's formula to determine the amount of the Tenant Rent. The Tenant Rent is the amount the family owes each month to the BCHA. The amount of the utility allowance is then still available to the family to pay the cost of their **utilities**. Any utility cost above the allowance is the responsibility of the tenant. Any savings resulting from utility costs below the amount of the allowance belongs to the tenant.

For BCHA paid utilities, the BCHA will monitor the utility consumption of each household. Any consumption in excess of the allowance established by the BCHA will be billed to the tenant monthly.

Utility allowance revisions based on rate changes shall be effective retroactively to the first day of the month following the month in which the last rate change took place. Revisions based on changes in consumption or other reasons shall become effective at each family's next annual reexamination.

Utility allowances are not offered for those families who choose to accept and pay the established Flat Rent amount.

13.8 Paying Rent

Rent and other charges are due and payable on the first day of the month. All rents should be paid at **3482 North Broadway/ P.O. Box 471, Boulder, CO 80306-0471**. Rents are also accepted at **400 East Simpson, #202, Lafayette, Colorado** on dates listed in the Resident Packet.

Reasonable accommodations for this requirement will be made for persons with disabilities. As a safety measure, no cash shall be accepted as a rent payment.

If the rent is not received by 5pm on the fifth of the month, a Notice to Vacate will be issued to the tenant. In addition, a \$25.00 late charge will be assessed to the tenant. If rent is paid by a personal check and the check is returned for insufficient funds, this shall be considered a non-payment of rent and will incur the late charge plus an additional Insufficient Funds charge of \$15.00 for processing costs.

If an Insufficient Funds Charge is incurred twice in one calendar year, the Resident will be required to pay rent with certified funds. Personal checks will not be accepted.

14.0 Continued Occupancy And Community Service

14.1 General

The QWARHA of 1998 requires that all adult residents of Public Housing perform eight hours of community service per month as a condition of their continued occupancy.

14.2 Exemptions

The following residents shall be exempted from the community service requirement:

- A. Residents who are elderly (over 62 years of age)
- B. Residents with a disability
- C. Residents who are employed
- D. Residents who are full time students
- E. Residents who are unemployed for less than 30 days

14.3 Notification Of The Requirement

All residents will be notified by one or more of the following methods:

- A. Resident newsletter or resident notice
- B. Personal letter
- C. Information in the lease-up packet

14.4 Volunteer Opportunities

The Boulder County Housing Authority will maintain a list of potential volunteer opportunities. This list will be provided to all residents who are required to perform community service.

14.5 The Community Service Process

The Boulder County Housing Authority will determine at initial recertification, annual recertification or interim recertification if a resident falls into the category of those who are required to perform community service. Resident will be informed by letter that the community service requirement applies to them. They will be given a list of volunteer opportunities and instructions regarding the reporting requirements. They will be given a form to be completed each month that will document their eight hours of service. The form will be signed by the resident and the agency for which they perform the community service. The form will be due on or before the last day of each month.

14.6 Notice Of Non-Compliance With Community Service Requirement

If residents fail to comply with this community service procedure, they will receive one warning letter and the opportunity to get in compliance within two weeks. They will be given the opportunity for an informal hearing to discuss why they are not in compliance. They will have an opportunity to present written documentation stating why they cannot perform community service (temporary illness, etc) They will have two weeks to get in compliance or they may have their lease terminated.

14.7 Opportunity For Cure

Residents who do not do their community service on time, or fail to report on time, will have the opportunity to make up the hours the next month. If residents are more than two months behind, they may have their leases terminated.

15.0 Recertification

At least annually, the BCHA will conduct a reexamination of family income and circumstances. The results of the reexamination determine (1) the rent the family will pay, and (2) whether the family is housed in the correct unit size.

15.1 General

The BCHA will send a notification letter to the family letting them know that it is time for their annual reexamination, giving them the option of selecting either the flat rent or formula method, and scheduling an appointment if they are currently paying a formula rent. If the family thinks they may want to switch from a flat rent to a formula rent, they should request an appointment. At the appointment, the family can make their final decision regarding which rent method they will choose. The letter also includes, for those families paying the formula method, forms for the family to complete in preparation for the interview. The letter includes instructions permitting the family to reschedule the interview if necessary. The letter tells families who may need to make alternate arrangements due to a disability that they may contact staff to request an accommodation of their needs.

During the appointment, the BCHA will determine whether family composition may require a transfer to a different bedroom size unit, and if so, the family's name will be placed on the transfer list.

15.2 Missed Appointments

If the family fails to respond to the letter and fails to attend the interview, a second letter will be mailed. The second letter will advise of a new time and date for the interview, allowing for the same considerations for rescheduling and accommodation as above. The letter will also advise that failure by the family to attend the second scheduled interview will result in the BCHA taking eviction actions against the family.

15.3 Flat Rents

The annual letter to flat rent payers regarding the reexamination process will state the following:

- A. Each year at the time of the annual reexamination, the family has the option of selecting a flat rent amount in lieu of completing the reexamination process and having their rent based on the formula amount.
- B. The amount of the flat rent.
- C. A fact sheet about formula rents that explains the types of income counted, the most common types of income excluded, and the categories allowances that can be deducted from income.
- D. Families who opt for the flat rent will be required to go through the income reexamination process every three years, rather than the annual review they otherwise would undergo.
- E. Families who opt for the flat rent may request to have a reexamination and return to the formula-based method at any time for any of the following reasons:
 - 1. The family's income has decreased.
 - 2. The family's circumstances have changed increasing their expenses for childcare, medical care, etc.
 - 3. Other circumstances creating a hardship on the family such that the formula method would be more financially feasible for the family.
- F. The dates upon which the BCHA expects to review the amount of the flat rent, the approximate rent increase the family could expect, and the approximate date upon which a future rent increase could become effective.
- G. The name and phone number of an individual to call to get additional information or counseling concerning flat rents.
- H. A certification for the family to sign accepting or declining the flat rent.

Each year prior to their anniversary date, BCHA will send a reexamination letter to the family offering the choice between a flat and a formula rent. The opportunity to select the flat rent is available only at this time. At the appointment, the BCHA may assist the family in identifying the rent method that would be most advantageous for the family. If the family wishes to select the flat rent method without meeting with the BCHA representative, they may make the selection on the form and return the form to the BCHA. In such case, the BCHA will cancel the appointment.

15.4 The Formula Method

During the interview, the family will provide all information regarding income, assets, expenses, and other information necessary to determine the family's share of rent. The family will sign the HUD consent form and other consent forms that later will be mailed to the sources that will verify the family circumstances.

Upon receipt of verification, the BCHA will determine the family's annual income and will calculate their rent as follows.

The total tenant payment is equal to the highest of

- A. 10% of monthly income;
- B. 30% of adjusted monthly income; or
- C. The welfare rent.

The family will pay the greater of the total tenant payment or the minimum rent, but never more than the flat rent.

15.5 Effective Date Of Rent Changes For Annual Reexaminations

The new rent will generally be effective upon the anniversary date with thirty-(30)-days notice of any rent increase to the family.

If the rent determination is delayed due to a reason beyond the control of the family, then any rent increase will be effective the first of the month after the month in which the family receives a thirty -(30)-day notice of the amount. If the new rent is a reduction and the delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective as scheduled on the anniversary date.

If the family caused the delay, then any increase will be effective on the anniversary date. Any reduction will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

15.6 Interim Reexaminations

During an interim reexamination, only the information affected by the changes being reported will be reviewed and verified.

Families are required to report in writing the following changes to the BCHA between regular reexaminations. If the family's rent is being determined under the formula method, these changes will trigger an interim reexamination. The family shall report these changes within ten (10) days of their occurrence.

- A. Any increase or decrease in income.
- B. Any increase in allowable expenses.
- C. A member has been added to the family through birth or adoption or court-awarded custody.
- D. A household member is leaving or has left the family unit.

In order to add a household member other than through birth or adoption (including a live-in aide), the family must request that the new member be added to the lease. Before adding the new member to the lease, the individual must complete an application form stating their income, assets, and all other information required of an applicant. The individual must provide their Social Security number if they have one and must verify their citizenship/eligible immigrant status. (Their housing will not be delayed due to delays in verifying eligible immigrant status other than delays caused by the family.) The new family member will go through the screening process similar to the process for applicants. The BCHA will determine the eligibility of the individual before adding them to the lease. If the individual is found to be ineligible or does not pass the screening criteria, they will be advised in writing and given the opportunity for an informal review. If they are found to be eligible and do pass the screening criteria, their name will be added to the lease. At the same time, if the family's rent is being determined under the formula

method, the family's annual income will be recalculated taking into account the circumstances of the new family member. The effective date of the new rent will be in accordance with paragraph below 15.8.

15.7 Special Reexaminations

If a family's income is too unstable to project for twelve (12) months, including families that temporarily have no income (0 renters) or have a temporary decrease in income, the BCHA may schedule special reexaminations every sixty (60) days until the income stabilizes and an annual income can be determined.

15.8 Effective Date Of Rent Changes Due To Interim Or Special Reexaminations

Unless there is a delay in reexamination processing caused by the family, any rent increase will be effective the first of the second month after the month in which the family receives notice of the new rent amount. If the family causes a delay, then the rent increase will be effective on the date it would have been effective had the process not been delayed (even if this means a retroactive increase).

If the new rent is a reduction and any delay is beyond the control of the family, the reduction will be effective the first of the month after the interim reexamination should have been completed.

If the new rent is a reduction and the family caused the delay or did not report the change in a timely manner, the change will be effective the first of the month after the rent amount is determined.

16.0 Unit Transfers

16.1 Objectives Of The Transfer Policy

The objectives of the Transfer Policy include the following:

- A. To address emergency situations.
- B. To fully utilize available housing resources while avoiding overcrowding by insuring that each family occupies the appropriate size unit.
- C. To facilitate relocation when required for modernization or other management purposes.
- D. To facilitate relocation of families with inadequate housing accommodations.
- E. To provide an incentive for families to assist in meeting the BCHA's deconcentration goal.
- F. To eliminate vacancy loss and other expense due to unnecessary transfers.

16.2 Categories Of Transfers

Category 1: Emergency transfers. Such situations may involve defects of the unit or the building in which it is located, the health condition of a family member, a hate crime (racially motivated), the safety of witnesses to a crime, or a law enforcement matter particular to the neighborhood.

Category 2: Immediate administrative transfers. These transfers are necessary in order to permit a family needing accessible features to move to a unit with such a feature or to enable modernization work to proceed.

Category 3: Regular administrative transfers. To correct occupancy standards where the unit size is inappropriate for the size and composition of the family, to allow for non-emergency but medically advisable transfers, and other transfers at the discretion of the BCHA.

16.3 Documentation

When the transfer is at the request of the family, the family may be required to provide third party verification of the need for the transfer.

16.4 Processing Transfers

Transfers on the waiting list will be sorted by date and time.

Upon offer and acceptance of a unit, the family will execute all lease up documents and pay any rent and/or security deposit within two (2) days of being informed the unit is ready to rent. The family will be allowed five (5) days to complete a transfer. The family will be responsible for paying rent at the old unit as well as the new unit for any period of time they have possession of both. The prorated rent and other charges (key deposit and any additional security deposit owing) must be paid at the time of lease execution.

The following is the policy for the rejection of an offer to transfer:

- A. If the family rejects with good cause any unit offered, they will not lose their place on the transfer waiting list
- B. If the transfer is being made at the request of the BCHA and the family rejects the offer without good cause (due to employment, school, medical), the BCHA will take action to terminate their tenancy. If the reason for the transfer is that the current unit is too small to meet the BCHA's optimum occupancy standards, the family may request in writing to stay in the unit without being transferred so long as their occupancy will not exceed two people per living/sleeping room.
- C. If the transfer is being made at the family's request and the rejected offer provides deconcentration incentives, the family will maintain their place on the transfer list and will not otherwise be penalized.
- D. If the transfer is being made at the family's request, and the family refuses the offer without good cause (due to employment, school, medical) that does not include deconcentration incentives the family's name will be removed from the transfer list and a notice will be sent to the family explaining why they have been removed from the transfer list

16.5 Cost Of The Family's Move

The cost of the transfer generally will be borne by the family in the following circumstances:

- A. When the transfer is made at the request of the family or by others on behalf of the family (i.e. by the police);

- B. When the transfer is needed to move the family to an appropriately sized unit, either larger or smaller;
- C. When the transfer is necessitated because a family with disabilities needs the accessible unit into which the transferring family moved (The family without disabilities signed a statement to this effect prior to accepting the accessible unit); or
- D. When the transfer is needed because action or inaction by the family caused the unit to be unsafe or uninhabitable.

The cost of the transfer will be borne by the BCHA in the following circumstances:

- A. When the transfer is needed in order to carry out rehabilitation activities; or
- B. When action or inaction by the BCHA has caused the unit to be unsafe or inhabitable.
- C. Any other circumstance BCHA deems appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

16.6 Tenants In Good Standing

When the transfer is at the request of the family, it will not be approved unless the family is in good standing with the BCHA. This means the family must be in compliance with their lease, current in all payments to the BCHA, and must pass a housekeeping inspection.

16.7 Transfer Requests

A tenant may request a transfer at any time by completing a transfer request form. In considering the request, the BCHA may request a meeting with the tenant to better understand the need for transfer and to explore possible alternatives. The BCHA will review the request in a timely manner and if a meeting is desired, it shall contact the tenant within ten (10) business days of receipt of the request to schedule a meeting.

The BCHA will grant or deny the transfer request in writing within ten (10) business days of receiving the request or holding the meeting, whichever is later.

If the transfer is approved, the family's name will be added to the transfer waiting list. If the transfer is denied, the denial letter will advise the family of their right to utilize the grievance procedure.

16.8 Right Of The Boulder County Housing Authority In Transfer Policy

The provisions listed above are to be used as a guide to insure fair and impartial means of assigning units for transfers. It is not intended that this policy will create a property right or any other type of right for a tenant to transfer or refuse to transfer.

17.0 Inspections

An authorized representative of the BCHA and an adult family member will inspect the premises prior to commencement of occupancy. A written statement of the condition of the premises will be made, all equipment will be provided, and both parties will sign the statement with a copy retained in the BCHA file and a copy given to the family member. An authorized BCHA representative will inspect the premises at the time the resident

vacates and will furnish a statement of any charges to be made provided the resident turns in the proper notice under State law. The resident's security deposit can be used to offset against any BCHA damages to the unit.

17.1 Move-In Inspections

The BCHA and an adult member of the family will inspect the unit prior to signing the lease. Both parties will sign a written statement of the condition of the unit. A copy of the signed inspection will be given to the family and the original will be placed in the tenant file.

17.2 Annual Inspections

The BCHA will inspect each public housing unit at a minimum annually to ensure that each unit meets the HUD published Uniform Physical Condition Standards (UPCS). Work orders will be submitted and completed to correct any identified deficiencies.

17.3 Preventative Maintenance Inspections

Preventative maintenance inspections are conducted twice per year. One will generally be conducted along with the annual inspection. This inspection is intended to keep items in good repair. Items check will include but are not limited to: the condition of the unit, smoke detectors, water heaters, furnaces, checks for leaks; and provides an opportunity to provide other minor servicing that extends the life of the unit and its equipment.

17.4 Special Inspections

A special inspection may be scheduled to enable HUD or others to inspect a sample of the housing stock maintained by the BCHA as required by the Public Housing Assessment System or (PHAS).

17.5 Housekeeping Inspections

Generally, at the time of the PM inspection(s), or at other times as necessary, the BCHA will conduct a housekeeping inspection to ensure the family is maintaining the unit in a safe and sanitary condition.

17.6 Notice Of Inspection

For inspections defined as annual inspections, preventative maintenance inspections, special inspections, and housekeeping inspections the BCHA will give the tenant at least two (2) days written notice.

17.7 Emergency Inspections

If any employee and/or agent of the BCHA has reason to believe that an emergency exists within the housing unit, the unit can be entered without notice. The person(s) that enters the unit will leave a written notice to the resident that indicates the date and time the unit was entered and the reason why it was necessary to enter the unit.

17.8 Pre-Move-Out Inspections

When a tenant gives notice that they intend to move, the BCHA will offer to schedule a pre-move-out inspection with the family. The inspection allows the BCHA to help the family identify any problems that, if left uncorrected, could lead to vacate charges. This inspection is a courtesy to the family and has been found to be helpful both in reducing costs to the family and in enabling the BCHA to make ready units more quickly for the future occupants.

17.9 Move-Out Inspections

The BCHA conducts the move-out inspection after the tenant vacates to assess the condition of the unit and determine responsibility for any needed repairs. The tenant will be notified of the inspection and is strongly encouraged to be present. This inspection becomes the basis for any claims that may be assessed against the security deposit.

18.0 Pet Policy

18.1 Exclusions

This policy does not apply to animals that are used to assist persons with disabilities. Assistive animals are allowed in all public housing facilities with no restrictions other than those imposed on all tenants to maintain their units and associated facilities in a decent, safe, and sanitary manner and to refrain from disturbing their neighbors.

18.2 Pets in BCHA Housing Sites

Boulder County Housing Authority Pet Policy
Sites Eligible To Own Pets:

- A. Lafayette Villa West: Senior Site [Cat or Dog]
- B. Dover Court: Family Site [Cat only]
- C. Scattered Sites: Family Site [Cat or Dog]
- D. Mountaingate: Family Site [Cat only]
- E. Rodeo Court: Family Site [Cat or Dog]

Note: If any resident has more than one pet due to a change in this pet policy, they shall be allowed to keep them. If one of the pets leaves or dies, they will **not** be allowed to replace the animal.

If any resident owns a pet in a site which does not now allow pets, they will be allowed to keep the pet. If the pet leaves or dies, they will **not** allowed to replace the pet. **Pets allowed under reasonable accommodation for a person with disabilities are exempted.**

If any resident owns a pet in an unsubsidized unit purchased by BCHA they will be allowed to keep the pet. If the pet leaves or dies, they will **not** allowed to replace the pet. They will be required to pay a \$200 pet deposit.

Those residents who qualify may own and keep a common household pet in Housing Authority (BCHA) owned units. All residents who are eligible to keep a pet in housing owned and/or operated by the BCHA shall demonstrate that they have the capability to care for the pet.

- A. Application for Pet Permit. prior to housing any pet on the premises, the resident shall apply to the BCHA for a pet permit which shall be accompanied by the following:
 1. A current license issued by the appropriate authority, if applicable;
 2. Evidence that the pet has been spayed or neutered; an
 3. Evidence that the pet has received current rabies, parvo and distemper inoculations or boosters, as applicable.
- B. Pet Deposit. A Pet Security Deposit will be required. The Pet Security Deposit shall be **\$200.00**. for a dog or cat. No deposit is required for caged animals. The deposit must be paid before acquiring the pet.
- C. All residents given permission to have a pet on the premises shall comply with the following rules:
 1. Usual and/or commonly-owned domesticated, family-type, household pets including, but not limited to dogs, cats, birds, and tropical fish may be permitted. The weight of a dog or cat may not exceed 30 pounds (at senior sites) without specific authorization on a case-by-case basis. Pets, other than the aforementioned dogs, cats, birds or tropical fish, may be permitted on a case-by-case basis.
 2. Generally, only one (1) pet per household will be permitted. Multiples greater than one (1), of pets usually and customarily confined to cages or similar restrictive devices (parakeets, hamsters, etc.), may be permitted on a case-by-case basis.
 3. Dogs and cats must be licensed yearly with the appropriate authority and residents must show proof of annual rabies and other required inoculations.
 4. Vicious and/or intimidating pets will **NOT** be allowed.
 5. All dogs and cats must be spayed or neutered as applicable.
 6. Dogs and cats shall remain inside the resident's unit. No animal shall be permitted to be loose in hallways, lobby areas, laundry rooms, community rooms, yards or other common areas of the facility.
 - a. Pets of any permitted type **SHALL NOT** be permitted in community rooms, common areas or office areas. (Exceptions will be made for animals used as service or companion aides.)
 7. When taken outside the unit, dogs must be kept on a leash, controlled by an adult.

8. Birds, gerbils, hamster, guinea pigs, ferrets, reptiles etc. must be confined to a cage **AT ALL TIMES.**
9. Residents shall not permit their pet to disturb, interfere or diminish the peaceful enjoyment of other residents. The terms "disturb, interfere, and diminish" shall include but not be limited to: barking, howling, chirping, biting, scratching, and other like activities.
 - a. Complaints of disturbances of this nature shall constitute a violation of the lease and may result in the revocation of the pet permit, termination of the lease agreement, or both.
10. Residents must provide litter boxes for cat waste, which must be kept inside the dwelling unit. Residents shall not permit refuse from litter boxes to accumulate nor to become unsightly or unsanitary or malodorous. Resident shall not let any type of pet to cause a health or sanitation problem in their unit.
11. Residents are solely responsible for cleaning up pet droppings, if any, outside the unit and on the facility grounds. Droppings must be disposed of by being placed in a plastic bag and then place in a container outside the building provided by the BCHA.
 - a. Pet exercise and relief areas (if any) shall be those areas designated by BCHA.
12. Residents are responsible for properly disposing of dog and cat waste in a container provided by BCHA outside the building.
13. Residents shall take adequate precautions and measures necessary to eliminate pet odors within or around the unit and shall maintain the unit in a sanitary condition at all times.
14. If pets are left unattended for a period of: [dogs] twelve (12) hours; [cats] forty-eight (48) hours or more, the BCHA may enter the unit, remove the pet and transfer it to the proper authorities, subject to the provisions of State law and pertinent local ordinances. The BCHA accepts no responsibility for the animal under such circumstances.
15. Residents shall not alter their unit, patio or unit area in order to create an enclosure for any pet.
16. Residents will be responsible for all damage caused by their pet, including the cost of cleaning (carpets, drapes, etc.), fumigation of units, or damage caused by leaking fish tanks or aquariums.
17. Residents are prohibited from feeding or harboring stray animals. The feeding of stray animals shall constitute having a pet without written permission of the BCHA, and shall be considered a serious lease violation.
18. Pet owners shall be strictly liable for the entire amount of any injury to the person or property of other residents, staff, or visitors to the project, caused by their pet, and shall indemnify the BCHA for all costs of litigation and attorney's fees resulting from such damage.
19. Should any pet housed in a BCHA facility give birth to a litter, the resident shall remove from the premises all of said pets.

20. Resident pet owners are responsible for the safety and health of their pets during those scheduled occasions when the units are being treated for de-infestation. The BCHA shall not be liable for the ill health or death of a pet as a result of the periodic de-infestation treatment.
 21. In the event of the death of a pet, the resident shall properly remove and dispose of the remains. The remains **SHALL NOT** be placed in any container inside a BCHA facility nor in a container on BCHA grounds.
 22. Resident agrees that BCHA management has the right to inspect pet owners's apartment as frequently as deemed necessary, in accordance with Section of the lease agreement.
- D. The privilege of maintaining a pet in a facility owned and/or operated by the BCHA shall be subject to the rules set forth in paragraph B. above. This privilege may be revoked any time subject to the BCHA Grievance Procedures (if applicable) if the animal should become destructive, create a nuisance, represent a threat to the safety and security of other residents, or create a problem in the areas of cleanliness and sanitation.
 - E. Should a breach of the rules set forth in paragraph B., above, occur, the BCHA may also exercise any remedy granted it in accordance with applicable Colorado Statute.
 - F. Animals used as service or companion aides (i.e. seeing eye dogs or hearing dogs) are allowed but must conform to this policy except for weight limit and pet deposit

18.3 Approval

Residents must have the prior approval of the BCHA before moving a pet into a BCHA owned unit. Residents must fully complete the Pet Policy Form (and provide any documentation/ verification listed on the form) before the BCHA will approve the request.

18.4 Types And Number Of Pets

The BCHA will allow only domesticated dogs, cats, birds in cages, and fish in aquariums in units. All dogs and cats must be neutered.

Only one (1) pets per unit allowed.

Any animals deemed to be potentially harmful to the health or safety of others, including attack or fight trained dogs, will not be allowed.

No animal may exceed thirty-(30)-pounds in weight.

18.5 Inoculations

In order to be registered, pets must be appropriately inoculated against rabies and other conditions prescribed by local ordinances.

18.6 Pet Deposit

A pet deposit of \$200 for either a cat or a dog is required at the time of registering a pet (cat or dog). The deposit is refundable when the pet or the family vacate the unit, less any

amounts owed due to damage beyond normal wear and tear. If the family no longer has a pet, an inspection of the unit will be done prior to the release of any pet deposit.

18.7 Financial Obligation Of Residents

Any resident who owns or keeps a pet in their dwelling unit will be required to pay for any damages caused by the pet. Also, any pet-related insect infestation in the pet owner's unit will be the financial responsibility of the pet owner and the BCHA reserves the right to exterminate and charge the resident.

18.8 Nuisance Or Threat TO Health Or Safety

The pet and its living quarters must be maintained in a manner to prevent odors and any other unsanitary conditions in the owner's unit and surrounding areas.

Repeated substantiated complaints by neighbors or BCHA personnel regarding pets disturbing the peace of neighbors through noise, odor, animal waste, or other nuisance will result in the owner having to remove the pet or move him/herself.

18.9 Designation Of Pet Areas

Pets must be kept in the owner's apartment or on a leash at all times when outside (no outdoor cages may be constructed). Pets will be allowed only in designated areas on the grounds of the projects. Pet owners must clean up after their pets and are responsible for disposing of pet waste.

18.10 Visiting Pets

Pets that meet the size and type criteria outlined above may visit the projects/buildings where pets are allowed for up to two weeks without BCHA approval. Tenants who have visiting pets must abide by the conditions of this policy regarding health, sanitation, nuisances, and peaceful enjoyment of others. If visiting pets violate this policy or cause the tenant to violate the lease, the tenant will be required to remove the visiting pet.

18.11 Removal Of Pets

The BCHA, or an appropriate community authority, shall require the removal of any pet from a project if the pet's conduct or condition is determined to be a nuisance or threat to the health or safety of other occupants of the project or of other persons in the community where the project is located.

19.0 Repayment Agreements

When a resident owes the BCHA back charges and is unable to pay the balance by the due date, the resident may request that the BCHA allow them to enter into a Repayment Agreement. The BCHA has the sole discretion of whether to accept such an agreement. All Repayment Agreements must assure that the full payment is made within a period not to exceed twelve (12) months. All Repayment Agreements must be in writing and signed by both parties. Failure to comply with the Repayment Agreement terms may subject the Resident to eviction procedures.

20.0 Termination

20.1 Termination by Tenant

The tenant may terminate the lease at any time upon submitting a 30-day written notice. If the tenant vacates prior to the end of the thirty-(30)-days, they will be responsible for rent through the end of the notice period or until the unit is re-rented, whichever occurs first.

20.2 Termination By The Housing Authority

The BCHA after 10/1/2000 will not renew the lease of any family that is not in compliance with the community service requirement or an approved Agreement to Cure. If they do not voluntarily leave the property, eviction proceedings will begin.

The BCHA will terminate the lease for serious or repeated violations of material lease terms. Such violations include but are not limited to the following:

- A. Nonpayment of rent or other charges;
- B. A history of late rental payments (two (2) 3-day notices within a calendar year);
- C. Failure to provide timely and accurate information regarding family composition, income circumstances, or other information related to eligibility or rent;
- D. Failure to allow inspection of the unit;
- E. Failure to maintain the unit in a safe and sanitary manner;
- F. Assignment or subletting of the premises;
- G. Use of the premises for purposes other than as a dwelling unit (other than for housing authority approved resident businesses);
- H. Destruction of property;
- I. Acts of destruction, defacement, or removal of any part of the premises or failure to cause guests to refrain from such acts;
- J. Any criminal activity on the property or drug-related criminal activity on or off the premises. This includes but is not limited to the manufacture of methamphetamine on the premises of the BCHA;
- K. Non-compliance with Non-Citizen Rule requirements;
- L. Permitting persons not on the lease to reside in the unit more than fourteen (14) days each year without the prior written approval of the BCHA; and
- M. Other good cause.

The BCHA will take immediate action to evict any household that includes an individual who is subject to a lifetime registration requirement under a State sex offender registration program.

20.3 Abandonment

The BCHA will consider a unit to be abandoned when a resident has both fallen behind in rent AND has clearly indicated by words or actions an intention not to continue living in the unit.

Within **60 days** after taking possession of a unit deemed abandoned, the BCHA will either return the deposit or provide a statement of why the deposit is being kept.

20.4 Return Of Security Deposit

After a family moves out, the BCHA will return the security deposit within **60 days** or give the family a written statement of why all or part of the security deposit is being kept. The rental unit must be restored to the same conditions as when the family moved in, except for normal wear and tear. Deposits will not be used to cover normal wear and tear or damage that existed when the family moved in.

If State law requires the payment of interest on security deposits, it shall be complied with.

The BCHA will be considered in compliance with the above if the required payment, statement, or both, are deposited in the U.S. mail with first class postage paid within 60 days.

Glossary

50058 Form: The HUD form that housing authorities are required to complete for each assisted household in public housing to record information used in the certification and recertification process and, at the option of the housing authority, for interim reexaminations.

1937 Housing Act: The United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437 et seq.) (24 CFR 5.100)

Adjusted Annual Income: The amount of household income, after deductions for specified allowances, on which tenant rent is based. (24 CFR 5.611)

Adult: A household member who is 18 years or older or who is the head of the household, or spouse, or co-head.

Allowances: Amounts deducted from the household's annual income in determining adjusted annual income (the income amount used in the rent calculation). Allowances are given for elderly families, dependents, medical expenses for elderly families, disability expenses, and child care expenses for children under 13 years of age. Other allowance can be given at the discretion of the housing authority.

Annual Contributions Contract (ACQ): The written contract between HUD and a housing authority under which HUD agrees to provide funding for a program under the 1937 Act, and the housing authority agrees to comply with HUD requirements for the program. (24 CFR 5.403)

Annual Income: All amounts, monetary or not, that:

- A. Go to (or on behalf of) the family head or spouse (even if temporarily absent) or to any other family member; or
- B. Are anticipated to be received from a source outside the family during the 12-month
- C. period following admission or annual reexamination effective date; and are not specifically excluded from annual income.

Annual Income also includes amounts derived (during the 12-month period) from assets to which any member of the family has access. (1937 Housing Act; 24 CFR 5.609)

Applicant (applicant family): A person or family that has applied for admission to a program but is not yet a participant in the program. (24 CFR 5.403)

As-Paid States States where the welfare agency adjusts the shelter and utility component of the welfare grant in accordance with actual housing costs. Currently, the four as-paid States are New Hampshire, New York, Oregon, and Vermont.

Assets: The value of equity in savings, checking, IRA and Keogh accounts, real property, stocks, bonds, and other forms of capital investment. The value of necessary items of personal property such as furniture and automobiles are not counted as assets. (Also see "net family assets.")

Asset Income: Income received from assets held by family members. If assets total more than \$5,000, income from the assets is "imputed" and the greater of actual asset income and imputed asset income is counted in annual income. (See "imputed asset income" below.)

Ceiling Rent: Former maximum rent allowed for some units in public housing projects.

Certification: The examination of a household's income, expenses, and family composition to determine the family's eligibility for program participation and to calculate the family's share of rent.

Child: For purposes of citizenship regulations, a member of the family other than the family head or spouse who is under 18 years of age. (24 CFR 5.504(b))

Child Care Expenses: Amounts anticipated to be paid by the family for the care of children under 13 years of age during the period for which annual income is computed, but only where such care is necessary to enable a family member to actively seek employment, be gainfully employed, or to further his or her education and only to the extent such amounts are not reimbursed. The amount deducted shall reflect reasonable charges for childcare. In the case of childcare necessary to pen-nit employment, the amount deducted shall not exceed the amount of employment income that is included in annual income. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Citizen: A citizen or national of the United States. (24 CFR 5.504(b))

Consent Form: Any consent form approved by HUD to be signed by assistance applicants and participants for the purpose of obtaining income information from employers and SWICAs, return information from the Social Security Administration, and return information for unearned income from the Internal Revenue Service. The consent forms may authorize the collection of other information from assistance applicants or participant to determine eligibility or level of benefits. (24 CFR 5.214)

Decent, Safe, and Sanitary: Housing is decent, safe, and sanitary if it satisfies the applicable housing quality standards.

Department: The Department of Housing and Urban Development. (24 CFR 5. 100)

Dependent: A member of the family (except foster children and foster adults), other than the family head or spouse, who is under 18 years of age or is a person with a disability or is a full-time student. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Dependent Allowance: An amount, equal to \$480 multiplied by the number of dependents, that is deducted from the household's annual income in determining adjusted annual income.

Disability Assistance Expenses: Reasonable expenses that are anticipated, during the period for which annual income is computed, for attendant care and auxiliary apparatus for a disabled family member and that are necessary to enable a family member (including the disabled member) to be employed, provided that the expenses are neither paid to a member of the family nor reimbursed by an outside source. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Disability Assistance Expense Allowance: In determining adjusted annual income, the amount of disability assistance expenses deducted from annual income for families with a disabled household member.

Disabled Family: A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person with disabilities; two or more persons with disabilities living together; or one or more persons with disabilities living with one or more live-in aides. (24 CFR 5.403(b)) (Also see "person with disabilities.")

Disabled Person: See "person with disabilities."

Displaced Family: A family in which each member, or whose sole member, is a person displaced by governmental action (such as urban renewal), or a person whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized pursuant to Federal disaster relief laws. (24 CFR 5.403(b))

Displaced Person: A person displaced by governmental action or a person whose dwelling has been extensively damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster declared or otherwise formally recognized pursuant to Federal disaster relief laws.(1937 Act)

Drug-Related Criminal Activity: Drug trafficking or the illegal use, or possession for personal use, of a controlled substance as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802.)

Elderly Family: A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 62 years of age; two or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living together; or one or more persons who are at least 62 years of age living with one or more live-in aides. (24 CFR 5.403)

Elderly Family Allowance: For elderly families, an allowance of \$400 is deducted from the household's annual income in determining adjusted annual income.

Elderly Person:A person who is at least 62 years of age. (1937 Housing Act)

Extremely low-income families: Those families whose incomes do not exceed 30% of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families.

Fair Housing Act: Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.). (24 CFR 5.100)

Family includes but is not limited to:

- A. A family with or without children;
- B. An elderly family;
- C. A near-elderly family;
- D. A disabled family;
- E. A displaced family;
- F. The remaining member of a tenant family; and
- G. A single person who is not an elderly or displaced person, a person with disabilities, or the remaining member of a tenant family. (24 CFR 5.403)

Family Members: All members of the household other than live-in aides, foster children, and foster adults. All family members permanently reside in the unit, though they may be temporarily absent. All family members are listed on the lease.

Family Self-Sufficiency Program (FSS Program): The program established by a housing authority to promote self-sufficiency among participating families, including the coordination of supportive services. (24 CFR 984.103(b))

Flat Rent: A rent amount the family may choose to pay in lieu of having their rent determined under the formula method. The flat rent is established by the housing authority set at the market

value for the unit.. Families selecting the flat rent option have their income evaluated once every three years, rather than annually.

Formula Method: A means of calculating a family's rent based on 10% of their monthly income, 30% of their adjusted monthly income, the welfare rent, or the minimum rent. Under the formula method, rents may be capped by a ceiling rent. Under this method, the family's income is evaluated at least annually.

Full-Time Student: A person who is carrying a subject load that is considered full-time for day students under the standards and practices of the educational institution attended. An educational institution includes a vocational school with a diploma or certificate program, as well as an institution offering a college degree. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Head of Household: The adult member of the family who is the head of the household for purposes of determining income eligibility and rent. (24 CFR 5.504(b))

Household Members: All members of the household including members of the family, live-in aides, foster children, and foster adults. All household members are listed on the lease, and no one other than household members are listed on the lease.

Housing Assistance Plan: A housing plan that is submitted by a unit of general local government and approved by HUD as being acceptable under the standards of 24 CFR 570.

Imputed Income: For households with net family assets of more than \$5,000, the amount calculated by multiplying net family assets by a HUD-specified percentage. If imputed income is more than actual income from assets, the imputed amount is used as income from assets in determining annual income.

In-Kind Payments: Contributions other than cash made to the family or to a family member in exchange for services provided or for the general support of the family (e.g., groceries provided on a weekly basis, baby sitting provided on a regular basis).

Interim (examination): A reexamination of a family income, expenses, and household composition conducted between the regular annual recertifications when a change in a household's circumstances warrants such a reexamination.

Live-In Aide: A person who resides with one or more elderly persons, near-elderly persons, or persons with disabilities and who:

- A. Is determined to be essential to the care and well- being of the persons;
- B. Is not obligated for the support of the persons; and
- C. Would not be living in the unit except to provide the necessary supportive services. (24 CFR 5.403(b))

Low-Income Families: Those families whose incomes do not exceed 80% of the median income for the area, as determined by the Secretary of HUD with adjustments for smaller and larger families, except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 80% of the median for the area on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of prevailing levels of construction costs or unusually high or low family incomes. (1937Act)

Medical Expenses: Medical expenses (of all family members of an elderly or disabled family), including medical insurance premiums that are anticipated during the period for which annual income is computed and that are not covered by insurance. (24 CFR 5.603(d)). These expenses include, but are not limited to, prescription and non-prescription drugs, costs for doctors, dentists, therapists, medical facilities, care for a service animals, transportation for medical purposes.

Mixed Family: A family whose members include those with citizenship or eligible immigration status and those without citizenship or eligible immigration status. (24 CFR 5.504(b))

Monthly Adjusted Income: One twelfth of adjusted income. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Monthly Income: One twelfth of annual income. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

National: A person who owes permanent allegiance to the United States, for example, as a result of birth in a United States territory or possession. (24 CFR 5.504(b))

Near-Elderly Family: A family whose head, spouse, or sole member is a person who is at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62; two or more persons, who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62, living together; or one or more persons who are at least 50 years of age but below the age of 62 living with one or more live-in aides. (24 CFR 5.403(b))

Net Family Assets:

- A. Net cash value after deducting reasonable costs that would be incurred in disposing of real property, savings, stocks, bonds, and other forms of capital investment, excluding interests in Indian trust land and excluding equity accounts in HUD homeownership programs. The value of necessary items of personal property such as furniture and automobiles shall be excluded.
- B. In cases where a trust fund has been established and the trust is not revocable by, or under the control of, any member of the family or household, the value of the trust fund will not be considered an asset so long as the fund continues to be held in trust. Any income distributed from the trust fund shall be counted when determining annual income.
- C. In determining net family assets, housing authorities or owners, as applicable, shall include the value of any business or family assets disposed of by an applicant or tenant for less than fair market value (including a disposition in trust, but not in a foreclosure or bankruptcy sale) during the two years preceding the date of application for the program or reexamination, as applicable, in excess of the consideration received therefore. In the case of a disposition as part of a separation or divorce settlement, the disposition will not be considered to be for less than fair market value if the applicant or tenant receives important consideration not measurable in dollar terms. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Non-Citizen: A person who is neither a citizen nor national of the United States. (24 CFR 5.504(b))

Occupancy Standards: The standards that a housing authority establishes for determining the appropriate number of bedrooms needed to house families of different sizes or composition.

Person with Disabilities: A person who:

- A. Has a disability as defined in Section 223 of the Social Security Act, which states: "Inability to engage in any substantial, gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that can be expected to result in death or that has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months, or

In the case of an individual who attained the age of 55 and is blind and unable by reason of such blindness to engage in substantial, gainful activity requiring skills or ability comparable to those of any gainful activity in which he has previously engaged with some regularity and over a substantial period of time."

- B. Is determined, pursuant to regulations issued by the Secretary, to have a physical, mental, or emotional impairment that:

1. Is expected to be of long-continued and indefinite duration;
2. Substantially impedes his or her ability to live independently; and
3. Is of such a nature that such ability could be improved by more suitable housing conditions, or

- C. Has a developmental disability as defined in Section 102(7) of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, which states:

"Severe chronic disability that:

1. Is attributable to a mental or physical impairment or combination of mental and physical impairments;
2. Is manifested before the person attains age 22;
3. Is likely to continue indefinitely;
4. Results in substantial functional limitation in three or more of the following areas of major life activity: (1) self care, (2) receptive and responsive language, (3) learning, (4) mobility, (e) self-direction, (6) capacity for independent living, and (7) economic self-sufficiency; and
5. Reflects the person's need for a combination and sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or generic care, treatment, or other services that are of lifelong or extended duration and are individually planned and coordinated."

This definition does not exclude persons who have the disease of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome or any conditions arising from the etiologic agent for acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. (1937 Act)

No individual shall be considered to be a person with disabilities for purposes of eligibility solely based on any drug or alcohol dependence.

Proration of Assistance: The reduction in a family's housing assistance payment to reflect the proportion of family members in a mixed family who are eligible for assistance. (24 CFR Section 5.504(b))

Public Housing Agency (PHA): Any State, county, municipality, or other governmental entity or public body (or agency or instrumentality thereof) which is authorized to engage in or assist in

the development or operation of low-income housing under the 1937 Housing Act. (24 CFR 5.100)

Recertification: The annual reexamination of a family's income, expenses, and composition to determine the family's rent.

Remaining Member of a Tenant Family: A member of the family listed on the lease who continues to live in the public housing dwelling after all other family members have left. (Handbook 7565.1 REV-2, 3-5b.)

Self-Declaration: A type of verification statement by the tenant as to the amount and source of income, expenses, or family composition. Self-declaration is acceptable verification only when third-party verification or documentation cannot be obtained.

Shelter Allowance: That portion of a welfare benefit (e.g., TANF) that the welfare agency designates to be used for rent and utilities.

Single Person: Someone living alone or intending to live alone who does not qualify as an elderly family, a person with disabilities, a displaced person, or the remaining member of a tenant family. (Public Housing: Handbook 7465.1 REV-2, 3-5)

State Wage Information Collection Agency (SWICA): The State agency receiving quarterly wage reports from employers in the State or an alternative system that has been determined by the Secretary of Labor to be as effective and timely in providing employment-related income and eligibility information. (24 CFR 5.214)

Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF): The program that replaced the Assistance to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC) that provides financial assistance to needy families who meet program eligibility criteria. Benefits are limited to a specified time period.

Tenant: The person or family renting or occupying an assisted dwelling unit. (24 CFR 5.504(b))

Tenant Rent: The amount payable monthly by the family as rent to the housing authority. Where all utilities (except telephone) and other essential housing services are supplied by the housing authority or owner, tenant rent equals total tenant payment. Where some or all utilities (except telephone) and other essential housing services are supplied by the housing authority and the cost thereof is not included in the amount paid as rent, tenant rent equals total tenant payment less the utility allowance. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Third-Party (verification): Written or oral confirmation of a family's income, expenses, or household composition provided by a source outside the household.

Total Tenant Payment (TTP):

- A. Total tenant payment for families whose initial lease is effective on or after August 1, 1982:
 - 1. Total tenant payment is the amount calculated under Section 3(a)(1) of the 1937 Act which is the higher of
 - a. 30% of the family's monthly adjusted income;
 - b. 10% of the family's monthly income; or
 - c. If the family is receiving payments for welfare assistance from a public agency and a part of such payments, adjusted in accordance with the family's actual housing costs, is specifically designated by such agency to meet the family's housing costs, the portion of such payments which is so designated.

If the family's welfare assistance is ratably reduced from the standard of need by applying a percentage, the amount calculated under section 3(a)(1) shall be the amount resulting from one application of the percentage.
 - 2. Total tenant payment for families residing in public housing does not include charges for excess utility consumption or other miscellaneous charges.

- B. Total tenant payment for families residing in public housing whose initial lease was effective before August 1, 1982: Paragraphs (b) and (c) of 24 CFR 913.107, as it existed immediately before November 18, 1996, will continue to govern the total tenant payment of families, under a public housing program, whose initial lease was effective before August 1, 1982.

Utility Allowance: If the cost of utilities (except telephone) and other housing services for an assisted unit is not included in the tenant rent but is the responsibility of the family occupying the unit, an amount equal to the estimate made by a housing authority of the monthly cost of a reasonable consumption of such utilities and other services for the unit by an energy-conservative household of modest circumstances consistent with the requirements of a safe, sanitary, and healthful living environment. (24 CFR 5.603)

Utility Reimbursement: The amount, if any, by which the utility allowance for the unit, if applicable, exceeds the total tenant payment for the family occupying the unit. (24 CFR 5.603)

Very Low-Income Families: Low-income families whose incomes do not exceed 50% of the median family income for the area, as determined by the Secretary with adjustments for smaller and larger families, except that the Secretary may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 50% of the median for the areas on the basis of the Secretary's findings that such variations are necessary because of unusually high or low family incomes. Such ceilings shall be established in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture for any rural area, as defined in Section 520 of the Housing Act of 1949, taking into account the subsidy characteristics and types of programs to which such ceilings apply. (1937 Act)

Welfare Assistance: Welfare or other payments to families or individuals, based on need, that are made under programs funded by Federal, State or local governments. (24 CFR 5.603(d))

Welfare Rent: In "as-paid" welfare programs, the amount of the welfare benefit designated for shelter and utilities.

ACRONYMS

ACC	Annual Contributions Contract
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
FSS	Family Self Sufficiency (program)
HCDA	Housing and Community Development Act
HQS	Housing Quality Standards
HUD	Department of Housing and Urban Development
INS	(U.S.) Immigration and Naturalization Service
NAHA	(Cranston-Gonzalez) National Affordable Housing Act
NOFA	Notice of Funding Availability
OMB	(U.S.) Office of Management and Budget
PHA	Public Housing Agency
QHWRA	Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998
SSA	Social Security Administration
TTP	Total Tenant Payment

Appendix I

Income Limits and Deconcentration Worksheet

Development %Occupied by	Number of Units Under ACC	Number of Occupied Units	Number of Units Occupied by Very Poor Families	Number of Units Very Poor Families
-------------------------------------	--------------------------------------	-------------------------------------	---	---

%Very Poor in

Census Tract

Target Number

Number Needed of below 30% of median area income

Number Needed above 30% of median area income

Waiting list number of families Appendix 2

Resident Advisory Board Process

In order to create a Resident Advisory Board (RAB) for Boulder County Housing Authority (BCHA), a letter was randomly sent to 10% of the tenants within the Section 8 program and all of the tenants within the Public Housing program. The letter invited each tenant to become a member of the RAB and to schedule an appointment to come in and view BCHA's 5-year plan and related documents. The new members of the board were also given the opportunity to fill out a template for strategic goals of the streamlined 5-year plan.

BCHA will be meeting with the RAB in early 2005 to receive further comments and to support ongoing dialogue between the members and the Housing Authority (HA).

Since only two people responded from Louisville Housing Authority (LHA) and five responded from BCHA, both boards will be met with simultaneously. In addition, the Boulder County Housing Authority will continue to recruit RAB participants in 2005.

Comments from the Resident Advisory Board are included in the HUD Five-Year Streamlined Template.

BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING
AUTHORITY
SECTION 8 HOMEOWNERSHIP
PROGRAM

SECTION 8
HOMEOWNERSHIP HANDBOOK



Contact: Christopher Hudak
Boulder County Housing Authority
3482 North Broadway, Boulder, CO 80304
(303) 441-1544 Fax: (303) 441-1537
Email: chudak@co.boulder.co.us



TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Introduction</u>	<u>p.3</u>
1. <u>Overview of the Section 8 homeownership program</u>	<u>p.4</u>
2. <u>Roles of HUD and CHFA</u>	<u>p.4</u>
3. <u>Eligibility criteria</u>	<u>p.5</u>
4. <u>Outreach</u>	<u>p.6</u>
5. <u>Income requirements</u>	<u>p.6</u>
6. <u>Minimum cash down payment/equity requirements</u>	<u>p.7</u>
7. <u>Continuing rental assistance</u>	<u>p.7</u>
8. <u>Re-issuance of homeownership certificate</u>	<u>p.7</u>
9. <u>Homeownership counseling</u>	<u>p.8</u>
10. <u>Eligible homes</u>	<u>p.8</u>
11. <u>Inspections</u>	<u>p.9</u>
12. <u>Financing and purchasing requirements</u>	<u>p.9</u>
13. <u>Contract of sale</u>	<u>p.10</u>
14. <u>Second mortgage program</u>	<u>p.10</u>
15. <u>Co-borrower/co-signer</u>	<u>p.10</u>
16. <u>Home warranty</u>	<u>p.11</u>
17. <u>Maximum homeownership assistance term</u>	<u>p.11</u>
18. <u>BCHA policy for payment of HAP to lender</u>	<u>p.11</u>
19. <u>Homeownership expenses and allowances</u>	<u>p.11</u>
20. <u>Portability</u>	<u>p.11</u>
21. <u>Recapture</u>	<u>p.12</u>
22. <u>Sale of home</u>	<u>p.12</u>
23. <u>Mortgage default</u>	<u>p.12</u>
24. <u>Denial to move or termination of assistance</u>	<u>p.13</u>
25. <u>Supportive services</u>	<u>p.13</u>
26. <u>BCHA responsibilities</u>	<u>p.13</u>
27. <u>Section 8 homebuyer responsibilities</u>	<u>p.14</u>
28. <u>Lender responsibilities</u>	<u>p.15</u>
29. <u>Underwriting guidelines</u>	<u>p.16</u>
30. <u>Forms</u>	
• <u>Pre-qualifying application</u>	<u>p.17</u>
• <u>Income assets and obligations form</u>	<u>p.18</u>
• <u>Homebuyer's checklist</u>	<u>p.19</u>
• <u>Certification of Section 8 Homeownership Eligibility</u>	<u>p.20</u>
• <u>Statement of Homeowner Obligations</u>	<u>p.21</u>
• <u>Program Guidelines</u>	<u>p.22</u>
• <u>Flowchart</u>	<u>p.24</u>

INTRODUCTION

It's called the "American Dream." The dream is often a small bungalow surrounded by a white picket fence or a town home close to shopping and a job. Although homeownership is at a record high, the dream of purchasing one's own home isn't one that most people with disabilities, who have low-incomes, think about for very long. It's often an impossible dream, especially in today's Colorado real estate market. But the dream has come true for a few and we would like to see if it could become a reality for some others in Boulder County. This handbook is written with the hope it will assist more low-income people with disabilities and special needs to learn the process of purchasing a home using HUD homeownership Section 8 rental assistance.

Boulder County Housing Authority's (BCHA) Section 8 to Home Ownership Program (S8HOP) is a program exclusive to the Boulder County Housing Authority. The continuation of BCHA's S8HOP program is contingent upon funding through the HUD Super NOFA grant. The program will also undergo an annual review by the BCHA Board of Commissioners to determine its feasibility. Only five persons/families will receive certificates of eligibility for the program each year, and only three will be eligible to be in the process at the same time. BCHA partners with the Center for People with Disabilities, the Mental Health Center and local housing agencies to offer services to assist in the home buying process. These services include, but are not limited to, case management, counseling, budget assistance, health and employment assistance, and transportation assistance. The local service coordinators will continue to make flexible housing and case management services available after a Section 8 participant purchases a home.

BCHA's mission is to foster the availability of quality, affordable housing and related services for the residents of Boulder County. BCHA presently owns or manages or administers subsidies for a total of approximately 1,139 housing units. The PHA has been in a partnership with the City of Longmont over the past five years to offer down payment assistance to low-income, first time homebuyers. In the spring of 2001, the Housing Authority board of Housing Commissioners voted to allow the pilot for S8HOP to see if permanently disabled Section 8 tenants could buy homes in Boulder County. Since September of 2002, the Housing Authority board has approved the continuation of the S8HOP on annual basis based on evaluation of the program.

This program builds on the work accomplished by the State Department of Human Services Supportive Housing and Homeless Program (SHHP) and Hope 3. Their programs have been models for similar initiatives nationwide.

The ability to use Section 8 assistance may prove to be a key resource in purchasing a home for low-income persons with disabilities. Buying one's own home is never easy. Financial and credit checks have to be made, homeownership counseling classes taken, and never-ending paperwork must be completed. There are real estate professionals, lenders, inspectors, appraisers and a myriad of others who actively participate in the process. Finding a home in Colorado's tight housing market is difficult. Buying a

home is obviously not for the faint-hearted or the impatient, and it is not for everybody. Hopefully, this handbook will serve as an effective roadmap for those who want to take the path to homeownership.

1. Overview of the Section 8 Homeownership Program

The Boulder County Housing Authority (BCHA) received permission from HUD in September 2000 to offer a Section 8 homeownership program for people with disabilities based on HUD's final rule published September 2000. Its goal is to expand homeownership opportunities for BCHA'S Section 8 participants by assisting them in transitioning from rental assistance to homeownership using Section 8 rental assistance. BCHA is allowing as many as five (5) persons/families to purchase a home each year with up to three persons/families in the process at one time. Other interested and ready persons/families will be wait listed for the program. A lottery will be used at the start if more than three (3) households are prepared and ready at the same time. Homeownership assistance offers families a new and special housing option for families that receive Section 8 tenant-based assistance from BCHA. Current Section 8 participants who are interested in homeownership and meet BCHA/HUD program requirements are eligible to apply for the program. This handbook, along with BCHA'S administrative plan, will provide the information that an agency and participant need to navigate the process.

The Section 8 homeownership program builds on what was learned in the SSHP and Colorado Housing Assistance Corporation (CHAC) HOPE 3-homeownership program and from other homeownership programs for people with disabilities.

2. The Roles of The Federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA)

The Section 8 homeownership program is a collaborative effort between the Boulder County Housing Authority (BCHA), the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA).

BCHA administers a large HUD Section 8 rental assistance program for families, elderly and people with disabilities and other special needs; in September 2000, HUD issued a final rule that allowed Section 8s to be used for homeownership; the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority created a new loan program (*HomeAccess*) to provide very low-income people with mental and physical disabilities who cannot qualify for a mortgage with existing disability loan products the opportunity to own their own home. Together these agencies are offering the Section 8 Homeownership program.

Because of the collaborative effort between three major agencies, participants must comply with all three agencies' requirements. Every effort has been made to insure these requirements are compatible and can be addressed in the simplest way possible by those participating in this process. However, not all rules, regulations and policies may be included in this handbook.

If unforeseen conflicts arise between the requirements of these three agencies for which a determination must be made, staff from the three agencies will complete a careful review of all policies and regulations and make a joint determination to resolve the conflict.

3. Eligibility criteria

- a. The S8HOP is currently limited to participants who disabled according to HUD's definition in Section 5.609 of the CFR 24.
- b. Qualified participants may freely choose whether to continue with their rental assistance or request homeownership assistance. BCHA's briefing packet contains information on the homeownership option, which explains the program is voluntary and limited to families who are eligible under terms expressed in this handbook.
- c. If a disabled participating family wishes to pursue the homeownership option, the participating family must:
 - i. Meet the general requirements for participation in the BCHA's Section 8 tenant based program.
 - ii. Have received BCHA Section 8 rental assistance for a minimum of one year (12 consecutive months).
 - iii. Be a participant in good standing (the disabled participating family has not violated any Section 8 program regulations or policies). The disabled participating family must sign the statement of homeowner obligations and must be able to comply with the additional special requirements for homeownership assistance as specified in this handbook and BCHA'S administrative plan.
- d. This program is for first-time homebuyers. HUD defines a first-time homebuyer as any person who has not owned a "present ownership interest" in the residence of any participating family member in the last three years. BCHA follows the definition of first-time homebuyers found in the HUD regulations, 24 CFR 982.4.
- e. Once BCHA has determined an applicant is eligible according to BCHA/HUD requirements, BCHA will provide the applicant with a Section 8 homeownership certificate declaring the applicant's eligibility for this program. The certificate of eligibility is not a guarantee that the applicant will be able to purchase a home, but merely specifies that the applicant can begin the home purchasing process. The Section 8 Voucher eligibility certificate provides real estate and lending professionals information that they need to assess the applicant's Section 8 income qualifications. Other considerations such as the housing market, the applicant's credit history, current income, ability of the applicant to fulfill these requirements will determine ultimate results.

- f. There is a limit of three (3) participants to the program at any given time, and a maximum of five (5) participants in a calendar year. If more than three (3) participants are determined to be eligible from timely submitted applications, then a wait list will be established on a first come first served basis.
- g. The certificate of eligibility will estimate BCHA's housing assistance payment made on behalf of the recipient, the unit size, and other pertinent information. The certificate must be presented to the homeownership professionals (lender) who will assist the applicant in purchasing a home.
- h. Eligibility will also be based on the applicant's ability to be successful with homeownership. Credit history, ability to save or have necessary pre-closing costs available, and ability to work with staff of the S8HOP program will be considered.

4. Outreach

BCHA will market this program to all Section 8 case managers who administer BCHA's Section 8 rental assistance program and to the eligible disabled Section 8 recipients they serve. Because of the complexity of the homeownership program and the need to execute the program in an effective manner, BCHA will train the Section 8 case managers on how this program differs from the Section 8 rental assistance program and on the real estate steps needed to assist program participants in purchasing their own homes.

5. Income Requirements

- a. HUD regulations establish a minimum income standard for persons with disabilities to participate in the S8HOP. This minimum income standard is equal to the monthly Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefit amount for an individual living alone times 12. BCHA will count welfare assistance for the disabled adult participating family members who will own the home in determining whether the participating family meets the minimum income requirement.
- b. There is no employment requirement for disabled families in the Section 8 Homeownership Program.
- c. Funding from Community' Development Block Grants and other federal, state, or local funding is not prohibited.
- d. In addition to the general eligibility requirements, families with disabilities must:
 - i. Have an income equal to HUD's monthly Supplemental Social Security Income (SSI) benefit amount for an individual living alone time 12. (e.g. in 2003 this minimum income standard was \$6,624, or \$552 x 12 months.)
 - ii. Provide a minimum of \$750 or 5% of assets; whichever is greater, towards a down payment.

BCHA will review all income and other pertinent information to ensure the participant is likely to fulfill the homeownership obligations under the Section 8 homeownership program and there is a high likelihood for success. BCHA will count as income any income allowed under the Section 8 rental assistance program, including benefits as income, in calculating gross participating family contribution and monthly housing assistance payments. BCHA will consider other factors, which would allow the participating family to afford the home, such as financial gifts and grants, the cost and location of the home, etc. Lenders will conform to income requirements as specified under FHA regulations and policies. **Income from food stamps and roommates will not be counted as income but can be used as compensating factors if well documented by the lender.**

6. Minimum Cash Down Payment or Equity Requirements

BCHA requires a minimum of \$750 or 5% of assets, whichever is greater, as a down payment from the participating family. It should be noted that certain pre-closing costs could exceed \$750. Requirements for contract “earnest” money, appraisal, and home inspection are costs that the homebuyer will be responsible for before any assistance may become available. Down payment requirements for mortgage loans can come from cash assistance or participating family contribution or any source approved under FHA guidelines. BCHA works closely with non-profit agencies advancing the cause of homeownership for persons with disabilities. These agencies have been successful in accessing funds for down payment, closing and other expenses. Funding from Community Development Block Grants and other federal, state, or local funding is not prohibited. BCHA anticipates that participants in the Section 8 homeownership program, or their advocates, may apply for additional funding from these resources.

7. Continuing rental assistance if the participating family does not find a suitable house

A participating family has 120 days from the time BCHA issues a homeownership certificate to the participating family in which to find a home, secure financing and close on the purchase. BCHA may rescind the homeownership program for the participating family if it fails to execute the closing for a home within this time frame. The participating family would not lose its rental assistance if it fails to find a home within the 120 days.

8. Re-issuance of homeownership certificate

If the participating family has not closed on the purchase of a home within the one hundred and twenty -(120)-day time frame, the participating family may make a written request to BCHA to extend the certification of eligibility. The participating family must submit its written request to extend the certification of eligibility ten (10) days before the expiration date on the certificate. If the participating family has made reasonable progress towards finding a home, securing financing and closing on a property, the participating

family may qualify for a sixty- (60)-day extension of the certificate of eligibility. Extension of the certification of eligibility is granted at the discretion of the BCHA and, BCHA will notify the participating family of its decision ten (10) days after the expiration date on the certificate.

If the participating family still has not closed within the new extended time frame, the participating family may request re-certification of eligibility by submitting a new Application for Section 8 Voucher Program Homeownership Assistance form to BCHA. If BCHA determines that the participating family is still eligible for the program, the participating family will have to go to the end of the wait list for the S8HOP program list before becoming an eligible participant in the program again. If the participating family's certification for the homeownership education classes has expired during this period of time, the participating family will need to attend the classes again. Please see the following section (9) on homeownership counseling.

If participating family income or composition information changes during the certified search period, the participating family must report this information to their BCHA Section 8 Housing Occupancy Assistant so that BCHA may update the HUD 50058 form information and verify this information for the agency's file.

9. Homeownership counseling

BCHA realizes the importance of homeownership counseling for participants in this program. Specialized homeownership counseling tailored to special needs populations has been one of the principal ingredients in the success of homebuyers participating in the SSHP/CHAC HOPE 3 and Wells Fargo programs. In this Section 8 homeownership program, all homebuyers must attend homeownership education classes that meet FHA guidelines and are provided by Colorado Housing Finance Authority (CHFA) approved agencies. Per CHFA program directives, families with members who are persons with disabilities must complete pre-purchase homeownership counseling prior to executing a purchase contract. These classes will contain information on home maintenance, budgeting and money management, credit counseling, negotiating the purchase price of a home, financing a home, and finding a home in an area that does not have a high concentration of low-income families. All classes approved for this program will be tailored to participants' needs and disabilities. BCHA will also provide a variety of post-closing education strategies to assist participants in maintaining homeownership stability.

10. Eligible homes

A participating family may choose an existing home or one under construction. The home must be considered "real estate". Newly constructed homes are eligible for assistance if the construction is finished when the participating family completes the purchase transaction. The term "under construction" means that the basement or the footings/slab has been poured at the time the participating family enters into the contract of sale. BCHA will also consider for assistance other eligible units identified under the final rule including cooperatives, lease-purchase agreements and any housing where the participating family will not also own fee title to the real property on which the home is

located. The participating family must have the right to occupy the site for a minimum of 40 years and the home must have a permanent foundation for this last option. BCHA will follow HUD final rule requirements in implementing any of these homeownership options. Utilization of these homeownership options will be contingent upon availability of financing products consistent with HUD regulations and BCHA's administrative plan. **Signed contracts and/or closing documents must not allow an increase in the home price without BCHA approval.**

11. Inspections

The participating family must hire an independent, ASHI Certified, professional home inspector to perform a visual inspection and produce a written report for the buyer with a copy to the homeownership coordinator of the condition of the property for the buyer. This must be completed by the date specified in the contract to purchase real estate. The purpose of this examination is to describe observable major defects that require repairs. This is not a Housing Quality Standards inspection.

The participating family selects the professional home inspector and the participating family may select only an ASHI Certified home inspector. BCHA and the participating family may discuss the results of the inspection. The participating family and BCHA must determine if any pre-purchase repairs are necessary.

The home chosen by the participating family must also pass an initial BCHA/HUD Housing Quality Standards (HQS) inspection, which is the same HQS inspection, used for the rental assistance program. BCHA'S trained local housing coordinators will conduct the HQS inspection when the home is 100% ready for occupancy. Because of the supportive service nature of this program, coordinators may also conduct HQS inspections on an annual basis for two (2) years after purchase, and on an as-needed basis if a homeowner is experiencing problems maintaining their home.

12. Financing and purchasing requirements

Lenders in this pilot program are Citywide Financial (303-365-4055), Commercial Federal (303-202-5328), and US Bank (303-331-1088). The Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA) selected these lenders based on their experience in lending for the disabled and special needs communities and performing hardship loans. For this pilot program, CHFA will buy the loans from the approved lenders and service the loans. BCHA will make the assistance payment directly to CHFA.

It is the responsibility of the participating family to secure its own financing for the home purchase from a lender approved by CHFA. BCHA will not directly or indirectly reduce Section 8 for a participating family and a participating family may contact any lender it wishes as long as that lender has been approved for this program by CHFA. BCHA will provide a lender list and their local contacts to those who are eligible for the program.

Borrowers with Section 8 assistance may use this rental assistance to help them qualify for a mortgage. By underwriting it this way, the participating family will have other

sources of income for other bills, living expenses and the amount of the remaining mortgage payment after the Section 8 assistance reduction has been applied.

There are two methods for underwriting this type of loan. In one method assistance may be applied directly against their mortgage payment, therefore allowing the borrower to qualify for a higher first mortgage. In this case, FHA insurance is not available and a 20% down payment may be required.

The other underwriting option includes “grossing up” income by 25% and using FHA front end and back end ratios to determine loan amount. This method may require only 3% down payment and FHA insurance would be available.

Lenders must consider public assistance, employment, or other income allowed in the Section 8 rental assistance program as income for the Section 8 homeownership program. Lenders must consider these sources of income when qualifying a participating family for a house payment. However, Section 8 housing assistance itself may be used as a direct reduction or “buy down” of the house payment and not as a source of income where 20% down payment is available.

There is no prohibition against using local or state Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) or other subsidized financing in conjunction with the Section 8 homeownership program.

CHFA/BCHA will review seller financing on a case-by case basis. CHFA/BCHA requires a maximum loan to value consistent with FHA guidelines and prohibits balloon payments.

13. Contract of sale

The participating family enters into a contract of sale with the seller. The participating family becomes obligated for the whole mortgage payment in event of termination of assistance.

14. Second mortgage program

Based on need, CHFA’s Home Finance Division may provide funds to assist borrowers with down payment assistance. The second mortgage would be due in full upon sale or refinancing of the property, transfer of title, death of the borrower (although there are survivor rights), and when the home is no longer the participating family’s primary residence. Other “third, fourth or more” mortgages may be stacked with current loans depending on the program.

15. Co borrower/co-signer

These terms are often used interchangeably. Under BCHA’S Section 8 program, a co-borrower is a participating family member (HUD’s definition) living in the unit whose

income and debts, along with those of the borrower, are included in calculating qualifying income.

Under BCHA'S Section 8 program, a non-occupying co-signer can sign the Note, which makes the co-signer obligated to repay the loan should the borrower default. A co-signer does not take title to the property but simply adds strength and support to the loan. The co-signer cannot sign the Deed of Trust or the Warranty Deed. Only the Section 8 purchaser may hold title to the property while the purchaser receives Section 8 assistance. A good example of a co-signer is a parent who co-signs on the Note so a son or daughter can purchase a home.

16. Home warranty

Participants are encouraged to research this option.

17. Maximum homeownership assistance term

As set forth in Section 982.634 of the 24 CFR, the maximum term of assistance does not apply to disabled families.

18. BCHA policy for payment of the HAP to the participating family or lender

Since Section 8 funding is subject to annual appropriations, BCHA cannot guarantee that assistance will be available for 30 years.

BCHA pays the monthly homeownership assistance payment on behalf of the participating family that is equal to the lower of a) the payment standard minus the total tenant payment; or b) the participating family's monthly homeownership expenses minus the total tenant payment. This housing assistance payment will be made directly to CHFA via an electronic housing assistance payment (HAP) to CHFA on behalf of the buyer. CHFA will access the participant's portion from the participant's bank account. CHFA will combine BCHA'S HAP payment and the participant's portion of the payment for the total mortgage payment.

19. Homeownership expenses and allowances

Homeownership expenses are considered to be the amount paid by the participating family for the principle, interest and taxes and, if needed, the mortgage insurance premium (PITI) and Home Owner Associations Fees plus BCHA'S utility allowance standard. One percent of the purchase price of the home is used to add a home repair/reserve amount to other allowances.

20. Portability

Portability under this program will follow the policies established in the Housing Choice Program Section 8.0 of BCHA's Administrative Plan. If a participating family is eligible

for portability to another state, the participating family may select a home in the jurisdiction of another PHA, if the receiving PHA is approving units under the Section 8 Homeownership option. The receiving PHA may absorb the participating family into their Section 8 program or bill the initial PHA for the housing assistance payments. The receiving PHA will arrange for any necessary counseling. The receiving PHA homeownership policies will apply to the portable participating family.

21. Recapture

BCHA will not recapture voucher homeownership assistance on the sale or refinancing of a home purchased under its Section 8 Homeownership program. However, program participants may be subject to IRS recapture provisions, and those of any other lenders or programs, in which BCHA may partner in the future. It is imperative that the owner notifies BCHA and CHFA of any sale or refinancing plans.

22. Sale of home

The participating family may not sell the home unless BCHA has approved the sale.

23. Mortgage default

BCHA uses the same guidelines as FHA when a loan goes into default. That is, if a borrower has been foreclosed on and loses the home, the borrower must wait at least three years and reestablish good credit history (most likely rental history) before the borrower can get another mortgage loan. Also BCHA requires that the borrower take homeownership education classes again and have a non-profit homeownership counselor work with the participating family before the participating family may reapply. Reapplication will only be permitted if BCHA continues to have SH8OP.

Lenders have questioned what will happen to the home if the participant stops making payments. BCHA will be in monthly contact with CHFA to ensure all participants are current in payments. The participating family must sign an agreement to allow CHFA and BCHA to share information regarding the homeownership process and documents. If, at some point, a participant is delinquent in making a payment BCHA will notify the participant or their sponsoring agency to see if the matter can be resolved.

If a participating family becomes delinquent on their mortgage, the BCHA's Housing Counseling program may offer counseling to avert a possible foreclosure. Per HUD's Section 982.638, BCHA "must terminate voucher homeownership assistance for any member of participating family receiving homeownership assistance that is dispossessed from the home pursuant to a judgment or order of foreclosure on any mortgage (whether FHA-insured or non-FHA) securing debt incurred to the purchase the home, or any refinancing of such debt." BCHA, in its discretion, may permit the participating family to move to a new unit with continued voucher rental assistance. Any decision to deny rental is based on Section 8 Voucher Program rental assistance regulations and policies as addressed in that section of administrative plan.

24. Denial to move or termination of assistance payments

At any time, BCHA may deny permission to move, or continue with housing assistance payments at the current location, in accordance with Section 982.552 including termination of assistance for violation of any participating family obligations described in Section 982.632 and as addressed in BCHA'S administrative plan. Failure to comply with scheduled mortgage payments and/or policies and regulations in BCHA'S administrative plan and CHFA or HUD/FHA regulations may initiate normal foreclosure processes.

25. Supportive services

BCHA'S program strengths and successes lie in its partnerships with local service providers. The local agencies' housing coordinators provide BCHA'S housing participants with a myriad of flexible services of choice to enable participants the best opportunities to succeed. These services include, to name a few, case management, counseling, budget assistance, health and employment assistance. The housing counselors go beyond just administering the homeownership program at the local level. They provide tenant counseling and build collaborative, long-standing relationships with the participants and their community resources. They will continue to offer case management and other services after a Section 8 participant purchases a home.

BCHA will also provide continuing monitoring of the Section 8 homeownership program. BCHA maintains a professional relationship with supportive agencies.

26. Boulder County Housing Authority S8HOP Responsibilities. BCHA will:

- A. Provide information on homeownership through its briefing packet
- B. Determine the eligibility of a Section 8 rental assisted participating family to participate in the Section 8 homeownership program which includes:
 - 1. A participating family must meet the general requirements for participation in the BCHA'S Section 8 tenant based program
 - 2. Have received BCHA Section 8 rental assistance for a minimum of one year, and
 - 3. Be a participant in good standing (the participating family has not violated any Section 8 program regulations or policies)
 - 4. The participating family must also be able to comply with the additional special requirements for homeownership assistance as specified in this handbook and BCHA'S administrative plan
- C. Assess the buyer's ability to provide \$750 or 5% of assets, whichever is greater, of his/her own income
- D. Determine initial affordability of the home based on financing package and any inspection repair costs
- E. Review credit history to determine readiness
- F. Issue a Section 8 homeownership eligibility certificate

- G. Use BCHA'S utility allowance schedule applicable to BCHA'S Section 8 rental assistance program
- H. Use BCHA'S payment standards (PS) applicable to Section 8 rental assistance program. The PS is based on the lower of the participating family size or the payment standard for the size of the home. If the home is located in an exception rent area, BCHA will use the appropriate payment standard for the area
- I. Issue the lender a final estimate of BCHA housing assistance payment before closing
- J. Make housing assistance payments to CHFA based on the lower of total payment standard minus the participant's total homeownership payment (THP) or monthly homeownership expenses minus the total homeownership payment (THP)
- K. Make an electronic housing assistance payment (HAP) to CHFA on or before the first of every month on behalf of the participant. CHFA will take BCHA'S HAP payment and the participant's portion of the payment for the total mortgage payment
- L. Notify CHFA of any changes in payments
- M. Reexamine, at least annually, the homeowner's income and participating family composition to determine appropriate payments and make adjustments as necessary
- N. Determine if participating family can be issued or continue with their present rental voucher if suitable home and/or financing is not obtained by the deadline provided to participating family
- O. Determine if participating family who has defaulted in this program will be allowed to reapply for the program
- P. Determine any requirements for continuation of homeownership assistance based upon Section 8 rental assistance rules and policies as stated in its Section 8 administrative plan
- Q. Do not allow any recapture provisions in the sales contract unless there are recapture provisions associated with the participating family's home financing
- R. Approve a live-in aide if needed and if a reasonable accommodation is requested in writing
- S. Maintain a record of the families participating in the homeownership program and provide HUD with requested data
- T. Assist the homeowner as much as possible to dispose of the home in event of foreclosure

27. Section 8 homebuyer responsibilities. The disabled participating family must:

- A. Have been receiving Section 8 rental assistance through BCHA for a minimum of one year
- B. Be a Section 8 recipient in good standing; i.e., the participating family has not violated any Section 8 program regulations or policies
- C. Meet the HUD definition of first time homebuyer
- D. Meet all eligibility criteria as specified in this handbook and BCHA'S administrative plan and flow chart

- E. Enter into a Statement of Homeowner Obligations Agreement prescribed by BCHA and HUD and comply with provisions within that agreement.
- F. Have the contract to purchase the home approved by BCHA before signing.
- G. Agree to use the home as their sole residence and have no homeownership interest in any other residence
- H. Comply with all CHFA approved lender requirements and FHA regulations
- I. Attend homeownership counseling prior to purchase and post-purchase (if necessary), which is offered by CHFA qualified counseling providers
- J. Secure the participating family's own financing through a CHFA approved lender under this Section 8 program
- K. Be able to make their portion of the monthly payment
- L. Be able to make their portion of house payment electronically to CHFA every month between the 1st and 5th of the month
- M. Sign a release (the Statement of Homeowner Obligations) allowing BCHA to exchange information on the borrower with CHFA, originating lender, and realtor regarding the loan
- N. Provide a minimum borrower contribution towards a down payment of at least \$750 or 5% of assets; whichever is greater.
- O. Find and close on a home within 120 days (after homeownership certificate is issued) unless extended by BCHA
- P. Report on progress in locating a unit at such intervals and times as determined by BCHA
- Q. Enter into a sales contract with the seller
- R. Secure an independent, professional ASHI Certified home inspector to inspect the home and a HUD Housing Quality Standards inspection; and submit the reports to BCHA
- S. Agree to maintain the condition of the home to comply with minimum HUD Housing Quality Standards (HQS) and to have a HQS inspection of the home *before* closing.
- T. Acknowledge that termination of assistance for failure to comply will follow termination process as stated in HUD Section 8 rental assistance regulations and BCHA'S Section 8 rental assistance and homeownership administrative plans
- U. Acknowledge that participating family becomes obligated for the whole mortgage payment in event of termination of assistance

28. Lender responsibilities. Lenders must:

- A. Be an approved Colorado Housing Finance Authority (CHFA) lender
- B. Comply with BCHA and CHFA's requirements for financing the purchase of a home assisted under this program
- C. Comply with the basic mortgage insurance credit underwriting requirements for FHA insured single participating family mortgage loans
- D. Consider all participating family income as income which qualifies the participating family for a house payment (excluding the Section 8 housing assistance payment made by BCHA)

- E. Consider Section 8 housing assistance paid by BCHA as a direct reduction or buy down of the house payment and not as a source of income
- F. Submit a Good Faith Estimate to BCHA prior to closing
- G. Report any late (payment not received within 15 days of due date) payment to BCHA

29. Underwriting Guidelines:

- A. Applicant has met BCHA'S eligibility standards and is disabled
- B. Standard FHA guidelines prevail for the underwriting process
- C. Down payment and other needed expenses may come from grants, loans or gifts per FHA guidelines
- D. Co-signer is acceptable
- E. Gross up of SSI and SSDI according to FHA guidelines
- F. Applicant must have good traditional credit; in the absence of traditional credit, alternate types of credit may be used according to FHA guidelines (e.g., rental payments of 12 months or more)
- G. \$750 or 5% of assets, whichever is higher, is minimum down payment
- H. 5% down can come from cash assistance or participating family contribution
- I. Education classes required: 7 ½ - 8 hours pre-purchase; 1 hour one-on-one and up to 4 hours post-purchase counseling
- J. Required inspection by ASHI Certified professional inspector (this is not an HQS inspection)
- K. Rehab dollars can be put into first mortgage if available
- L. Repairs or rehab needed for disability may be included in the loan if value supports inclusion and falls under FHA guidelines.

**Boulder County Housing Authority Section
Eight to Homeownership Program**

**PRE-QUALIFYING APPLICATION FORM
Section 8 Homeownership Program**

To be completed by the buyer and submitted to housing coordinator/BCHA:

Borrower _____ Social Security Number _____

Service Provider _____ Contact Person _____

If there is a co-borrower please complete the following:

Co-borrower _____ Social Security Number _____

Borrower's current address (include city, state, zip, county)

Borrower's

Previous address if less than 2 years _____

Current phone _____ Fax _____ E-mail _____

Relationship between borrower and co-borrower? Spouse _____ Other _____

Explain _____

Household Members _____

Name and address of current landlord (include city, state, zip and phone number)

Borrower's monthly housing rent? _____ Borrower's payment _____ BCHA'S
payment _____

Is borrower a first time homebuyer? Yes _____ No _____

(please explain) _____

Does borrower need accessible unit? Yes _____ No _____ Explain _____

Does borrower have any additional financial assistance? _____ Yes _____ No

If yes, specify _____

INCOME, ASSETS AND OBLIGATIONS

If more room is needed, please use extra sheets as necessary.

To be completed by the buyer and submitted to Housing Coordinator/BCHA. Complete a separate sheet for borrower and co-borrower.

Borrower _____ Co-borrower _____ Co-signer _____

Sources of borrower's income

Source _____ Amount per month _____

Source _____ Amount per month _____

Source _____ Amount per month _____

Source _____ Amount per month _____

Employer _____

Address _____

Phone, fax, e-mail _____

Your position _____ Years on job _____

Total monthly income _____

Current Section 8 housing assistance payment _____

Assets

Does borrower have a checking account? Yes _____ No _____ Amount _____

Does borrower have a savings account? Yes _____ No _____ Amount _____

Obligations

Does borrower have a credit card(s)? Yes _____ No _____ Owed _____

Does borrower have installment loans? Yes _____ No _____ Owed _____

Other information

Does borrower have any outstanding judgments? Yes _____ No _____

Specify _____

Has borrower declared bankruptcy within the past 7 years? Yes _____ No _____

Specify _____

Is the borrower financially responsible for child support or alimony? Yes _____ No _____

Specify _____

Is the borrower a defendant or plaintiff in a lawsuit? Yes _____ No _____

Specify _____

Is any portion of your down payment borrowed? Yes _____ No _____ Amount _____

From whom _____

Is the borrower a co-maker or endorser on a note? Yes _____ No _____

Specify _____

Is the borrower presently delinquent or in default on any debt or loan, mortgage, financial obligation, bond or loan guarantee? Yes _____ No _____

Signature _____ Date _____

HOMEBUYER CHECKLIST

This form is for the borrower's use. It should not be completed and returned to BCHA.

When you apply for a home mortgage loan, you (and the co-buyer if one is being used) will need to provide the lender all of the following information. Please ensure it is complete and up-to-date (within the past 90 days).

____ Two of your most recent pay stubs. Include year to date (YTD) from your present employer(s) and/or documentation of any other forms of income. These are also needed for anyone else who will reside in your new home.

____ Documentation of Social Security benefits

____ One year documentation of child support payments

____ Bank statements for all accounts from last three months

____ W-2s and complete income tax returns for the last 3 years

____ Names, addresses, account numbers and balances of all checking and savings accounts.

____ Drivers license and social security card

____ Names, addresses, account numbers, balances and monthly payments on all installment debts; include charge cards, car loans, student loans, child care expenses and child support payments

____ Names and addresses of landlords for last 2 years

____ Complete divorce decree

____ Bankruptcy papers

____ Consumer Credit Counseling papers

____ Papers on any pending matter

____ Proof of immigration status if not U.S. citizen

**Boulder Count Housing Authority
CERTIFICATION OF SECTION 8 HOMEOWNERSHIP ELIGIBILITY**

Lender note: this is an estimate only

*****PARTICIPANT NOTE: THIS IS NOT A LOAN COMMITMENT*****

This document is completed by BCHA and sent to the Housing Coordinator/Participant. Participant provides this to the lender as verification of eligibility. A final form will be completed after BCHA obtains evidence of a signed contract, income verifications, utilities and underwriting criteria from the lender. BCHA will review PITI and other homeownership expenses to determine BCHA's monthly payment to the lender.

PARTICIPANT NAME _____

SPONSORING AGENCY _____

UNIT SIZE (Number of bedrooms authorized for assistance) _____

GROSS ANNUAL INCOME (Sum of income below) _____

Sources:	Pension	_____
	Own Business	_____
	Social Security	_____
	Military Pay	_____
	SSI	_____
	TANF	_____
	General Assistance	_____
	Wages	_____
	Child Support	_____
	Unemployment Benefits	_____
	Assets	_____
	Other	_____

BCHA PAYMENT-Based on the participant's current income and monthly rental expenses, the maximum allowable Section 8 assistance which may be applied to mortgage payment is: \$ _____ (*estimate only*)

COMMENTS

DATE OF ISSUE (Date certificate issued to participating family)

EXPIRATION DATE- 120 days from the issue of the Certificate of Eligibility.

Deadline for purchasing a home: _____

EXTENDED EXPIRATION DATE (Granted on case-by case basis) _____

Signature of BCHA Official

Date

Signature of Participating family Head of Household

Date

STATEMENT OF HOMEOWNER OBLIGATIONS

The Participating family must:

- A. Have been receiving Section 8 rental assistance through BCHA for a minimum of one year
- B. Be a Section 8 recipient in good standing; i.e., the participating family has not violated any Section 8 program requirements
- C. Meet HUD first time homebuyer definition
- D. Meet all eligibility criteria as specified in this handbook and BCHA'S administrative plan
- E. Enter into this Statement of Homeowner Obligations Agreement prescribed by HUD and comply with provisions within this agreement
- F. Agree to use the home as their sole residence
- G. Comply with all CHFA and FHA lender requirements
- H. Attend homeownership counseling prior-to-purchase and post-purchase, which is offered by CHFA qualified counseling providers
- I. Secure the participating family's own financing through a CHFA approved lender
- J. Be able to make the monthly payment of the participating family's portion of the mortgage
- K. Allow their portion of the payment to be collected by CHFA through a mandatory electronic withdrawal
- L. Make funds available for electronic withdrawal between the 1st and 5th of the month
- M. Sign a release (this form) allowing BCHA to exchange information on the borrower with CHFA, the originating lender and realtor regarding the loan
- N. Provide a minimum borrower contribution of at least \$750 or 5% of assets, whichever is greater toward down payment
- O. Find and close on a home within 120 days unless recertified by BCHA
- P. Report on progress in locating a unit at such intervals and times as determined by BCHA
- Q. Report to BCHA before entering into a sales contract with the seller to determine affordability of the home
- R. Have BCHA approval of contract, prior to signing a contract to purchase a home
- S. Enter into a sales contract with the seller
- T. Secure an independent ASHI Certified professional home inspector to inspect the home and report to BCHA
- U. Agree to maintain the condition of the home to comply with minimum HUD Housing Quality Standards (HQS)
- V. Acknowledge that termination of assistance for failure to comply will follow termination process as stated in HUD Section 8 rental assistance regulations and BCHA'S Section 8 rental assistance and homeownership administrative plans
- W. Acknowledge that participating family becomes obligated for the whole mortgage payment in event of termination of assistance
- X. Agree the participating family may not sell the home unless BCHA has approved the sale.

Signature

Date

NOTE: Your signature on this page signifies your agreement to the Statement of Homeowner Obligations and Program Guidelines.

PROGRAM GUIDELINES

- 1) Boulder County Housing Authority (BCHA) has determined that the above-named participating family is eligible to participate in the Section 8 homeownership program. Under this program, the participating family has 120 days to conduct a housing search to include contacting lenders and real estate professionals and locating an appropriate home for purchase.
- 2) During the initial or extended term of this certificate, BCHA may require the participating family to report progress in locating a home at such intervals and times as determined, including pre-contract approval of the purchase.
- 3) If the lender agrees to finance the home purchase and the buyer closes on a contract with the seller, BCHA will make its portion of monthly assistance payments on behalf of the participating family.
- 4) BCHA'S payment, based on the program's regulations and policies, will be made by BCHA to the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA) between the 1st and 5th of each month via electronic deposit.
- 5) The buyer is responsible for paying the participating family's portion of the mortgage to CHFA between the 1st and 5th of each month through electronic transfer of funds.
- 6) BCHA determines the amount of the monthly housing assistance payment to be paid based on program regulations. Generally, the monthly housing assistance payment is based on the lower of the total payment standard minus the participant's total homeownership payment (THP) or monthly homeownership expenses minus the total homeownership payment.
- 7) BCHA is under no obligation to the participating family, to any lender, or to any other person, to approve any purchase unless it meets all requirements as outlined in HUD regulations and BCHA'S administrative plan governing this program.
- 8) BCHA does not have any liability to any party by the issuance of this certificate of homeownership interest.
- 9) Section 8 funding is subject to annual appropriations.
- 10) This certificate is not a guarantee that the participating family will be able to purchase a home under this program. The participating family becomes a participant in the program when the purchase of a home is closed under the program's rules, regulations and policies, and CHFA begins receiving payments from both BCHA and the participating family.
- 11) Section 8 homeownership applicant and participant responsibilities. The individual/participating family shall:
 - a. Have received Section 8 rental assistance through BCHA for a minimum of one year.
 - b. Be a Section 8 recipient in good standing; i.e., the participating family has not violated any Section 8 program regulations or policies.
 - c. Be a first-time homebuyer as defined by HUD and FHA guidelines.
 - d. Meet all eligibility criteria as specified in the program handbook and BCHA'S administrative plan.
 - e. Enter into a Statement of Homeowner Obligations Agreement and comply with provisions within that agreement.

- f. Agree to follow the “flow chart” of the home buying process.
 - g. Agree to use the home as their sole residence, nor other homeownership interest in any other home.
 - h. Comply with all CHFA approved lender requirements and FHA regulations.
 - i. Attend homeownership counseling prior to purchase and post purchase. Counseling is offered by CHFA qualified counseling providers.
 - j. Provide cash down payment of at least \$750 or 5% of assets, whichever is greater.
 - k. Secure the participating family’s own financing through a CHFA approved lender under this Section 8 Program.
 - l. Secure a HUD Housing Quality Standards (HQS) and independent, ASHI Certified, professional home inspection of the home.
 - m. Receive BCHA approval before signing a sales contract to purchase.
 - n. Find and enter into a sales contract with the seller on a home within 120 days unless waived by BCHA.
 - o. Make the participating family’s portion of house payment every month to the Colorado Housing and Finance Authority (CHFA) via electronic payment between the 1st and 5th of each month.
 - p. Sign a release (Statement of Homeowner Obligations) allowing BCHA to exchange information on the borrower with CHFA, USDA/RD (where necessary), originating lender and realtor regarding the loan.
 - q. Acknowledge that termination of assistance for failure to comply will follow termination process as stated in HUD Section 8 rental assistance and homeownership rules and regulations and BCHA’S’ administrative plan.
 - r. Acknowledge that the participating family becomes obligated for the whole mortgage payment in event of termination of assistance.
 - s. Agree to maintain the condition of the home to comply with minimum HUD Housing Quality Standards (HQS).
- 12) **Illegal Discrimination:** If the participating family has reason to believe that, in its search for suitable housing it has been discriminated against on the basis of age, race, color, religion, sex, disability, national origin, or familial status, the participating family may file a housing discrimination complaint with any HUD Field Office in person, by mail, or by telephone. BCHA will give the participating family information on how to fill out and file a complaint.
- 13) **Expiration and Extension:** The certificate will expire on the date stated on the bottom of page one unless the participating family requests an extension in writing ten (10) business days before the expiration date and BCHA grants a written extension. If a standard sixty- (60)-day extension is granted, the extension date must appear in the space provided on the certificate. The written request for an extension does not guarantee that BCHA will grant the extension. The extension of the certificate is at the discretion of the BCHA, who will respond to the request within 10 business days of the certificate’s expiration date.
- 14) **Agreement:** By signature above, the participant participating family agrees to all terms and conditions set forth in this homeownership assistance Document.

Signature

Date

**FLOW CHART for the
SECTION 8 HOMEOWNERSHIP PROGRAM (S8HOP)**

NOTE: BCHA must have received all of the paperwork (underlined below) in order to certify a potential homebuyer and later make a mortgage payment on behalf of the homebuyer.

1. No more than three persons/families will be certified at one time in the program. Other eligible persons/families will be on a wait list. If one of the first three persons/families purchases a home or discontinues the program, the next person on the wait list will be called. A maximum of five home purchases will be permitted in one year. Eligibility will be based on the following criteria: a tenant in good standing with BCHA for one year, borrower or participating family member has a permanent disability and ability to purchase a home within four (4) months, 120 days. Date of your completed application will determine your position on the wait list.
2. Housing coordinator briefs person/participating family interested in homeownership.
3. Interested participating family fills out pre-qualifying and income/assets/obligations forms and returns to BCHA. They obtain their free credit report.
4. BCHA reviews submitted forms and credit report to determine eligibility.
5. If an applicant was in the last cycle of eligible participants, did not complete the process and purchase a home and was determined by BCHA to be eligible again, the applicant will have to go to the end of the wait for the S8HOP program list before becoming an eligible participant in the program again.
6. Housing Counselor requests a 58 form from Section Eight staff to verify HAP and TTP.
7. If eligible and next on the waitlist, BCHA will issue the Section Eight tenant a “Certification of Section 8 Homeownership Eligibility”. This allows the certificate holder four months (120 days) to place a home under contract or the holder loses the certification. The issuance of a certificate does not guarantee a home purchase will be possible.
8. If the Section 8 tenant has not placed a home under contract within the four months duration of the “Certificate of Section 8 Homeownership Eligibility” and would like to request an extension of the certificate, the tenant must notify the BCHA Housing Counselor in writing ten (10) days *before* the expiration date of the certificate. This written request for an extension does not guarantee that BCHA will grant the request. If the participating family has made reasonable

progress towards finding a home, securing financing and closing on a purchase, the participating family may qualify for a standard, sixty- (60)-day search period extension of the certificate of eligibility. Extension of the certification of eligibility is granted at the discretion of the BCHA. And, BCHA will notify the participating family of its decision ten (10) days after the expiration date on the certificate.

9. Participating family signs and returns Statement of Homeownership Obligations, Flow Chart and Certificate of Eligibility to BCHA.
10. When you are given the certificate of eligibility you will be given Program Guidelines, Statement of Homeownership Obligations and a list of homeownership counseling agencies (applicant or housing coordinator may check CHFA homepage at www.colohfa.org for up-to-date counseling list).
11. Selected participating family gets “re-certified” by Section Eight Staff.
12. Homebuyer takes required homeownership training classes from a CHFA approved agency. On satisfactory completion of the homeownership-training course, the homebuyer sends a copy of the home ownership education certificate to BCHA. This Course must be completed before a contract is placed on a home.
13. Homebuyer meets with one of the designated lenders to get a good faith estimate of what purchase price they can shop for in a home. Homebuyer provides necessary income and other documentation to CHFA-approved *HomeAccess* lender. (i.e., Citywide Financial – 303 365-4055; Commercial Federal – 303 202-5328; and US Bank –303 331-1088)
14. Lender pre-approves the homebuyer based on documentation required by lender.
15. Homebuyer begins preliminary discussions with real estate professional or affordable housing providers. This may require further orientations and income qualifications.
16. Before signing a sales contract on a home, the homebuyer must have BCHA Housing Counselor approval.
17. Once the home is placed under contract, the Homebuyer contacts and pays for a professional ASHI certified home inspector to conduct a home inspection.
18. Homebuyer sends completed inspection report to BCHA housing counselor; BCHA reviews/approves inspection report.
19. A “Request for tenancy approval” form is filled out and sent to Section Eight staff.
20. Lender submits Good Faith Estimate of Settlement Costs to BCHA.

21. BCHA prepares final payment standard calculation and worksheet calculation and submits to lender
22. Housing Quality Standard (HQS) inspection completed by housing coordinator
NOTE: This MUST be completed prior to homebuyer taking occupancy of home.
Home must pass HQS.
23. Homebuyer closes on home.
24. Coordinator/homebuyer sends copy of both the contract of sale and the HUD 1 Settlement Form to BCHA Housing counselor.
25. The homebuyer's Section 8 Occupancy Assistant will complete a 58, which is based on the contract and HUD 1 Form, and send it to the Housing Counselor for completion of the final worksheet calculation form. This form will then be sent to CHFA and the BCHA accounting staff.
26. BCHA and homebuyer set up mortgage payments.
27. Home Owner makes an appointment with the Housing Counselor for final budget counseling.

The above flow chart has been read and understood by the S8HOP participant.

Signature of Eligible Section Eight to Home Ownership Participant.

Date

Any questions? Contact Christopher Hudak 303-441-1544 Fax 303-441-1537 or e-mail chudak@co.boulder.co.us 10/04

October 04

BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY
FAMILY SELF-SUFFICIENCY PROGRAM
ACTION PLAN

Revised September 2004

Table of Contents

Family Self-Sufficiency Program Overview.....	3
Family Demographics.....	4
Estimated Number of Participating Families.....	4
Eligible Families from Other Self-Sufficiency Programs.....	5
FSS Family Selection Procedures.....	5
Incentives to Encourage Participation.....	6
Outreach Efforts.....	7
FSS Activities and Supportive Services.....	7
Method for Identification of Family Support Needs.....	8
Policy for Termination or Withholding Assistance and Supportive Services.....	9
Assurance of Non-interference with Rights of Non-participating Families.....	9
Timetable for Implementation.....	9
Certification of Coordination.....	10
Attachments A, B, C.....	11
Appendix A.....	12

Family Self-Sufficiency Program Overview

The Boulder County Housing Authority (BCHA) operates a Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS) Program throughout its jurisdiction. BCHA's FSS program was created in 1984 as part of a federal HUD pilot program (Project Self-Sufficiency) that offered eligible low-income families the opportunity to receive a wide array of coordinated services designed to help them attain economic independence. Since 1988, BCHA's FSS program has been fully funded and organized locally.

The FSS program helps participants set training and educational goals that will lead to better paying jobs. Participants may receive assistance with tuition, childcare, housing, transportation, and personal support. FSS combines Section 8 rental assistance, case management, and the coordination of services to help participating households achieve economic self-sufficiency.

1. Family demographics – a description of the number, size, characteristics and other demographics (including racial and ethnic data), and the supportive service needs of the families expected to participate in the FSS program

- **Family Demographics:**

The PSS families that participate in our program are primarily white, non-Hispanic, female-headed households. A majority of participants are going to school and/or working and have an average of two (2) children per family. Demographic data is current as of September 2004.

Ethnicity

White: 62%

Hispanic: 23%

Black: 8%

Native American: 5%

Asian: 2%

Gender (Head of Household)

Male: 4 individuals (7%)

Female: 56 individuals (93%)

Disability (Head of Household)

Disabled: 2 individuals (3%)

Non-Disabled: 58 individuals (97%)

- **Supportive service needs of families in the FSS program:**

- Community Colleges
- GED classes
- Vocational Training
- Career Counseling
- Child care
- Family/individual counseling
- Parenting Classes
- Money Management
- Job Placement
- Skills Assessment
- Transportation Assistance

2. Estimated Number of Participating Families – a description of the number of eligible FSS families who can reasonably be expected to receive supportive services under the FSS program.

BCHA's mandated allocation for the FSS program at the beginning of 2004 was 74 slots for Section 8 voucher holders. Additional voluntary spots will be opened based on staff caseload availability and the degree to which FSS escrow is impacting the per-unit cost for the Section 8 program.

3. Eligible Families from Other Self-Sufficiency Programs – If applicable, the number of families who are participating in other self-sufficiency programs who are expected to execute an FSS Contract of Participation (COP).

A preference is given to households porting to or being absorbed by BCHA's FSS program that were actively involved and in good standing with the originating Housing Authority's FSS program.

4. FSS Family Selection Procedures – A statement of the procedures to be used to select families for FSS participation in accordance with HUD-required family selection procedures.

- **Eligibility:** All current Section 8 rental voucher families, including participants in public housing are eligible for FSS.
- **Process:** A Section 8 voucher tenant becomes a participant in FSS by taking part in an application/interview process designed to assist the tenant in deciding whether the FSS program is a good match for the tenant's situation.

Individual interviews are scheduled to review FSS program information with applicants. During this interview, the FSS case managers provide information about the services offered and the expectations for FSS program participants. Those selected to participate must demonstrate motivation to become self-sufficient, the willingness to work with a case manager, and a need for the services provided by FSS. BCHA selects families without regard to race, color, religion, sex, disability, sexual orientation, age, marital status, educational level, or national origin.

- **Referral Sources:** Referrals to FSS can come from a variety of local community agencies that work with low-income families. We network with agencies such as transitional housing agencies, TANF, and Vocational

Rehabilitation. Past and present participants also refer potential families to our program.

- **Denial of Admission:** If an applicant is not selected to participate in the FSS program, a letter is sent notifying the applicant of the reasons for not being selected, appropriate referrals to community resources, and an invitation to reapply to the program at a later date.

5. Incentives to Encourage Participation – A description of the incentives that the PHA intends to offer eligible families to encourage their participation in the FSS program. (See Attachment A – An Overview of FSS/PSS).

- **FSS escrow account** – The BCHA will establish an FSS escrow account for the family. A portion of the increases in the family’s rent due to increases in earned income will be credited to the FSS escrow account in accordance with HUD requirements. When the head of the FSS family successfully fulfills the FSS contract of participation, the escrow funds will be disbursed to the family. These funds are used for the purchase of a home, for educational costs, or for other expenses that will assist the family in maintaining self-sufficiency.
- **Personal Investment Enterprise (Individual Development Accounts)** – The IDA’s are savings accounts in which participants agree to save at least \$25 per month. These savings are matched by public and private sources, with the funds specifically designated for high-return investments such as first-time homeownership, post-high school education, and business capitalization.
- **Scholarships** - At the annual Graduation Ceremony, FSS offers scholarships that range from \$750 - \$1000 to 3 or 4 participants that are in school and are active in FSS. Smaller scholarships to help with class fees and books ranging from \$100-\$300 are distributed to FSS participants throughout the year based on clients needs and positive standing at school and in the FSS program.
- **Homeownership counseling** – BCHA offers homeownership assistance/counseling for participants who are interested in purchasing their own home.
- **Financial assistance** – FSS case managers help participants with financial assistance for emergencies, such as rent and utilities. Participants must work with Emergency Family Assistance Association (EFAA) or The OUR Center in addition to meeting with their FSS case manager to discuss budgeting issues. FSS case managers work closely with EFAA and The OUR center staff to communicate about clients needs. **(See Attachment B – PSS/FSS Agency Release Form).**

6. Outreach Efforts – A description of the PHA’s efforts, including notification and outreach efforts, to recruit FSS participants from among eligible families.

FSS outreach materials are distributed to all three housing authorities within Boulder County (Boulder County Housing Authority, Boulder Housing Partners, and the City of Longmont Housing Authority). These flyers will be posted in a public area at the housing authorities so that they are available for all eligible families to view.

FSS case managers also do outreach by attending events held by community agencies, such as Head Start, which are also attended by eligible families. We provide in-services with partner agencies and have developed a Power Point Presentation for community organizations that work with eligible families.

7. FSS Activities and Supportive Services – A description of the activities and supportive services to be provided to families from public and private resources.

Services offered directly by the FSS program:

- **Case Management** – Participants meet with their FSS case managers on a regular basis. They are given a FSS/PSS Participation Agreement to sign along with a Disclosure Statement at the first case management meeting. The FSS/PSS Participation Agreement is designed to clarify what will be expected of participants in the FSS program, as well as what the FSS program will offer the participants. The Disclosure Statement provides client with information about the FSS case managers and their rights as participants in the program. **(See Attachment C – FSS/PSS Participation Agreement and Disclosure Statement).**
- **Computer Lab** – There is a computer lab that is located at the Woodlands Community Center that is available for FSS participants to use. The FSS case managers maintain the computer lab. The computers are donated by the Jared Polis Foundation.
- **Career Closet** – FSS participants can come to the Career Closet to “shop” for donated professional clothing for job interviews or work.
- **Counseling** – An art therapy Master’s level intern is available for FSS participants, providing individual and group counseling at no charge. Art therapy groups are offered twice a year. The FSS case managers interview potential interns once a year for the program. A FSS case manager supervises the counseling intern. The FSS case manager is required to be supervised by a licensed therapist.
- **Food Closet** – The Woodlands Community Center has a food closet that is stocked by FSS staff. The food donations for the nonperishable food items come from Community Food Share.

- **Monthly Life Skills Classes** – Classes are offered on a monthly basis to FSS clients. Food and childcare are provided at no cost to participants. Topics range from parenting strategies to information about financial aid from Front Range Community College. FSS staff are responsible for obtaining the presenters, childcare workers and food.
- **Newsletter** – A newsletter is sent out every other month to FSS participants. The newsletter keeps them informed of upcoming FSS programs and events, and also helpful community information, such as where to locate free school supplies or where to get flu shots.
- **Holiday Program** - FSS families are “adopted” by a family in the community that provides gifts for the winter holidays.
- **Family Resource Directory** – FSS staff created a resource directory, which lists the addresses, phone numbers and brief descriptions of services provided by local agencies. The resource directory is updated approximately every two years.
- **Emergency Financial Assistance**– FSS case managers may request financial assistance for FSS participants in emergency situations. FSS can provide assistance with rent, utilities, childcare, and other necessary expenses.

Services offered through agency partners:

- Gas vouchers and bus tokens from Emergency Family Assistance Association (EFAA)
- Career counseling, resume writing, job search assistance with Boulder County Workforce
- Academic advising and financial aid assistance with Front Range Community College
- Community Food Share provides food for our food bank
- Kids arts and crafts group with the City of Boulder Parks and Recreation
- Rental and utility assistance and emergency food assistance with the OUR Center and EFA
- Computers donations are available through the Jared Polis Foundation
- Boulder County’s Community Action Program administers the local PIE program

8. Method for Identification of Family Support Needs – A description of the methods to be used for identifying and delivering support services according to the needs of FSS families.

FSS case managers meet at least monthly with FSS participants. In these meetings, the case managers work with the participant to assess skills, abilities, needs, and resources. Additionally, they work together to identify realistic goals relating to education, career, and job skills, and develop an Individual Services

and Training Plan (ITSP) based on these goals. After goals have been established and the required services to meet these goals have been identified, FSS case managers will link the family with the needed services. Additionally, case managers strive for an awareness of changes in the economic conditions in the community so they can better assist families in identifying resources.

9. Policy for termination or withholding assistance and supportive services – A description of the PHA’s policies concerning termination of FSS participation and withholding of services for families who fail to comply with the COP.

BCHA will make every effort to enable a family to remain in FSS and will approve reasonable revisions to the ITSP to accommodate changing circumstances.

Withholding/Termination of Services:

FSS participants may be placed on probation for 3 months if goals and objectives are repeatedly not reached due to a lack of commitment. The probation period is an opportunity to complete goals in order to avoid termination. After the probation period, if the participant fails to make a good faith effort to comply with the terms of the COP and the ITSP, services may be withheld or terminated.

Appeal Process:

If an applicant is denied acceptance into FSS or if a participant is terminated from FSS based on his/her failure to meet the FSS contract obligations, he/she can submit a complaint, in writing, within 10 days to the FSS Coordinator and/or Director of BCHA. They will have the opportunity to meet with the FSS Coordinator and/or Director to express their concerns. The FSS Coordinator and/or Director will discuss the complaint and respond back to the participant within 10 days of the meeting.

10. Assurance of Non-interference with Rights of Non-participating Families

The BCHA FSS program assures that a family’s election to not participate in the FSS program will not affect the family’s admission to the Section 8 program or the family’s right to occupancy in accordance with its lease.

11. Timetable for Implementation

The FSS program continues to accept applications and new participants on an ongoing basis in order to fulfill our program size requirement.

12. Certification of Coordination – A certification that the development of services and activities has been coordinated with other relevant community programs to avoid duplication of services and activities.

FSS coordinates services and case management plans with other self-sufficiency related programs such as:

- Head Start
- YWCA Career Center
- Educational Opportunity Center
- TANF Front Range Community College Release Form
- Safe House
- Boulder County Department of Social Services (see Appendix A)
- Emergency Family Assistance Association (see Appendix A)
- Community Food Share (see Appendix A)
- Boulder County Work Force (see Appendix A)

**ATTACHMENT A:
An Overview of Family Self-Sufficiency (FSS)/ Project Self-
Sufficiency (PSS)**

**ATTACHMENT B:
Project Self-Sufficiency/Family Self-
Sufficiency Agency Release Form**

**ATTACHMENTS C:
Project Self Sufficiency Participation Agreement and Project
Self Sufficiency Disclosure Statement**

**APPENDIX A:
Memorandums of Understanding
With Community Partners**

**BOULDER COUNTY HOUSING AUTHORITY
MAINTENANCE DEPARTMENT**

**FIVE-YEAR MAINTENANCE PLAN
2005-2009**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- I. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Mission Statement**

- II. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Five-Year Goals**

- III. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Objectives**

- IV. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Policies and Strategies to Implement Five-Year Goals**

I. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Mission Statement

The mission of the Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department (BCHA-MD) is to maintain the County’s housing stock in safe and sanitary condition that will provide our residents with comfortable and affordable living environments throughout the county. In completing this mission, the Maintenance Department’s objective will be to maintain the highest integrity of the Division’s housing inventory.

II. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Five-Year Goals

In the efforts to maintain the highest integrity of our housing inventory for our residents, the BCHA-MD will:

- Effectively plan and schedule future capital improvements to maximize the longevity of replaceable (depreciable) assets
- Make efficient use of Staff hours, contractor services and building materials in a manner that provides excellent service to our residents;
- Maintain respect for the privacy of our residents by providing (whenever possible) a minimum of a 24-hour advance notice prior to performing a work order in the tenant’s unit;
- Contract with vendors when size and scope of rehabilitation projects allows for greater efficiency in completing these services;
- Utilize durable and quality building products that have a proven history of use.

III. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Objectives

The following objectives will assist the BCHA-MD in accomplishing the Five-Year Goals as presented:

- Provide a bi-lingual method for tenants to call in work orders;
- Uphold a safe and sanitary living environment in each BCHA housing unit;
- Facilitate opportunities for residents to participate in improving their living environment;
- Respond to work order requests in a timely manner providing highest priority to items according to the following order:
 1. Emergencies (health/safety issues);
 2. Unit turn-over/move-outs;
 3. Preventive maintenance;
 4. Non-emergency work order requests

IV. Boulder County Housing Authority – Maintenance Department Policies to Implement Five-Year Goals

The following policies, strategies, and of the BCHA-MD are to be used to accomplish the highest and most efficient use of the County’s resources in servicing the residents.

Maintenance Zone Policy

The BCHA housing stock is organized into three “Property Management Maintenance Zones” each containing approximately 150 housing units. Zone #1 – Louisville Zone contains 146 units; Zone #2 Lafayette – Central County Zone contains 157 units; Zone #3 Longmont – North County Zone contains 147 units.

These Maintenance Zones allow the BCHA-MD to effectively plan for current and future needs of the housing inventory and to maintain a quality living environment for all residents. It will also allow BCHA-MD to effectively plan and schedule capital improvements to maximize the longevity of the BCHA assets; it will allow the BCHA - MD to contract with vendors to maximize the efficiency of providing maintenance service; and it will allow BCHA personnel a better process of monitoring and scheduling needed repairs for each Maintenance Zone.

BCHA Property Managers and Maintenance Technicians are assigned sites based on the following criteria:

1. Number of housing units in a geographical location;
2. Age of housing units;
3. Number of Maintenance Technicians available;
4. Proximity to administrative and maintenance facilities.

Maintenance Service Policy

The BCHA-MD will responsibly use materials, labor and resources such as contractors, vendors, and services in order to maintain quality standards in the housing units. They will also provide on-call maintenance service 24 hours a day to our residents if or when an issue arises.

The Maintenance Technicians are responsible for monitoring and scheduling needed repairs and addressing any safety concerns at the properties; they provide enforcement towards keeping the sites, safe, clean, and maintained in an orderly manner; and they work on a daily basis with the Property Managers to coordinate inspections, move-outs, and other issues. This is an essential component in providing a quality living experience for our residents.

The Maintenance Department utilizes an automated work order system called HMS Winwork to accomplish the maintenance service objectives. This computer system generates, issues and tracks all work orders requested by the tenant and can prepare a variety of reports. The Maintenance Department will generate regular reports on a monthly basis to monitor it’s own efficiencies.

The Maintenance Department’s Central Dispatch receives all work requests that are made from preliminary inspections, residents work orders and routine unit “turnovers” and issues a work order request to the corresponding Technicians assigned to the pertinent Maintenance Zone.

Preventive Maintenance Policy

The BCHA-MD has developed a preventive maintenance schedule that is prioritized in the following manner:

1. Overall budget is set to meet replacement schedule goals;
2. After inspections, prioritize replacement items;
3. Implement scheduling of replacement reserve items.

Most work done by the Maintenance Department will be done as a result of an inspection. Other minor work items accomplished include cleaning gutters, changing filters in furnaces, etc.

This Preventive Maintenance Policy is the key to a successful operation. Other preventive maintenance tasks are done by contractors at BCHA sites where larger work requests such as heating and cooling repairs, plant care, snow removal, lawn care, common area cleaning, etc. are needed and are beyond the scope of services provided by the BCHA-MD.

Annual Inspection Policy

All residential units within the BCHA housing stock will be inspected once a year. These inspections will be carried out while performing annual maintenance service such as furnace filter replacement during the fall months. Property Managers and Maintenance Technicians will also inspect units prior to occupancy of the unit. Whenever warranted, Staff may also perform separate inspections annually to safeguard health safety equipment such as smoke detectors.

The Boulder County Housing Authority recognizes the importance of pest and vermin control in providing a living environment of adequate health and safety for its residents. To achieve this control the authority has adopted a pest control policy that will be implemented for all of its managed rental units.

Pest Control and Extermination Policy

The Boulder County Housing Authority will make all efforts to provide a healthy and pest-free environment for its residents. The Authority will determine which, if any, pests infest its properties, including cockroaches, and will then provide the best possible treatment for the eradication of those pests.

The extermination plan will begin with an analysis of the current condition at each property. The Management staff will ensure that a licensed contractor is procured as needed to conduct pest control applications. Special attention shall be paid to cockroaches. A schedule will include frequency and locations of treatment. Different schedules may be required for each property.

Resident cooperation with the extermination plan is essential. Residents will be given information about the extermination program at the time of move-in. All residents will be informed at least one week and again twenty-four hours before treatment. The notification will be in writing and will include instructions that describe how to prepare the unit for treatment. If necessary, the instructions shall be bilingual to properly notify the resident population.

Systems and Materials Standards Policy

The following list of material standards are to be used by the BCHA-MD in preparing any specifications, work orders, construction requests, etc. when work is to be completed in any of the BCHA properties:

SYSTEMS AND MATERIALS STANDARDS - INTERIOR

Kitchen sink: Surface is not rusted, rim is sealed to counter, bowl does not collect more than 3" of water while faucet is running full open. This applies to both bowls if applicable. Faucet is mounted securely, it has a 100% positive shut off of water flow. Faucet handle(s) work smoothly and no water leaks above sink deck. Disposer runs and does not leak. Drain system of Kitchen sink handles volume of water that will prevent water build up in sink bowls. P traps and drain piping is secure and sound. It is not rusted or corroded. Water piping has shut offs prior to faucet. Water piping is secure and does not leak.

Bathroom sink: Surface is not rusted, rim is sealed to vanity, bowl and overflow in bowl drain all water when faucet is full open. Faucet is mounted securely, it has a 100% positive shut off of water flow. Faucet handle(s) work smoothly and no water leaks above sink deck. Drain system of sink drains water from sink as so it doesn't overflow. P trap and drain piping is secure and sound. It is not rusted or corroded. Water supply piping has shut offs prior to faucet. Water piping is secure and does not leak.

Toilet: Toilet flushes without hesitation, is secure to the floor and does not rock or slip. Bowl is caulked to the floor. Tank holds water and does not "cycle" Flapper is not corroded. Toilet seat is secure and is not broken. Water supply has shut off prior to tank and is secure and does not leak. Flush handle works smoothly and chain is adjusted properly.

Tub/Shower: Tub/Shower surface is not rusted, Tub/Shower does not collect more than 2" of water with valve full open. Overflow on tub drains water. All walls at perimeter of Tub/Shower are sealed and do not leak water behind walls. Tub/Shower is sealed at floor. Tub/Shower valve works smoothly and has a 100% positive water shut off. Showerhead flows at 2.5 gallons per minute maximum. Paint at ceiling near Tub/Shower and walls are not peeling. Tub is caulked at floor where floor meets tub.

Water heater: Water heater venting is secure at all joints and vents combustion products to exterior and no combustion products spill from draft hood. Water piping is secure and

all connections at water heater are not leaking and not corroded. Supply piping has a shut off valve at cold inlet. T&P valve is accessible and is piped to the floor. Burner area is clean and no white flame is visible while burner is on. Water heater is not leaking and jacket is intact. Controls are accessible and knobs or levers are in place. Gas piping is secure, has shut off before valve and does not leak. Flex lines are not kinked and are not under stress.

Heating Appliance: Furnace or Boiler venting is secure at all joints and vents combustion product to the exterior so no combustion products spill from draft hood. Ducting or piping is secure and does not leak (water) Controls are accessible and levers and knobs are in place. Appliance is in a clean condition and burner area is clean and no white flame is visible while burner is on. Valves, knobs, gauges, switches, and other controls are in proper working order and do not leak water. Furnace blower compartment and blower wheel are clean and lubricated annually. Boiler pumps are quiet and not leaking water and are lubricated annually. Thermostats maintain adequate comfort level in home and are secure to the wall and level. Anticipator is set as to prevent short cycling of furnace or boiler. Gas piping is secure, has shut off before gas valve, and does not leak. Flex lines are not kinked and are not under stress. Mechanical room or area that heating and water heating appliances are located is in a clean and organized state. No debris or clutter lay around these appliances. No chemicals, cleaners, solvents, paints, etc are stored near these appliances. If floor drain is present in a mechanical room or room where heating and water-heating appliances are, it drains water and has a cover securely in place.

Cabinets: Cabinets are secure and have doors if so designed. Surface is not severely deteriorated. Drawers' work and front surfaces are not severely deteriorated.

Countertops: Counter top surface is smooth and not peeling off. Counter top general condition is not severely deteriorated.

Exhaust fans: Exhaust fans if ducted to the outside are ducted so that no water is trapped in the ducting. Ducting is secure to the fan and exterior hood. Ducting slopes upward to hood if possible with no traps. A damper is in place at fan or hood. Fan runs smoothly and is not clogged. Re-circulating fans run smoothly and filters and grills are clean.

Dryer venting: Dryer vents are run as direct and short as possible. Vents are securely attached to the dryer with a clamp and fastened to a dryer damper with a clamp. Vent is not kinked or clogged. Space must be maintained behind dryer to protect vent tube.

Room Electrical: All switches work and have a proper cover plate. All outlets work and have a proper cover plate. All light fixtures are secure and work properly. There is no exposed wire that is broken, non-insulated, frayed, or connections that is laying near water or other unsafe places. All smoke detectors are tested with smoke spray and the signal is loud.

Walls: Wall are painted and not peeling. No large holes are in walls. Surface is sound and free from hazardous defects.

Ceilings: Ceilings are painted and not peeling. No large holes are in ceilings. Surface is sound and free from hazardous defects

Floors: Floor surface is sound and not peeling up so to be dangerous. Floor is free from hazardous defects.

Interior Doors: Door swings freely and latches. Surface is not severely deteriorated. A doorstop is present on door or wall. Closet doors swing or slide to close smoothly and surface is not severely deteriorated.

Windows: All windows lock and are free of signs of severe deterioration or missing or broken out panes. Operable windows must be able to be opened and closed. Screen is in place and not damaged.

Halls/Stairwells: Halls and stairwells have adequate lighting, all necessary handrails are secure and in place. Tread surface is not peeling up and is secure. Paint is not peeling from walls or ceiling. Landings are clear and surface is secure and not peeling.

Appliances:

Refrigerator must be able to maintain a temperature cold enough to keep food from spoiling over a period of time. Door must close securely and seal must be reasonable. Power cord must not be frayed or modified in any way.

Oven/Range must work on all burners and oven must work. All burners must have drip pans. Controls must maintain a reasonable temperature for cooking. Power cord must not be frayed or modified in any way.

Washing Machine must work properly and not leak water. Power cord is not frayed or modified in any way. Water lines attach to a positive shut of water supply. Drain line is not cracked or worn.

Dishwasher must work properly and not leak water. Power cord is properly wire and connections are in a box or are plugged into a proper outlet. Water supply line is properly installed and connected to a positive shut off valve. Line is not kinked or under any tension. Drain line is ran to an approved P-trap and provides an air gap. Dishwasher is secure to floor or counter.

EXTERIOR

Roof: Roof material must be secure and intact. There are no missing shingles. There is no debris on roof or around any vent pipe, flue pipe or other system on roof.

Gutters: Gutters are not rusted thru and are secure to building. Gutters drain water off roof to downspouts and do not allow water to flow over rim of gutter.

Downspouts: Downspout must drain all water from gutter and carry it to a splash block or other drain system

Soffits, Fascia, Gables: Soffits, fascia and gable areas are sound and not rotted. Paint is not peeling. All openings in these areas have proper screen or covering.

Walls: Walls are sound and non-brick/stone siding is not rotted or under the dirt level of surrounding ground. Paint is not peeling. All penetrations or systems that exit the wall is properly sealed around or caulked around.

Doors: Exterior doors are secure and lock adequately. They are not peeling and swing freely. Doors must close easily and provide an adequate weather seal. Door must have peep site.

Sidewalks: Sidewalks and Concrete as well as asphalt must be stable and not severely

Concrete: Deteriorated. Cracks must be sealed with an approved sealant. Any broken surface must be less than one half inch above or below an adjacent surface.

Sprinklers: Lawn sprinklers are timed as to provide adequate water to maintain an acceptable appearance to the grass. All heads deliver water to the intended areas without water getting on parking areas, porches and buildings.

Grounds: Grounds are kept in a clean and presentable manner. Weeds are not allowed to be above a 4" height. Grass is mowed as needed to keep below 4". Trash and debris is removed on a regular basis. Fencing, gates, enclosures and out buildings are kept in good condition.

Attic: Attics are clear and dry. Nothing is stored in attics. Roof decking is dry and is not molded. All bath fans, dryers, kitchen vents, or other mechanical vent system is vented to the outside, not into the attic space. Insulation is not trampled down and is fairly even in distribution.

Crawl space: Crawl spaces are dry and no mold is present. Crawl space is not cluttered and nothing is stored in crawlspace. All dryer vents are vented to the exterior of crawlspace and not into the space. Heating appliances are supplied with adequate combustion air. Vapor barrier is present when needed. Sump pumps are operating and discharge to a proper place as designed.